

PRODUCT HIGHLIGHTS SHEET

for

AHAM ESG SGD Bond Fund *(Formerly known as Affin Hwang SGD Bond Fund)*

Date of issuance: 29 September 2023

RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

This Product Highlights Sheet has been reviewed and approved by the directors and/or authorized committee and/or persons approved by the Board of AHAM Asset Management Berhad (*formerly known as Affin Hwang Asset Management Berhad*) 199701014290 (429786-T) and they collectively and individually accept full responsibility for the accuracy of the information. Having made all reasonable inquiries, they confirm to the best of their knowledge and belief, that there are no false or misleading statements or omissions of other facts which would make any statement in the Product Highlights Sheet false or misleading.

STATEMENT OF DISCLAIMER

The Securities Commission Malaysia has authorised the issuance of the AHAM ESG SGD Bond Fund (“the Fund”) and a copy of this Product Highlights Sheet has been lodged with the Securities Commission Malaysia.

The authorisation of the Fund and lodgement of this Product Highlights Sheet should not be taken to indicate that the Securities Commission of Malaysia recommends the Fund or assumes responsibility for the correctness of any statement made or opinion or report expressed in this Product Highlights Sheet.

The Securities Commission Malaysia is not liable for any non-disclosure on the part of the AHAM Asset Management Berhad responsible for the Fund and takes no responsibility for the contents of this Product Highlights Sheet. The Securities Commission Malaysia makes no representation on the accuracy or completeness of this Product Highlights Sheet, and expressly disclaims any liability whatsoever arising from, or in reliance upon, the whole or any part of its contents.

AHAM ESG SGD BOND FUND IS A QUALIFIED SUSTAINABLE AND RESPONSIBLE INVESTMENT FUND UNDER THE GUIDELINES ON SUSTAINABLE AND RESPONSIBLE INVESTMENT FUNDS.



YOU SHOULD NOT MAKE PAYMENT IN CASH TO A UNIT TRUST CONSULTANT OR ISSUE A CHEQUE IN THE NAME OF A UNIT TRUST CONSULTANT.

This Product Highlights Sheet only highlights the key features and risks of this Fund. Investors are advised to request, read and understand the Prospectus of the Fund before deciding to invest.

PRODUCT HIGHLIGHTS SHEET

AHAM ESG SGD BOND FUND

BRIEF INFORMATION ON THE PRODUCT

1. What is this product about?

AHAM ESG SGD Bond Fund is an open-ended retail bond fund that aims to provide regular income.

PRODUCT SUITABILITY

2. Who is this product suitable for?

The Fund is designed for retail investors who seek regular income, have a medium to long-term investment horizon and have a low to medium risk tolerance.

KEY PRODUCT FEATURES

3. What am I investing in?

Classes	SGD Class	MYR Class
Launch Date	23 February 2021	
Tenure	The Fund is an open-ended fund and does not have a maturity date and may only be terminated in accordance with the terms of the Prospectus and the provisions of the Deed.	
Base Currency	SGD	
Asset Allocation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➢ A minimum of 70% of the Fund's NAV will be invested in bonds; ➢ A maximum of 30% of the Fund's NAV will be invested in money market instruments and deposits; and ➢ A maximum of 10% of the Fund's NAV will be invested in embedded derivatives. 	
Benchmark	Singapore Dollar Banks Saving Deposits Rate. <i>The risk profile of the Fund is not the same as the risk profile of the performance benchmark.</i> <i>The benchmark is used only for the purpose of measuring the performance of the Fund.</i>	
Investment Strategy	<p>The Fund will focus on achieving its objective by investing a minimum of 70% of the Fund's NAV in bonds with at least 50% of its NAV in SGD denominated bonds. The Fund will also invest a maximum of 30% of its NAV in money market instruments and deposits as well as up to 10% of its NAV in embedded derivatives.</p> <p>We will combine a top-down and bottom-up investment approach to identify investment opportunities. Macroeconomic trends and market analysis are the important considerations in deriving the top-down perspective on interest rate outlook and bond markets. For its bottom-up approach, we will conduct analysis on the issuers to assess its ability to service its debt obligations.</p> <p>The Fund's investment in bonds will consist of government and corporate bonds. The selection of bonds will not be constrained by credit ratings of issuances. However, the selection will depend largely on its quality where the respective issuers display strong ability to meet their financial obligations, healthy cash-flow, the collateral type, value, claims priority as well as offer highest safety for timely payment of interest and principal.</p> <p>To achieve its objective, the Fund will also have the flexibility to hold exposure up to 20% of the Fund's NAV in collective investment schemes that have similar investment objective to the Fund.</p> <p>The Fund also may invest into foreign eligible markets other than Singapore.</p> <p>Sustainable and Responsible Investment ("SRI") Strategy</p> <p>The Fund will adopt negative screening and Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") integration in the selection, retention and realisation of its investments. The Manager will first apply negative screening to remove securities issued by companies involved in the excluded business activities, to form a broad investible universe. Within the investible universe, the Manager applies ESG integration in the assessment and selection of investments. The application of the SRI strategies are as follows:</p>	

	SGD Class	MYR Class
Investment Strategy (cont'd)	<p>1. <i>Negative or exclusionary screening</i></p> <p>The Fund will exclude investments in companies with principal business activities in alcohol, coal mining, forestry and logging, fossil fuel, gaming, tobacco, military weapons and other businesses regarded as vice in its investments.</p> <p>2. <i>ESG Integration</i></p> <p>The Fund will include ESG factors in the investment decision making and portfolio construction process. These ESG factors help the Manager identify potential tail risks and/or best-in-class practices such as competitive edge, customer behaviour, reputational risk and accessibility to funding. It also served as additional portfolio risk management tool by increasing awareness about the portfolio's exposures to certain negative ESG risk factors.</p> <p><u>Assessment Process and Framework</u></p> <p>When assessing the Fund's investments in the company through negative or exclusionary screening, the Manager will review the company's level of involvement in the excluded business activities or practices and will apply a maximum revenue threshold of 10%* to such activities or practices. We apply the maximum revenue threshold to companies where revenues from the excluded business activities or practices are derived as a non-primary source of income.</p> <p><i>Note: * The maximum revenue threshold of 10% shall apply at the initial selection of investments of the Fund and throughout the investment holding period.</i></p> <p>Each company and industry face unique ESG risks. In our security selection and fundamental research process, we would focus on ESG risk factors that have material impact on the investee company's financial and security performance. Examples of ESG risk factors include climate adaptation and resilience (E), workers' health and safety (S) and board diversity (G). We evaluate an investee company's ability to manage its ESG risks by assessing its ESG ratings, the company's ESG practices and/ or commitments, amongst others. We utilize a range of resources in our evaluation process, including internal ESG scorecard, 3rd party ESG rating services provider, company's public disclosures and other credible sources.</p> <p>These ESG risk factors/ characteristics are taken into consideration alongside assessment of the company's business and financial performance as well as securities valuation. A company that is adept at leveraging on its unique ESG characteristics or mitigate its ESG risks well are deemed to be ahead of its industry peers and thus, present a stronger ESG investment case.</p> <p>Post investment, the Manager will continuously monitor the companies' involvement in the excluded business activities as well as their ESG profile, through periodic reviews and corporate engagement. ESG factors are dynamic and ever-evolving, hence we conduct regular engagement activities with the investee companies to facilitate information and knowledge exchange. The Manager will evaluate the Fund's investment on a quarterly basis to determine whether the Fund's investment is consistent with the negative screening approach. The Manager will also review the Fund's overall ESG risks to ensure that the impact of investing in line with the SRI strategies is not inconsistent with any other sustainability considerations. Where ESG risk is deemed material and not adequately mitigated, the Manager may reduce or exit the holdings and retain the profit/income received during the holding period if the value of the investment held exceeds or is equal to the original investment cost (which may include transaction cost), as soon as it is practicable. On the other hand, the Fund is allowed to hold the investment (including profit/income received during the holding period) which is inconsistent with the sustainability considerations if the value of the investment is below the original investment cost, and such investment will be disposed off when the value of such investment held exceeds or is equal to the original investment cost, as soon as it is practicable.</p> <p>The Manager applies SRI methodologies to the Fund's invested securities, except government bonds, derivatives, money market instruments and deposits**, to ensure at least two-thirds (2/3) of the Fund's NAV is invested in securities in accordance with the Fund's SRI strategies.</p> <p><i>Note: **SRI methodologies for government bonds, money market instruments and deposits may apply once the Manager has established the ESG framework, upon which the Unit Holders will be notified through official communication channels and communiqués in the future.</i></p> <p>Derivatives and Embedded Derivatives</p> <p>Derivatives trades may be carried out for hedging purposes through financial instruments including, but not limited to, forward contracts, future contracts and swaps. Future and forward contracts are generally contracts between two parties to trade an asset at an agreed price on a pre-determined future date. Swaps, whereas, is an agreement to swap or exchange two financial instruments between two parties.</p>	

	SGD Class	MYR Class
Investment Strategy (cont'd)	<p>The intention of hedging is to preserve the value of the asset from any adverse price movements. For example, to hedge against foreign currency exchange risk, the Fund may enter into a currency forward contract to offset any adverse foreign currency movements by determining an agreed rate for an agreed tenure with its counterparty. While these hedging transactions will assist with mitigating the potential foreign exchange losses, any potential foreign exchange gains from the hedging strategy will be capped as well.</p> <p>The Fund may also invest in embedded derivatives such as, but not limited to, credit linked notes. Investment into these embedded derivatives will provide the Fund with the exposure to the reference asset. Each of these embedded derivatives has its own targeted maturity and will expose investors to the price fluctuations of, in case of credit linked note, the credit that the credit linked note is linked to. As a result, any fluctuation in the price of the embedded derivatives may also lead to fluctuations in the NAV of the Fund, i.e. if the price of the embedded derivative sees a drop in price, the NAV of the Fund will also be negatively impacted. As the note is structured by an external party, investments into an embedded derivative will also expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which we will attempt to mitigate by carrying out a stringent selection process on its counterparty prior to an investment being made. Risk into embedded derivatives will also be mitigated by limiting the Fund's total exposure to not more than 10% of the Fund's NAV.</p> <p>The Fund adopts commitment approach to measure the Fund's global exposure to derivatives and embedded derivatives. The commitment approach is a methodology that aggregates the underlying market values or notional values of derivatives and/or embedded derivatives after taking into account the possible effects of netting and/or hedging arrangements. The Fund's global exposure from the derivatives position must not exceed 100% of NAV of the Fund at all times.</p> <p>Temporary Defensive Position</p> <p>We hold the option to take temporary defensive positions that may be inconsistent with the Fund's principal strategy and asset allocation to protect the Fund against adverse market conditions that may impact the financial markets. To manage the risk of the Fund, we may shift the Fund's assets to be temporarily invested in money market instruments and/or deposits. We will continue to apply SRI strategies when the Fund takes on temporary defensive positions and maintain two-thirds (2/3) of the Fund's NAV in investments that are subjected to sustainability considerations.</p>	
Distribution Policy	Depending on the level of income of the Fund generates, the Fund will provide distribution on an annual basis.	
Minimum Initial Investment*	SGD 1,000	MYR 1,000
Minimum Additional Investment*	SGD 100	MYR 100
Minimum Repurchase Amount*	1,000 Units	1,000 Units
Minimum Holding of Units*	1,000 Units	1,000 Units

Note: Please refer to the Prospectus for further details of the Fund.

4. Who am I investing with?

Relevant parties' information:

The Manager	AHAM Asset Management Berhad
The Trustee	Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad

5. What are the possible outcomes of my investment?

This is a SGD focus bond fund that invests in a diversified portfolio of medium to long-term government bonds, private debt securities and other fixed income instruments.

The performance of the Fund would be dependent on the fixed income instruments that are investable by the Fund. The Fund's performance is reliant on the Manager's expertise in managing the Fund to meet its objective. Unlike fixed deposits which generally provide a guarantee on capital invested and carry specific rate of return, the Fund's investments into fixed income instruments does not provide a guarantee on capital contributed nor does it guarantee a fixed rate of return.

The Fund endeavours to distribute income, if any, on an annual basis. However, the amount of income available for distribution may fluctuate from year to year.

Please note that the capital and returns of the Fund is not guaranteed.

* At our discretion, we may reduce the transaction value and Units, including for transactions made via digital channels, subject to terms and condition disclosed in the respective channels.

KEY RISKS**6. What are the key risks associated with this product?****General Risks**

- **Market risk** – Market risk arises because of factors that affect the entire market place. Factors such as economic growth, political stability and social environment are some examples of conditions that have an impact on businesses, whether positive or negative. Market risk cannot be eliminated but may be reduced through diversification. It stems from the fact that there are economy-wide perils, or instances of political or social instability which threaten all businesses. Hence, the Fund will be exposed to market uncertainties and fluctuations in the economic, political and social environment that will affect the market price of the investments either in a positive or negative way.
- **Fund management risk** – This risk refers to the day-to-day management of the Fund by us which will impact the performance of the Fund. For example, investment decisions undertaken by us as a result of an incorrect view of the market or any non-compliance with internal policies, investment mandate, the Deed, relevant law or guidelines due to factors such as human error, fraud, dishonesty or weaknesses in operational process and systems, may adversely affect the performance of the Fund.
- **Performance risk** – The performance of the Fund depends on the financial instruments that the Fund purchases. If the instruments do not perform within expectation or if there is a default, then, the performance of the Fund will be impacted negatively. The performance of the Fund may also be impacted if the allocation of assets is not properly done. This is where the experience and expertise of the fund managers are important and the risk on the lack of experience and expertise of the fund managers has been highlighted above. On that basis, there is never a guarantee that investing in the Fund will produce the desired investment returns or on the distribution of income.
- **Inflation risk** – This is the risk that your investment in the Fund may not grow or generate income at a rate that keeps pace with inflation. This would reduce your purchasing power even though the value of the investment in monetary terms has increased.
- **Liquidity risk** – Liquidity risk refers to two scenarios. The first is where an investment cannot be sold due to unavailability of a buyer for that investment. The second scenario exists where the investment, by its nature, is thinly traded. This will have the effect of causing the investment to be sold below its fair value which would adversely affect the NAV of the Fund and subsequently the value of Unit Holders' investments in the Fund.
- **Operational risk** – This risk refers to the possibility of a breakdown in the Manager's internal controls and policies. The breakdown may be a result of human error, system failure or may be fraud where employees of the Manager collude with one another. This risk may cause monetary loss and/or inconvenience to you. The Manager will review its internal policies and system capability to mitigate instances of this risk. Additionally, the Manager maintains a strict segregation of duties to mitigate instances of fraudulent practices amongst employees of the Manager.
- **Loan / financing risk** – This risk occurs when you take a loan or financing to finance your investment. The inherent risk of investing with borrowed/financed money includes you being unable to service the loan/financing repayments. In the event Units are used as collateral, you may be required to top-up your existing instalment if the prices of Units fall below a certain level due to market conditions. Failing which, the Units may be sold at a lower NAV per Unit as compared to the NAV per Unit at the point of purchase towards settling the loan/financing.
- **Suspension of repurchase request risk** – Having considered the best interests of Unit Holders, the repurchase requests by the Unit Holders may be subject to suspension due to exceptional circumstances, where the market value or fair value of a material portion of the Fund's assets cannot be determined. In such case, Unit Holders will not be able to redeem their Units and will be compelled to remain invested in the Fund for a longer period of time. Hence, their investments will continue to be subject to the risks inherent to the Fund.

Specific Risks

- **Credit and default risk** – Credit risk relates to the creditworthiness of the issuers of the bonds, money market instruments and the Financial Institutions where the deposits are placed (hereinafter referred to as "investment") and their expected ability to make timely payment of interest and/or principal. Any adverse situations faced by the issuer and/or Financial Institution may impact the value as well as liquidity of the investment. In the case of rated investments, this may lead to a credit downgrade. Default risk relates to the risk of an issuer and/or a Financial Institution of the investment either defaulting on payments or failing to make payments in a timely manner which will in turn adversely affect the value of the investment. This could adversely affect the value of the Fund.
- **Interest rate risk** – This risk refers to the impact of interest rate changes on the valuation of bonds or money market instruments (hereinafter referred to as "investment"). Generally, movement in interest rates affects the prices of investment inversely. For example, when interest rates rise, prices of investment will fall. The fluctuations of the prices of investment will also have an impact on the NAV of the Fund. This risk can largely be eliminated by holding investment until their maturity. We also manage interest rate risk by considering each investment's sensitivity to interest rate changes. When interest rates are expected to increase, the Fund would then likely seek to switch to investment that are less sensitive to interest rate changes. For investments into deposits, the fluctuations in the interest rates will not affect the placement of deposits but will result in the opportunity loss by the Fund if the placement of deposits is made at lower interest rate.
- **Embedded derivatives risk** – The NAV of the Fund will be impacted by the valuation of the embedded derivatives. Factors that may impact the valuation of the embedded derivatives will include, but not limited to movement of the underlying asset, volatility of the underlying assets, interest rate levels, the correlation of the underlying assets and other such factors. Any change in the aforesaid factors would either positively or negatively impact the valuation of the

embedded derivatives hence impacting the NAV of the Fund. As such, the Fund's NAV will be exposed to potential price volatility, which will be dependent on the valuation of the embedded derivatives that the Fund invested in.

- **Counterparty risk** – Counterparty risk concerns the Fund's investment in embedded derivatives and derivatives ("Investments"). Counterparty risk is prevalent as the potential returns derived from the Investments are dependent on the ongoing ability and willingness of the issuer i.e. a Financial Institution to fulfil their respective financial commitments to the Fund in a timely manner. Bankruptcy, fraud or regulatory non-compliance arising out of and/or in connection with the issuer may impair the operations and/or the performance of the Fund. However, we will conduct stringent credit selection process of the issuer of the Investments prior to commencement of Investments and monitoring mechanisms established by us may potentially mitigate this risk. If, we are of the opinion there is material adverse change to an issuer, we may consider unwinding the issuer's Investments to mitigate potential losses that may arise.
- **Country risk** – Investments of the Fund in any countries may be affected by changes in the economic and political climate, restriction on currency repatriation or other developments in the law or regulations of the countries in which the Fund invests. For example, the deteriorating economic condition of such countries may adversely affect the value of the investments undertaken by the Fund in those affected countries. This in turn may cause the NAV of the Fund or prices of Units to fall.
- **Currency risk** – As the investments of the Fund may be denominated in currencies other than the base currency of the Fund, any fluctuation in the exchange rate between the base currency of the Fund and the currencies in which the investments are denominated may have an impact on the value of these investments. You should note that any gains or losses arising from the fluctuation in the exchange rate may further increase or decrease the returns of the investment.
Currency risk at the Class level
The impact of the exchange rate movement between the base currency of the Fund and the currency of the MYR Class may result in a depreciation of your holdings as expressed in the base currency of the Fund.
- **Reinvestment risk** – This risk arises when an issuer of fixed income instrument decides to repay the principal earlier than the intended maturity date, especially during times of declining interest rates. As a result, the Fund may experience lower returns due to reinvesting in lower yielding fixed income instruments.
- **Legal and Regulatory Risk** – The Fund must comply with regulatory constraints or changes in the laws affecting it or its investment restrictions which might require a change in the investment policy and objective followed by the Fund. Furthermore, such changes in the laws may have an impact on the market sentiment which may in turn affect the performance of the Fund. It is impossible to predict whether such impact caused by any change in the law will be positive or negative for the Fund. In the worst case scenario, a Unit Holder may lose all his investments in the Fund.
- **Collective investment scheme risk** – As the Fund is allowed to invest in collective investment schemes, any adverse effect on the respective collective investment schemes will impact the NAV of the Fund. For example, the respective collective investment schemes may under-perform its benchmarks due to poor market conditions and as a result, the NAV of the Fund will be adversely affected as the performance of the Fund is dependent on the performance of the respective collective investment schemes. In addition, any mismanagement of the collective investment schemes or poor decisions taken on the collective investment schemes may adversely affect the NAV of the collective investment schemes and hence the Fund.
- **Sustainability risk** – Sustainability risk is an ESG event or condition that, if it occurs, could cause an actual or a potential material negative impact on the value of an investment and the returns of the Fund. Examples of sustainability risks are as follows:
 - Environmental: extreme weather events (such as heatwaves, flooding), forest degradation, loss of biodiversity or marine habitat, environmental pollution due to toxic waste discharge.
 - Social: improper working practices (such as child labour, poor workplace health and safety), infringement of basic human rights, talent hiring and retention issues, cybersecurity attacks, poor community relations.
 - Governance: lack of board independence and oversight, poor audit and tax management, unethical business behaviours, poor transparency and accountability, infringement of relevant laws and regulations.

The Fund, as part of its investment approach, adopts the sustainability criteria in selecting its investments and the sustainable investment process, when applied in normal market conditions to the universe of securities eligible for investments by the Fund, should help the Fund avoid investments that present unacceptably high sustainability risks and those with valuations that do not accurately reflect such sustainability risks.

However, in applying sustainable investment process, it may cause the Fund to have a limited selection of securities and may forego certain investment opportunities. As a result, the sustainable investment approach may result in a loss to the value of an investment of the Fund and the Fund may perform differently as compared to other funds without the SRI strategies.

Additionally, the Manager also relies on proprietary or third party data providers in selecting the investment and such information provided may be inaccurate or incomplete which lead the Manager to incorrectly assess its investments.

It is important for investors to note that the ESG considerations are highly subjective and is therefore possible that an investment may not perform in a way that an investor considers to be sustainable or responsible, even if it has been selected in accordance with the stated sustainability criteria.

Note: Please refer to the Prospectus on further detail of each risk.

It is important to note that events affecting the investments cannot always be foreseen. Therefore, it is not possible to protect investments against all risks. You are recommended to read the whole Prospectus to assess the risks associated with the Fund. If necessary, you should consult your professional adviser(s) for a better understanding of the risks.

PERFORMANCE
Average Total Return

Share Class	1 Year (1/10/21 - 30/9/22)	Since Commencement (16/3/21 - 30/9/22)
SGD Class	(4.23%)	(3.66%)
MYR Class	0.79%	1.92%
Benchmark	0.27%	0.31%

Source: Bloomberg

Annual Total Return

Share Class	2022	2021
SGD Class	(4.23%)	0.06%
MYR Class	0.79%	1.12%
Benchmark	0.27%	0.04%

Source: Bloomberg

SGD Class

For the period 1 October 2021 to 30 September 2022, the Fund registered a -4.23% return compared to the benchmark return of 0.27%. The Fund thus underperformed the Benchmark by 4.50%. Since commencement, the Fund has registered a return of -3.66% compared to the benchmark return of 0.31%, underperforming by 3.97%.

MYR Class

For the period 1 October 2021 to 30 September 2022, the Fund registered a 0.79% return compared to the benchmark return of 0.27%. The Fund thus outperformed the Benchmark by 0.52%. Since commencement, the Fund has registered a return of 1.92% compared to the benchmark return of 0.31%, outperforming by 1.61%.

Basis of calculation and assumption made in calculating the returns:

The performance figures are a comparison of the growth/decline in NAV for the stipulated period taking into account all the distribution payable (if any) during the stipulated period.

Capital return = NAV per Unit end / NAV per Unit begin – 1

Income return = Income distribution per Unit / NAV per Unit ex-date

Total return = (1+Capital return) x (1+Income return) – 1

Income Distribution

Financial Year End	2022		2021	
	SGD Class	MYR Class	SGD Class	MYR Class
Gross distribution per Unit (sen)	Nil		Nil	
Net distribution per Unit (sen)	Nil		Nil	

Distribution will be made in the form of cash as well as Units in lieu of cash, if any.

Portfolio Turnover Ratio (PTR)

Financial Year End	2022	2021
PTR (times)	0.62	1.17

The PTR of the Fund was lower than previous year due to lesser trading activities during the financial period.

PAST PERFORMANCE OF THE FUND IS NOT AN INDICATION OF ITS FUTURE PERFORMANCE

FEES & CHARGES
7. What are the fees and charges involved?

There are fees and charges involved and you are advised to consider them before contributing to the Fund.

What will I be charged by the Manager?

Sales charge	Up to 2.00% of the NAV per Unit of a Class. <i>Investors may negotiate for a lower charge.</i> The Sales Charge for investors purchasing Units through the EMIS shall be limited to a maximum charge of 3% of the NAV per Unit or as determined by the EPF.
Repurchase charge	There will be no Repurchase Charge levied on the repurchase of Units for the Fund.
Switching fee	The Manager does not impose any switching fee. However, if the amount of sales charge of the fund (or class) that the Unit Holder intends to switch into is higher than the sales charge imposed by the fund (or class) being switched from, then the difference in the sales charge between the two (2) funds (or classes) shall be borne by the Unit Holder.
Transfer fee	There will be no transfer fee imposed on the transfer facility.

What are the key ongoing fees charged to the Fund?

Management fee	Up to 1.00% per annum of the NAV of the Fund (before deducting the management fee and trustee fee).
Trustee fee	Up to 0.03% per annum of the NAV of the Fund (excluding foreign custodian fees and charges) (before deducting the management fees and trustee fee).

Note: Please refer to the Prospectus for further explanation and illustration of the Fund's fees, charges and expenses.

ALL FEES AND CHARGES PAYABLE BY YOU ARE SUBJECT TO ALL APPLICABLE TAXES AND / OR DUTIES AS MAY BE IMPOSED BY THE GOVERNMENT AND / OR THE RELEVANT AUTHORITIES FROM TIME TO TIME.

VALUATIONS AND EXITING FROM

8. How often are valuations available?

The Fund will be valued on every Business Day and you may obtain the NAV and NAV per Unit of the Fund from our website at www.aham.com.my, our customer service via our toll free number 1-800-88-7080 or email to customercare@aham.com.my.

9. How can I exit from this investment and what are the risks and costs involved?

You may request to redeem your investments in the Fund at any point in time by completing the repurchase application form and returning it us on any Business Day between 8.45 a.m. to 3.30 p.m. Payments will be made to you within seven (7) Business Days from the day the repurchase request is received by us and provided that all documentations are completed and verifiable.

If you invest through the EMIS, we will remit the repurchase proceeds to EPF for onward crediting to your EPF account. If you are above the age of fifty-five (55) and invest through the EMIS, we will remit the repurchase proceeds to you directly.

CONTACT INFORMATION

10. Who should I contact for further information or to lodge a complaint?

1. For internal dispute resolution, you may contact our customer service personnel:

- (a) via phone to : 03 – 2116 6000
- (b) via fax to : 03 – 2116 6100
- (c) via toll free no. : 1-800-88-7080
- (d) via email to : customercare@aham.com.my
- (e) via letter : AHAM Asset Management Berhad
Ground Floor, Menara Boustead
69, Jalan Raja Chulan
50200 Kuala Lumpur

Complaints should be made in writing with the following information:

- (a) particulars of the complainant which include name, correspondence address, contact number, e-mail address (if any) and other relevant information;
- (b) circumstances of the non-compliance or improper conduct;
- (c) parties alleged to be involved in the improper conduct; and
- (d) other supporting documentary evidence (if any).

2. If you are dissatisfied with the outcome of the internal dispute resolution process, please refer your dispute to the Securities Industries Dispute Resolution Centre (SIDREC):

- (a) via phone to : 03 - 2282 2280
- (b) via fax to : 03 - 2282 3855
- (c) via email to : info@sidrec.com.my
- (d) via letter to : Securities Industry Dispute Resolution Center (SIDREC)
Unit A-9-1 Level 9, Tower A, Menara UOA Bangsar,
No. 5, Jalan Bangsar Utama 1
59000 Kuala Lumpur

3. You can also direct your complaint to the SC even if you have initiated a dispute resolution process with SIDREC. To make a complaint, please contact the SC's Consumer & Investor Office:

- (a) via phone to the Aduan Hotline at : 03 – 6204 8999
- (b) via fax to : 03 – 6204 8991
- (c) via e-mail to : aduan@seccom.com.my
- (d) via online complaint form available at www.sc.com.my
- (e) via letter to : Consumer & Investor Office
Securities Commission Malaysia,
No 3 Persiaran Bukit Kiara, Bukit Kiara,
50490 Kuala Lumpur

4. Federal of Investment Managers Malaysia (FIMM)'s Complaints Bureau:

- (a) via phone to : 03 – 2092 3800
- (b) via fax to : 03 – 2093 2700
- (c) via e-mail to : complaints@fimm.com.my
- (d) via online complaint form available at : www.fimm.com.my
- (e) via letter to : Legal, Secretarial & Regulatory Affairs
Federal of Investment Managers Malaysia
19-06-1, 6th Floor Wisma Tune,
No. 19, Lorong Dungun Damansara Heights,
50490 Kuala Lumpur

APPENDIX : GLOSSARY

Bursa Malaysia	Means the stock exchange operated by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad including such other name as it may be amended from time to time.
Business Day	Means a day on which Bursa Malaysia and/or one or more of the foreign markets in which the Fund is invested in are open for business/trading.
Class(es)	Means any class of Units representing similar interests in the assets of the Fund although a class of Units of the Fund may have different features from another class of Units of the same Fund.
Deed	Refers to the deed dated 30 October 2020, the first supplemental deed dated 28 December 2022 and the second supplemental deed dated 26 June 2023 entered into between the Manager and the Trustee.
eligible market(s)	Means an exchange, government securities market or an OTC market– (a) that is regulated by a regulatory authority of that jurisdiction; (b) that is open to the public or to a substantial number of market participants; and (c) on which financial instruments are regularly traded.
EMIS	EPF Members' Investment Scheme.
EPF	Employees Provident Fund.
Financial Institution	Means (1) if the institution is in Malaysia – (i) Licensed Bank; (ii) Licensed Investment Bank; or (iii) Licensed Islamic Bank; or (2) if the institution is outside Malaysia, any institution that is licensed, registered, approved or authorised by the relevant banking regulator to provide financial services.
Fund	Refers to AHAM ESG SGD Bond Fund (<i>formerly known as Affin Hwang SGD Bond Fund</i>).
Guidelines	Means the <i>Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds</i> issued by the SC and as may be amended from time to time.
Licensed Bank	Means a bank licensed under Financial Services Act 2013.
Licensed Investment Bank	Means an investment bank licensed under Financial Services Act 2013.
Licensed Islamic Bank	Means an Islamic bank licensed under the Islamic Financial Services Act 2013.
Manager / AHAM / us / we / our	Refers to AHAM Asset Management Berhad (<i>formerly known as Affin Hwang Asset Management Berhad</i>).
medium to long-term	Means a period of three (3) years and above.
MYR Class	Represents a Class issued by the Fund which is denominated in RM
Net Asset Value or NAV	Means the value of all the assets of the Fund less the value of all the liabilities of the Fund at a valuation point. Where the Fund has more than one Class, there shall be a Net Asset Value of the Fund attributable to each Class.
NAV per Unit	Means the NAV of the Fund at a particular valuation point divided by the total number of Units in Circulation at that valuation point; where the Fund has more than one Class, there shall be a Net Asset Value per Unit for each Class; the Net Asset Value per Unit of a Class at a particular valuation point shall be the Net Asset Value of the Fund attributable to that Class divided by the number of Units in Circulation of that Class at the same valuation point.
Prospectus	Means the prospectus of the Fund and includes any supplemental or replacement prospectus, as the case may be.
Repurchase Charge	Means a charge imposed pursuant to a repurchase request.
Sales Charge	Means a charge imposed pursuant to a purchase request.
SGD Class	Represents a Class issued by the Fund which is denominated in SGD
SC	Means the Securities Commission Malaysia.
Trustee	Refers to Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad.
Unit(s)	Means an undivided share in the beneficial interest and/or right in the Fund and a measurement of the interest and/or right of a Unit Holder in the Fund and means a unit of the Fund and if the Fund has more than one Class, it means a unit issued for each Class.
Units in Circulation	Means Units created and fully paid and which have not been cancelled. <i>It is also the total number of Units issued at a particular valuation point.</i>
Unit Holder or you	Means the person / corporation registered as the holder of a Unit or Units including persons jointly registered.