

**INFORMATION MEMORANDUM FOR
AHAM FLEXI FUND 6**
(Formerly known as Affin Hwang Flexi Fund 6)

Manager : **AHAM Asset Management Berhad**
(Formerly known as Affin Hwang Asset Management Berhad)
Registration No.: 199701014290 (429786-T)

Trustee : **TMF Trustees Malaysia Berhad**
Registration No.: 200301008392 (610812-W)

This Replacement Information Memorandum is dated 25 September 2023.

The AHAM Flexi Fund 6 was constituted on 1 June 2017*.

** The constitution date of this Fund is also the launch date of this Fund.*

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Sophisticated Investors should note that they may seek recourse under the Capital Markets and Services Act 2007 for breaches of securities laws including any statement in this Information Memorandum that is false, misleading, or from which there is a material omission; or for any misleading or deceptive act in relation to this Information Memorandum or the conduct of any other person in relation to the Fund.

This Information Memorandum is to be issued and distributed in Malaysia only. Consequently, no representation has been and will be made as to its compliance with the laws of any foreign jurisdiction.

INVESTORS ARE ADVISED TO READ AND UNDERSTAND THE CONTENTS OF THIS INFORMATION MEMORANDUM AND OBTAIN PROFESSIONAL ADVICE BEFORE SUBSCRIBING TO THE UNITS OF THE FUND. IF IN DOUBT, PLEASE CONSULT A PROFESSIONAL ADVISER.



YOU SHOULD NOT MAKE PAYMENT IN CASH TO A UNIT TRUST CONSULTANT OR ISSUE A CHEQUE IN THE NAME OF A UNIT TRUST CONSULTANT.

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CORPORATE DIRECTORY

The Manager / AHAM

AHAM Asset Management Berhad

(Formerly known as Affin Hwang Asset Management Berhad)

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The Trustee

TMF Trustees Malaysia Berhad

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Fax No. : (603) 2026 1451

Website: www.tmf-group.com

Email: malaysia@tmf-group.com

GLOSSARY

Act	Means the Capital Markets and Services Act 2007 as may be amended from time to time.
Base Currency	Means the currency in which the Fund is denominated i.e. MYR.
Bursa Malaysia	Means the stock exchange operated by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad including such other name as it may be amended from time to time.
Business Day	Means a day on which Bursa Malaysia and/or one or more of the foreign markets in which the Fund is invested in are open for business/trading.
communiqué	Refers to the notice issued by the Manager to the Unit Holders.
CVC Capital Partners Asia Fund V	Means collectively (1) CVC Capital Partners Asia V L.P.; (2) CVC Capital Partners Investment Asia V L.P.; and (3) CVC Capital Partners Asia V Associates L.P.
Deed	Refers to the deed dated 15 May 2017 and the first supplemental deed dated 24 August 2023 entered into between the Manager and the Trustee, which may be modified or varied by further supplemental deeds from time to time.
deposit(s)	Has the same meaning as per the definition of "deposit" in the Financial Services Act 2013. For the avoidance of doubt, it shall exclude structured deposits.
Development Financial Institutions	Means a development financial institution under the Development Financial Institutions Act 2002.
eligible market(s)	Means an exchange, government securities market or an over-the-counter ("OTC") market– <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) that is regulated by a regulatory authority of that jurisdiction; (b) that is open to the public or to a substantial number of market participants; and (c) on which financial instruments are regularly traded.
FiMM	Means the Federation of Investment Managers Malaysia.
Financial Institution	Means (1) if the institution is in Malaysia – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) Licensed Bank; (ii) Licensed Investment Bank; (iii) Development Financial Institutions; or (iv) Licensed Islamic Bank; or (2) if the institution is outside Malaysia, any institution that is licensed, registered, approved or authorised by the relevant banking regulator to provide financial services.
Forward Pricing	Means the method of determining the price of a Unit which is the NAV per Unit at the next valuation point after an application for purchase or repurchase request is received by the Manager.
Fund	Refers to AHAM Flexi Fund 6 (<i>formerly known as Affin Hwang Flexi Fund 6</i>).
Guidelines	Means the <i>Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products Under The Lodge And Launch Framework</i> issued by the SC as may be amended from time to time.
High Water Mark or HWM	Means the NAV per Unit that forms the basis of calculating and determining the Hurdle Value for a Performance Period. The HWM will be the closing NAV per Unit on the last Business Day of the preceding Performance Period or the previous HWM of the preceding Performance Period, whichever is higher.

Hurdle Value	Means the minimum value that needs to be achieved before the Manager is eligible for a performance fee. The Hurdle Value is calculated by adding 10% to the HWM and is determined at the beginning of each Performance Period.
Information Memorandum	Means this offer document in respect of this Fund as may be replaced or amended from time to time.
Licensed Bank	Means a bank licensed under the Financial Services Act 2013.
Licensed Investment Bank	Means an investment bank licensed under the Financial Services Act 2013.
Licensed Islamic Bank	Means an Islamic bank licensed under the Islamic Financial Services Act 2013.
Manager / AHAM	Refers to AHAM Asset Management Berhad (<i>formerly known as Affin Hwang Asset Management Berhad</i>).
medium to long-term	Means a period of three (3) years and above.
MYR	Means the Malaysian Ringgit, the lawful currency of Malaysia.
NAV	Means the value of all the assets of the Fund less the value of all the liabilities of the Fund at a valuation point.
NAV per Unit	Means the NAV of the Fund at a particular valuation point divided by the number of Units in Circulation at the same valuation point.
Performance Period	Means a period of 12 months beginning from 1 June to 31 May every year to coincide with the start and the end of the Fund's financial year. The Manager only calculates the performance fee on a Business Day.
Repurchase Charge	Means a charge imposed pursuant to a repurchase request.
Repurchase Price	Means the price payable to the Unit Holder by the Manager for a Unit pursuant to a repurchase request and it shall be exclusive of any Repurchase Charge.
Sales Charge	Means a charge imposed pursuant to a purchase request.
SC	Means the Securities Commission Malaysia established under the Securities Commission Malaysia Act 1993.
Selling Price	Means the price payable by the Unit Holder for the Manager to create a Unit in the Fund and it shall be exclusive of any Sales Charge.
Sophisticated Investors	Refers to any person (a) who falls within any of the categories of investors set out in Part 1, Schedules 6 and 7 of the Act; (b) who acquires unlisted capital market products where the consideration is not less than two hundred and fifty thousand ringgit or equivalent in foreign currencies for each transaction whether such amount is paid for in cash or otherwise; or (c) any other person as may be determined by the SC from time to time under the Guidelines. Note: For more information, please refer to our website at www.aham.com.my for the current excerpts of Part 1, Schedules 6 and 7 of the Act and the list of other Sophisticated Investors as permitted by the SC under the Guidelines.
Special Resolution	Means a resolution passed at a meeting of Unit Holders duly convened in accordance with the Deed by a majority of not less than three-fourths (3/4) of the Unit Holders present and voting at the meeting in person or by proxy; for the avoidance of doubt, "three-fourths (3/4) of the Unit Holders present and voting" means three-fourths (3/4) of the votes cast by the Unit Holders present and voting; for the purposes of terminating the Fund, "Special Resolution" means a resolution passed at a meeting of Unit Holders duly convened in accordance with the Deed by a majority in number representing at least three-fourths (3/4) of the value of the Units held by the Unit Holders present and voting at the meeting in person or by proxy.

Trustee	Refers to TMF Trustees Malaysia Berhad.
Unit(s)	Means an undivided share in the beneficial interest and/or right in the Fund and a measurement of the interest and/or right of a Unit Holder in the Fund and means a unit of the Fund.
Unit(s) in Circulation	Means Units created and fully paid for and which have not been cancelled. <i>It is also the total number of Units issued at a particular valuation point.</i>
Unit Holder(s) or You	Refers to the person/corporation for the time being who, in full compliance to the relevant laws, is a Sophisticated Investor pursuant to the Guidelines, including a jointholder.

Reference to first person pronouns such as “we”, “us” or “our” in this Information Memorandum means the Manager/AHAM.

ABOUT AHAM FLEXI FUND 6

Fund Category	: Mixed asset (Wholesale)
Fund Type	: Growth
Base Currency	: MYR
Financial Year End	: 31 May
Distribution Policy	The Fund is not expected to make distribution. However, incidental distribution may be declared whenever is appropriate.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The Fund seeks to provide investors with long-term capital appreciation.

Any material change to the Fund's investment objective would require Unit Holders' approval.

PERFORMANCE BENCHMARK

10% per annum

ASSET ALLOCATION

- Up to 100% of the Fund's NAV to be invested in equities and equity-linked instruments;
- Up to 100% of the Fund's NAV to be invested in fixed income instruments;
- Up to 100% of the Fund's NAV to be invested in money market instruments and deposits;
- Up to 50% of the Fund's NAV to be invested in embedded derivatives and/or derivatives; and
- Up to 100% of the Fund's NAV to be invested in collective investment schemes.

INVESTMENT STRATEGY

To meet the Fund's objective, the Fund will adopt a tactical asset allocation strategy depending on the prevailing market conditions. The Fund will have the flexibility to invest in a diversified range of investment instruments such as equities and equity-linked instruments, fixed income instruments, as well as money market instruments and deposits. Additionally, the Fund will also have the option to invest in embedded derivatives, derivatives and collective investment schemes. At any one time, the asset mix may comprise of one or all asset classes.

To meet its objective, the Fund will invest primarily in equities and equity -linked instruments such as warrants issued by companies. For the purpose of diversification, the investment strategy of the Fund would be unconstrained by any country, market capitalisation or sector. Notwithstanding this, the Fund will only invest in foreign markets which are eligible markets. In our aim to maximize the Fund's growth potential, we will also have the option to invest into unlisted securities where those companies are likely to develop into future industry leaders. Whilst such companies are normally associated with higher risks, the Manager will ensure the potential return is commensurate with such risk by selecting the right companies. We will dedicate resources through primary research including company visits and developing earnings models, in search of these companies.

In its equity selection process, we seek to identify companies that we believe are attractively valued relative to long-term growth that these companies can achieve. These companies will be identified through internal research, and by subjecting them to a disciplined set of growth, valuation and quality criteria. Criteria that we will look at during the investment selection process include sales and profit growth, financial strength and gearing levels, capital expenditure levels, as well as the management's commitment to rewarding shareholders via dividends or capital repayments.

When selecting its fixed income instruments, the Fund will not be constrained by credit ratings of issuance. Instead, the selection of fixed income instruments will depend largely on its credit quality of the issuers, as well as criterion such as the ability to meet their financial obligations, displays healthy cash flow, the collateral type, value, claims priority, as well as issuances that offer highest safety for timely payment of interest and capital.

The asset allocation decision between equities and fixed income instruments is decided based on the consideration of the market outlooks for the respective asset classes over the medium to long-term horizon. Under normal market conditions, we will likely have a higher exposure to the equity market to capitalise on growth potential. However, we may reduce the equity exposure of the Fund when the risk reward environment turns less attractive, and thus increasing the Fund's exposure to the fixed income market instead.

The Fund may also invest in collective investment schemes that have a similar investment objective to the Fund. These instruments may include, but not limited to real estate investment trusts, exchange-traded funds, and mutual funds including mutual funds managed by us. In this instance, we will ensure that there will be no improper use of our position in managing the Fund to gain, directly or indirectly, any advantage or to cause detriment to your interest, and investments into the said instruments will be done in the best interest of the Fund.

Due to the fast-paced market environment, we will also have the option to invest in money market instruments and deposits while waiting for investment opportunities to arise in equities or fixed income markets. The selection of the issuers will depend largely on the credit quality and liquidity of the issuer based on our internal credit rating model.

Derivatives

Derivative trades may be carried out for hedging purposes, as well as for investment purposes through financial instruments including, but not limited to, forward contracts, futures contracts and swaps. Forward and futures contracts are generally contracts between two parties to trade an asset at an agreed price on a pre-determined future date whereas swaps is an agreement to swap or exchange two financial instruments between two parties.

The intention of hedging is to preserve the value of the assets from any adverse price movements. For example, to hedge against foreign currency exchange risk, the Fund may enter into a currency forward contract to offset any adverse foreign currency movements by determining an agreed rate for an agreed tenure with its counterparty. While the hedging transactions will assist with mitigating the potential foreign exchange losses by the Fund, any potential foreign exchange gains from the hedging strategy will be capped as well.

The Fund may also employ derivatives for investment purposes to enhance the returns of the Fund by taking a view on the underlying asset or currency and establish a long position to gain a specific underlying exposure. The types of derivatives envisaged for hedging as well as for investment purposes include forwards and swaps which are OTC or traded on a centralized exchange.

Embedded Derivatives

The Manager may also invest into embedded derivatives such as but not limited to equity-linked notes, and credit linked notes. Investment into these embedded derivatives will provide the Fund with the exposure to the reference asset. Each of these embedded derivatives has its own targeted maturity and will expose investors to the price fluctuations of, in the case of an equity-linked note, the stock that the equity-linked note is linked to. As a result, any fluctuation in the price of the embedded derivatives may also lead to fluctuations in the NAV of the Fund i.e., if the price of the embedded derivatives drops, the NAV of the Fund will also be negatively impacted. As the note is structured by an external party, investments into an embedded derivative will also expose the Fund to counterparty risk, which the Manager will attempt to mitigate by carrying out a stringent selection process on its counterparty prior to an investment being made.

Cross Trades

We may conduct cross trades between funds which we are currently managing provided that all criteria imposed by the regulators are met. Notwithstanding the aforesaid, cross trades between the personal account of our employee and the Fund's account(s) and between our proprietary trading accounts and the Fund's account(s) are strictly prohibited. Compliance with the criteria would be monitored by our compliance unit, and reported to our compliance and risk management committee, to avoid conflict of interests and manipulation that could have a negative impact on the investors.

PERMITTED INVESTMENTS

The Fund will invest in the following investments:

- Securities listed or traded on the recognised Malaysian stock exchange or any other foreign exchanges;
- Unlisted securities, including without limitation, securities that have been approved by the relevant regulatory authorities for the listing of and quotation of such securities;
- Debentures;
- Money market instruments;
- Deposits;
- Derivatives;
- Embedded derivatives;
- Warrants;
- Units or shares in collective investment scheme; and
- Any other form of investments as may be determined by us from time to time that is in line with the Fund's objective.

VALUATION POINT OF THE FUND

The Fund will be valued at 6.00 p.m. on every Business Day (or "trading day" or "T day"). However, if the Fund has exposure to investments outside of Malaysia, the Fund shall be valued at 11.00 a.m. on the next Business Day (or "T + 1 day"). All foreign assets will be translated into the Base Currency based on the bid exchange rate quoted by Bloomberg/Refinitiv at 4.00 p.m. (United Kingdom time) which is equivalent to 11.00 p.m. or 12.00 midnight (Malaysian time) on the same day, or at such time as stipulated in the investment management standards issued by the FiMM.

VALUATION OF PERMITTED INVESTMENT

We will ensure that the valuation of the Fund is carried out in a fair manner in accordance with the relevant laws and Guidelines. We will obtain the daily price or value of the assets for the purpose of valuing the Fund in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standard 9 issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board. In the absence of daily price or value of the assets, we will use the latest available price or value of the assets respectively. The valuation bases for the permitted investments of the Fund are as below:

➤ **Listed Securities**

Valuation of investments in listed securities shall be based on the closing price or last known transacted price on the eligible market on which the investment is quoted. If the price is not representative of its fair value or is not available to the market, including in the event of suspension in the quotation of the listed securities for a period exceeding fourteen (14) days, or such shorter period as agreed by the Trustee, such listed securities will be valued at fair value determined in good faith by the Manager or its delegate, based on methods or bases which have been verified by the auditor of the Fund and approved by the Trustee.

➤ **Unlisted Securities**

For unlisted MYR denominated debentures, valuation will be done using the price quoted by a bond pricing agency ("BPA") registered with the SC. For non-MYR denominated unlisted debentures, valuation will be based on the average indicative price quoted by independent and reputable institutions. Where the Manager is of the view that the price quoted by BPA differs from the fair value or where reliable market quotations are not available, the fair value will be determined in good faith by the Manager using methods or bases which have been verified by the auditor of the Fund and approved by the Trustee.

For other unlisted securities, valuation will be based on fair value as determined in good faith by the Manager using methods or bases which have been verified by the auditor of the Fund and approved by the Trustee.

➤ **Deposits**

Valuation of deposits placed with Financial Institutions will be done by reference to the principal value of the deposits and the interests accrued thereon for the relevant period.

➤ **Money Market Instruments**

Valuation of MYR denominated money market instruments will be done using the price quoted by a BPA registered with the SC. For non-MYR denominated money market instruments, valuation will be done using an average of quotations provided by reputable Financial Institutions. Where the Manager is of the view that the price quoted by BPA differs from the fair value or where reliable market quotations are not available, the fair value will be determined in good faith by the Manager using methods or bases which have been verified by the auditor of the Fund and approved by the Trustee. This may be determined by reference to the valuation of other money market instruments which are comparable in rating, yield, expected maturity date and/or other characteristics.

➤ **Derivatives and Embedded Derivatives**

Valuation of derivatives and embedded derivatives will be based on the prices provided by the respective issuers. The issuers generate the market valuation through the use of their own proprietary valuation models, which incorporate all the relevant and available market data with respect to the derivatives and embedded derivatives (e.g. interest rates, movement of the underlying assets, volatility of the underlying assets, the correlation of the underlying assets and such other factors). For foreign exchange forward contracts ("FX Forwards"), interpolation formula is applied to compute the value of the FX Forwards based on the rates provided by Bloomberg or Refinitiv. If the rates are not available on Bloomberg or Refinitiv, the FX Forwards will be valued based on fair value as determined in good faith by the Manager, using methods or bases which have been verified by the auditor of the Fund and approved by the Trustee.

➤ **Collective Investment Schemes**

Valuation of investments in unlisted collective investment schemes shall be based on the last published repurchase price.

Valuation of investments in listed collective investment schemes shall be done in a similar manner used in the valuation of listed securities as described above.

➤ **Any Other Investments**

Fair value as determined in good faith by the Manager, based on the methods or bases which have been verified by the auditor of the Fund and approved by the Trustee.

The Fund may create new classes of Units without having to seek Unit Holders' prior approval. You will be notified of the issuance of the new classes of Units by way of communiqué and the prospective investors will be notified of the same by way of a supplemental/replacement information memorandum.

ABOUT THE FEES AND CHARGES

There are fees and charges involved and you are advised to consider the fees and charges before investing in the Fund.

You should be aware that all fees, charges and expenses referred to or quoted in this Information Memorandum (including any supplemental information memorandum) and the Deed (including any supplemental deed) are referred to or quoted as being exclusive of any other applicable taxes. We (including the Trustee and other service providers) will charge any other applicable taxes on the fees, charges and expenses in accordance with any other relevant or applicable laws.

The following are the charges that may be directly incurred by you.

SALES CHARGE

Up to 2.00% of the NAV per Unit of the Fund.

REPURCHASE CHARGE

Nil.

TRANSFER FEE

Nil.

SWITCHING FEE

The Manager does not impose any switching fee. However, if the amount of sales charge of the fund (or class) that the Unit Holder intends to switch into is higher than the sales charge imposed by the fund (or class) being switched from, then the difference in the sales charge between the two (2) funds (or classes) shall be borne by the Unit Holder.

The following are the fees and expenses that you may indirectly incur when you invest in the Fund

ANNUAL MANAGEMENT FEE

The annual management fee is up to 1.50% per annum of the NAV of the Fund and is calculated using the Base Currency (before deducting the management fee and trustee fee). The management fee is accrued daily and payable monthly to the Manager.

Please note that the example below is for illustration only:

Assuming that the NAV of the Fund is MYR 100 million for that day, the accrued management fee for that day would be:

$$\frac{\text{MYR 100 million} \times 1.50\%}{365 \text{ days}} = \text{MYR 4,109.59 per day}$$

ANNUAL TRUSTEE FEE

The annual trustee fee is up to 0.08% per annum of the NAV of the Fund (excluding foreign custodian fees and charges), and is calculated using the Base Currency (before deducting the management fee and trustee fee). The trustee fee is accrued daily and payable monthly to the Trustee. In addition to the annual trustee fee, the Trustee may be reimbursed by the Fund for any expenses properly incurred by it in the performance of its duties and responsibilities.

Please note that the example below is for illustration only:

Assuming that the NAV of the Fund is MYR 100 million for that day, the accrued trustee fee for that day would be:

$$\frac{\text{MYR 100 million} \times 0.08\%}{365 \text{ days}} = \text{MYR 219.18 per day}$$

PERFORMANCE FEE

The Manager will earn a 20% performance fee on the appreciation in the NAV per Unit over and above the Hurdle Value during a Performance Period. However, in the interest of investors, the Manager imposes a Hurdle Value, which is HWM plus 10.0%, in which the Fund's performance has to exceed before the Manager is eligible for a performance fee.

The performance fee is calculated and readjusted on a daily basis. Although calculation is on a daily basis, the performance fee is only payable to the Manager at the end of each Performance Period in the following events:

- (a) Where on the last Business Day of a Performance Period, the NAV per Unit (before performance fee) is higher than the Hurdle Value (see illustration 1 and illustration 2 below); and
- (b) The Manager receives a repurchase request at the time when the NAV per Unit (before performance fee) is higher than the Hurdle Value, during the Performance Period. Hence, performance fee is chargeable to the redeeming Unit Holder regardless of the Fund's performance at the end of the particular Performance Period (see illustration 4 below).

1. Determining the High Water Mark (HWM) and Setting the Hurdle Value

At the beginning of a Performance Period, the Manager will firstly determine the HWM. The HWM will be the closing NAV per Unit on the last Business Day of the Performance Period or the HWM of the preceding Performance Period, whichever is higher. For example, if the NAV per Unit on the last Business Day of the 1st Performance Period is MYR1.12 (which is higher than the HWM for the preceding Performance Period i.e. MYR 1.00), then the HWM for 2nd Performance Period will be MYR 1.12. However, if the NAV per Unit on the last Business Day of the 1st Performance Period is MYR 0.98 (which is lower than the HWM for the preceding Performance Period i.e. MYR 1.00), then the HWM for the 2nd Performance Period will be MYR 1.00.

Next, a Hurdle Value will be determined. A Hurdle Value is the minimum value that needs to be achieved before the Manager is eligible to earn performance fee. The Hurdle Value is calculated by adding 10.0% to the HWM. For example, in Year 1, the HWM is MYR 1.00. The Hurdle Value is therefore MYR 1.10 (i.e. MYR 1.00 x 1.10). The Hurdle Value for each subsequent Performance Period is reset at the beginning of the Performance Period based on the latest HWM.

Illustration 1:

Assuming in Year 1, the Fund's price is MYR 1.00 and there are no subscription and repurchase requests during the Performance Period. The HWM and Hurdle Value are as follows:

Table 1:

1st Performance Period	The Fund's 1st financial year
NAV per Unit @ beginning of Year 1	MYR 1.0000
HWM for 1st Performance Period	MYR 1.0000
Hurdle Value for 1st Performance Period (which is MYR 1.00 x 1.10)	MYR 1.1000

Therefore, the HWM for the 1st Performance Period is MYR 1.0000 and hence, the Hurdle Value of MYR 1.1000.

Table 2:

2nd Performance Period	The Fund's 2nd financial year
NAV per Unit @ beginning of Year 1 = HWM for 1st Performance Period	MYR 1.0000
Hurdle Value for 1st Performance Period	MYR 1.1000
NAV per Unit @ end of Year 1	MYR 1.1500
HWM for 2nd Performance Period	MYR 1.1500
Hurdle Value for 2nd Performance Period (which is MYR 1.15 x 1.10)	MYR 1.2650

Based on Table 2 above, on the last Business Day of the 1st Performance Period, the NAV per Unit of the Fund rises to MYR 1.1500, which is higher than the HWM for the 1st Performance Period. As a result, the HWM for 2nd Performance Period will be reset and the HWM will be MYR 1.1500.

As the HWM is now MYR 1.1500, the new Hurdle Value for Year 2 will be MYR 1.2650.

Table 3:

3rd Performance Period	The Fund's 3rd financial year
NAV per Unit @ beginning of Year 2 = HWM for 2nd Performance Period	MYR 1.1500
Hurdle Value for 2nd Performance Period	MYR 1.2650
NAV per Unit @ end of Year 2	MYR 1.1000
HWM for 3rd Performance Period	MYR 1.1500
Hurdle Value for 3rd Performance Period (which is MYR 1.15 x 1.10)	MYR 1.2650

Based on Table 3 above, assuming the NAV per Unit on the last Business Day of the 2nd Performance Period fell to MYR1.1000, which is lower than HWM for the 2nd Performance Period. The HWM for the 3rd Performance Period will not be reset and it will be the same as the HWM of the 2nd Performance Period.

The HWM remains as MYR 1.1500, the Hurdle Value for Year 3 will be MYR 1.2650.

2. Calculation of Performance Fee

The purpose of calculating and readjusting the performance fee on a daily basis is to take into account the calculation of the NAV per Unit for subscription and repurchase requests.

Illustration 2:

Assuming there is no subscription or repurchase request during the entire Performance Period, thus Units in Circulation is the same throughout the entire Performance Period.

Table 4:

Day	Units in Circulation (UIC)	NAV per Unit (before performance fee) (a)	NAV per Unit (after performance fee)	High Water Mark (MYR)	Hurdle Value (HWM x 1.10) (b)	Performance Fee "[(a-b) x 20%] x UIC (MYR)
1	500,000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.1000	0.00
2	500,000	1.0600	1.0600	1.0000	1.1000	0.00
3	500,000	1.0800	1.0800	1.0000	1.1000	0.00
4	500,000	1.1200	1.1160	1.0000	1.1000	2,000.00
5	500,000	1.1400	1.1320	1.0000	1.1000	4,000.00
6	500,000	1.1450	1.1360	1.0000	1.1000	4,500.00
7	500,000	1.1600	1.1480	1.0000	1.1000	6,000.00
8	500,000	1.1250	1.1200	1.0000	1.1000	2,500.00
9	500,000	1.0900	1.0900	1.0000	1.1000	0.00
10	500,000	1.0800	1.0800	1.0000	1.1000	0.00
11	500,000	1.1600	1.1480	1.0000	1.1000	6,000.00
↓						
365	500,000	1.1200	1.1160	1.0000	1.1000	2,000.00

Based on the figures in Table 4 above, the HWM for the Performance Period is MYR 1.0000 which is also the NAV per Unit on Day 1 and hence, the Hurdle Value is MYR 1.1000. Let us assume that on Day 4, the NAV per Unit (before performance fee) is MYR 1.1200, while the Hurdle Value is MYR 1.1000, with the Units in Circulation of 500,000 Units.

Performance fee = (The difference between the NAV per Unit (before performance fee) and the Hurdle Value) x 20% x Total number of Units in Circulation of the Fund

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (\text{MYR } 1.1200 - \text{MYR } 1.1000) \times 20\% \times 500,000 \text{ Units} \\
 &= \text{MYR } 0.0040 \times 500,000 \\
 &= \text{MYR } 2,000
 \end{aligned}$$

Based on the figures in Table 4 above, the performance fee, if any, will be readjusted* on a daily basis. On Day 365, which is the last Business Day, the NAV per Unit (before performance fee) is higher than the Hurdle Value; therefore, a performance fee of MYR 2,000 will be charged and payable to the Manager at the end of the Performance Period.

* Adjustment is by reversing the daily accrued performance fee payable to the Manager. For example, on Day 5, the accrued performance fee from Day 4 which is MYR 2,000 will be reversed.

Note: Where the difference between the NAV per Unit on the last Business Day of the Performance Period and the Hurdle Value is a negative figure, no performance fee is payable to the Manager.

Illustration 3:

Where there is a subscription request by a Unit Holder during the Performance Period, the chargeable performance fee (if any) on the day of the subscription will be reflected in the NAV per Unit (after performance fee).

Illustration is based on the Day 4 figures in Table 4 above:-

HWM	= MYR 1.0000
Hurdle Value	= MYR 1.1000
NAV per Unit (before performance fee)	= MYR 1.1200
NAV per Unit (after performance fee)	= MYR 1.1160

The NAV per Unit payable by the Unit Holder would be MYR 1.1160, i.e. Selling Price.

Illustration 4:

Where there is a repurchase request by a Unit Holder during the Performance Period, the chargeable performance fee (if any) will be calculated as follows:

Illustration is based on the Day 11 figures in Table 4 above:

Number of Units repurchased by Unit Holder	= 5,000 Units
Hurdle Value for the Performance Period	= MYR 1.1000
NAV per Unit (before performance fee) @ Day 11	= MYR 1.1600

The repurchase request is received by the Manager on Day 11 of the Performance Period where the NAV per Unit is higher than the Hurdle Value of the Performance Period. Hence, the Fund performed and the Manager is entitled to the performance fee, as follows:-

(The difference between the NAV per Unit on the Business Day when the redemption occurred and the Hurdle Value)
x total number of Units redeemed x 20%
= (MYR 1.1600 – MYR 1.1000) x 5,000 Units x 20%
= MYR 60.00*

** During the Performance Period, such amount will be maintained in the account payable of the Fund and will be paid to the Manager at the end of the Performance Period.*

ADMINISTRATIVE FEE

Only the expenses (or part thereof) which are directly related and necessary to the operation and administration of the Fund may be charged to the Fund. These would include (but are not limited to) the following:

- commissions or fees paid to brokers in effecting dealings in the investments of the Fund, shown on the contract notes or confirmation notes;
- taxes and other duties charged on the Fund by the government and/or other authorities;
- costs, fees and expenses properly incurred by the auditor appointed for the Fund;
- costs, fees and expenses incurred for the fund valuation and accounting of the Fund performed by a fund valuation agent;
- costs, fees and expenses incurred for any modification of the Deed save where such modification is for the benefit of the Manager and/or the Trustee;
- costs, fees and expenses incurred for any meeting of the Unit Holders save where such meeting is convened for the benefit of the Manager and/or the Trustee;
- costs, commissions, fees and expenses of the sale, purchase, insurance and any other dealing of any asset of the Fund;
- costs, fees and expenses incurred in engaging any specialist approved by the Trustee for investigating or evaluating any proposed investment of the Fund;
- costs, fees and expenses incurred in engaging any adviser for the benefit of the Fund;
- costs, fees and expenses incurred in the preparation and audit of the taxation, returns and accounts of the Fund;
- costs, fees and expenses incurred in the termination of the Fund or the removal or retirement of the Trustee or the Manager and the appointment of a new trustee or management company;
- costs, fees and expenses incurred in relation to any arbitration or other proceedings concerning the Fund or any asset of the Fund, including proceedings against the Trustee or the Manager by the other for the benefit of the Fund (save to the extent that legal costs incurred for the defence of either of them are not ordered by the court to be reimbursed by the Fund);
- costs, fees and expenses deemed by the Manager to have been incurred in connection with any change or the need to comply with any change or introduction of any law, regulation or requirement (whether or not having the force of law) of any governmental or regulatory authority;

- costs and expenses incurred in relation to the distribution of income (if any);
- (where the custodial function is delegated by the Trustee) charges and fees paid to sub-custodians taking into custody any foreign assets of the Fund;
- fees, charges, costs and expenses relating to the preparation, printing, posting, registration and lodgement of documents and reports which the Manager and/or the Trustee may be obliged to prepare, print, post, register and/or lodge in relation to the Fund by virtue of any relevant laws;
- any tax now or hereafter imposed by law or required to be paid in connection with any costs, fees and expenses incurred as mentioned above; and
- Other fees and expenses related to the Fund allowed under the Deed.

MAXIMUM RATE OF FEES AND CHARGES ALLOWABLE BY THE DEED

We may impose higher fees and charges up to the following stated maximum rate, provided that we have taken the necessary procedures to increase the fees and charges.

Sales Charge	5.00% of the NAV per Unit
Repurchase Charge	1.00% of the NAV per Unit
Annual Management Fee	3.00% per annum of the NAV of the Fund
Performance Fee	20% on the appreciation in the NAV per Unit over and above the Hurdle Value during a Performance Period. However, in the interest of investors, the Manager imposes a Hurdle Value, which is the HWM plus 10.0% in which the Fund's performance has to exceed before the Manager is eligible for a performance fee.
Annual Trustee Fee	0.10% per annum of the NAV of the Fund or its equivalent in the Base Currency (excluding foreign custodian fees and charges)

REBATES AND SOFT COMMISSIONS

We or any of our delegates thereof will not retain any rebate or soft commission from, or otherwise share in any commission with, any broker or dealer in consideration for directing dealings in the investments of the Fund. Accordingly, any rebate or shared commission should be directed to the account of the Fund.

The soft commissions can be retained by us or any of our delegates thereof provided that:-

- the soft commissions bring direct benefit or advantage to the management of the Fund and may include research and advisory related services;
- any dealing with the broker or dealer is executed on terms which are the most favourable for the Fund; and
- we or our delegates will not enter into unnecessary trades in order to achieve a sufficient volume of transactions to qualify for soft commissions.

UNDERSTANDING THE RISKS OF THE FUND

Below are the risks associated with the investments of the Fund that you should consider before investing.

It is important to note that events affecting the investments cannot always be foreseen. Therefore, it is not possible to protect investments against all risks. You are recommended to read the whole Information Memorandum to assess the risks associated to the Fund. If necessary, you should consult your professional adviser(s) for a better understanding of the risks.

	GENERAL RISKS OF THE FUND
Market risk	Market risk arises because of factors that affect the entire market place. Factors such as economic growth, political stability and social environment are some examples of conditions that have an impact on businesses, whether positive or negative. It stems from the fact that there are economy-wide perils, or instances of political or social instability which threaten all businesses. Hence, the Fund will be exposed to market uncertainties and fluctuations in the economic, political and social environment that will affect the market price of the investments either in a positive or negative way.
Fund management risk	This risk refers to the day-to-day management of the Fund by us which will impact the performance of the Fund. For example, investment decisions undertaken by us as a result of an incorrect view of the market or any non-compliance with internal policies, investment mandate, the Deed, relevant law or guidelines due to factors such as human error, fraud, dishonesty or weaknesses in operational process and systems, may adversely affect the performance of the Fund.
Liquidity risk	Liquidity risk refers to two scenarios. The first scenario is where an investment cannot be sold due to the unavailability of a buyer for that investment. The second scenario exists where the investment, by its nature, is thinly traded. This will have the effect of causing the investment to be sold below its fair value which would adversely affect the NAV of the Fund and subsequently the value of Unit Holders' investments in the Fund. Upon such event and in the best interest of the Unit Holders, the Manager may suspend the repurchase of Units requests. Please refer to " <i>Suspension of Dealing in Units</i> " section of this Information Memorandum for more details.
Performance risk	The performance of the Fund depends on the financial instruments that the Fund purchases. If the instruments do not perform within expectation or if there is a default, then, the performance of the Fund will be impacted negatively. The performance of the Fund may also be impacted if the allocation of assets is not properly done. This is where the experience and expertise of the fund managers are important and the risk on the lack of experience and expertise of the fund managers has been highlighted above. On that basis, there is never a guarantee that investing in the Fund will produce the desired investment returns or on the distribution of income.
Inflation risk	This is the risk that your investment in the Fund may not grow or generate income at a rate that keeps pace with inflation. This would reduce your purchasing power even though the value of the investment in monetary terms has increased.

GENERAL RISKS OF THE FUND	
Loan / Financing risk	This risk occurs when you take a loan/financing to finance your investment. The inherent risk of investing with borrowed/financed money includes you being unable to service the loan/financing repayments. In the event Units are used as collateral, you may be required to top-up your existing instalment if the prices of Units fall below a certain level due to market conditions. Failing which, the Units may be sold at a lower NAV per Unit as compared to the NAV per Unit at the point of purchase towards settling the loan/financing.
Operational risk	This risk refers to the possibility of a breakdown in the Manager’s internal controls and policies. The breakdown may be a result of human error, system failure or may be fraud where employees of the Manager collude with one another. This risk may cause monetary loss and/or inconvenience to you. The Manager will review its internal policies and system capability to mitigate instances of this risk. Additionally, the Manager maintains a strict segregation of duties to mitigate instances of fraudulent practices amongst employees of the Manager.
Related party transaction risk	The Fund may also have dealings with parties related to AHAM. Nevertheless, it is our policy that all transactions with related parties are to be executed on terms which are best available to the Fund and which are not less favourable to the Fund than an arm’s length transaction between independent parties.
Suspension of repurchase request risk	Having considered the best interests of Unit Holders, the repurchase requests by the Unit Holders may be subject to suspension due to exceptional circumstances, where the market value or fair value of a material portion of the Fund’s assets cannot be determined, or such other circumstances as may be determined by the Manager, where there is good and sufficient reason to do so. In such case, Unit Holders will not be able to redeem their Units and will be compelled to remain invested in the Fund for a longer period of time. Hence, their investments will continue to be subject to the risks inherent to the Fund.

SPECIFIC RISKS OF THE FUND	
Equity and equity-linked instruments investment risk	The buying and selling of equity and equity linked instruments (the word “equities” hereinafter is referring to the equity and equity linked instruments, such as warrants) carry a number of risks. The most important being the volatility of the capital markets (of those tradable equities), the general insolvency risk associated with the issuers of equities, and/or the performance of the underlying equity that the equity linked instrument is linked to. The value of equities investment depends on its earnings potential, sound management, treatment of minority shareholders, as well as a myriad of other factors. Failure to achieve the expected earnings would result in declining investment value which in turn affects the performance of the Fund. This risk could be mitigated by diversifying the Fund’s portfolio. The Manager will employ stringent stock selection criteria which would effectively filter its stock components to equities which can provide returns to the Fund in the form of capital gains and income.
Credit and default risk	Credit risk relates to the creditworthiness of the issuers of the fixed income securities i.e., debentures and money market instruments and the Financial Institutions where the deposits are placed (hereinafter referred to as “investment”) and their expected ability to make timely payment of interest and/or principal. Any adverse situations faced by the issuer and/or Financial Institution may impact the value as well as liquidity of the investment. In the case of rated investment, this may lead to a credit downgrade. Default risk relates to the risk of an issuer and/or a Financial Institution of the investment either defaulting on payments or failing to make payments in a timely manner which will in turn adversely affect the value of the investment. This could adversely affect the value of the Fund.

	SPECIFIC RISKS OF THE FUND
Concentration risk in a single Financial Institution	This risk arises because the Fund may have placement of deposits with a single Financial Institution. The Fund is subject to the risks linked to the particular Financial Institution. The risk may be in the form of credit risk, for example, when the particular Financial Institution is not able to repay the interest and/or principal possibly due to its poor financial position. Therefore, should such risk happen, the Fund's concentrated portfolio will cause the Fund's overall value to decline to a greater degree than if the Fund was exposed to a less concentrated portfolio.
Concentration risk in a single collective investment scheme	This risk arises because the Fund may invest in a single collective investment scheme ("CIS"). Any adverse effect on the CIS will inevitably affect the Fund as well. The performance of the Fund is also dependent on the performance of the CIS. This risk may be mitigated as we are allowed to take temporary defensive positions in response to adverse market conditions. We also are able to substitute the CIS with another fund with similar objective of the Fund if, in our opinion, the CIS no longer meets the Fund's objective subject to Unit Holders' approval with prior notification to SC.
Interest rate risk	This risk refers to the impact of interest rate changes on the valuation of the fixed income instruments, i.e. debentures and money market instruments (hereinafter referred to as "investment"). Generally, movement in interest rates affects the prices of investment inversely. For example, when interest rates rise, prices of investment will fall. The fluctuations of the prices of investment will also have an impact on the NAV of the Fund. This risk can largely be eliminated by holding the investment until their maturity. We also manage interest rate risk by considering each investment's sensitivity to interest rate changes. When interest rates are expected to increase, the Fund would then likely seek to switch to investment that are less sensitive to interest rate changes. For investments in deposits, the fluctuations in the interest rates will not affect the placement of deposits but will result in the opportunity loss by the Fund if the placement of deposits is made at lower interest rate.
Derivatives risk	Valuation of derivatives takes into account a multitude of factors such as movement of the underlying asset, volatility of underlying assets, the correlation of the underlying assets with the Fund, the implied future direction of the underlying assets and other factors. Any adverse changes of the factors mentioned above may result in a lower NAV price.
Counterparty risk	Counterparty risk concerns the Fund's investment in derivatives and embedded derivatives ("Investments"). Counterparty risk is prevalent as the potential returns derived from the Investments are dependent on the ongoing ability and willingness of the issuer i.e. a Financial Institution to fulfil their respective financial commitments to the Fund in a timely manner. Bankruptcy, fraud or regulatory non-compliance arising out of and/or in connection with the issuer may impair the operations and/or the performance of the Fund. However, we will conduct stringent credit selection process of the issuer of the Investments prior to commencement of Investments and monitoring mechanisms established by us may potentially mitigate this risk. If, we are of the opinion there is material adverse change to an issuer, we may consider unwinding the issuer's Investments to mitigate potential losses that may arise.
Embedded derivatives risk	The NAV of the Fund will be impacted by the valuation of the embedded derivatives. Factors that may impact the valuation of the embedded derivatives will include, but not limited to movement of the underlying assets, volatility of the underlying assets, interest rate levels, the correlation of the underlying assets and other such factors. Any change in the aforesaid factors would either positively or negatively impact the valuation of the embedded derivatives hence impacting the NAV of the Fund. As such, the Fund's NAV will be exposed to potential price volatility, which will be dependent on the valuation of the embedded derivatives that the Fund invested in.

SPECIFIC RISKS OF THE FUND	
Country risk	Investments of the Fund in any country may be affected by changes in the economic and political climate, restriction on currency repatriation or other developments in the law or regulations of the countries in which the Fund invests in. For example, the deteriorating economic condition of such countries may adversely affect the value of the investments undertaken by the Fund in those affected countries. This in turn may cause the NAV of the Fund or prices of Units to fall.
Currency risk	As the investments of the Fund may be denominated in currencies other than the Base Currency, any fluctuation in the exchange rate between the Base Currency and the currencies in which the investments are denominated may have an impact on the value of these investments. You should be aware that if the currencies in which the investments are denominated depreciate against the Base Currency, this will have an adverse effect on the NAV of the Fund in the Base Currency and vice versa. You should note that any gain or loss arising from the fluctuation in the exchange rate may further increase or decrease the returns of the investment.
Tactical asset allocation fund risk	This Fund is a tactical asset allocation fund where the strategies employed to shift the asset mix between equities and equity-linked instruments, fixed income instruments or money market instruments and deposits, depending on the prevailing market outlook. The Manager's investment decision pertaining to the asset allocation may adversely affect the Fund's performance if the assessment concluded by the Manager is not consistent with the market outlook.

DEALING INFORMATION

You are advised not to make payment in cash to any individual agent when purchasing Units of the Fund.

WHO IS ELIGIBLE TO INVEST?

- You must be at least eighteen (18) years old and a Sophisticated Investor in order to invest in this Fund. Please refer to the “Glossary” chapter of this Information Memorandum for the definition of “Sophisticated Investor”.

WHAT ARE THE MINIMUM INITIAL INVESTMENT AND MINIMUM ADDITIONAL INVESTMENT?

Minimum Initial Investment*	MYR 100,000
Minimum Additional Investment*	MYR 50,000

**At our discretion, we may reduce the minimum initial investment and minimum additional investment.*

HOW TO PURCHASE UNITS?

- You may submit the purchase request by completing an application form and returning it to us between 8.45 a.m. to 3.30 p.m. on a Business Day.
- You are required to provide us with the following completed forms and documents. However, we reserve the right to request for additional documentations before we process the purchase application.

Individual or Jointholder	Corporation
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Account opening form; • Suitability assessment form; • Personal data protection notice form; • Client acknowledgement form; • A copy of identity card or passport or any other document of identification; and • Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (“FATCA”) and Common Reporting Standard (“CRS”) Self-certification Form. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Account opening form; • Suitability assessment form; • Personal data protection notice form; • Certified true copy of memorandum and articles of association*; • Certified true copy of certificate of incorporation*; • Certified true copy of form 24 and form 49*; • Certified true copy of form 8, 9, 13, 20 and 44 (where applicable)*; • Latest audited financial statement; • Board resolution relating to the investment; • A list of the authorised signatories; • Specimen signatures of the respective signatories; and • Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (“FATCA”) and Common Reporting Standard (“CRS”) Self-certification Form. <p><i>* or any other equivalent documentation issued by the authorities.</i></p>

HOW TO MAKE PAYMENT FOR PURCHASE APPLICATION?

- You may transfer the purchase payment into our bank account via telegraphic transfer or online transfer, and include your name in the transaction description for our reference. You may obtain our bank account details from our online download center at www.aham.com.my.
- Bank charges or other bank fees, if any, will be borne by you.

WHAT IS THE PROCESS OF THE PURCHASE APPLICATION?

- If we receive your purchase application at or before 3.30 p.m. on a Business Day (or “T day”), we will create your Units based on the NAV per Unit of the Fund for that Business Day. Any purchase request received or deemed to have been received by us after 3.30 p.m. will be transacted on the next Business Day (or “T + 1 day”), unless a prior arrangement is made to our satisfaction.
- Sale of Units will be honoured upon receipt of a complete set of documents together with the proof of payments.

HOW TO REPURCHASE UNITS?

- It is important to note that, you must meet the following minimum holding of Units for the Fund after a repurchase transaction.

Minimum Units Held*	100,000 Units
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**At our discretion, we may reduce the minimum Units held.*

- If you insist on making a repurchase request knowing that after the transaction you will hold less than the minimum holding of Units, we may withdraw all your holding of Units and pay the proceeds to you.

We may, with the consent of the Trustee, reserve the right to defer your repurchase request if such transaction would adversely affect the Fund or the interest of the Unit Holders.

- You may submit the repurchase request by completing a transaction form and returning it to us between 8.45 a.m. to 3.30 p.m. on a Business Day.
- Payment of the repurchase proceeds will be made via bank transfer where proceeds will be transferred to your bank account. Where Units are held jointly, payment will be made to the person whose name appears first in the register of Unit Holders.
- Bank charges or other bank fees, if any, will be borne by us.

WHAT IS THE PROCESS OF REPURCHASE APPLICATION?

- For a repurchase request received or deemed to have been received by us at or before 3.30 p.m. on a Business Day (or “T day”), Units will be repurchased based on the NAV per Unit of the Fund for that Business Day. Any repurchase request received after 3.30 p.m. will be transacted on the next Business Day (or “T + 1 day”).
- Processing is subject to receipt of a complete transaction form and such other documents as may be required by us.

WHAT IS THE REPURCHASE PROCEEDS PAYOUT PERIOD?

- You will be paid within ten (10) Business Days from the day the repurchase request is received by us, provided that all documentations are completed and verifiable.

WHAT IS THE PRICING OF UNITS?

- The Selling Price and the Repurchase Price are equivalent to the NAV per Unit. Any applicable Sales Charge and Repurchase Charge are payable separately from the Selling Price and Repurchase Price.
- Forward Pricing will be used to determine the Selling Price and the Repurchase Price i.e. the NAV per Unit of the Fund as at the next valuation point after we receive the purchase request or repurchase request.

WHERE TO PURCHASE AND REPURCHASE UNITS?

- Units can be purchased and repurchased at any of the location listed in the “Directory of Sales Offices” section in this Information Memorandum or with our authorised distributors.
- You may obtain a copy of this Information Memorandum, the product highlights sheet and application forms from the abovementioned location. Alternatively, you may also visit our website at www.aham.com.my.

WHAT IS COOLING-OFF RIGHT?

- You have the right to apply for and receive a refund for every Unit that you have paid for within six (6) Business Days from the date we received your purchase application.
- You will be refunded for every Unit held based on the prices mentioned below and the Sales Charge imposed on the day those Units were purchased.
 - (i) If the price of a Unit on the day the Units were first purchased (“original price”) is higher than the price of a Unit at the point of exercise of the cooling-off right (“market price”), you will be refunded based on the market price at the point of cooling-off; or
 - (ii) If the market price is higher than the original price, you will be refunded based on the original price at the point of cooling-off.
- You will be refunded within ten (10) Business Days from our receipt of the cooling-off application.

Please note that the cooling-off right is applicable to you if you are an individual investor and are investing in any of our funds for the first time. However, if you are a staff of AHAM or a person registered with a body approved by the SC to deal in unit trusts funds, you are not entitled to this right.

WHAT IS THE PROCESS OF COOLING-OFF APPLICATION?

- We will process your cooling-off request if your request is received or deemed to have been received by us at or before 3.30 p.m. on a Business Day (or “T day”). Any cooling-off request received after 3.30 p.m. will be transacted on the next Business Day (or “T + 1 day”).

Processing is subject to receipt of a complete transaction form and such other documents as may be required by us.

WHAT ARE THE SWITCHING OPTIONS?

- You are able to switch into any of our funds (or its classes), provided that the fund (or its class) is denominated in the same currency as the fund (or its class) that you intend to switch out of, and it is subject to the terms and conditions applicable for the respective funds.

However, you must meet the minimum holding of the Fund and the minimum investment amount of the fund (or its class) that you intend to switch into.

You are also to note that we reserve the right to reject any switching requests that are regarded as disruptive to efficient portfolio management, or requests that we deem to be contrary to the best interest of the Fund and/or the existing Unit Holders.

The process of the switching application is as below:

- You must complete a switching transaction form and submit it to us at or before the cut-off time of 3.30 p.m. on a Business Day (or “T day”) together with relevant supporting documents, if any. If we receive your switching request after 3.30 p.m., we will process your request on the next Business Day (or “T + 1 day”).

You should note that the pricing day of a fund (or its class) may not be on the same day as when we receive your switching application. Please see below the pricing policy of switching for all our funds:

Switching Out Fund	Switching In Fund	Pricing Day	
		Switching Out Fund	Switching In Fund
Money market fund	Non-money market fund	T Day	T Day
Non-money market fund	Non-money market fund		
Money market fund	Money market fund	T Day	T + 1 Day
Non-money market fund	Money market fund	T Day	At the next valuation point, subject to clearance of payment and money received by the intended fund

CAN I TRANSFER MY UNITS TO ANOTHER PERSON?

- You are allowed to transfer your Units, whether fully or partially, to another person who must be a Sophisticated Investor by completing the transfer transaction form and returning it to us on any Business Day. The transfer must be made in terms of Units and not in terms of MYR value. There is no minimum amount of Units required to effect a transfer except that the transferor and transferee must hold the minimum holdings of 100,000 Units to remain as a Unit Holder.
- It is important to note that we are at liberty to disregard or refuse to process the transfer application if the processing of such instruction be in contravention of any law or regulatory requirements, whether or not having the force of law and/or would expose us to any liability.

HOW DO I RECEIVE THE INCOME DISTRIBUTION?

- You may elect the mode of distribution in cash payment or additional Units (by way of reinvestment) by ticking the appropriate column in the application form. You may also inform us at any time before the income distribution date of your wish of receiving cash payment or additional Units via reinvestment. All distribution will be automatically reinvested into additional Units in the Fund if you do not select the mode of distribution in the application form.

Any distribution payable which is less than or equal to the amount of MYR 300.00 would be automatically reinvested.

Cash Payment Process

Income distribution by way of cash payment will be paid via telegraphic transfer. Income will be transferred to your bank account within seven (7) Business Days after the distribution date.

Reinvestment Process

We will create the Units based on the NAV per Unit of the Fund at the income payment date which is within two (2) Business Days after the distribution date. There will not be any cost for reinvestments of those additional Units, i.e. no Sales Charge will be imposed on such reinvestment.

SUSPENSION OF DEALING IN UNITS

The Manager may, in consultation with the Trustee and having considered the interests of the Unit Holders, suspend the dealing in Units due to exceptional circumstances or such other circumstances as may be determined by the Manager, where there is good and sufficient reason to do so. The Manager will cease the suspension as soon as practicable after the exceptional circumstances have ceased, and in any event, within twenty-one (21) days from the commencement of suspension.

The period of suspension may be extended if the Manager satisfies the Trustee that it is in the best interest of the Unit Holders for the dealing in Units to remain suspended, subject to a weekly review by the Trustee.

The Trustee may suspend the dealing in Units, if the Trustee, on its own accord, considers that exceptional circumstances have been triggered. In such a case, the Trustee shall immediately call for a Unit Holders' meeting to decide on the next course of action.

RELATED PARTIES TO THE FUND

ABOUT THE MANAGER - AHAM

AHAM was incorporated in Malaysia on 2 May 1997 and began its operations under the name Hwang-DBS Capital Berhad in 2001. AHAM has more than 20 years' experience in the fund management industry. In 2022, AHAM's ultimate major shareholder is CVC Capital Partners Asia Fund V, a private equity fund managed by CVC Capital Partners ("CVC"), which has approximately 68.35% controlling interest in AHAM. CVC is a global private equity and investment advisory firm with approximately USD125 billion of assets under its management. AHAM is also 20% owned by Nikko Asset Management Co. Ltd., a Tokyo-based asset management company, and 7% owned by Lembaga Tabung Angkatan Tentera.

Our Role as the Manager

We are responsible for the investment management and marketing of the Fund; servicing Unit Holders' needs; keeping proper administrative records of Unit Holders and the Fund; ensuring compliance with stringent internal procedures and guidelines of relevant authorities.

Our Investment Team

Our investment team comprises a group of portfolio managers who possess the necessary expertise and experience to undertake the fund management of our unit trust funds. The investment team will meet at least once a week or more should the need arise. The designated fund manager of the Fund is Mr. David Ng and you may obtain his profile from our website at www.aham.com.my.

ABOUT THE TRUSTEE - TMF TRUSTEES MALAYSIA BERHAD

The Trustee is part of TMF Group, an independent global service provider in the trust & fiduciary sector. The group has more than 125 offices in over 83 jurisdictions in the world. TMF Group started in Malaysia in 1992 with its first office in Labuan International Business Financial Centre (IBFC), providing trust and fiduciary services. The Kuala Lumpur office was established in 2003 to support the Labuan office in servicing Malaysian clients and to undertake domestic trust business.

Duties and Responsibilities of the Trustee

The Trustee's main functions are to act as trustee and custodian of the assets of the Fund and to safeguard the interests of Unit Holders. In performing these functions and duties, the Trustee has to exercise all due care and vigilance and is required to act in accordance with the provisions of the Deed, all relevant laws and the Guidelines. Apart from being the legal owner of the Fund's assets, the Trustee is also responsible for ensuring that the Manager performs its duties and obligations in accordance with the provisions of the Deed, all relevant laws and the Guidelines.

Trustee's Delegate

The Trustee has appointed Deutsche Bank (Malaysia) Berhad ("DBMB") as the custodian of the assets of the Fund. DBMB is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Deutsche Bank AG. DBMB offers its clients access to a growing domestic custody network that covers over 30 markets globally and a unique combination of local expertise backed by the resources of a global bank. In its capacity as the appointed custodian, DBMB's role encompass safekeeping of assets of the Fund; trade settlement management; corporate actions notification and processing; and income collection and processing. All investments of the Fund are registered in the name of the Trustee for the Fund, or where the custodial function is delegated, in the name of the custodian to the order of the Trustee for the Fund. As custodian, DBMB shall act only in accordance with instructions from the Trustee.

RELEVANT INFORMATION

SALIENT TERMS OF THE DEED

Your Rights and Liabilities

You have the right, among others, to the followings:-

- (a) To receive the distributions of income (if any), to participate in any increase in the value of the Units and to enjoy such other rights and privileges as are provided for in the Deed;
- (b) To call for Unit Holders' meetings, and to vote for the removal of the Trustee or the Manager through a Special Resolution; and
- (c) To receive quarterly and annual reports.

However, you would not have the right to require the transfer to you of any of the assets of the Fund. Neither would you have the right to interfere with or question the exercise by the Trustee or the Manager on the Trustee's behalf, of the rights of the Trustee as the registered owner of such assets.

You are not liable to the followings:-

- (a) For any amount in excess of the purchase price paid for the Units as determined in accordance to the Deed at the time the Units were purchased and any charges payable in relation thereto; or
- (b) For any obligation to indemnify the Manager and/or the Trustee in the event that the liabilities incurred by the Manager and/or the Trustee in the name of or on behalf of the Fund pursuant to and/or in the performance of the provisions of the Deed exceed the value of the assets of the Fund and any right of indemnity of the Manager and/or the Trustee shall be limited to recourse to the Fund.

Provisions Regarding Unit Holders' Meetings

Quorum Required for Convening a Unit Holders' Meeting

- (a) The quorum required for a meeting of the Unit Holders shall be five (5) Unit Holders, whether present in person or by proxy; however, if the Fund has five (5) or less Unit Holders, the quorum required for a meeting of the Unit Holders shall be two (2) Unit Holders, whether present in person or by proxy.
- (b) If the meeting has been convened for the purpose of voting on a Special Resolution, the Unit Holders present in person or by proxy must hold in aggregate at least twenty-five per centum (25%) of the Units in Circulation at the time of the meeting.
- (c) If the Fund has only one (1) remaining Unit Holder, such Unit Holder, whether present in person or by proxy, shall constitute the quorum required for the meeting of the Unit Holders.

Unit Holders' Meeting convened by the Unit Holders

Unless otherwise required or allowed by the relevant laws, the Manager shall, within twenty-one (21) days of receiving a direction from not less than fifty (50) or one-tenth (1/10), whichever is less, of all the Unit Holders, summon a meeting of the Unit Holders by:

- (a) sending by post at least seven (7) days before the date of the proposed meeting a notice of the proposed meeting to all the Unit Holders, at the Unit Holders' last known address or, in the case of jointholders, to the jointholder whose name stands first in the records of the Manager at the jointholder's last known address; and
- (b) publishing at least fourteen (14) days before the date of the proposed meeting an advertisement giving notice of the proposed meeting in a national language newspaper published daily and another newspaper approved by the relevant authorities.

The Unit Holders may direct the Manager to summon a meeting for any purpose including, without limitation, for the purpose of:-

- (a) requiring the retirement or removal of the Manager;
- (b) requiring the retirement or removal of the Trustee;
- (c) considering the most recent financial statements of the Fund; or
- (d) giving to the Trustee such directions as the meeting thinks proper;

provided always that the Manager shall not be obliged to summon such a meeting unless a direction has been received from not less than fifty (50) or one-tenth (1/10), whichever is less, of all the Unit Holders of the Fund.

Unit Holders' Meeting convened by the Manager or the Trustee

The Manager may for any purpose whatsoever summon a meeting of the Unit Holders by sending by post at least fourteen (14) days before the date of the proposed meeting, or such other time as may be prescribed by the relevant laws, a notice of the proposed meeting to all the Unit Holders. All such notices and advertisement to the Unit Holders shall specify the place, time and terms of the resolutions to be proposed.

Unless otherwise required or allowed by the relevant laws, a meeting of the Unit Holders summoned by the Trustee pursuant to Clause 17.2.1 and 17.2.2 of the Deed shall be summoned by:

- (a) sending by post at least twenty-one (21) days before the date of the proposed meeting a notice of the proposed meeting to each of the Unit Holders at the Unit Holder's last known address or, in the case of jointholders, to the jointholder whose name stands first in the records of the Manager at the jointholder's last known address; and
- (b) publishing at least twenty-one (21) days before the date of the proposed meeting an advertisement giving notice of the meeting in a national language newspaper published daily and another newspaper approved by the relevant authorities.

Termination of the Fund

The Fund may be terminated or wound up subject to a Special Resolution being passed at a Unit Holders' meeting to terminate or wind up the Fund.

The Manager may terminate the Fund without having to obtain the prior approval of the Unit Holders upon the occurrence of any of the following events:

- (a) if any new law shall be passed which renders it illegal; or
- (b) if in the reasonable opinion of the Manager it is impracticable or inadvisable to continue the Fund and the termination of the Fund is in the best interests of the Unit Holders.

Notwithstanding the aforesaid, if the Fund is left with no Unit Holder, the Manager shall also be entitled to terminate the Fund.

Procedures to be taken to increase the Fees and Charges from the current amount stipulated in this Information Memorandum

We may not charge a Sales Charge and/or Repurchase Charge (if any) at a rate higher than that disclosed in this Information Memorandum unless:-

- (a) we have notified the Trustee in writing of the higher charge and the effective date for the higher charge; and
- (b) a supplemental/replacement information memorandum in respect of the Fund setting out the higher charge is lodged and issued.

We or the Trustee may not charge an annual management fee and/or an annual trustee fee at a rate higher than that disclosed in this Information Memorandum unless:

- (a) both the Trustee and the Manager have come to an agreement on the higher rate;
- (b) we have notified the Unit Holders of the higher rate and the date on which such higher rate is to become effective; and
- (c) a supplemental/replacement information memorandum stating the higher rate is issued thereafter.

INCORRECT PRICING

We will take immediate action to rectify any incorrect valuation and/or pricing of the Fund and/or the Units and to notify the Trustee and the SC of the same unless the Trustee considers the incorrect valuation and/or pricing of the Fund and/or the Units is of minimal significance.

The Trustee will not consider an incorrect valuation and/or pricing of the Fund and/or the Units to be of minimal significance if the error involves a discrepancy of 0.5% or more of the NAV per Unit unless the total impact on your account is less than MYR 10.00. An incorrect valuation and/or pricing not considered to be of minimal significance by the Trustee will result in reimbursement of moneys in the following manner:

	Reimbursement by:	Receiving parties:
Over valuation and/or pricing in relation to the purchase and creation of Units	Fund	Unit Holder
Over valuation and/or pricing in relation to the repurchase of Units	AHAM	Fund
Under valuation and/or pricing in relation to the purchase and creation of Units	AHAM	Fund
Under valuation and/or pricing in relation to the repurchase of Units	Fund	Unit Holder or former Unit Holder

FINANCING AND SECURITIES LENDING

The Fund is not permitted to borrow cash or other assets (including the borrowing of securities within the meaning of the SC's Securities Borrowing and Lending Guidelines [SBL Guidelines]) in connection with its activities.

Except for securities lending as provided under the SBL Guidelines, none of the cash or investments of the Fund may be lent. Further, the Fund may not assume, guarantee, endorse or otherwise become directly or contingently liable for or in connection with any obligation or indebtedness of any person.

UNCLAIMED MONIES

Any monies payable to you which remain unclaimed after twelve (12) months from the date of payment will be dealt as follows: -

- (a) we may reinvest the unclaimed distribution proceeds provided that you still have an account with us; or
- (b) we will pay to the Registrar of Unclaimed Monies in accordance with the requirements of the Unclaimed Moneys Act 1965.

INVESTORS INFORMATION

How can I keep track of my investments?

You may obtain the daily Fund price from our website at www.aham.com.my. As the Fund has exposure to investments in foreign jurisdiction, the daily prices are based on information available two (2) Business Days prior to publication.

We will provide you with an annual report and a quarterly report within two (2) months after the end of the financial period the report covers. In addition, we will also send you a monthly statement confirming the current Unit holdings and transactions relating to your Units in the Fund.

Who should I contact if I need additional information of the Fund?

You can seek assistance from our customer service personnel at our toll free number 1-800-88-7080 between 8.45 a.m. to 5.30 p.m. on a Business Day. Alternatively, you can e-mail us at customercare@aham.com.my.

ANTI-MONEY LAUNDERING POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

Pursuant to the Anti-Money Laundering, Anti-Terrorism Financing and Proceeds of Unlawful Activities Act 2001 (“AMLATFPUAA”) and the SC’s Guidelines on Prevention of Money Laundering and Terrorism Financing for Reporting Institutions in the Capital Market, it is our responsibility to prevent AHAM from being used for money laundering and terrorism financing activities. To this end, we have established an Anti-Money Laundering/Counter-Financing of Terrorism Framework (AML/CFT Framework) and put in place anti-money laundering process and procedures to combat such activities. This includes a robust due diligence process and procedures for client on-boarding (such as know-your-client procedures and customer due diligence) as well as ongoing monitoring of clients’ transactions to detect any suspicious transactions.

To meet our regulatory obligations to verify the identity of our clients and to verify the source of funds, we may request for additional information from you. Information requested may include, but not limited to, supporting documents, documentary evidence to support information given and could extend to documents regarding identity of beneficial owners (if applicable). We reserve the right to reject an application to invest in the Fund should clients fail to provide the information required. Furthermore, where a particular transaction is deemed suspicious, we have an obligation under the AMLATFPUAA to notify the relevant authority of the transaction.

DIRECTORY OF SALES OFFICES

AHAM ASSET MANAGEMENT BERHAD

(FORMERLY KNOWN AS AFFIN HWANG ASSET MANAGEMENT BERHAD):

HEAD OFFICE

Ground Floor, Menara Boustead
69 Jalan Raja Chulan
50200 Kuala Lumpur
Tel : 03 – 2116 6000
Fax : 03 – 2116 6100
Toll Free No : 1-800-88-7080
Email: customercare@aham.com.my
Website: www.aham.com.my

PENANG

B-16-2, Lorong Bayan Indah 3
11900 Bayan Lepas
Pulau Pinang
Toll Free No : 1800-888-377

PERAK

1, Persiaran Greentown 6
Greentown Business Centre
30450 Ipoh, Perak
Tel: 05 - 241 0668
Fax: 05 – 255 9696

JOHOR

Unit 22-05, Level 22
Menara Landmark
No. 12, Jalan Ngee Heng
80000 Johor Bahru, Johor
Tel : 07 – 227 8999
Fax : 07 – 223 8998

MELAKA

Ground Floor
No. 584 Jalan Merdeka
Taman Melaka Raya
75000 Melaka
Tel: 06 -281 2890
Fax: 06 -281 2937

SABAH

Unit 1.09(a), Level 1, Plaza Shell
29, Jalan Tunku Abdul Rahman
88000 Kota Kinabalu, Sabah
Tel : 088 - 252 881
Fax : 088 - 288 803

SARAWAK

Ground Floor, No. 69
Block 10, Jalan Laksamana Cheng Ho
93200 Kuching, Sarawak
Tel : 082 – 233 320
Fax : 082 – 233 663

1st Floor, Lot 1291
Jalan Melayu, MCLD
98000 Miri, Sarawak
Tel : 085 - 418 403
Fax : 085 – 418 372