Affin Hwang World Series - Global Quantum Fund

Quarterly Report 31 July 2021

Out think. Out perform.



Quarterly Report and Financial Statements As at 31 July 2021

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QUARTERLY REPORT

FUND INFORMATION

Fund Name	Affin Hwang World Series – Global Quantum Fund
Fund Type	Growth
Fund Category	Feeder (Wholesale)
Investment Objective	The Fund seeks to achieve capital appreciation over medium to long term period
Benchmark	MSCI AC World Small Cap Index
Distribution Policy	The Fund is not expected to make distribution. However, incidental distribution may be declared whenever is appropriate.

FUND PERFORMANCE DATA

USD Class

Category	As at 31 Jul 2021	As at 30 Apr 2021
Total NAV (USD'million)	8.225	8.486
NAV per Unit (USD)	0.7625	0.7205
Unit in Circulation (million)	10.787	11.779

AUD Class

Category	As at 31 Jul 2021	As at 30 Apr 2021
Total NAV (AUD'million)	0.765	1.414
NAV per Unit (AUD)	0.8295	0.7451
Unit in Circulation (million)	0.922	1.414

GBP Class

Category	As at 31 Jul 2021	As at 30 Apr 2021
Total NAV (GBP'million)	0.117	0.086
NAV per Unit (GBP)	0.7615	0.7217
Unit in Circulation (million)	0.153	0.119

MYR Class

Category	As at 31 Jul 2021	As at 30 Apr 2021
Total NAV (RM'million)	20.055	18.440
NAV per Unit (RM)	0.8246	0.7546
Unit in Circulation (million)	24.320	24.437

MYR Hedged-class

Category	As at 31 Jul 2021	As at 30 Apr 2021
Total NAV (RM'million)	41.977	48.456
NAV per Unit (RM)	0.7394	0.6973
Unit in Circulation (million)	56.769	69.491

SGD Class

Category	As at 31 Jul 2021	As at 30 Apr 2021
Total NAV (SGD'million)	1.895	1.773
NAV per Unit (SGD)	0.7857	0.7278
Unit in Circulation (million)	2.412	2.436

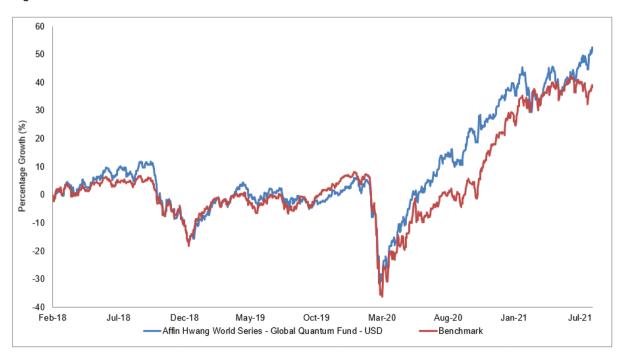
USD Class

Table 1: Performance as at 31 July 2021

	3 Months (1/5/21 - 31/7/21)	6 Months (1/2/21 - 31/7/21)	1 Year (1/8/20 - 31/7/21)	3 Years (1/8/18 - 31/7/21)	Since Commencement (8/2/18 - 31/7/21)
Fund	5.83%	12.60%	39.91%	43.30%	52.50%
Benchmark	0.06%	11.03%	44.36%	32.49%	38.45%
Outperformance	5.77%	1.57%	(4.45%)	10.81%	14.05%

Source of Benchmark: Bloomberg

Figure 1: Movement of the Fund versus the Benchmark



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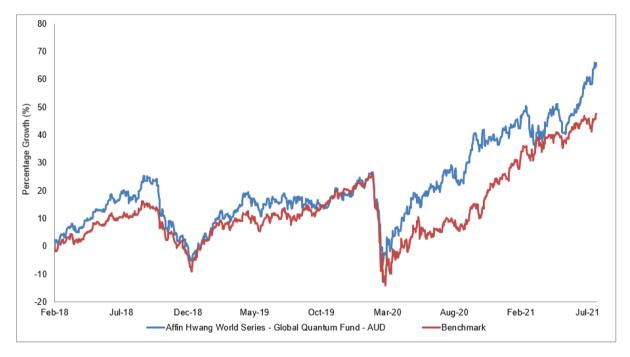
AUD Class

Table 1: Performance as at 31 July 2021

	3 Months (1/5/21 - 31/7/21)	6 Months (1/2/21 - 31/7/21)	1 Year (1/8/20 - 31/7/21)	3 Years (1/8/18 - 31/7/21)	Since Commencement (8/2/18 - 31/7/21)
Fund	11.33%	16.54%	35.01%	43.64%	65.90%
Benchmark	5.06%	15.55%	40.47%	34.16%	47.57%
Outperformance	6.27%	0.99%	(5.46%)	9.48%	18.33%

Source of Benchmark: Bloomberg

Figure 1: Movement of the Fund versus the Benchmark



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GBP Class

Table 1: Performance as at 31 July 2021

	3 Months (1/5/21 - 31/7/21)	6 Months (1/2/21 - 31/7/21)	1 Year (1/8/20 - 31/7/21)	3 Years (1/8/18 - 31/7/21)	Since Commencement (8/2/18 - 31/7/21)
Fund	5.51%	10.31%	30.10%	34.73%	52.30%
Benchmark	(0.44%)	9.49%	36.05%	25.12%	38.20%
Outperformance	5.95%	0.82%	(5.95%)	9.61%	14.10%

Source of Benchmark: Bloomberg

Figure 1: Movement of the Fund versus the Benchmark



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MYR Class

Table 1: Performance as at 31 July 2021

	3 Months (1/5/21 - 31/7/21)	6 Months (1/2/21 - 31/7/21)	1 Year (1/8/20 - 31/7/21)	3 Years (1/8/18 - 31/7/21)	Since Commencement (8/2/18 - 31/7/21)
Fund	9.28%	17.60%	39.31%	48.74%	64.92%
Benchmark	3.26%	15.98%	43.69%	38.23%	49.58%
Outperformance	6.02%	1.62%	(4.38%)	10.51%	15.34%

Source of Benchmark: Bloomberg

Figure 1: Movement of the Fund versus the Benchmark



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SGD Class

Table 1: Performance as at 31 July 2021

	3 Months (1/5/21 - 31/7/21)	6 Months (1/2/21 - 31/7/21)	1 Year (1/8/20 - 31/7/21)	3 Years (1/8/18 - 31/7/21)	Since Commencement (8/2/18 - 31/7/21)
Fund	7.96%	14.47%	37.55%	42.18%	57.14%
Benchmark	1.86%	13.12%	42.17%	31.85%	41.56%
Outperformance	6.10%	1.35%	(4.62%)	10.33%	15.58%

Source of Benchmark: Bloomberg

Figure 1: Movement of the Fund versus the Benchmark



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MYR Hedged Class

Table 1: Performance as at 31 July 2021

	3 Months (1/5/21 - 31/7/21)	6 Months (1/2/21 - 31/7/21)	1 Year (1/8/20 - 31/7/21)	3 Years (1/8/18 - 31/7/21)	Since Commencement (19/4/18 - 31/7/21)
Fund	6.04%	12.82%	40.41%	43.38%	47.88%
Benchmark	3.26%	15.98%	43.69%	38.23%	45.10%
Outperformance	2.78%	(3.16%)	(3.28%)	5.15%	2.78%

Source of Benchmark: Bloomberg

Figure 1: Movement of the Fund versus the Benchmark



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Benchmark: MSCI AC World Small Cap Index

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and that Unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.

Asset Allocation

Fund's asset mix during the period under review:

	31 July 2021
	(%)
Unit Trust	97.84
Derivatives	-1.00
Cash & money market	3.16
Total	100.00

Strategies Employed

Over the period under review, the Target Fund Manager maintained their focus in investing in high-quality companies. Business that earn high returns on capital with the ability to reinvest cash flow to generate sustainable growth and have a clear, defendable competitive advantage are more likely to continue generating value for shareholders.

Market Review

Global equities started 2021 on a strong note as policy easing, and global vaccine rollouts went underway. At the start of January, US markets saw strong optimism. The storming of the US Capitol in early January had little effect over the broader market. However, a black swan event at the end of the month saw retail investors selectively targeting underperforming stocks (e.g. GME and AMC) that resulted in a short squeeze and pushing their share prices to new highs.

US equity markets ended the month of February with modest gains though sentiment was tested as surging bond yields and inflation fears took precedence. Whilst equities and bonds tend to move in opposite directions, the reality is that equity outperformance in the past year has largely come from growth-centric stocks and "stay at home" trades, which were facing short-term squeezes on their profit margins from rising rates. Another factor is the shift from growth to value, with value stocks performing better over the period.

Global equities endured a mixed session in March as US-China tensions boiled over dampening sentiment. With recovery still in a fragile state, global central banks including the Fed are expected to keep monetary policy accommodative to nurse the economy through the pandemic. Meanwhile, rising bond yields continue to unsettle markets. Banks are enjoying higher trading fees and lower provision costs as the economy gradually regains its footing.

Global markets shrugged off inflation fears to climb higher in June as investors start to buy-in to the Fed's dovish testimony. The S&P 500 and Nasdaq index rose, buoyed by stimulus optimism after early indication of bipartisan support of the proposed US\$1.2 trillion infrastructure bill in the US Congress. US Fed Chair, Jerome Powell testified in the House of Representatives to reiterate the central bank's view that inflation is transitory and that the FOMC will not rush to hike rates. The yield on the 10-year Treasury note tumbled as the Fed affirmed that it would not pre-emptively hike rates before signs of a recovery.

In Asia, the MSCI Asia ex-Japan index was marginally weaker in June as sentiment was dampened on geopolitical tensions and consolidation seen in China's economy. The Group of Seven ("G7") nations and North Atlantic Treaty Organisation ("NATO") held its annual summit with political leaders from US and Europe vowing to toughen its stance on China.

China had also reported weaker than expected retail sales and industrial production data. Industrial production grew 8.8% y-o-y in May, which came below consensus expectations of 9.2%. Weaker upstream production as well as a power shortage in the Yunan province which is an aluminium production hub led to lower factory output. May retail sales which rose 12.4% y-o-y also fell market expectations of 14.0%. However, weaker economic data could push back any chance of further tightening in China as policymakers look to sustain growth.

Asia was dragged by the weakness in the Chinese market in July. Once again, China saw regulators cracking down on businesses, this time targeting the education sector. Authorities had banned the provision of holiday and weekend tutoring, and further said that they will no longer approve the establishment of new tuition centres. Instead, tutoring companies are being asked to register as non-profit institutions.

The local equity market's performance was muted relative to regional peers. In the February result season, the tech sector was largely reporting earnings that beat expectations on the back of robust demand. Meanwhile, Finance Minister clarified in an interview that the government is not looking to impose capital gains tax on stocks. The government was mulling new taxes to widen its revenue base once the economy is on a more stable footing.

The Malaysian bond market saw an unwinding of "rate cut" bets at the end of January following BNM's announcement to keep interest rates unchanged at 1.75% highlighting that recovery of the local economy was underway. The shorter-end of the MGS curve saw yields rose whilst longer-tenured papers remained resilient that month.

Yields trended higher in tandem with US treasury movement in the quarter. Undoubtedly, the performance of the local bond market has been subpar since the start of the year; especially given the volatility in US Treasury yields, as well as the lack of support from EPF due to its ongoing commitment to the i-Sinar and i-Lestari programme. However, demand was seen returning in March, as more investors – including insurance players and asset managers – are seen nibbling into the market given the more attractive yield levels.

Fiscal deficit is expected to breach above the government's target of 6.0%. With the unveiled PEMULIH stimulus package, we could see the debt ceiling be raised to 65.0% from 60.0%. This could translate to more government bond supplies, which may put further pressure on Malaysia's sovereign rating.

On the monetary policy side, Bank Negara Malaysia ("BNM") kept Overnight Policy Rates ("OPR") at 1.75% in its monetary policy meeting in July. The central bank remained slightly optimistic on Malaysia's growth outlook on the back of various support measures in place, vaccine rollouts, as well as stronger export numbers.

Political risks abated slightly with the appointment of Datuk Seri Ismail Sabri Yaakob as the 9th Prime Minister after securing the majority support of 114 MPs. The next Parliament sitting is slated in September which Datuk Seri Ismail Sabri will face a test of majority support through a vote of confidence. With political stability expected until the next General Election (GE) due by 2023, the local market could see further support on the back of continued vaccination roll-outs. The gradual reopening of more economic sectors also point to economic growth improving in the coming quarters.

During its quarterly GDP briefing, BNM said that Malaysia's GDP grew 16.1% y-o-y in the 2Q'21, although it contracted 2% on a q-o-q basis. The central bank also revised its full-year GDP growth forecast for Malaysia to between 3% and 4%, from the previous forecast of between 6% and 7.5% for 2021.

Investment Outlook

Global markets have rallied sharply from their lowest, supported by fiscal and monetary stimulus. The economy is still recovering, albeit at a slow pace, as consumers' confidence return. Recovery plays will be the most obvious theme for the year of improving macroeconomic conditions and the inevitable rollout of vaccines has everyone looking to the future and letting go of 2020's miseries. We have already seen the rotation from growth to value take place in the start of 2021.

Earnings momentum will continue in 2021 with earnings growth projected to rise in Asia ex-Japan. Key sectors leading the recovery include the energy, consumer discretionary and industrials. Though, this is tempered by moderately higher valuations which has creeped up above historical averages. Liquidity conditions remain positive and with earnings visibility from Asian companies that are riding along a China-led economic recovery, Asia continues to be an ocean of growth potential as the region continues to grow. Selected Chinese consumer names which are less likely to be pressured by regulatory headwinds were deemed more favourable.

Back home, economic recovery continues to be delayed by Covid-19 as cases surge throughout the country. From a bottom-up perspective, the domestic focus will be on the recovery beneficiaries and exporters in the technology and EMS segment which have strong earnings visibility in the near term as well increasing demand. Weights in politically sensitive stocks have also been trimmed as the situation remains fluid.

ESG funds have also been gathering plenty of interest and we will expect this investor shift to ESG-focused funds to be more commonplace across the industry. The Biden administration's foray into building stronger climate change initiatives also signals a shift for the investment industry as this will generate more opportunities across asset classes. The wider implications of this on the economy will take time to materialise, but will continue to be observed.

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 JULY 2021

	Financial period ended <u>31.7.2021</u> USD	Financial period ended 31.7.2020 USD
INVESTMENT INCOME		
Interest income for financial assets at amortised cost Net gain/(loss) on foreign currency exchange Net (loss)/gain on forward foreign currency	352 16,943	236 (2,749)
contracts at fair value through profit or loss Net gain on financial assets at fair value	(337,553)	78,912
through profit or loss	1,591,458	3,062,613
	1,271,200	3,139,012
EXPENSES		
Management fee Trustee fee Fund accounting fee Auditors' remuneration Tax agent's fee Other expenses	(119,536) (2,660) (2,640) (491) (215) (2,436)	(35,942) (1,556) (2,560) (466) (204) (1,805)
	(127,978)	(42,533)
NET PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION	1,143,222	3,096,479
Taxation	-	-
INCREASE IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDER	1,143,222	3,096,479
Increase of net asset attributable to unitholders is made up of the following:		
Realised amount Unrealised amount	852,106 291,116	8,689 3,087,790
	1,143,222	3,096,479

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 JULY 2021

ASSETS	<u>2021</u> USD	<u>2020</u> USD
Cash and cash equivalents Amount due from brokers Amount due from Manager	650,161 611,609	626,760 117,848
- creation of units - management fee rebate receivable Financial assets at fair value	105,766 19,262	11,486
through profit or loss Forward foreign currency contracts at	24,518,449	14,851,338
fair value through profit or loss TOTAL ASSETS	25,905,247	49,592 ————— 15,657,024
LIABILITIES		
Forward foreign currency contracts at fair value through profit or loss Amount due to Manager	249,926	-
- management fee - cancellation of units Amount due to Trustee	39,187 553,007 871	23,551 443,452 523
Auditors' remuneration Tax agent's fee Other payables and accruals	491 1,026 1,112	2,327 1,260 1,129
TOTAL LIABILITIES (EXCLUDING NET ASSET ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS)	845,620	472,242
NET ASSET VALUE OF THE FUND	<u></u>	
	25,059,627	15,184,782
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS	25,059,627 ————	15,184,782

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 JULY 2021 (CONTINUED)

	<u>2021</u> USD	<u>2020</u> USD
REPRESENTED BY:		
FAIR VALUE OF OUTSTANDING UNITS		
- AUD Class - GBP Class - MYR Class - MYR-Hedged Class - SGD Class - USD Class	566,072 162,886 4,753,483 9,949,459 1,402,368 8,225,359 25,059,627	115,853 327,935 4,305,901 3,993,314 918,348 5,523,431
NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION		
 AUD Class GBP Class MYR Class MYR-Hedged Class SGD Class USD Class 	922,000 153,000 24,320,000 56,769,000 2,412,000 10,787,000	264,000 431,000 30,825,000 32,113,000 2,210,000 10,135,000
	95,363,000	75,978,000
NET ASSET VALUE PER UNIT (USD)		
 AUD Class GBP Class MYR Class MYR-Hedged Class SGD Class USD Class 	0.6140 1.0646 0.1955 0.1753 0.5814 0.7625	0.4388 0.7609 0.1397 0.1244 0.4155 0.5450
NET ASSET VALUE PER UNIT IN RESPECTIVE CURRENCIES		
 - AUD Class - GBP Class - MYR Class - MYR-Hedged Class - SGD Class - USD Class 	AUD0.8295 GBP0.7615 RM0.8246 RM0.7394 SGD0.7857 USD0.7625	AUD0.6144 GBP0.5853 RM0.5919 RM0.5266 SGD0.5712 USD0.5450

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSET ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 JULY 2021

	Financial period ended 31.7.2021 USD	Financial period ended 31.7.2020 USD
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD	27,136,704	15,070,751
Movement due to units created and cancelled during the financial period		
Creation of units arising from applications	3,546,197	436,872
- AUD Class - GBP Class - MYR Class	51,096 34,036 1,123,582	7,307 - 105,840
- MYR- Hedged Class	2,131,766	301,728
- SGD Class - USD Class	11,295 194,422	15,940 6,057
Cancellation of units	(6,766,496)	(3,419,320)
- AUD Class	(340,417)	(32,085)
- GBP Class - MYR Class	(1,168,807)	(14,063) (636,947)
- MYR- Hedged Class	(4,317,294)	(1,540,623)
- SGD Class - USD Class	(24,684) (915,294)	(93,201) (1,102,401)
Increase in net assets attributable to		
unitholders during the financial period	1,143,222	3,096,479
- AUD Class	35,126	25,122
- GBP Class - MYR Class	9,147 285,744	59,738 826,716
- MYR-Hedged Class	275,888	938,204
- SGD Class - USD Class	77,542 459,775	173,912 1,072,787
- 00D 01033	408,775	1,072,707
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS		
AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD	25,059,627	15,184,782

