Affin HwangSelect Balanced Fund

Annual Report 31 March 2020

Out think. Out perform.



Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements For the Financial Year Ended 31 March 2020

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FUND INFORMATION

Fund Name	Affin Hwang Select Balanced Fund
Fund Type	Growth & Income
Fund Category	Balanced
Investment Objective	To provide investors an affordable access into a diversified investment portfolio containing a 'balanced' mixture of equities and fixed income securities to achieve a balance of growth and income over medium to long-term
Benchmark	The benchmark to be used by the Manager in measuring the performance of the Fund will be a weighted average of FTSE Bursa Malaysian Top 100 Index ("FBM 100") performance (for equity investment) and current Maybank 12-month fixed deposit rate.
Distribution Policy	Subject to the availability of income, the Fund will distribute income on a semi-annual basis. However, the amount of income available for distribution may fluctuate from year to year.

BREAKDOWN OF UNITHOLDERS BY SIZE AS AT 31 MARCH 2020

Size of holdings (units)	No. of unitholders	No. of units held * ('000)
5,000 and below	499	1,494
5,001 to 10,000	540	3,992
10,001 to 50,000	1,293	29,388
50,001 to 500,000	468	55,556
500,001 and above	36	264,674
Total	2,836	355,104

^{*} Note : Excluding Manager's stock

FUND PERFORMANCE DATA

As at lar 2018 (%) 2.13 2.98 - 3.24
2.13 2.98
2.13 2.98
2.98 -
2.98 -
2.98 -
-
3.24
4.92
<u>-</u>
1.71
-
_
1.24
-
26.22
4 7 4
1.74
1.60
2.28
3.80
5.96
1.26
0.46
1.84
3.86
2.02
_
-
24.82
1.94
1.50
5.52
00.00
6.745
.6862
3.297
.7026
.6633
7.75
3.08
4.53
3.00
3.00
1.72
1.12

¹The MER of the Fund was lower than previous year due to lower expenses incurred by the Fund during the financial year. ²The Fund recorded a higher PTR as the Manager had increased its trading activities during the financial year.

Basis of calculation and assumption made in calculating the returns:-

The performance figures are a comparison of the growth/decline in NAV for the stipulated period taking into account all the distribution payable (if any) during the stipulated period.

An illustration of the above would be as follow:-

Capital return = NAV per Unit end / NAV per Unit begin – 1

Income return = Income distribution per Unit / NAV per Unit ex-date

Total return = (1+Capital return) x (1+Income return) – 1

MANAGER'S REPORT

Income Distribution / Unit Split

The NAV per Unit prior and subsequent to the distributions are as follow:

Cum Date	Ex-Date	Cum-distribution (RM)	Distribution per Unit (RM)	Ex-distribution (RM)
18-Jun-19	19-Jun-19	0.6538	0.0100	0.6477
17-Dec-19	18-Dec-19	0.6541	0.0200	0.6364

No unit splits were declared for the financial year ended 31 March 2020.

Performance Review

For the period 1 April 2019 to 31 March 2020, the Fund registered a return of -2.18%. The Fund outperformed the Benchmark by 6.52 percentage points compared to the Benchmark return of -8.70% for the same period. (See Table 1 for performance of the Fund and Figure 1 for movement of the Fund versus the Benchmark respectively). The Net Asset Value (NAV) per unit of the Fund as at 31 March 2020 was RM0.6050 while the NAV per unit as at 31 March 2019 was RM0.6478. The Fund has declared a total gross income distribution of RM0.030 per unit for the period.

Since commencement, the Fund has outperformed the benchmark by 179.08 percentage points with returns of 266.04% compared to the benchmark return of 86.96%. The Fund has declared a total gross income distribution of RM0.6095 per unit to date. As such, the objective of the Fund which is to provide investors with a mixture of income and capital growth is being met.

Table 1: Performance of the Fund

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	Since Commencement	
	(1/4/19 - 31/3/20)	(1/4/17 - 31/3/20)	(1/4/15 - 31/3/20)	(18/8/03 - 31/3/20)	
Fund	(2.18%)	4.18%	15.35%	266.04%	
Benchmark	(8.70%)	(7.94%)	(5.75%)	86.96%	
Outperformance	6.52%	12.12%	21.10%	179.08%	

Source of Benchmark: Bloomberg

Table 2: Average Total Return

	1 Year	3 Years 5 Years		Since Commencement	
	(1/4/19 - 31/3/20)	(1/4/17 - 31/3/20)	(1/4/15 - 31/3/20)	(18/8/03 - 31/3/20)	
Fund	(2.18%)	1.37%	2.89%	8.11%	
Benchmark	(8.70%)	(2.72%)	(1.18%)	3.83%	
Outperformance	6.52%	4.09%	4.07%	4.28%	

Source of Benchmark: Bloomberg

Table 3: Annual Total Return

Table 6. 7 timedi Tetal 1 t	otarri .				
	FYE 2020	FYE 2019	FYE 2018	FYE 2017	FYE 2016
	(01/4/19 - 31/3/20)	(01/4/18 - 31/3/19)	(01/4/17 - 31/3/18)	(01/4/16 - 31/3/17)	(01/7/15 - 31/3/16)
Fund	(2.18%)	(1.15%)	7.75%	10.13%	0.34%
Benchmark	(8.70%)	(4.07%)	5.12%	3.31%	2.07%
Outperformance / (Underperformance)	6.52%	2.92%	2.63%	6.82%	(1.73%)

Source of Benchmark: Bloomberg

Figure 1: Movement of the Fund versus the Benchmark since commencement.



"This information is prepared by Affin Hwang Asset Management Berhad (AFFINHWANGAM) for information purposes only. Past earnings or the fund's distribution record is not a guarantee or reflection of the fund's future earnings/future distributions. Investors are advised that unit prices, distributions payable and investment returns may go down as well as up. Source of Benchmark is from Bloomberg."

Benchmark: 50% FBM100 + 50% MBB FD 12M

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and that Unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.

Asset Allocation

For a snapshot of the Fund's asset mix during the period under review, please refer to Fund Performance Data

As at 31 March 2020, asset allocation of the Fund stood at 40.19% in equities, 42.84% in fixed income securities, and the balance was held in cash and cash equivalent. During the period under review, the Manager had exited the energy sectors within the domestic and foreign space and exited the financial sector within the domestic space. Technology sector, on the other hand had been added to both the domestic and foreign equities space. Invested level within the fixed income securities were relatively unchanged. Correspondingly, cash levels of the Fund were kept at a higher level of 16.97% over the same period, due to extreme volatility perceived in the market.

Strategies Employed

With the extreme volatility in markets, we raised our cash holdings and went into a defensive stance in our allocation. As the sell-down accelerated, we then slowly deployed back into the market with a focus on quality. We continue to keep close monitor on market development amidst the rare double whammy of global pandemic and oil price collapse.

Market Review

Global markets got off to a rocky start in 2020 as benchmark gauges reeled from contagion fears as a result of the coronavirus outbreak. The Hong Kong Hang Seng index tumbled 6.7% in January, whilst the broader MSCI Asia ex-Japan index fell 4.5%. The World Health Organization declared a global health emergency as soon as the coronavirus outbreak has claimed the lives of at least 300 people with rates of infection rapidly increasing.

The global equities trended even lower in February as risk assets continue to reel from the impact of the Covid-19 outbreak which sent chills to investors. The rapid spread of the infection outside of China with new cases springing in Italy, South Korea and Iran led to a rush towards safe haven assets with US Treasury yields dipping to record lows. The S&P 500 index tumbled 8.4%, whilst the index Dow Jones closed 10.1% lower in the month. The broader MSCIA Asia ex-Japan index fell 2.9%.

Coming into March, the global markets faced a washout, as few asset classes were spared from the selloff due to the pandemic fears as infection rates continue to escalate rapidly. The MSCI Asia ex-Japan index closed 12.2% lower in the month and is down 18.6% YTD. In the US, the S&P 500 index closed 12.5% lower and is down by 20% YTD. The global death toll caused by the pandemic surpassed 50,000 as at end of March. In an attempt to stem the fallout from the coronavirus, major economies led by the US has introduced an unprecedented US\$2 trillion relief package to cushion its economy.

The relief package comes as the US also reports the most number of Covid-19 cases, making it the country with the largest outbreak in the world surpassing that of Italy and China. The number of confirmed Covid-19 cases in the US exceeded the grim 100,000 mark as testing is ramped-up in the country and the administration begins to acknowledge the severity of the outbreak and impose more drastic lockdown measures.

On monetary policy, the US Federal Reserve ("Fed") kept its benchmark rates unchanged in its policy meeting in January, but extended its repo injection programme by two more months to June 2020. This has resulted in a surge in the Fed's balance sheet to above the US\$4 trillion mark. With US inflation currently hovering 0.7% below the Fed's target of 2.0%.

On the domestic front, the benchmark KLCI fell by 3% in February as the country plunged into political turmoil which ultimately culminated in the appointment of Tan Sri Muhyiddin Yassin as the eighth Prime Minister, from the Perikatan Nasional coalition (UMNO, PAS, Bersatu and a splinter faction of PKR). The appointment was announced by Istana Negara amidst shifting political allegiances and frantic horse-trading across the ruling and opposition coalitions.

The local market suffered losses with the benchmark KLCI closing 8.9% lower in March as pandemic fears gripped the country with cases continuing to rise. Malaysia has the highest number of known infections in Southeast Asia with more than 3,000 confirmed cases in the country at the time of writing.

Prime Minister Tan Sri Muhyiddin Yassin unveiled a RM250 billion economic stimulus package to soften the economic blow due to the impact of Covid-19 with businesses shuttered due to the movement control order (MCO). Called the Pakej Rangsangan Ekonomi Prihatin Rakyat or Prihatin, the package comprises RM128 billion to protect the welfare of the people, RM100 billion to protect the welfare of small and medium enterprises ("SMEs") and RM2 billion to strengthen the country's economy according to The Edge. This was on top of the RM20 billion stimulus that was earlier announced on 27 February.

Whilst RM250 billion seems like a massive amount on the surface, the actual fiscal spending outlay amounts to 10.0% or RM25billion. The rest of the relief package comes in the form of loan guarantees, moratorium in loan repayments, EPF withdrawals, among others.

The budget deficit is expected to widen with the new stimulus package. The government will have to tap into the country's coffers including relying on dividend payments from GLCs like Petronas to help fund the package. However, this also comes on the back of depressed oil prices that may put additional fiscal constraints.

Bank Negara Malaysia unexpectedly lowered its overnight policy rate by 25bps to 2.75% during its January meeting, its first interest rate cut since March 2019. The rate cut is expected to boost economic growth amid price stability.

Investment Outlook

Whilst we see unprecedented steps taken by governments and global central banks to stimulate the economy and provide liquidity, such measures are unlikely to fuel a full recovery as we are dealing with a global pandemic that has caused economies to come to a virtual standstill. Cutting interest rates, injecting liquidity or even putting money directly in the hands of consumers is unlikely to lead to its desired effects if people's health are at stake.

Any signs of a peak in the pandemic can fuel a gradual recovery in markets. However, it is crucial to monitor any risk of a second wave or reacceleration in infection rates especially countries that have passed its peak like South Korea and China.

In Asia, we continue to see a resumption of activities in China where the coronavirus was first detected. Almost all factories have reopened as lockdowns are gradually lifted in the country. However, the utilisation rates have yet to return to full scale, perhaps due to a lack of demand and strict social distancing measures in place that prevent factories from operating at full capacity. Recent reports also point to most hotels and tourist sites reopening in China. There has also been a marked recovery in automobile sales.

State of Affairs of the Fund

There is neither any significant change to the state affairs of the Fund nor any circumstances that materially affect any interests of the unit holders during the period under review.

Soft Commissions received from Brokers

As per the requirements of the Securities Commission's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds and Guidelines on Compliance Function for Fund Management Companies, soft commissions received from brokers/dealers may be retained by the management company only if the :-

- (i) goods and services provided are of demonstrable benefit to Unit holders of the Fund; and
- (ii) goods and services are in the form of research and advisory services that assists in the decision making process.

During the financial period under review, the management company had received on behalf of the Fund, soft commissions in the form of research materials, data and quotation services, investment-related publications, market data feed and industry benchmarking agencies which are of demonstrable benefit to Unitholders of the Fund.

Cross Trade

Cross trade transactions have been carried out during the reported period and the Investment Committee of the Fund has reviewed that such transactions are in the best interest of the Fund, transacted in the normal course of business at agreed terms and on a fair value basis.

TRUSTEE'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF AFFIN HWANG SELECT BALANCED FUND

We have acted as Trustee of Affin Hwang Select Balanced Fund ("the Fund") for the financial year ended 31 March 2020. To the best of our knowledge, Affin Hwang Asset Management Berhad ("the Management Company"), has operated and managed the Fund in accordance with the following:-

- a) limitations imposed on the investment powers of the Management Company and the Trustee under the Deeds, the Securities Commission's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds, the Capital Markets and Services Act 2007 and other applicable laws;
- b) valuation/pricing is carried out in accordance with the Deeds and any regulatory requirements; and
- c) creation and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the Deeds and any regulatory requirements.

During this financial year, a total distribution of 3.00 sen per unit (gross) has been distributed to the unitholders of the Fund. We are of the view that the distribution is not inconsistent with the objective of the Fund.

For HSBC (Malaysia) Trustee Berhad

Tan Bee Nie Manager, Investment Compliance Monitoring

Kuala Lumpur 18 May 2020

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

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STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

	Note	<u>2020</u> RM	<u>2019</u> RM
INVESTMENT INCOME			
Dividend income		3,526,065	4,281,434
Interest income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Interest income from financial assets at		5,540,268	6,036,889
amortised cost Net gain on foreign currency exchange		276,568 478,168	367,144 559,640
Net loss on forward foreign currency contract at fair value through profit or loss		-	(248,013)
Net loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	8	(8,485,345)	(8,950,321)
		1,335,724	2,046,773
EXPENSES			
Management fee Trustee fee Auditors' remuneration Tax agent's fee Transaction costs Other expenses	4 5	(3,839,057) (180,643) (10,500) (7,026) (1,326,145) (169,355) (5,532,726)	(3,961,355) (188,103) (9,000) (7,867) (1,202,853) (110,272) (5,479,450)
NET LOSS BEFORE TAXATION		(4,197,002)	(3,432,677)
TAXATION	6		(133,771)
NET LOSS AFTER TAXATION AND TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		(4,197,002)	(3,566,448)
Net loss after taxation is made up of the following:			
Realised amount Unrealised amount		6,619,772 (10,816,774)	(4,515) (3,561,933)
		(4,197,002)	(3,566,448)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2020

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2020</u> RM	<u>2019</u> RM
ASSETS		TUVI	i tivi
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Cash and cash equivalents Dividends receivable Amount due from Manager - creation of units Amount due from brokers Tax recoverable	8 9	178,375,151 44,540,703 473,628 58,268	247,613,394 14,567,211 484,635 445,902 5,154,721 20,580
TOTAL ASSETS		223,447,750	268,286,443
LIABILITIES			
Amount due to Manager - management fee Amount due to Trustee Amount due to brokers Auditors' remuneration Tax agent's fee Other payables and accruals		284,982 13,299 8,263,689 10,500 3,767 23,370	339,299 15,834 1,895,017 9,000 3,800 23,749
TOTAL LIABILITIES		8,599,607	2,286,699
NET ASSET VALUE OF THE FUND		214,848,143	265,999,744
EQUITY			
Unitholders' capital Retained earnings		211,319,107 3,529,036	246,396,856 19,602,888
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS		214,848,143	265,999,744
NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION	10	355,119,000	410,598,000
NET ASSET VALUE PER UNIT (RM)		0.6050	0.6478

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

	Unitholders' <u>capital</u> RM	Retained <u>earnings</u> RM	<u>Total</u> RM
Balance as at 1 April 2019	246,396,856	19,602,888	265,999,744
Total comprehensive loss for the financial year	-	(4,197,002)	(4,197,002)
Distributions (Note 7)	-	(11,876,850)	(11,876,850)
Movement in unitholders' capital			
Creation of units arising from applications	22,011,986	-	22,011,986
Creation of units arising from distributions	11,636,847	-	11,636,847
Cancellation of units	(68,726,582)	-	(68,726,582)
Balance as at 31 March 2020	211,319,107	3,529,036	214,848,143
Balance as at 1 April 2018	241,491,388	35,254,016	276,745,404
Total comprehensive loss for the financial year	-	(3,566,448)	(3,566,448)
Distributions (Note 7)	-	(12,084,680)	(12,084,680)
Movement in unitholders' capital			
Creation of units arising from applications	37,396,051	-	37,396,051
Creation of units arising from distributions	11,865,881	-	11,865,881
Cancellation of units	(44,356,464)	-	(44,356,464)
Balance as at 31 March 2019	246,396,856	19,602,888	265,999,744

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2020</u> RM	<u>2019</u> RM
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of investments Purchase of investments Dividends received Interest received Management fee paid Trustee fee paid Payment for other fees and expenses Net realised (loss)/gain on foreign currency exchange Net realised loss on forward foreign currency contracts Tax refund	3	336,593,449 (265,960,237) 3,537,072 6,133,770 (3,893,374) (183,178) (185,793) (129,254)	225,247,397 (231,419,119) 3,980,726 6,519,216 (3,978,249) (188,891) (162,790) 2,594 (248,013)
Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities		75,933,035	(247,129)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from creation of units Payments for cancellation of units Payment for distributions		22,399,620 (68,726,582) (240,003)	37,366,844 (44,356,464) (218,799)
Net cash used in financing activities		(46,566,965)	(7,208,419)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		29,366,070	(7,455,548)
EFFECTS OF FOREIGN CURRENCY EXCHANGE		607,422	557,047
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR		14,567,211	21,465,712
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	9	44,540,703	14,567,211

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

The following accounting policies have been used in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements.

A BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except as disclosed in the summary of significant accounting policies and comply with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS").

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with MFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reported financial year. It also requires the Manager to exercise their judgment in the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies. Although these estimates and judgment are based on the Manager's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may differ.

The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note L.

(a) Standards and amendments to existing standards effective 1 April 2019:

There are no standards, amendments to standards or interpretations that are effective for annual periods beginning on 1 April 2019 that have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

(b) New standards, amendments and interpretations effective after 1 April 2019 and have not been early adopted:

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 April 2019, and have not been early adopted in preparing these financial statements. None of these are expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

B INCOME RECOGNITION

Interest income

Interest income from short term deposit with licensed financial institutions and unquoted fixed income securities are recognised based on effective interest rate method on an accrual basis.

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for financial assets that subsequently become credit-impaired. For credit-impaired financial assets the effective interest rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (after deduction of the loss allowance).

Dividend income

Dividend income for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as part of gross dividend income on the ex-dividend date, when the right to receive the dividend has been established.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 (CONTINUED)

B INCOME RECOGNITION (CONTINUED)

Realised gain and loss on sale of investments

For quoted equities and exchange traded funds, realised gains and losses on sale of investments are accounted for as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of investments, determined on a weighted average cost basis.

For unquoted fixed income securities, realised gains and losses on sale of investments are accounted for as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of investments, determined on cost adjusted for accretion of discount or amortisation of premium on investments.

C TRANSACTION COSTS

Transaction costs are costs incurred to acquire financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. They include the bid-ask spread, fees and commissions paid to agents, advisors, brokers and dealers. Transaction costs, when incurred, are immediately recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as expenses.

D DISTRIBUTION

A distribution to the Fund's unitholders is accounted for as a deduction from realised reserve. A proposed distribution is recognised as a liability in the period in which it is approved by the Trustee of the Fund.

E TAXATION

Current tax expense is determined according to the Malaysian tax laws at the current rate based upon the taxable profits earned during the financial year.

Withholding taxes on investment income from foreign investment are based on tax regime of the respective countries that the Fund invests in. Such withholding taxes are not "income tax" in nature and are recognised and measured based on the requirements of MFRS 137. They are presented within other expenses line in the statement of comprehensive income.

F FUNCTIONAL AND PRESENTATION CURRENCY

Items included in the financial statements of the Fund are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates (the "functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 (CONTINUED)

G FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATIONS

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in statement of comprehensive income.

H FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

(i) Classification

The Fund classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured at fair value through profit or loss, and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The Fund classifies its investments based on both the Fund's business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. The portfolio of financial assets is managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis. The Fund is primarily focused on fair value information and uses that information to assess the assets' performance and to make decisions. The Fund has not taken the option to irrevocably designate any equity securities as fair value through other comprehensive income. The contractual cash flows of the Fund's debt securities are solely principal and interest, however, these securities are neither held for the purpose of collecting contractual cash flows nor held both for collecting contractual cash flows and for sale. The collection of contractual cash flows is only incidental to achieving the Fund's business model's objective. Consequently, all investments and derivatives not designated as hedging instruments are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The Fund classifies cash and cash equivalents, dividends receivable, amount due from brokers, amount due from Manager as financial assets at amortised cost as these financial assets are held to collect contractual cash flows consisting of the amount outstanding.

The Fund classifies amount due to Manager, amount due to Trustee, amount due to brokers, auditors' remuneration, tax agent's fee and other payables and accruals as financial liabilities measured at amortised cost.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 (CONTINUED)

H FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

(ii) Recognition and measurement

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade-date – the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at fair value. Transaction costs are expensed in the statement of comprehensive income.

Financial liabilities, within the scope of MFRS 9 are recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when it is extinguished, i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expired.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' category including the effects of currency transactions are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'net gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' in the period which they arise.

The fair value of financial assets traded in active markets (such as trading securities) are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the financial year end date. The Fund utilises the last traded market price for financial assets where the last traded price falls within the bid-ask spread. In circumstances where the last traded price is not within the bid-ask spread, the Manager will determine the point within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of the fair value.

If a valuation based on the market price does not represent the fair value of the securities, for example during abnormal market conditions or when no market price is available, including in the event of a suspension in the quotation of the securities for a period exceeding 14 days, or such shorter period as agreed by the Trustee, then the securities are valued as determined in good faith by the Manager, based on the methods or basis approved by the Trustee after appropriate technical consultation.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 (CONTINUED)

H FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

(ii) Recognition and measurement (continued)

Unquoted fixed income securities including money market instruments denominated in Ringgit Malaysia are revalued on a daily basis based on fair value prices quoted by a bond pricing agency ("BPA") registered with the Securities Commission ("SC") as per the SC's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds. Where such quotation are not available or where the Manager is of the view that the price quoted by the BPA for a specific unquoted fixed income securities differs from the market price by more than 20 basis points, the Manager may use the market price, provided that the Manager:

- (i) records its basis for using non-BPA price;
- (ii) obtains necessary internal approvals to use the non-BPA price; and
- (iii) keeps an audit trail of all decisions and basis for adopting the market yield.

Unquoted fixed income securities including money market instruments denominated in foreign currencies are revalued at least twice a week by reference to the mid-price quoted in Bloomberg. The Fund uses the Composite Bloomberg Bond Trader (CBBT) which is a weighted average bid and ask of price contributions submitted by Bloomberg Dealers. However if such quotations are not available, the fair value shall be determined by reference to the bid and offer prices quoted by independent and reputable financial institutions.

Financial assets at amortised cost and other financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(iii) Impairment

The Fund measures credit risk and expected credit losses using probability of default, exposure at default and loss given default. Management considers both historical analysis and forward looking information in determining any expected credit loss. Management considers the probability of default to be close to zero as these instruments have a low risk of default and the counterparties have a strong capacity to meet their contractual obligations in the near term. As a result, no loss allowance has been recognised based on 12 month expected credit losses as any such impairment would be wholly insignificant to the Fund.

Significant increase in credit risk

A significant increase in credit risk is defined by management as any contractual payment which is more than 30 days past due.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 (CONTINUED)

H FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

(iii) Impairment (continued)

Definition of default and credit-impaired financial assets

The Fund defines a financial instrument as default, which is fully aligned with the definition of credit-impaired, when it meets one or more of the following criteria:

Quantitative criteria:

Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit impaired.

Qualitative criteria:

The debtor meets unlikeliness to pay criteria, which indicates the debtor is in significant financial difficulty The Fund considers the following instances:

- the debtor is in breach of financial covenants
- concessions have been made by the lender relating to the debtor's financial difficulty
- it is becoming probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation
- the debtor is insolvent

Financial instruments that are credit-impaired are assessed on individual basis.

Write-off

The Fund write off financial assets, in whole or in part, when it has exhausted all practical recovery efforts and has concluded there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. The assessment of no reasonable expectation of recovery is based on unavailability of debtor's sources of income or assets to generate sufficient future cash flows to repay the amount.

The Fund may write-off financial assets that are still subject to enforcement activity. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off will result in bad debt recoveries. There are no write-offs/recoveries during the financial year.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 (CONTINUED)

I CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and bank balances and short-term deposits held in highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

J AMOUNT DUE FROM/(TO) BROKERS

Amounts due from and to brokers represent receivables for securities sold and payables for securities purchased that have been contracted for but not yet settled or delivered on the statement of financial position date respectively. The due from brokers balance is held for collection. Refer to Note H for accounting policy on recognition and measurement.

Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit impaired.

K UNITHOLDERS' CAPITAL

The unitholders' contributions to the Fund meet the criteria to be classified as equity instruments under MFRS 132 "Financial Instruments: Presentation". Those criteria include:

- the units entitle the holder to a proportionate share of the Fund's net asset value;
- the units are the most subordinated class and class features are identical;
- there is no contractual obligations to deliver cash or another financial asset other than the obligation on the Fund to repurchase; and
- the total expected cash flows from the units over its life are based substantially on the profit or loss of the Fund.

The outstanding units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at each financial year if unitholder exercises the right to put the units back to the Fund.

Units are created and cancelled at prices based on the Fund's net asset value per unit at the time of creation or cancellation. The Fund's net asset value per unit is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to unitholders with the total number of outstanding units.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 (CONTINUED)

L CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Fund makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, rarely equal the related actual results. To enhance the information contents on the estimates, certain key variables that are anticipated to have material impacts to the Fund's results and financial position are tested for sensitivity to changes in the underlying parameters.

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated by the Manager and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

However, the Manager is of the opinion that there are no accounting policies which require significant judgment to be exercised.

In undertaking any of the Fund's investment, the Manager will ensure that all assets of the Fund under management will be valued appropriately, that is at fair value and in compliance with the SC's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds.

M REALISED AND UNREALISED PORTIONS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AFTER TAX

The analysis of realised and unrealised profit or loss after tax as presented on the statement of comprehensive income is prepared in accordance with SC's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

1 INFORMATION ON THE FUND

The Unit Trust Fund was constituted under the name HwangDBS Select Balanced Fund (the "Fund") pursuant to the execution of a Deed dated 1 July 2003, First Supplemental Deed dated 29 December 2005, Second Supplemental Deed dated 18 June 2007, Third Supplemental Deed dated 15 October 2008, Sixth Supplemental deed dated 28 April 2017 and Seventh Supplemental Deed dated 6 October 2018. The Fund has changed its name from HwangDBS Select Balanced Fund to Hwang Select Balanced Fund as amended by the Fourth Supplemental Deed dated 18 January 2012 and from Hwang Select Balanced Fund to Affin Hwang Select Balanced Fund as amended by Fifth Supplemental Deed dated 27 June 2014 (the "Deeds") entered into between Affin Hwang Asset Management Berhad (the "Manager"), HSBC (Malaysia) Trustee Berhad (the "Trustee") and the registered unitholders of the Fund.

The Fund commenced operations on 28 July 2003 and will continue its operations until being terminated by the Trustee as provided under Clause 3.1 of the Deed.

- (i) Securities of companies listed on Bursa Malaysia and any other exchanges of countries who are members of International Organization of Securities Commissions
- (ii) Unlisted securities including, without limitation, securities that have been approved by the relevant authorities for the listing of and quotation for such securities
- (iii) Debentures
- (iv) Money market instruments
- (v) Deposits
- (vi) Derivatives, for the purpose of hedging only
- (vii) Warrants
- (viii) Units or shares in collective investment schemes
- (ix) Any other form of investments as may be permitted by the SC from time to time which are in line with the objective of the Fund.

All investments will be subjected to the SC's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds, the Deeds and the objective of the Fund.

The main objective of the Fund is to provide investors an affordable access into a diversified investment portfolio containing a "balanced" mixture of equities and fixed income securities to achieve a balance of growth and income over medium to long term.

The Manager is a company incorporated in Malaysia. The principal activities of the Manager are establishment and management of unit trust funds and private retirement schemes as well as providing fund management services to private clients

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Manager on 18 May 2020.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

Financial instruments are as follows:

<u>Total</u> RM
86,336,161 92,038,990 44,540,703 473,628
58,268
223,447,750
8,263,689
284,982
13,299 10,500
3,767
23,370
8,599,607
132,596,078 113,221,462 1,795,854 14,567,211 484,635 445,902
5,154,721
268,265,863 ————

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

	<u>Note</u>	At amortised <u>cost</u> RM	At fair value through profit or loss RM	<u>Total</u> RM
2019 (continued)				
Financial liabilities				
Amount due to brokers Amount due to Manager		1,895,017	-	1,895,017
- management fee		339,299	-	339,299
Amount due to Trustee		15,834	-	15,834
Auditors' remuneration		9,000	-	9,000
Tax agent's fee		3,800	-	3,800
Other payables and accruals		23,749	<u>-</u>	23,749
Total		2,286,699	-	2,286,699

The Fund is exposed to a variety of risks which include market risk (including price risk, interest rate risk and currency risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and capital risk.

Financial risk management is carried out through internal control processes adopted by the Manager and adherence to the investment restrictions as stipulated by the SC's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds and the Deed.

Market risk

(a) Price risk

Price risk arises mainly from the uncertainty about future prices of investments. It represents the potential loss the Fund might suffer through holding market positions in the face of price movements. The Manager manages the risk of unfavourable changes in prices by continuous monitoring of the performance and risk profile of the investment portfolio.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Market risk (continued)

(a) Price risk (continued)

The Fund's overall exposure to price risk was as follows:

	<u>2020</u> RM	<u>2019</u> RM
Quoted investments Quoted equities	86,336,161	132,596,077
Exchange-traded funds	-	1,795,854
	86,336,161 —————	134,391,931
Unquoted investments*		
Unquoted fixed income securities	92,038,990	113,221,462

^{*} Includes interest receivable of RM1,299,600 (2019: RM1,488,115).

The following table summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's profit after taxation and net asset value to price risk movements. The analysis is based on the assumptions that the market price increased by 7.5% (2019: 5%) and decreased by 7.5% (2019: 5%) with all other variables held constant. This represents management's best estimate of a reasonable possible shift in the quoted and unquoted securities, having regard to the historical volatility of the prices.

% Change in price 2020	<u>Market value</u> RM	Impact on profit after <u>tax/NAV</u> RM
-7.5% 0% +7.5%	163,794,885 177,075,551 190,356,217	13,280,666
2019		
-5% 0% +5%	233,819,015 246,125,279 258,431,543	(12,306,264) 12,306,264

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 (CONTINUED)

3 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Market risk (continued)

(b) Interest rate risk

In general, when interest rates rise, unquoted fixed income securities prices will tend to fall and vice versa. Therefore, the NAV of the Fund may also tend to fall when interest rates rise or are expected to rise. However, investors should be aware that should the Fund hold an unquoted fixed income security until maturity, such price fluctuations would dissipate as it approaches maturity, and thus the growth of the NAV shall not be affected at maturity. In order to mitigate interest rates exposure of the Fund, the Manager will manage the duration of the portfolio via shorter or longer tenured assets depending on the view of the future interest rate trend of the Manager, which is based on its continuous fundamental research and analysis.

This risk is crucial in an unquoted fixed income securities fund since unquoted fixed income securities portfolio management depends on forecasting interest rate movements. Prices of unquoted fixed income securities move inversely to interest rate movements, therefore as interest rates rise, the prices of unquoted fixed income securities decrease and vice versa. Furthermore, unquoted fixed income securities with longer maturity and lower yield coupon rates are more susceptible to interest rate movements.

Investors should note that unquoted fixed income securities, unquoted credit linked investment contracts and money market instruments are subject to interest rate fluctuations. Such investments may be subject to unanticipated rise in interest rates which may impair the ability of the issuers to make payments of interest income and principal, especially if the issuers are highly leveraged. An increase in interest rates may therefore increase the potential for default by an issuer.

The table below summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's profit after taxation and NAV to movements in prices of unquoted fixed income securities held by the Fund as a result of movement in interest rate. The analysis is based on the assumptions that the interest rate increased and decreased by 2% (200 basis points) (2019: 1%; 200 basis points) with all other variables held constant.

- 2% (2019: 1%)	407,351	216,136	
+ 2% (2019: 1%)	(403,707)	(214,975)	
	RM	RM	
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	
% Change in interest rate	Impact on profit after tax/NAV		

The Fund's exposure to interest rate risk associated with deposit with a licensed financial institution is not material as the carrying value of the deposit is held on a short term basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Market risk (continued)

(c) Currency risk

Currency risk is associated with investments denominated in foreign currencies. When the foreign currencies fluctuate in an unfavourable movement against Ringgit Malaysia, the investments will face currency losses in addition to the capital gain/(loss). The Manager will evaluate the likely directions of the foreign currency versus Ringgit Malaysia based on considerations of economic fundamentals such as interest rate differentials, balance of payments position, debt levels and technical chart considerations.

The following table sets out the foreign currency risk concentrations and counterparties of the Fund:

Cash

2020	Quoted <u>equities</u> RM	and cash equivalents RM	Other <u>assets*</u> RM	<u>Total</u> RM
Financial assets				
Australian Dollar China Renminbi Hong Kong Dollar Singapore Dollar Taiwan Dollar United States Dollar	33,828,332 3,437,833 6,714,321 13,395,825 57,376,311	28 9,020,966 8,360 1,440,369 - 12,965,558 23,435,281	33,820	28 9,020,966 33,836,692 4,878,202 6,748,141 26,361,383 80,845,412
* Other assets consist of di	ividend receivable	e.		
			Amount due to <u>brokers</u> RM	<u>Total</u> RM
Financial liabilities				
Hong Kong Dollar Taiwan Dollar United States Dollar			1,282,195 1,044,171 2,588,810 4,915,176	1,282,195 1,044,171 2,588,810 4,915,176

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Market risk (continued)

(c) Currency risk (continued)

The following table sets out the foreign currency risk concentrations and counterparties of the Fund: (continued)

		Exchange-	Cash		
	Quoted	traded	and cash	Other	
	<u>equities</u>	<u>funds</u>	<u>equivalents</u>	<u>assets*</u>	<u>Total</u>
	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
<u>2019</u>					
Australian Dollar	-	-	30	-	30
China Renminbi	1,917,028	-	2,538,302	-	4,455,330
Hong Kong					
Dollar	32,087,730	1,795,854	4,756,757	1,612,869	40,253,210
Indonesian					
Rupiah	2,729,704	-	-	-	2,729,704
Singapore					
Dollar	18,971,239	-	11,881	-	18,983,120
Thailand Baht	4,622,033	-	-	13,507	4,635,540
United States					
Dollar	7,053,608		79,385		7,132,993
	67,381,342	1,795,854	7,386,355	1,626,376	78,189,927
	=======================================		=======================================	=======================================	=======================================

^{*} Other assets consist of dividends receivable and amount due from brokers.

Financial liabilities	Amount due to <u>brokers</u> RM	<u>Total</u> RM
China Renminbi	1,895,017	1,895,017

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Market risk (continued)

(c) Currency risk (continued)

The table below summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's profit after tax and net asset value to changes in foreign exchange movements. The analysis is based on the assumption that the foreign exchange rate changes based on each currency's respective historical volatility, with all other variables remain constants. This represents management's best estimate of a reasonable possible shift in the foreign exchange rate, having regard to historical volatility of this rate. Any increase/(decrease) in foreign exchange rate will result in a corresponding (decrease)/increase in the net assets attributable to unitholders by each currency's respective historical volatility. Disclosures below are shown in absolute terms, changes and impacts could be positive or negative.

<u>2020</u>	Change in rate %	Impact on profit after tax/ NAV RM
Australian Dollar China Renminbi Hong Kong Dollar Singapore Dollar Taiwan Dollar United States Dollar	+/- 11.18 +/- 5.86 +/- 5.44 +/- 4.03 +/- 5.03 +/- 5.46	+/- 3 +/- 528,629 +/- 1,770,965 +/- 196,592 +/- 286,910 +/- 1,297,982
<u>2019</u>		
Australian Dollar China Renminbi Hong Kong Dollar Indonesian Rupiah Singapore Dollar Thailand Baht United States Dollar	+/- 5 +/- 5 +/- 5 +/- 5 +/- 5 +/- 5	+/- 2 +/- 128,016 +/- 2,012,661 +/- 136,485 +/- 949,156 +/- 231,777 +/- 356,650

Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the ability of an issuer or counterparty to make timely payments of interest, principals and proceeds from realisation of investment. The Manager manages the credit risk by undertaking credit evaluation to minimise such risk.

The settlement terms of amount due from brokers are governed by the relevant rules and regulations as prescribed by the respective stock exchanges.

Credit risk arising from placements of deposits in licensed financial institutions is managed by ensuring that the Fund will only place deposits in reputable licensed financial institutions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Credit risk (continued)

For unquoted fixed income securities, the Manager regularly reviews the rating assigned to the issuer so that necessary steps can be taken if the rating falls below those described by the Deeds and Securities Commission's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds.

The settlement terms of the proceeds from the creation of units' receivable from the Manager are governed by the SC's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds.

The following table sets out the credit risk concentrations and counterparties of the Fund:

	Unquoted	Cash		
	fixed income	and cash	Other	
	<u>securities</u>	<u>equivalents</u>	<u>assets*</u>	<u>Total</u>
	RM	RM	RM	RM
<u>2020</u>				
Consumer services				
- AAA	9,239,999	-	-	9,239,999
- NR	-	-	231,561	231,561
Financial services				
- AAA	5,597,247	44,540,703	-	50,137,950
- AA3	10,647,943	-	-	10,647,943
- A1	10,436,237	_	-	10,436,237
- A2	5,121,104	-	-	5,121,104
- NR	9,330,209	-	179,466	9,509,675
Healthcare				
- NR	4,959,647	-	-	4,959,647
Industrials				
- AA1	5,827,423	-	-	5,827,423
- AA-	3,626,250	_	-	3,626,250
- A	4,668,840	_	-	4,668,840
Technology				
- NR	-	-	62,601	62,601
Telecommunications			•	
- AA+	5,489,047	-	-	5,489,047
Utilities				
- AAA	6,963,176	-	-	6,963,176
- AA1	3,218,175	-	-	3,218,175
- AA3	2,084,263	-	-	2,084,263
- AA-	4,829,430	-	-	4,829,430
Others	,			
- NR	-	-	58,268	58,268
	92,038,990	44,540,703	531,896	137,111,589

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Credit risk (continued)

The following table sets out the credit risk concentrations and counterparties of the Fund: (continued)

<u>2019</u>	Unquoted fixed income securities RM	Cash and cash <u>equivalents</u> RM	Other <u>assets*</u> RM	<u>Total</u> RM
Consumer goods				
- A1	5,048,071	-	-	5,048,071
- NR	-	-	53,480	53,480
Consumer services				
- AAA	9,133,473	-	-	9,133,473
Financial services				
- AAA	5,014,942	14,567,211	-	19,582,153
- AA2	5,408,503		1,417,174	6,825,677
- AA3	10,750,015	-	2,338,390	13,088,405
- A1	10,399,915	-	-	10,399,915
- A2	5,056,154	-		5,056,154
- BBB		-	1,577,276	1,577,276
- NR	19,228,715	-	110,751	19,339,466
Healthcare				
- NR	-	-	13,507	13,507
Industrials				
- AA1	5,672,565	-	-	5,672,565
- AA3	9,724,719	-	-	9,724,719
AA-	10,371,820	-	-	10,371,820
Technology			04.404	04.404
- NR	-	-	24,404	24,404
Telecommunications	E 001 07E			E 004 07E
- AA+	5,391,975	-	-	5,391,975
Utilities	2.020.010			2 020 010
- AAA - AA1	2,020,010 3,140,035	-	-	2,020,010 3,140,035
- AA3	2,060,227	-	-	2,060,227
- AA-	4,800,323	-	-	4,800,323
- AA- - NR	4,000,323	-	104,374	104,374
Others	-	-	104,374	104,374
- NR		-	445,902	445,902
	113,221,462	14,567,211	6,085,258	133,873,931

^{*} Other assets consist of dividends receivable, amount due from Manager and amount due from brokers

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations. The Manager manages this risk by maintaining sufficient level of liquid assets to meet anticipated payment and cancellations of units by unitholders. Liquid assets comprise cash at bank, deposits with licensed financial institutions and other instruments, which are capable of being converted into cash within 7 days.

The table below analyses the Fund's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the statement of financial position date to the contractual maturity date.

The amounts in the table below are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

<u>2020</u>	Within one month RM	Between one month to one year RM	<u>Total</u> RM
Amount due to Manager - management fee Amount due to Trustee Amount due to brokers Auditors' remuneration Tax agent's fee Other payables and accruals	284,982 13,299 8,263,689 - - - 8,561,970	10,500 3,767 23,370 37,637	284,982 13,299 8,263,689 10,500 3,767 23,370 8,599,607
2019			
Amount due to Manager - management fee Amount due to Trustee Amount due to brokers Auditors' remuneration Tax agent's fee Other payables and accruals	339,299 15,834 1,895,017 - - 2,250,150	9,000 3,800 23,749 36,549	339,299 15,834 1,895,017 9,000 3,800 23,749 2,286,699

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital risk

The capital of the Fund is represented by equity consisting of unitholders' capital and retained earnings. The amount of equity can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily subscriptions and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders. The Fund's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for unitholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain a strong capital base to support the development of the investment activities of the Fund.

3 FAIR VALUE ESTIMATION

Financial instruments comprise financial assets and financial liabilities. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The fair value of financial assets traded in active markets (such as trading securities) is based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the financial year end date. The Fund utilises the current bid prices for financial assets which fall within the bid-ask spread.

An active market is a market in which transactions for the asset take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

The fair value of financial assets that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques.

(i) Fair value hierarchy

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1)
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (Level 2)
- Inputs for the asset and liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (Level 3)

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. For this purpose, the significance of an input is assessed against the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a Level 3 measurement. Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.

The determination of what constitutes 'observable' requires significant judgment by the Fund. The Fund considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 (CONTINUED)

3 FAIR VALUE ESTIMATION (CONTINUED)

(i) Fair value hierarchy (continued)

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the Fund's financial assets (by class) measured at fair value:

	<u>Level 1</u> RM	<u>Level 2</u> RM	<u>Level 3</u> RM	<u>Total</u> RM
2020	TIVI	TUVI	TIVI	i tivi
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: - quoted equities - unquoted fixed income securities	86,336,161	-	-	86,336,161
	-	92,038,990	-	92,038,990
	86,336,161	92,038,990	-	178,375,151
2019				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: - quoted equities - unquoted fixed income securities - exchange-traded funds	132,596,078	-	-	132,596,078
	1,795,854	113,221,462	-	113,221,462 1,795,854
	134,391,932	113,221,462	-	247,613,394

Investments where values are based on quoted market prices in active markets and are therefore classified within Level 1 include active listed equities and exchange traded funds. The Fund does not adjust the quoted prices for these instruments.

Financial instruments that trade in markets that are not considered to be active but are valued based on quoted market prices, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs are classified within Level 2. These include unquoted fixed income securities. As Level 2 instruments include positions that are not traded in active markets and/or are subject to transfer restrictions, valuations may be adjusted to reflect illiquidity and/or non-transferability, which are generally based on available market information.

(ii) The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, dividends receivable, amount due from Manager, amount due from brokers and all current liabilities are a reasonable approximation of the fair values due to their short term nature.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 (CONTINUED)

4 MANAGEMENT FEE

In accordance with the Deed, the Manager is entitled to a management fee at a rate not exceeding 3.00% per annum on the NAV of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2020, the management fee is recognised at a rate of 1.50% (2019: 1.50%) per annum on the NAV of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis as stated in the Fund's Prospectus.

There will be no further liability to the Manager in respect of management fee other than the amounts recognised above.

5 TRUSTEE FEE

In accordance with the Deed, the Trustee is entitled to an annual fee at a rate not exceeding 0.30% per annum on the NAV of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2020, the Trustee fee is recognised at a rate of 0.07% (2019: 0.07%) per annum on the NAV of the Fund, inclusive of local custodian fee but exclusive of foreign sub-custodian fee, calculated on a daily basis as stated in the Fund's Prospectus.

There will be no further liability to the Trustee in respect of Trustee fee other than the amounts recognised above.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 (CONTINUED)

6 TAXATION

7

	<u>2020</u> RM	2019 RM
Current taxation: - foreign	-	133,771
		133,771
The numerical reconciliation between net loss before taxation multipl tax rate and tax expense of the Fund is as follows:	ied by the Mala	aysian statutory
	<u>2020</u> RM	2019 RM
Net loss before taxation	(4,197,002)	(3,432,677)
Tax at Malaysian statutory tax rate of 24% (2019: 24%)	(1,007,280)	(823,842)
Tax effects of: Investment income not subject to tax Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Restrictions on tax deductible expenses for Unit Trust Funds Foreign income subject to foreign tax rate	(320,574) 400,841 927,013	(491,226) 360,503 954,565 133,771
Tax expense		133,771
DISTRIBUTIONS		
	<u>2020</u> RM	2019 RM
Distributions to unitholders are from the following sources:		
Previous years' realised income Gross dividend income Interest income	10,854,040 600,616 422,194	12,084,680 - -
Gross realised income Less: expenses	11,876,850	12,084,680
Gross/net distribution amount	11,876,850	12,084,680

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 (CONTINUED)

7 DISTRIBUTIONS (CONTINUED)

During the financial year 31 March 2020, distributions were made as follows:

<u>2020</u>	Gross/Net distribution per unit (sen) RM
19.06.2019 18.12.2019	1.00 2.00
	3.00
During the financial year 31 March 2019, distributions were made as follows:	
	Gross/Not

Gross/Net distribution per unit (sen)

2019

13.06.2018

10.12.2018

3.00

Gross distribution per unit is derived from gross realised income less expenses divided by the number of units in circulation, while net distribution per unit is derived from gross realised income less expenses and taxation divided by the number of units in circulation.

Included in distributions for the financial year is an amount of RM10,854,040 (2019:RM12,084,680) made from previous financial years' realised income.

There are unrealised losses of RM10,816,774 during the financial year (2019: RM3,561,933)

8 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	<u>2020</u> RM	<u>2019</u> RM
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: - quoted equities – local - quoted equities – foreign - unquoted fixed income securities – local - exchange-traded funds - foreign	28,959,850 57,376,311 92,038,990	65,214,736 67,381,341 113,221,463 1,795,854
	178,375,151	247,613,394

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 (CONTINUED)

8 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

				<u>2020</u> RM	<u>2019</u> RM
Net loss on financial assets a - realised gain/(loss) on sale - unrealised loss on change	of investr	nents	t or loss	2,810,433 (11,295,778)	(4,697,561) (4,252,760)
				(8,485,345)	(8,950,321)
(a) Quoted equities – loc	al				
(i) Quoted equities	s – local a	s at 31 March	2020 are as foll	ows:	
Name of counter		<u>Quantity</u>	Aggregate <u>cost</u> RM	Fair <u>value</u> RM	Percentage of NAV %
Consumer Products & Genting Malaysia Bho		2,724,100	8,767,309	5,448,200	2.53
Health Care Supermax Corp Bhd		2,842,700	4,508,648	4,804,163	2.24
Industrial Products & Petronas Chemicals Sunway Bhd		782,200 4,156,433	5,495,045 6,207,870	3,864,068 6,442,471	1.80
		4,938,633	11,702,915	10,306,539	4.80
Technology Inari Amertron Bhd Globetronics Techno Pentamaster Corpora		4,718,700 512,300 451,400	8,029,447 819,168 1,343,811	5,851,188 829,926 1,719,834	2.72 0.39 0.80
		5,682,400	10,192,426	8,400,948	3.91
Total quoted equities	– local	16,187,833	35,171,298	28,959,850	13.48
Accumulated unrealis on quoted equities -			(6,211,448)		

28,959,850

Total quoted equities – local

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 (CONTINUED)

- (a) Quoted equities local (continued)
 - (ii) Quoted equities local as at 31 March 2019 are as follows: (continued)

Name of counter	Quantity	Aggregate <u>cost</u> RM	Fair <u>value</u> RM	Percentage of NAV %
Consumer Products & Services Fraser & Neave Holdings Bhd Genting Bhd Petronas Dagangan Bhd	155,000 764,000 209,300	4,038,429 5,209,073 5,361,072	5,390,900 5,072,960 5,232,500	2.03 1.91 1.97
	1,128,300	14,608,574	15,696,360	5.91
Energy Dialog Group Bhd	2,274,600	5,149,876	7,210,482	2.71
Financial Services CIMB Group Holdings Bhd Hong Leong Financial Group	1,484,329	8,463,359	7,614,608	2.86
Bhd Malayan Banking Bhd	270,000 576,647	4,968,000 5,522,201	5,140,800 5,339,751	1.93 2.01
RHB Bank Bhd	260,000	1,428,087	1,474,200	0.55
	2,590,976	20,381,647	19,569,359	7.35
Industrial Products & Services Petronas Chemicals Group				
Bhd	325,500	2,773,958	2,981,580	1.12
Scientex Bhd	661,800	5,394,913	5,625,300	2.11
SKP Resources Bhd Sunway Bhd	685,300 3,757,900	906,660 5,672,397	918,302 6,211,809	0.35 2.34
Suriway Brid				2.54
	5,430,500	14,747,928	15,736,991	5.92
Telecommunication & Media				
Astro Malaysia Holdings Bhd	821,200	1,174,494	1,256,436	0.47

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 (CONTINUED)

- (a) Quoted equities local (continued)
 - (ii) Quoted equities local as at 31 March 2019 are as follows: (continued)

Name of counter	Quantity	Aggregate <u>cost</u> RM	Fair <u>value</u> RM	Percentage of NAV %
<u>Utilities</u> Tenaga Nasional Bhd	453,800	6,498,584	5,745,108	2.16
Total quoted equities – local	12,699,376	62,561,103	65,214,736	24.52
Accumulated unrealised gain on quoted equities – local		2,653,633		
Total quoted equities – local		65,214,736		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 (CONTINUED)

- (b) Quoted equities foreign
 - (i) Quoted equities foreign as at 31 March 2020 are as follows:

Name of counter	Quantity	Aggregate <u>cost</u> RM	Fair <u>value</u> RM	Percentage of NAV %
Hong Kong		1 1101	1 1111	70
Consumer Goods China Mengniu Dairy Co Ltd Li Ning Company Ltd Shenzhou Intl Group Holdings	85,000 320,500 73,600	1,280,405 3,822,013 4,038,363	1,275,948 4,034,518 3,378,005	0.59 1.88 1.57
	479,100	9,140,781	8,688,471	4.04
Consumer Services Meituan Dianping	25,900	1,277,354	1,350,302	0.63
Financial Services AIA Group Ltd China Resources Land Ltd CIFI Holdings Group Co Ltd Longfor Group Holdings Ltd Ping An Insurance Grp Co China	67,400 130,000 808,000 53,500 123,000 1,181,900	2,860,723 2,352,746 2,639,024 1,067,016 5,148,084 14,067,593	2,633,557 2,302,638 2,520,314 1,123,441 5,213,687 13,793,637	1.23 1.07 1.17 0.52 2.43 6.42
Industrials China Resources Cement Holding	264,000	1,302,545	1,360,194	0.63
Technology Tencent Holdings Ltd	40,800	7,240,619	8,635,728	4.02
Singapore				
Industrials Singapore Tech Engineering Ltd Venture Corp Ltd	251,400 26,000 277,400	2,674,551 1,302,095 3,976,646	2,371,223 1,066,610 3,437,833	1.10 0.50 —————————————————————————————————
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 (CONTINUED)

- (b) Quoted equities foreign (continued)
 - (i) Quoted equities foreign as at 31 March 2020 are as follows: (continued)

Name of counter	Quantity	Aggregate <u>cost</u> RM	Fair <u>value</u> RM	Percentage of NAV %
<u>Taiwan</u>		i tivi	TUVI	76
Technology MediaTek Inc Taiwan Semiconductor	22,000	1,042,297	1,026,584	0.48
Manufacturing Company Ltd	146,000	6,418,450	5,687,737	2.65
	168,000	7,460,747	6,714,321	3.13
<u>United States</u>				
Consumer Services Alibaba Group Holding Ltd	8,424	4,963,451	7,065,720	3.29
Technology Alphabet Inc - Class C Facebook Inc Microsoft Corporation	286 4,748 2,170 7,204	1,303,243 3,679,260 1,501,022 6,483,525	1,434,275 3,418,905 1,476,925 6,330,105	0.67 1.59 0.69 2.95
Total quoted equities – foreign	2,452,728	55,913,261	57,376,311	26.71
Accumulated unrealised gain on quoted equities – foreign		1,463,050		
Total quoted equities – foreign		57,376,311		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 (CONTINUED)

- (b) Quoted equities foreign (continued)
 - (ii) Quoted equities foreign as at 31 March 2019 are as follows:

Name of counter	Quantity	Aggregate <u>cost</u> RM	Fair <u>value</u> RM	Percentage of NAV %
<u>China</u>				
Consumer Goods Kweichow Moutai Co Ltd	3,700	1,882,921	1,917,028	0.72
Hong Kong				
Consumer Goods China Mengniu Dairy Co Ltd Guangzhou Automobile	298,000	3,945,711	4,516,215	1.70
Group Co Ltd Shenzhou Intl Group Holdings Xinyi Glass Holdings Co Ltd	266,000 37,000 308,000	1,291,737 1,999,964 1,373,763	1,280,597 2,019,812 1,439,561	0.48 0.76 0.54
- -	909,000	8,611,175	9,256,185	3.48
Financial Services China Construction Bank Corp	770,000	2,907,013	2,694,174	1.01
Hong Kong Exchange & Clearing	22,300	2,677,006	3,169,737	1.19
Ping An Insurance Grp Co China	69,000	2,578,978	3,151,452	1.19
	861,300	8,162,997	9,015,363	3.39
Oil & Gas				
PetroChina Company Ltd	2,836,000	8,654,870	7,490,137	2.82
<u>Utilities</u> CK Infrastructure Holdings Ltd	81,500	2,689,861	2,724,510	1.02
Technology Tencent Holdings Ltd	19,200	3,321,708	3,601,534	1.35
-				

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 (CONTINUED)

- (b) Quoted equities foreign (continued)
 - (i) Quoted equities foreign as at 31 March 2019 are as follows: (continued)

Name of counter	Quantity	Aggregate <u>cost</u> RM	Fair <u>value</u> RM	Percentage of NAV %
Hong Kong (continued)		i tivi	I tivi	76
<u>Indonesia</u>				
<u>Financial Services</u> Bank Mandiri Persero Tbk PT	617,400	1,352,242	1,315,664	0.50
Telecommunications Telekomunikasi Indonesia	1,250,500	1,307,531	1,414,040	0.53
Financial Services Ascendas Real Estate InvTrust DBS Group Holdings Ltd Frasers Centrepoint Trust United Overseas Bank Ltd	510,500 52,900 378,900 33,600 975,900	3,905,713 3,924,272 2,588,874 2,767,208 13,186,067	4,474,343 4,015,104 2,716,077 2,547,200 13,752,724	1.68 1.51 1.02 0.96 5.17
Industrials Singapore Tech Engineering Ltd	251,400	2,674,551	2,831,897	1.06
Oil & Gas Keppel Corporation Ltd	127,600	2,975,446	2,386,618	0.90
<u>Thailand</u>				
Consumer Services CP All PCL	133,300	1,274,607	1,276,988	0.48
Industrials Airports of Thailand PCL	159,100	1,321,856	1,386,053	0.52
Health Care Bangkok Dusit Medical Services	s 614,300	1,876,669	1,958,992	0.74

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 (CONTINUED)

- (b) Quoted equities foreign (continued)
 - (i) Quoted equities foreign as at 31 March 2019 are as follows: (continued)

Name of counter United States	<u>Quantity</u>	Aggregate <u>cost</u> RM	Fair <u>value</u> RM	Percentage of NAV %
Consumer Services Alibaba Group Holding Ltd	5,722	2,756,065	4,260,244	1.60
Technology Alphabet Inc - Class C Microsoft Corporation	286 2,960 3,246	1303243 1,294,520 2,597,763	1368677 1,424,687 2,793,364	0.51 0.54 ————————————————————————————————————
Total quoted equities – foreign	8,849,168	64,646,329	67,381,341	25.33
Accumulated unrealised gain on quoted equities – foreign		2,735,012		
Total quoted equities – foreign		67,381,341		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 (CONTINUED)

- (c) Unquoted fixed income securities local
 - (i) Unquoted fixed income securities local as at 31 March 2020 are as follows:

Name of issuer Bonds	Nominal <u>value</u> RM	Adjusted <u>cost</u> RM	Fair <u>value</u> RM	Percentage of NAV %
7.10% BGSM Management Sdn Bhd 28.12.2022 (AA3) 5.27% Celcom Networks	5,000,000	5,297,416	5,503,052	2.56
Sdn Bhd 28.10.2026 (AA+) 5.80% CIMB Group Holdings	5,000,000	5,158,652	5,489,047	2.56
Bhd Call: 25.05.2021 (A1) 6.35% CIMB Group Holdings	5,000,000	5,153,683	5,216,449	2.43
Bhd Call: 03.04.2020 (AA3) 3.42% Danum Capital Bhd	3,500,000	3,624,118	3,608,336	1.68
21.02.2035 (AAA) 4.30% Danum Capital Bhd	5,000,000	5,018,616	4,558,490	2.12
13.02.2026 (AAA)	1,000,000	1,035,331	1,038,757	0.48
6.50% Eco World Capital Assets Bhd 12.08.2022 (NR)	9,000,000	9,075,198	9,330,209	4.34
4.78% GENM Capital Bhd 31.03.2022 (AAA)	5,000,000	5,000,648	5,113,505	2.38
4.86% Genting Capital Bhd 08.06.2027 (AAA) 5.23% Hong Leong Financial	2,000,000	2,030,351	2,101,838	0.98
Group Bhd Call: 30.11.2022 (A1) 5.73% IJM Land	5,000,000	5,088,838	5,219,788	2.43
Call: 19.03.2027 (A2) 6.40% MEX II Sdn Bhd	5,000,000	5,010,198	5,121,104	2.38
28.04.2034 (A) 4.80% Mydin Mohamed	5,000,000	5,612,516	4,668,840	2.17
Holdings Bhd 07.05.2020 (AAA) 4.00% Pengurusan Air SPV	2,000,000	2,022,346	2,024,656	0.94
Bhd 30.10.2034 (AAA)	5,000,000	5,084,252	4,899,384	2.28
4.82% RHB Bank Bhd Call: 27.09.2022 (AA3) 5.04% Southern Power	1,500,000	1,500,987	1,536,555	0.72
Generation SB 28.04.2028 (AA-)	4,500,000	4,595,062	4,829,430	2.25
5.25% Tanjung Bin Energy Issuer Bhd 15.09.2022 (AA3) 3.95% TG Excellence Bhd	2,000,000	2,027,247	2,084,263	0.97
Call: 27.02.2025 (AA-)	5,000,000	5,018,251	4,959,647	2.31

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 (CONTINUED)

8 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

(c) Unquoted fixed income securities – local (continued)

(i)	Unquoted f	fixed	income	securities	_	local	as	at	31	March	2020	are	as	follows:
	(continued)													

Name of issuer	Nominal <u>value</u> RM	Adjusted <u>cost</u> RM	Fair <u>value</u> RM	Percentage of NAV %
Bonds (continued)	LIVI	Пілі	LIM	/0
4.055% TNB Northern Energy Bhd 29.11.2023 (AAA) 5.90% TRIplc Medical Sdn Bhd	2,000,000	1,991,069	2,063,792	0.96
23.10.2035 (AA1) 4.95% WCT Holdings Bhd	5,000,000	5,534,846	5,827,423	2.71
22.10.2021 (AA-)	3,000,000	3,067,632	3,103,993	1.45
5.17% WCT Holdings Bhd 23.10.2023 (AA-)	500,000	513,078	522,257	0.24
5.05% YTL Power International Bhd 03.05.2027 (AA1)	3,000,000	3,061,840	3,218,175	1.50
Total unquoted fixed income securities – local	89,000,000	91,522,175	92,038,990	42.84
Accumulated unrealised gain on unquoted fixed income securities – local		516,815		
Total unquoted fixed income securities – local		92,038,990		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 (CONTINUED)

- (c) Unquoted fixed income securities local (continued)
 - (ii) Unquoted fixed income securities local as at 31 March 2019 are as follows:

Name of issuer	Nominal <u>value</u> RM	Adjusted <u>cost</u> RM	Fair <u>value</u> RM	Percentage of NAV %
<u>Bonds</u>				
4.48% Ara Bintang Bhd				
17.03.2021 (AAA)	5,000,000	5,011,004	5,014,942	1.89
4.64% Besraya Malaysia Sdn Bhd 26.07.2019 (AA3)	1,000,000	1,008,112	1,009,079	0.38
4.88% Besraya Malaysia	.,000,000	.,000,	.,000,0.0	0.00
Sdn Bhd 28.07.2022 (AA3)	5,000,000	5,057,251	5,068,915	1.91
5.36% Besraya Malaysia Sdn Bhd 28.07.2028 (AA3)	3,500,000	3,604,400	3,646,725	1.37
7.10% BGSM Management	3,300,000	3,004,400	3,040,723	1.07
Sdn Bhd 28.12.2022 (AA3)	5,000,000	5,366,887	5,560,775	2.09
5.27% Celcom Networks	E 000 000	E 160 010	E 201 07E	2.02
Sdn Bhd 28.10.2026 (AA+) 5.80% CIMB Group Holdings	5,000,000	5,163,812	5,391,975	2.03
Bhd Call: 25.05.2021 (A1)	5,000,000	5,167,592	5,216,660	1.96
6.35% CIMB Group Holdings				
Bhd Call: 03.04.2020 (AA3) 6.5% Eco World Capital Assets	3,500,000	3,640,570	3,671,105	1.38
Bhd 12.08.2022 (NR)	9,000,000	9,073,726	9,186,226	3.45
4.78% GENM Capital Bhd	-,,	0,0:0,:=0	3,133,==3	
31.03.2022 (AAA)	5,000,000	5,001,964	5,047,814	1.90
4.86% Genting Capital Bhd 08.06.2027 (AAA)	2,000,000	2,029,826	2,057,486	0.77
5.23% Hong Leong	2,000,000	2,023,020	2,037,400	0.77
Financial Group Bhd				
Call: 30.11.2022 (A1)	5,000,000	5,087,405	5,183,255	1.95
5.73% IJM Land Bhd Call: 19.03.2027 (A2)	5,000,000	5,010,204	5,056,154	1.90
6.80% Mah Sing Group Bhd	0,000,000	0,010,204	0,000,104	1.00
Call: 31.03.2020 (NR)	10,000,000	10,005,589	10,042,489	3.78
6.40% MEX II Sdn Bhd	E 000 000	E 600 77E	E 761 464	2.17
28.04.2034 (AA-) 4.8% Mydin Mohamed Holdings	5,000,000	5,633,775	5,761,464	2.17
Bhd 07.05.2020 (AAA)	2,000,000	2,022,093	2,028,173	0.76

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 (CONTINUED)

8 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

(c) Unquoted fixed income securities – local (continued)

(i)	Unquoted fi	ixed	income	securities	_	local	as	at	31	March	2019	are	as	follows:
	(continued)													

Name of issuer	Nominal <u>value</u>	Adjusted cost	Fair <u>value</u>	Percentage of NAV
Bonds (continued)	RM	RM	RM	 %
(/				
7.50% Public Finance Bhd				
Call: 05.06.2019 (AA2)	5,250,000	5,401,115	5,408,503	2.03
4.82% RHB Bank Bhd				
Call: 27.09.2022 (AA3)	1,500,000	1,500,990	1,518,135	0.57
5.04% Southern Power				
Generation Sdn Bhd 28.04.2028 (AA-)	4,500,000	4 504 449	4,800,323	1.80
4.50% Tan Chong Motor	4,500,000	4,594,448	4,000,323	1.00
Holdings Bhd 22.11.2019 (A1)	5,000,000	5,024,679	5,048,071	1.90
5.25% Tanjung Bin Energy	3,000,000	3,024,073	3,040,071	1.50
Issuer Bhd 15.09.2022 (AA3)	2,000,000	2,035,219	2,060,227	0.77
4.055% TNB Northern	_,000,000	_,000,0	_,000,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Energy Bhd 29.11.2023 (AAA)	2,000,000	1,981,900	2,020,010	0.76
45.9% TRIplc Medical Sdn				
Bhd 23.10.2035 (AA1)	5,000,000	5,550,714	5,672,565	2.13
4.95% WCT Holdings Bhd				
22.10.2021 (AA-)	3,000,000	3,068,566	3,070,916	1.15
5.17% WCT Holdings Bhd				
23.10.2023 (AA-)	1,500,000	1,540,297	1,539,440	0.58
5.05% YTL Power International				
Bhd 03.05.2027 (AA1)	3,000,000	3,061,015	3,140,036	1.18
Total unquoted fixed income	00 750 000	111 010 150	110.001.100	40.50
securities – local 1	08,750,000	111,643,153	113,221,463	42.56
Accumulated upracticed gain				
Accumulated unrealised gain on unquoted fixed				
income securities – local		1,578,310		
income securities – local		1,570,510		
Total unquoted fixed income				
securities – local		113,221,463		
		=======================================		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 (CONTINUED)

- (d) Exchange-traded funds foreign
 - (i) There is no investment in exchange-traded funds foreign as at 31 March 2020.
 - (ii) Exchange-traded funds foreign as at 31 March 2019 are as follows:

	Quantity	Aggregate <u>cost</u> RM	Fair <u>value</u> RM	Percentage of NAV %
IShares MSCI China Index ETF	132,600	1,698,614	1,795,854	0.68
Total exchange-traded funds – foreign	132,600	1,698,614	1,795,854	0.68
Accumulated unrealised gain on exchange-traded funds				
– foreign		97,240		
Total exchange-traded funds – foreign		1,795,854		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 (CONTINUED)

9 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	<u>2020</u> RM	<u>2019</u> RM
Cash and bank balances Deposits with a licensed financial institution	33,921,964 10,618,739	7,919,377 6,647,834
	44,540,703	14,567,211

Weighted average effective interest rates per annum of deposits with a licensed financial institution are as follows:

	<u>2020</u> %	<u>2019</u> %
Deposits with a licensed financial institution	2.55	3.33

Deposits with a licensed financial institution of the Fund have an average maturity of 1 day (2019: 2 days).

10 NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION

	No. of units	No. of units
At the beginning of the financial year	410,598,000	403,297,000
Creation of units arising from applications during the financial year	34,041,000	56,259,000
Creation of units arising from distributions during the financial year	18,164,906	18,445,286
Cancellation of units during the financial year	(107,684,906)	(67,403,286)
At the end of the financial year	355,119,000	410,598,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 (CONTINUED)

11 TRANSACTIONS WITH BROKERS AND DEALERS

(i) Details of transactions with the top 10 brokers/dealers for the financial year ended 31 March 2020 are as follows:

Name of brokers/dealers	Value of trade RM	Percentage of total <u>trade</u> %	Brokerage <u>fees</u> RM	Percentage of total <u>brokerage</u> %
Affin Hwang Investment Bank Bhd#	96,515,625	16.74	241,289	22.63
Macquarie Bank Ltd Hong Kong	52,382,515	9.08	88,134	8.26
Robert W.Baird & Co.Inc.	51,111,064	8.86	26,823	2.52
CLSA Limited	42,121,653	7.30	34,656	3.25
CIMB Investment Bank Bhd	19,729,848	3.42	42,942	4.03
China Intl Capital Corp HK Sec Ltd	18,203,233	3.16	36,125	3.39
RHB Investment Bank Bhd	16,931,225	2.94	17,328	1.62
Maybank Investment Bank Bhd	16,307,148	2.83	40,768	3.82
UOB Kay Hian Secs (M) Sdn Bhd	16,118,067	2.80	40,295	3.78
Public Investment Bank Bhd	15,996,302	2.77	39,991	3.75
Others	231,239,106	40.10	458,070	42.95
	576,655,786	100.00	1,066,421	100.00

(ii) Details of transactions with the top 10 brokers/dealers for the financial year ended 31 March 2019 are as follows:

	Percentage	of total	Percentage Brokerage	of total
Name of brokers/dealers	Value of trade	<u>trade</u>	<u>fees</u>	<u>brokerage</u>
	RM	%	RM	%
Affin Hwang Investment Bank Bhd#	75,119,290	16.85	129,936	14.01
CLSA Limited	42,112,346	9.45	70,998	7.66
Macquarie Bank Ltd Hong Kong	29,238,281	6.56	60,644	6.54
JP Morgan Secs (Asia Pac) Ltd HK	27,971,180	6.27	67,663	7.30
Citigroup Global Mkts Ltd Ldn	27,840,020	6.24	61,700	6.65
CCB International Securities Ltd	19,751,498	4.43	49,379	5.33
UOB Kay Hian Pte Ltd	19,370,128	4.35	48,425	5.22
Instinet Pacific Ltd	18,166,933	4.07	38,965	4.20
CIMB Investment Bank Bhd	15,369,787	3.45	38,424	4.14
China Intl Capital Corp HK Sec Ltd	14,788,289	3.32	31,544	3.40
Others	156,104,094	35.01	329,498	35.55
	445,831,846	100.00	927,176	100.00

Included in transactions with brokers and dealers are trades conducted with Affin Hwang Investment Bank Berhad, a company related to the Manager amounting RM96,515,625 (2019: RM75,119,290). The Manager is of the opinion that the transactions with the related company have been entered into in the normal course of business at agreed terms between the related parties.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 (CONTINUED)

11 TRANSACTIONS WITH BROKERS AND DEALERS (CONTINUED)

Included in the transactions with brokers and dealers are cross trades conducted between the Fund and other funds, and private mandates managed by the Manager amounting to:

Name of broker/dealer	2020 RM	<u>2019</u> RM
Affin Hwang Investment Bank Bhd	-	11,065,933
The cross trades are conducted between the Funds and other funds managed by the Manager as follows:	s; and priva	ate mandates
	2020 RM	<u>2019</u> RM
Affin Hwang Bond Fund Private mandates managed by the Manager	-	5,045,500 6,020,433
		11,065,933

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 (CONTINUED)

12 UNITS HELD BY THE MANAGER AND PARTIES RELATED TO THE MANAGER

The related parties of and their relationship with the Fund are as follows:

Affin Hwang Asset Management Berhad The Manager

Affin Hwang Investment Bank Berhad Holding company of the Manager

Ultimate holding company of the Affin Bank Berhad ("ABB")

Manager

Subsidiary of the ultimate holding AXA Affin Life Insurance Bhd

company of the Manager

Subsidiaries and associates of ABB as Subsidiary and associated companies disclosed in its financial statements

of the ultimate holding company of

the Manager

The units held by the Manager and parties related to the Manager as at the end of the financial year are as follows:

		2020		2019
The Manager:	No. of units	RM	No. of units	RM
Affin Hwang Asset Management Berhad (The unit are held legally for booking purpose)	15,161	9,172	197,419	127,888
Party related to the Manager:				
AXA Affin Life Insurance Bhd (The units are held beneficially)	55,697,130	33,696,764	47,110,869	30,518,421

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 (CONTINUED)

13 MANAGEMENT EXPENSE RATIO ("MER")

	<u>2020</u> %	<u>2019</u> %
MER	1.60	1.64

MER is derived from the following calculation:

MER =
$$(A + B + C + D + E) \times 100$$

A = Management fee B = Trustee fee

C = Auditors' remuneration

D = Tax agent's fee

E = Other expenses, excluding sale and services tax on transaction costs and withholding tax

F = Average NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis

The average NAV of the Fund for the financial year calculated on a daily basis is RM257,437,483 (2019: RM268,762,355).

14 PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
PTR (times)	1.17	0.84

PTR is derived from the following calculation:

(Total acquisition for the financial year + total disposal for the financial year) \div 2 Average NAV of the Fund for the financial year calculated on a daily basis

where: total acquisition for the financial year = RM271,633,526 (2019: RM224,221,199) total disposal for the financial year = RM329,259,057 (2019: RM228,844,413)

15 SIGNIFICANT EVENT DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR

The worsening macro-economic outlook as a result of Covid-19, both domestically and globally, has resulted in the deterioration of the Fund's Net Asset Value/unit as of the date of this report. This is mainly due to the decrease in the fair value of the Fund's investments at fair value through profit or loss

The Manager is monitoring the situation closely and will be managing the portfolio to achieve the Fund's objective.

STATEMENT BY THE MANAGER

I, Teng Chee Wai, the Director of of **Affin Hwang Asset Management Berhad** do hereby state that in my opinion as the Manager, the financial statements set out on pages 1 to 46 are drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Deeds and give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 31 March 2020 and of its financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows for the financial year ended 31 March 2020 in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards.

For and on behalf of the Manager,
AFFIN HWANG ASSET MANAGEMENT BERHAD

TENG CHEE WAI EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR/MANAGING DIRECTOR

Kuala Lumpur 18 May 2020

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF AFFIN HWANG SELECT BALANCED FUND

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements of Affin Hwang Select Balanced Fund ("the Fund") give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 31 March 2020, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards.

What we have audited

We have audited the financial statements of the Fund, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2020, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the financial year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, as set out on pages 1 to 46.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence and other ethical responsibilities

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF AFFIN HWANG SELECT BALANCED FUND (CONTINUED)

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Manager of the Fund is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Manager's report, but does not include the financial statements of the Fund and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Fund does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Fund, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Fund or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Manager for the financial statements

The Manager of the Fund is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements of the Fund that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards. The Manager is also responsible for such internal control as the Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Fund, the Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager either intends to liquidate the Fund or to terminate the Fund, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Fund as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF AFFIN HWANG SELECT BALANCED FUND (CONTINUED)

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- (a) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Fund, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- (b) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- (c) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Manager.
- (d) Conclude on the appropriateness of the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Fund or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- (e) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Fund, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Fund represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF AFFIN HWANG SELECT BALANCED FUND (CONTINUED)

OTHER MATTERS

This report is made solely to the unit holders of the Fund and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS PLT LLP0014401-LCA & AF 1146 Chartered Accountants

Kuala Lumpur 18 May 2020

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