Affin Hwang PRS Moderate Fund

Interim Report 31 January 2022

Out think. Out perform.



Interim Report and Unaudited Financial Statements For the 6 Months Financial Period Ended 31 January 2022

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FUND INFORMATION

Fund Name	Affin Hwang PRS Moderate Fund
Fund Type	Growtn & Income
Fund Category	Core (Moderate)
Investment Objective	The Fund seeks income and capital growth from its investments to facilitate the accumulation of retirement savings for Members' retirement needs
Benchmark	30% FTSE Bursa Malaysia Top 100 Index + 30% Dow Jones / Asia Pacific Select Dividend 30 Index + 40% Maybank 12-Month Fixed Deposit Rate
Distribution Policy	The Fund will endeavour to declare distribution on a semi-annual basis after the end of its first financial year, subject to the availability of income.

FUND PERFORMANCE DATA

Category	As at 31 Jan 2022 (%)	As at 31 Jan 2021 (%)	As at 31 Jan 2020 (%)
Portfolio composition			
Collective investment scheme – local			
- Affin Hwang Select Asia (ex Japan) Opportunity Fund	7.04	8.88	10.26
- Affin Hwang Bond Fund	11.42	10.02	8.38
- Affin Hwang Select Asia Pacific (ex Japan) Balanced Fund	29.86	30.29	34.77
- Affin Hwang Select Asia Pacific (ex Japan) Dividend Fund	12.43	16.17	2.82
- Affin Hwang Select Bond Fund	19.02	17.78	18.37
- Affin Hwang SGD Bond Fund	2.06	_	_
 Affin Hwang Select Dividend Fund 	-	_	14.57
 Affin Hwang Select Opportunity Fund 	-	-	4.59
 Affin Hwang World Series – Global Equity Fund 	15.72	14.02	6.11
 Affin Hwang World Series – China A Opportunity Fund 	2.00	2.41	-
- Total collective investment scheme – local	99.55	99.57	99.87
Cash & cash equivalent	0.45	0.43	0.13
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00
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Total NAV (million)	141.484	128.119	89.211
NAV per Unit (in respective currencies)	0.7136	0.7757	0.6559
Unit in Circulation (million)	198.254	165.162	136.018
Highest NAV	0.7830	0.7875	0.6716
Lowest NAV	0.7136	0.6956	0.6401
Return of the Fund (%)iii	-7.81	11.93	1.13
- Capital Growth (%) ⁱ	-8.42	11.15	0.35
- Income Distribution (%) ⁱⁱ	0.66	0.70	0.33
Gross Distribution per Unit (sen)	0.50	0.50	0.50
Net Distribution per Unit (sen)	0.50	0.50	0.50
Management Expense Ratio (%) ¹	0.80	0.80	0.81
Portfolio Turnover Ratio (times) ²	0.07	0.15	0.14

Basis of calculation and assumption made in calculating the returns:-

The performance figures are a comparison of the growth/decline in NAV for the stipulated period taking into account all the distribution payable (if any) during the stipulated period.

An illustration of the above would be as follow:-

Capital return = NAV per Unit end / NAV per Unit begin – 1

Income return = Income distribution per Unit / NAV per Unit ex-date

Total return = $(1+Capital return) \times (1+Income return) - 1$

¹ The Fund's MER was lower than previous financial period due to higher average net asset value of the Fund for the financial period.

²The Fund's PTR was higher than previous year due to higher trading activities over the financial period.

PROVIDER'S REPORT

Income Distribution / Unit Split

The NAV per unit prior and subsequent to the distribution was as follows:-

Cum Date	Ex-Date	Cum-distribution	Distribution per Unit (RM)	Ex-distribution
19-Oct-21	20-Oct-21	0.7589	0.0050	0.7573

Performance Review (1 August 2021 to 31 January 2022)

For the period 1 August 2021 to 31 January 2022, the Fund has registered a return of -7.81% as compared to the benchmark return of -1.11%. The Fund thus underperformed the benchmark by 6.70%. The Net Asset Value (NAV) per unit of the Fund as at 31 January 2022 was RM0.7136 while the NAV per unit on 31 July 2021 was RM 0.7792. During the same period under review, the Fund has declared a gross income distribution of RM0.0050 per unit.

Since commencement, the Fund has outperformed the benchmark by 54.20% with return of 67.91% compared to the benchmark return of 13.71%.

Table 1: Performance of the Fund

					Since
	6 Months	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	Commencement
	(1/8/21 -	(1/2/21 -	(1/2/19 -	(1/2/17 -	(23/11/12 -
	31/1/22)	31/1/22)	31/1/22)	31/1/22)	31/1/22)
Fund	(7.81%)	(6.80%)	20.91%	28.90%	67.91%
Benchmark	(1.11%)	0.51%	(1.58%)	(2.90%)	13.71%
Outperformance	(6.70%)	(7.31%)	22.49%	31.80%	54.20%

Source of Benchmark: Bloomberg

Table 2: Average Total Return

	1 Year (1/2/21 - 31/1/22)	3 Years (1/2/19 - 31/1/22)	5 Years (1/2/17 - 31/1/22)	Since Commencement (23/11/12 - 31/1/22)
Fund	(6.80%)	6.53%	5.21%	5.80%
Benchmark	0.51%	(0.53%)	(0.59%)	1.41%
Outperformance	(7.31%)	7.06%	5.80%	4.39%

Source of Benchmark: Bloomberg

Table 3: Annual Total Return

	FYE 2021 (1/8/20 - 31/7/21)	FYE 2020 (1/8/19 - 31/7/20)	FYE 2019 (1/8/18 - 31/7/19)	FYE 2018 (1/8/17 - 31/7/18)	FYE 2017 (1/8/16 - 31/7/17)
Fund	13.16%	8.47%	4.15%	2.36%	11.93%
Benchmark	5.43%	(5.96%)	(2.20%)	(1.75%)	7.62%
Outperformance	7.73%	14.43%	6.35%	4.11%	4.31%

Source of Benchmark: Bloomberg

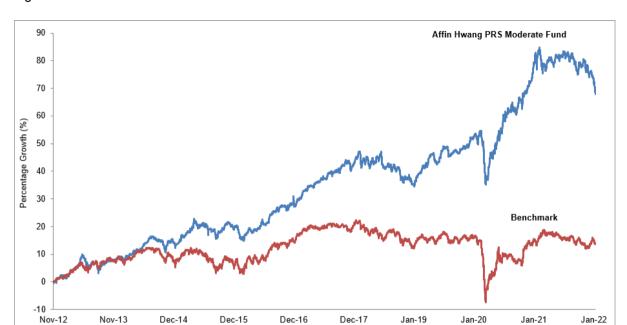


Figure 1: Movement of the Fund versus the Benchmark since commencement.

"This information is prepared by Affin Hwang Asset Management Berhad (AFFINHWANGAM) for information purposes only. Past earnings or the fund's distribution record is not a guarantee or reflection of the fund's future earnings/future distributions. Investors are advised that unit prices, distributions payable and investment returns may go down as well as up. Source of Benchmark is from Bloomberg."

Benchmark: 30% FTSE Bursa Malaysia Top 100 Index + 30% Dow Jones / Asia Pacific Select Dividend 30 Index + 40% Maybank 12-Month Fixed Deposit Rate

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and that Unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.

Asset Allocation

For a snapshot of the Fund's asset mix during the period under review, please refer to Fund Performance Data.

As at 31 January 2021, the Fund's exposure in collective investment schemes stood at 99.55% of the Fund's NAV, while the remaining balance was held in cash. During the period under review, the Provider had added exposure into Affin Hwang SGD Bond Fund.

Strategy Employed

The Fund had remained into a portfolio of Collective Investment Schemes (CIS) managed by the Provider. The Provider believes that the portfolio of CIS provides the PRS members with sufficient diversification across asset-classes and geographical reach that is necessary to mitigate concentration risk. The portfolio of investments is reviewed on a quarterly basis. Nevertheless, the Provider holds the flexibility to rebalance the portfolio, depending on prevailing market conditions.

Market Review

Global equities started 2021 on a strong note buoyed by policy easing and optimism surrounding global vaccination rollouts. However, the global recovery grew at an uneven pace as developed markets posted stronger gains compared to emerging markets.

Developed markets have managed to administer the vaccine at a quicker pace which led to a corresponding increase in mobility. The S&P 500 index pierced new highs in the year underpinned by a strong earnings rebound as businesses clambered to meet renewed demand.

However, the rally was tested by surging bond yields in the 1Q'2021 as well as the spectre of inflation that would spook investors for the rest of the year. Inflation vaulted strongly from a low-base effect as supply chain disruptions associated with the pandemic led to a sharp increase in input prices.

Markets were soothed initially by dovish comments from the US Federal Reserve which pledged to keep monetary policy accommodative. Fed Chair Jerome Powell held the view that inflation was transitionary and that supply-demand imbalances would begin to ease which would cool down inflation.

However with inflation proving stickier than expected, the Fed relented towards the end of year and pivoted towards a hawkish stance. At its policy meeting, the Fed signaled that it would start accelerating its tapering of bond purchases that would pave the way for 3 rate hikes in 2022.

Meanwhile in Asia, the broader MSCI Asia ex-Japan index ended the year down as the region reeled from the Delta variant that led to fresh lockdowns being imposed and a surge in hospitalization rates.

The region was also pulled down by weaker performance in China as authorities cast a wide regulatory dragnet which impacted a range of sectors including technology, education and e-commerce. This was part of a wider 'common prosperity' drive by Beijing to narrow the income gap and increase the political legitimacy of the Communist Party which celebrated its 100th anniversary in 2021.

On the domestic front, the local market mirrored regional losses with the benchmark KLCI closing lower in the year. A litany of concerns sent the stock market on a volatile path with fresh lockdowns, political instability as well as new taxes proposed under Budget 2022.

Political risks abated slightly with the appointment of Datuk Seri Ismail Sabri Yaakob as the 9th Prime Minister after securing the majority support of 114 MPs. The appointment provided some clarity by resolving the political impasse following the resignation of Tan Sri Muhyiddin Yassin who faced a turbulent tenure due to the mishandling of the pandemic as well as a rare royal rebuke.

Markets were also jolted when the government announced a one-off prosperity tax (Cukai Makmur) during the tabling of Budget 2022 for companies that earned super profits. This quelled the initial optimism from economic reopening as earnings forecasts are pared down.

However, the government made U-turns on other tax measures proposed under Budget 2022 including reinstating the exemption of all types of foreign incomes for individuals from tax as well as stamp duty cap. Markets were concerned that these initial measures would dampen sentiment and reduce market vibrancy as well as velocity of trading. However, the local market saw support on the back of easing policy headwinds as investors also price-in better growth prospects.

Coming into January 2022, the local market mirrored regional movements with the benchmark KLCI closing 3.5% lower during the month as a deepening tech rout dampened sentiment. Bursa Malaysia Technology Index slid by 15.3% in January as the sector was rattled by the Fed's hawkish pivot.

Investment Outlook

2022 is set to be a year of transition for markets as investors contend with normalization of growth rates and monetary policy tightening. We expect to see a lot of crosswinds and periods of transition especially with regards to policy.

Market environment is challenging given rising rates, slowing growth and waning earnings expectations. The key indicators of policies, growth and earnings have not inflected. That said, the positives are that valuations have become less excessive and sentiments have turned bearish.

Russia-Ukraine tension is also weighing on sentiments. However, history suggest that the market impact from geopolitical events tend to be short. Moving forward, we expect markets to shift the focus back to tighter monetary conditions and slowing growth.

While a total lockdown caused by the Omicron variant is not a base-case for now, there will probably be need to make adjustments as we go along. However, developments of new medical treatments such as oral pills can help in the fight against COVID. This would lay the planks for a more sustainable reopening of the economy once we have a complete medical arsenal that is effective against all known variants. There could also be room for the Fed to adjust policy should Omicron turn out to be more destructive than what the market anticipates.

After a wide regulatory dragnet was casted in 2021 by the Chinese government specifically on targeted sectors including education, technology, and e-commerce, recent policy signals by Beijing suggested that the worst of tightening cycle is over. We see the focus of policymakers shifting from that of regulatory tightening to now supporting growth as its economy wanes.

Back home, we believe that it will be a stock picker's market for local investors as Bursa languishes behind other regional peers. With foreign shareholding at an all-time low, much of the exuberance have faded especially on the back of a strong US dollar environment which makes emerging markets like Malaysia unattractive. Though, we view that domestic market will not be susceptible to sudden foreign outflows and that the direction of the market will be influenced more by local players that have grown massively in size and are looking for opportunities to deploy.

In terms of sector opportunities, we see banks as positive, benefit from a rising interest rate cycle as well as improvement in asset quality. Valuations of the sector is also attractive with banking stocks trading at a discount to its book value. Though seeing a lot of pressure now due to ESG headwinds especially pertaining to the welfare of foreign workers, technology and exporters are another key segment that could see potential upside underpinned by strong earnings visibility driven by secular growth trends such as 5G, electric vehicles (EV) and solar energy.

Against a volatile backdrop, we are cautiously positioned for 2022. On inflection points, we see retreating inflation, a less hawkish Fed policy, and subside Russia-Ukraine tension as potential turnarounds for the market to improve.

State of Affairs of the Fund

There is neither any significant change to the state affairs of the Fund nor any circumstances that materially affect any interests of the unit holders during the period under review.

Soft Commissions received from Brokers

As per the requirements of the Securities Commission's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds and Guidelines on Compliance Function for Fund Management Companies, soft commissions received from brokers/dealers may be retained by the management company only if the –

- (i) goods and services provided are of demonstrable benefit to Unit holders of the Fund; and
- (ii) goods and services are in the form of research and advisory services that assists in the decision making process.

During the financial period under review, the management company had received on behalf of the Fund, soft commissions in the form of research materials, data and quotation services, investment-related publications, market data feed and industry benchmarking agencies which are of demonstrable benefit to Unitholders of the Fund.

Cross Trade

No cross trade transactions have been carried out during the reported period.

SCHEME TRUSTEE'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF AFFIN HWANG PRS MODERATE FUND

We, CIMB Commerce Trustee Berhad being the Scheme Trustee of Affin Hwang PRS Moderate Fund ('the Fund') are of the opinion that Affin Hwang Asset Management Berhad ('the PRS Provider'), acting in the capacity as PRS Provider of the Fund, has fulfilled its duties in the following manner for the 6 months financial period ended 31 January 2022.

- a) The Fund has been managed in accordance with the limitations imposed on the investment powers of the PRS Provider under the Deeds, the Securities Commission Malaysia's Guidelines on Private Retirement Scheme, the Capital Markets and Services Act 2007 (as amended from time to time) and other applicable law;
- b) Valuation and pricing for the Fund has been carried out in accordance with the Deeds and relevant regulatory requirements;
- c) Creation and cancellation of units have been carried out in accordance with the Deeds and relevant regulatory requirements; and
- d) The distributions of income by the Fund is relevant and reflects the investment objectives of the Fund.

For and on behalf of CIMB Commerce Trustee Berhad

Lee Kooi Yoke Chief Executive Officer

Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia 15 March 2022

UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

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UNAUDITED INTERIM STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

	<u>Note</u>	6 months financial period ended 31.1.2022 RM	6 months financial period ended 31.1.2021 RM
INVESTMENT (LOSS)/INCOME			
Dividend income Interest income from financial assets		1,242,861	1,283,195
at amortised costs Net (loss)/gain on financial assets at fair value		3,149	2,814
through profit or loss	9	(11,678,707)	12,380,273
		(10,432,697)	13,666,282
EXPENSES			
Management fee Scheme Trustee fee Private Pension Administrator (PPA)	4 5	(1,062,450) (28,334)	(823,351) (21,961)
administration fee Auditors' remuneration Tax agent's fee Other expenses	6	(28,334) (4,285) (1,512) (2,062)	(21,961) (4,275) (1,509) (1,365)
		(1,126,977)	(874,422)
NET (LOSS)/PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		(11,559,674)	12,791,860
Taxation	7	-	
NET (LOSS)/PROFIT AFTER TAXATION AND TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS)/INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD		(11,559,674)	12,791,860
Net (loss)/profit after taxation is made up of the following:			
Realised amount Unrealised amount		1,517,378 (13,077,052)	2,617,127 10,174,733
		(11,559,674)	12,791,860

UNAUDITED INTERIM STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 JANUARY 2022

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2022</u> RM	<u>2021</u> RM
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents Amount due from Provider	10	188,574	170,887
- creation of units - management fee rebate receivable Financial assets at fair value through		477,981 164,445	419,592 144,634
profit or loss	9	140,857,003	127,566,224
TOTAL ASSETS		141,688,003	128,301,337
LIABILITIES			
Amount due to Provider - management fee Amount due to Scheme Trustee Amount due to PPA Auditors' remuneration Tax agent's fee Other payables and accruals TOTAL LIABILITIES		184,814 4,928 4,928 4,285 4,512 591 ———————————————————————————————————	160,089 4,269 4,269 4,275 4,509 5,026
		<u> </u>	
NET ASSET VALUE OF THE FUND		141,483,945	128,118,900
EQUITY			
Members' capital Retained earnings		127,198,615 14,285,330	101,984,586 26,134,314
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO MEMBERS		141,483,945	128,118,900
NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION	11	198,254,000	165,162,000
NET ASSET VALUE PER UNIT (RM)		0.7136	0.7757

UNAUDITED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

	Members' <u>capital</u> RM	Retained <u>earnings</u> RM	<u>Total</u> RM
Balance as at 1 August 2021	110,399,576	26,752,354	137,151,930
Total comprehensive loss for the financial period	_	(11,559,674)	(11,559,674)
Distribution (Note 8)	-	(907,350)	(907,350)
Movement in members' capital:			
Creation of units arising from applications	16,387,843	-	16,387,843
Creation of units arising from distribution	907,350	-	907,350
Cancellation of units	(496,154)	-	(496,154)
Balance as at 31 January 2022	127,198,615	14,285,330	141,483,945
Balance as at 1 August 2020	84,898,430	14,074,409	98,972,839
Total comprehensive income for the	- ,,	, ,	
financial period Distribution (Note 8)	-	12,791,860 (731,955)	12,791,860 (731,955)
Movement in members' capital:			
Creation of units arising from applications	16,787,293	-	16,787,293
Creation of units arising from distribution	731,955	-	731,955
Cancellation of units	(433,092)	-	(433,092)
Balance as at 31 January 2021	101,984,586	26,134,314	128,118,900

UNAUDITED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

	<u>Note</u>	6 months financial period ended 31.1.2022 RM	6 months financial period ended 31.1.2021 RM
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of investments Purchase of investments Dividends received Interest received Management fee rebate received Management fee paid Scheme Trustee's fee paid PPA fee paid Payment for other fees and expenses		2,420,000 (19,060,041) 1,242,861 3,149 941,165 (1,051,289) (28,037) (28,037) (12,126)	8,650,216 (25,780,411) 1,283,195 2,814 711,623 (787,111) (20,995) (20,995) (13,677)
Net cash flows used in operating activities		(15,572,355)	(15,975,341)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from creation of units Payments for cancellation of units		16,102,344 (496,154)	16,493,206 (433,092)
Net cash flows generated from financing activities		15,606,190	16,060,114
NET INORE ACE IN CACH			
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		33,835	84,773
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD		154,739	86,114
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD	10	188,574	170,887

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

The following accounting policies have been used in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements.

A BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except as disclosed in the summary of significant accounting policies and comply with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS").

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with MFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported financial period. It also requires the Provider to exercise their judgment in the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies. Although these estimates and judgment are based on the Provider's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may differ.

The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note I.

- (a) Standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations that are effective:
 - Amendments to MFRS 9, MFRS 139, MFRS 7, MFRS 4 and MFRS 16 'Interest Rate Benchmark (IBOR) Reform – Phase 2' (effective 1 January 2021) provide practical expedient allowing Funds to update the effective interest rate to account for any required changes in contractual cash flows that is a direct consequence of IBOR reform. This results in no immediate gain or loss recognised in profit or loss.

The amendments require entities to update the hedge documentation to reflect the changes required by the IBOR replacement. The amendments also provide reliefs that enable and require entities to continue hedge accounting in circumstances when changes in hedged items and hedging instruments are solely due to IBOR reform.

The adoption of the above standards, amendments to standards or interpretations did not have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

- (b) Standards and amendments that have been issued but not yet effective:
 - Amendments to MFRS 3 'Reference to Conceptual Framework' (effective 1 January 2022) replace the reference to Framework for Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements with 2018 Conceptual Framework.
 - Annual Improvements to MFRSs 2018 2020 Cycle (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022).
 - Amendments to MFRS 137 'onerous contracts—cost of fulfilling a contract' (effective 1
 January 2022) clarify that direct costs of fulfilling a contract include both the incremental cost
 of fulfilling the contract as well as an allocation of other costs directly related to fulfilling
 contracts.
 - Amendments to MFRS 101 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-current (effective 1
 January 2023) clarify that a liability is classified as non-current if an entity has a substantive
 right at the end of the reporting period to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the
 reporting period. A liability is classified as current if a condition is breached at or before the
 reporting date and a waiver is obtained after the reporting date.

The adoption of the above standards, amendments to standards or interpretations is not expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022 (CONTINUED)

B INCOME RECOGNITION

Dividend income

Dividend income for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as part of gross dividend income on the ex-dividend date, when the right to receive the dividend has been established.

Interest income

Interest income from short-term deposits with licensed financial institutions is recognised based on effective interest rate method on an accrual basis.

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for financial assets that subsequently become credit-impaired. For credit-impaired financial assets the effective interest rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (after deduction of the loss allowance).

Realised gains and losses on sale of investments

For collective investment schemes ("CIS"), realised gains and losses on sale of investments are accounted for as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the investments, determined on a weighted average cost basis.

C TAXATION

Current tax expense is determined according to the Malaysian tax laws at the current rate based upon the taxable profit earned during the financial period.

D DISTRIBUTION

A distribution to the Fund's members is accounted for as a deduction from realised reserve. A proposed distribution is recognised as a liability in the period in which it is approved by the Scheme Trustee of the Fund.

E FUNCTIONAL AND PRESENTATION CURRENCY

Items included in the financial statements of the Fund are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates (the "functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency.

F FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

(i) Classification

The Fund classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured at fair value through profit or loss, and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022 (CONTINUED)

F FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

(i) Classification (continued)

The Fund classifies its investments based on both the Fund's business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. The portfolio of financial assets is managed, and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis. The Fund is primarily focused on fair value information and uses that information to assess the assets' performance and to make decisions. The Fund has not taken the option to irrevocably designate any equity securities as fair value through other comprehensive income.

The contractual cash flows of the Fund's debt securities are solely principal and interest ("SPPI"). However, these securities are neither held for the purpose of collecting contractual cash flows nor held both for collecting contractual cash flows and for sale. The collection of contractual cash flows is only incidental to achieving the Fund's business model's objective. Consequently, all investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Investments in CIS have contractual cash flows that do not represent SPPI, and therefore are classified as fair value through profit or loss.

The Fund classifies cash and cash equivalents and amount due from Provider as financial assets at amortised cost as these financial assets are held to collect contractual cash flows that represent SPPI.

The Fund classifies amount due to Provider, amount due to Scheme Trustee, amount due to PPA, auditors' remuneration, tax agent's fee, and other payables and accruals as financial liabilities measured at amortised cost.

(ii) Recognition and measurement

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade-date – the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at fair value.

Financial liabilities, within the scope of MFRS 9, are recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when it is extinguished, i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expired.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' category is presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'net gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' in the period which they arise.

If a valuation based on the market price does not represent the fair value of the securities, for example during abnormal market conditions or when no market price is available, including in the event of a suspension in the quotation of the securities for a period exceeding 14 days, or such shorter period as agreed by the Scheme Trustee, then the securities are valued as determined in good faith by the Provider, based on the methods or basis approved by the Scheme Trustee after appropriate technical consultation.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022 (CONTINUED)

F FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

(ii) Recognition and measurement (continued)

Investment in CIS is valued at the last published net asset value ("NAV") per unit at the date of the statement of financial position.

Financial assets at amortised cost and other financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(iii) Impairment

The Fund's financial assets measured at amortised cost are subject to expected credit losses. The Fund measures credit risk and expected credit losses using probability of default, exposure at default and loss given default. Management considers both historical analysis and forward-looking information in determining any expected credit loss. Management considers the probability of default to be close to zero as these instruments have a low risk of default and the counterparties have a strong capacity to meet their contractual obligations in the near term. As a result, no loss allowance has been recognised based on 12 month expected credit losses as any such impairment would be wholly insignificant to the Fund.

Significant increase in credit risk

A significant increase in credit risk is defined by management as any contractual payment which is more than 30 days past due.

<u>Definition of default and credit-impaired financial assets</u>

The Fund defines a financial instrument as default, which is fully aligned with the definition of credit-impaired, when it meets one or more of the following criteria:

Quantitative criteria:

Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit impaired.

Qualitative criteria:

The debtor meets unlikeliness to pay criteria, which indicates the debtor is in significant financial difficulty. The Fund considers the following instances:

- the debtor is in breach of financial covenants
- concessions have been made by the lender relating to the debtor's financial difficulty
- it is becoming probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation
- the debtor is insolvent

Financial instruments that are credit-impaired are assessed on individual basis.

Write-off

The Fund writes off financial assets, in whole or in part, when it has exhausted all practical recovery efforts and has concluded there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. The assessment of no reasonable expectation of recovery is based on unavailability of debtor's sources of income or assets to generate sufficient future cash flows to repay the amount.

The Fund may write-off financial assets that are still subject to enforcement activity. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off will result in bad debt recoveries. There are no write-offs/recoveries during the financial period.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022 (CONTINUED)

G CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and bank balances and deposits held in highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

H MEMBERS' CAPITAL

The members' contributions to the Fund meet the criteria to be classified as equity instruments under MFRS 132 "Financial Instruments: Presentation". Those criteria include:

- the units entitle the member to a proportionate share of the Fund's net asset value;
- the units are the most subordinated class and class features are identical;
- there is no contractual obligations to deliver cash or another financial asset other than the obligation on the Fund to repurchase; and
- the total expected cash flows from the units over its life are based substantially on the profit or loss
 of the Fund.

The outstanding units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at each financial period if member exercises the right to put the unit back to the Fund.

Units are created and cancelled at prices based on the Fund's net asset value per unit at the time of creation or cancellation. The Fund's net asset value per unit is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to members with the total number of outstanding units. In accordance with the Securities Commission's ("SC") Guidelines on Private Retirement Schemes, investment positions are valued based on the last traded market price for the purpose of determining the net asset value per unit for creations and cancellations.

I CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Fund makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, rarely equal the related actual results. To enhance the information contents on the estimates, certain key variables that are anticipated to have material impacts to the Fund's results and financial position are tested for sensitivity to changes in the underlying parameters.

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated by the Provider and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

However, the Provider is of the opinion that there are no accounting policies which require significant judgment to be exercised.

In undertaking any of the Fund's investment, the Provider will ensure that all assets of the Fund under management will be valued appropriately, that is at fair value and in compliance with the SC's Guidelines on Private Retirement Schemes.

J REALISED AND UNREALISED PORTIONS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AFTER TAX

The analysis of realised and unrealised profit or loss after tax as presented on the statement of comprehensive income is prepared in accordance with SC's Guidelines on Private Retirement Schemes.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022

1 INFORMATION ON THE FUND

The Private Retirement Scheme ("PRS") was constituted under the name Hwang PRS Moderate Fund (the "Fund") pursuant to the execution of a Deed dated 25 October 2012 as modified by a Supplement Deed dated 17 June 2013, a Second Supplemental Deed dated 24 July 2014, a Third Supplemental Deed dated 17 October 2014, a Fourth Supplemental Deed dated 13 June 2016, a Restated Deed dated 18 December 2017 and First Supplemental Restated Deed dated 11 December 2020 (the "Deeds") entered into between Affin Hwang Asset Management Berhad (the "Provider") and CIMB Commerce Trustee Berhad (the "Scheme Trustee"). The Fund has changed its name from Hwang PRS Moderate Fund to Affin Hwang PRS Moderate Fund as amended by the Second Supplemental Deed dated 24 July 2014.

The Fund commenced operations on 2 November 2012 and will continue its operations until terminated by the Scheme Trustee as provided under Clause 14.4 of the Deed.

The Fund may invest in any of the following investment:

- a) Listed securities,
- b) Fixed deposit with Financial Institutions:
- c) Money market instruments such as negotiable certificates of deposits and bankers acceptance;
- d) Government bonds, treasury bills and other government approved or guaranteed bonds;
- e) Debentures including private debt securities and bonds;
- f) Structured products and equity linked notes;
- g) Units/ shares in collective investment schemes, both local and foreign;
- h) Derivatives; and
- i) Any other form of investments permitted by SC from time to time.

All investments will be subjected to the SC's Guidelines on Private Retirement Schemes, the Deeds and the objective of the Fund.

The main objective of the Fund is to seek income and capital growth from its investment to facilitate the accumulation of retirement savings for members' retirement needs.

The Provider is a company incorporated in Malaysia. The principal activities of the Provider are establishment and management of unit trust funds, exchange-traded funds and private retirement schemes as well as providing fund management services to private clients.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Provider on 15 March 2022.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

Financial instruments are as follows:

	<u>Note</u>	At amortised <u>cost</u> RM	At fair value through profit or loss RM	<u>Total</u> RM
2022				
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents Amount due from Provider	10	188,574	-	188,574
- creation of units		477,981	-	477,981
 management fee rebate receivable 		164,445	-	164,445
Collective investment schemes	9		140,857,003	140,857,003
Total		831,000	140,857,003	141,688,003
Financial liabilities				
Amount due to Provider				
- management fee		184,814	-	184,814
Amount due to Scheme Trustee		4,928	-	4,928
Amount due to PPA		4,928	-	4,928
Auditors' remuneration		4,285	-	4,285
Tax agent's fee		4,512	-	4,512
Other payables and accruals		591 		591
Total		204,058		204,058

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments are as follows: (continued)

	<u>Note</u>	At amortised <u>cost</u> RM	At fair value through profit or loss RM	<u>Total</u> RM
2021				
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents Amount due from Provider	10	170,887	-	170,887
- creation of units		419,592	-	419,592
- management fee rebate receivable		144,634	-	144,634
Collective investment schemes	9		127,566,224	127,566,224
Total		735,113	127,566,224	128,301,337
Financial liabilities				
Amount due to Provider				
- management fee		160,089	-	160,089
Amount due to Scheme Trustee		4,269	-	4,269
Amount due to PPA		4,269	-	4,269
Auditors' remuneration		4,275	-	4,275
Tax agent's fee		4,509	-	4,509
Other payables and accruals		5,026	-	5,026
Total		182,437		182,437

The Fund is exposed to a variety of risks which include market risk (including price risk and interest rate risk), credit risk, liquidity risk, capital risk and collective investment scheme risk.

Financial risk management is carried out through internal control processes adopted by the Provider and adherence to the investment restrictions as stipulated by the SC's Guidelines on Private Retirement Schemes.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Market risk

(a) Price risk

Price risk arises mainly from the uncertainty about future prices of investments. It represents the potential loss the Fund might suffer through holding market positions in the face of price movements. The Provider manages the risk of unfavourable changes in prices by continuous monitoring of the performance and risk profile of the investment portfolio.

The Fund's overall exposure to price risk was as follow:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
	RM	RM
Quoted investments		
Collective investment schemes	140,857,003	127,566,224

The following table summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's profit after taxation and net asset value to price risk movements. The analysis is based on the assumptions that the market price increased by 2% (2021: 7.5%) and decreased by 2% (2021: 7.5%) with all other variables held constant. This represents management's best estimate of a reasonable possible shift in CIS, having regard to the historical volatility of the prices.

% Change in price 2022	<u>Market value</u> RM	Impact on profit after tax/NAV RM
-2%	138,039,863	(2,817,140)
0%	140,857,003	-
+2%	143,674,143	2,817,140
<u>2021</u>		
-7.5%	117,998,757	(9,567,467)
0%	127,566,224	-
+7.5%	137,133,691	9,567,467

(b) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises from the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates on the fair value of financial assets and liabilities and future cash flows.

The Fund's exposure to the interest rate risk is mainly confined to short term placement with a financial institution. The Manager overcomes this exposure by way of maintaining deposits on short term basis.

The Fund's exposure to interest rate risk associated with deposits with licensed financial institutions is not material as deposits are held on a short-term basis.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the ability of an issuer or counterparty to make timely payments of interest, principals and proceeds from realisation of investments. The Provider manages the credit risk by undertaking credit evaluation to minimise such risk.

Credit risk arising from cash and bank balances is managed by ensuring that they are held by parties with credit rating of AA or higher.

The settlement terms of the proceeds from the creation of units' receivable from the Provider are governed by the SC's Guidelines on Private Retirement Schemes.

The following table sets out the credit risk concentration of the Fund:

<u>2022</u>	Cash and cash <u>equivalents</u> RM	Amount due from <u>Provider</u> RM	<u>Total</u> RM
Financial Services - AAA Others	188,574	-	188,574
- NR	-	642,426	642,426
	188,574	642,426	831,000
2021			
Financial Services - AAA	170,887	-	170,887
Others - NR		564,226	564,226
	170,887	564,226	735,113

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022 (CONTINUED)

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Liquidity risk

2

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations. The Provider manages this risk by maintaining sufficient level of liquid assets to meet anticipated payment and cancellations of unit by members. Liquid assets comprise cash, deposits with licensed financial institutions and other instruments, which are capable of being converted into cash within 7 days.

The table below analyses the Fund's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the statement of financial position date to the contractual maturity date.

The amounts in the table below are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

<u>2022</u>	Within <u>one month</u> RM	Between one month to one year RM	<u>Total</u> RM
Amount due to Provider - management fee Amount due to Scheme Trustee Amount due to PPA Auditors' remuneration Tax agent's fee Other payables and accrual	184,814 4,928 4,928 - - - - 194,670	4,285 4,512 591 	184,814 4,928 4,928 4,285 4,512 591 204,058
<u>2021</u>			
Amount due to Provider - management fee Amount due to Scheme Trustee Amount due to PPA Auditors' remuneration Tax agent's fee Other payables and accruals	160,089 4,269 4,269 - - -	4,275 4,509 5,026	160,089 4,269 4,269 4,275 4,509 5,026
	168,627	13,810	182,437

Capital risk

The capital of the Fund is represented by equity consisting of members' capital and retained earnings. The amount of equity can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily subscriptions and redemptions at the discretion of members. The Fund's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for members and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain a strong capital base to support the development of the investment activities of the Fund.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS. RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Collective investment scheme risk

This risk is associated with the Fund's investment in CIS exposing the Fund to the inherent investment risks faced by the CIS. The Fund may also be exposed to liquidity risk which may arise from the inability of the CIS to meet redemption amounts, as well as the risk of not being aligned with the Fund's mandate in the event the CIS that the Fund is invested into breaches it's asset allocation limits. Therefore, should any of the risks faced by the CIS materialised, the performance of the Fund will be affected.

3 FAIR VALUE ESTIMATION

Financial instruments comprise financial assets and financial liabilities. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The fair value of financial assets traded in active markets (such as trading securities) are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the period end date. The Fund utilises the current bid price for financial assets which falls within the bid-ask spread.

An active market is a market in which transactions for the asset take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

The fair value of financial assets that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques.

(i) Fair value hierarchy

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1)
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (Level 2)
- Inputs for the asset and liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (Level 3)

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. For this purpose, the significance of an input is assessed against the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a Level 3 measurement. Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.

The determination of what constitutes 'observable' requires significant judgment by the Fund. The Fund considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022 (CONTINUED)

3 FAIR VALUE ESTIMATION (CONTINUED)

(i) Fair value hierarchy (continued)

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the Fund's financial assets (by class) measured at fair value:

<u>2022</u>	<u>Level 1</u> RM	Level 2 RM	<u>Level 3</u> RM	<u>Total</u> RM
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss at inception - collective investment schemes	140,857,003			140,857,003
<u>2021</u>				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss at inception - collective investment schemes	127,566,224			127,566,224

Investments whose values are based on quoted market prices in active markets, and are therefore classified within Level 1, include collective investment schemes. The Fund does not adjust the quoted prices for these instruments.

(ii) The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, amount due from Provider and all current liabilities are a reasonable approximation of the fair values due to their short-term nature.

4 MANAGEMENT FEE

In accordance with the Deeds, the Provider is entitled to a management fee at a rate not exceeding 3.00% per annum on the NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis.

For the 6 months financial period ended 31 January 2022, the management fee is recognised at a rate of 1.50% (2021: 1.50%) per annum on the NAV of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis as stated in Disclosure Document.

There will be no further liability to the Provider in respect of management fee, other than the amounts recognised above.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022 (CONTINUED)

5 SCHEME TRUSTEE FEE

In accordance with the Deeds, the Scheme Trustee is entitled to an annual fee at a rate not exceeding 1.00% per annum on the NAV of the Fund.

For the 6 months financial period ended 31 January 2022, the Scheme Trustee's fee is recognised at a rate of 0.04% (2021: 0.04%) per annum on the NAV of the Fund calculated daily as stated in Disclosure Document.

There will be no further liability to the Scheme Trustee in respect of Scheme Trustee fee other than the amount recognised above.

6 PRIVATE PENSION ADMINISTRATOR ("PPA") ADMINISTRATION FEE

For the 6 months financial period ended 31 January 2022, the PPA administration fee is recognised at a rate of 0.04% (2021: 0.04%) per annum on the NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis.

There will be no further liability to the PPA in respect of the PPA administration fee other than the amount recognised above.

7 TAXATION

Current taxation – local	-
RM	RM
<u>31.1.2022</u>	31.1.2021
period ended	period ended
financial	financial
6 months	6 months

The numerical reconciliation between net (loss)/profit before taxation multiplied by the Malaysian statutory tax rate and tax expense of the Fund is as follows:

	6 months financial period ended 31.1.2022 RM	6 months financial period ended 31.1.2021 RM
Net (loss)/profit before taxation	(11,559,674)	12,791,860
Tax at Malaysian statutory rate of 24% (2021: 24%)	(2,774,322)	3,070,046
Tax effects of Investment loss disallowed from tax/		
(Investment income not subject to tax)	2,503,847	(3,279,908)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	244,855	189,926
Restriction on tax deductible for expenses for PRS Funds	25,620	19,936
Tax expense	-	-

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022 (CONTINUED)

8 DISTRIBUTION

	6 months financial period ended 31.1.2022 RM	6 months financial period ended 31.1.2021 RM
Distribution to members is from the following sources:		
Previous year's realised income	907,350	731,955
Gross realised income Less: expenses	907,350	731,955
Net distribution amount	907,350	731,955
Gross/Net distribution per unit (sen)	0.50	0.50
Ex-date	20.10.2021	21.10.2020

Gross distribution per unit is derived from gross realised income less expenses, divided by the number of units in circulation, while net distribution per unit is derived from gross realised income less expenses and taxation divided by the number of units in circulation.

Included in distribution for the financial period is an amount of RM907,350 (2021: RM731,955) made from previous year's realised income.

There are unrealised losses of RM13,077,052 during the 6 months financial period 31 January 2022 (2021: RM Nil).

9 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	<u>2022</u> RM	<u>2021</u> RM
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - collective investment schemes – local	140,857,003	127,566,224
Net (loss)/gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - realised gain on sale of investments - unrealised (loss)/gain on changes in fair value - management fee rebate on collective investment schemes#	448,608 (13,077,052) 949,737	1,462,515 10,174,733 743,025
	(11,678,707)	12,380,273

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022 (CONTINUED)

9 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

In arriving at the fair value of collective investment schemes, the management fee initially paid to the Manager of collective investment schemes have been considered as part of its net asset value. In order to prevent the double charging of management fee, which is not permissible under SC Guidelines, management fee charged on the Fund's investments in collective investment schemes have been refunded to the Fund. Accordingly, any rebate of management fee received from the Manager of collective investment schemes is reflected as an increase in the net asset value of the collective investment schemes.

(a) Collective investment schemes - local

(i) Collective investment schemes – local as at 31 January 2022 are as follows:

Name of counter	Quantity	Aggregate <u>cost</u> RM	Fair <u>value</u> RM	Percentage of NAV %
Affin Hwang Bond Fund Affin Hwang Select Asia (ex Japan)	27,296,740	16,388,819	16,159,670	11.42
Opportunity Fund - MYR Class Affin Hwang Select Asia Pacific (ex Japan)	11,701,265	8,267,480	9,958,946	7.04
Balanced Fund - MYR Class Affin Hwang Select Asia Pacific (ex Japan)	66,221,254	39,761,676	42,242,538	29.86
Dividend Fund - MYR Class	24,744,241	16,507,977	17,588,207	12.43
Affin Hwang Select Bond Fund - MYR Class	41,005,794	27,735,384	26,912,102	19.02
Affin Hwang SGD Bond Fund - MYR Class Affin Hwang World Series - China A	5,787,764	2,907,028	2,912,403	2.06
Opportunity Fund - MYR Class Affin Hwang World Series – Global	4,054,467	3,139,148	2,835,289	2.00
Equity Fund - MYR Class	23,545,188	17,037,233	22,247,848	15.73
Total collective investment schemes – local	204,356,713	131,744,745	140,857,003	99.56
Accumulated unrealised gain on collective Investment schemes – local		9,112,258		
Total collective investment schemes – local		140,857,003		

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022 (CONTINUED)

9 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

- (a) Collective investment schemes local (continued)
 - (ii) Collective investment schemes local as at 31 January 2021 are as follows:

Name of counter	Quantity	Aggregate <u>cost</u> RM	Fair <u>value</u> RM	Percentage of NAV %
Affin Hwang Bond Fund Affin Hwang Select Asia Pacific	20,885,010	12,588,024	12,844,281	10.02
(ex Japan) Balanced Fund - RM Class Affin Hwang Select Asia Pacific	55,100,631	32,161,786	38,801,864	30.29
(ex Japan) Dividend Fund - RM Class Affin Hwang Select Asia (ex Japan)	23,983,468	15,296,187	20,714,521	16.17
Opportunity Fund - MYR Class	11,009,354	7,270,234	11,374,864	8.88
Affin Hwang Select Bond Fund - RM Class Affin Hwang World Series - China A	32,401,352	21,775,929	22,784,631	17.78
Opportunity Fund – MYR Class Affin Hwang World Series - Global Equity	3,424,586	2,648,595	3,082,813	2.41
Fund - MYR Class	19,903,878	13,295,446	17,963,250	14.02
Total collective investment				
schemes – local	166,708,279	105,036,201	127,566,224	99.57
Accumulated unrealised gain on collective Investment schemes – local		22,530,023		
Total collective investment schemes – local		127,566,224		

10 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	<u>2022</u> RM	2021 RM
Cash and bank balances Deposits with a licensed financial institution	18,498 170,076	20,494 150,393
	188,574	170,887

Weighted average effective interest rates per annum of deposits with a licensed financial institution is as follows:

	<u>2022</u> %	<u>2021</u> %
Deposits with a licensed financial institution	1.75	1.75

Deposits with a licensed financial institution of the Fund have an average maturity of 3 days (2021: 1 day).

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022 (CONTINUED)

11 NUMBER OF UNIT IN CIRCULATION

	2022 No of units	2021 No of units
At the beginning of the financial period	176,026,000	141,820,000
Creation of units arising from application	21,692,433	22,913,714
Creation of units arising from distribution	1,193,567	1,024,286
Cancellation of units	(658,000)	(596,000)
At the end of the financial period	198,254,000	165,162,000

12 TRANSACTIONS WITH PROVIDER

(i) Details of transaction with the Provider for the 6 months financial period ended 31 January 2022 are as follows:

	Value	Percentage
	<u>of trade</u>	of total trade
	RM	%
Name of Provider		
Affin Hwang Asset Management Berhad#*	21,190,718	100.00

(ii) Details of transaction with the Provider for the 6 months financial period ended 31 January 2021 are as follows:

Value	Percentage
<u>of trade</u>	of total trade
RM	%
33,147,433	100.00
	of trade RM

There is no brokerage fee paid to the Provider during the financial period.

Included in the transactions with the Provider are trades conducted with Affin Hwang Asset Management Berhad, the Provider, amounting to RM21,190,718 (2021: RM33,147,433). The Provider is of the opinion that all transactions have been entered into in the normal course of business at agreed terms between the related parties.

^{*} Affin Hwang Asset Management Berhad, the Provider of the Fund, is the Manager of Affin Hwang Bond Fund, Affin Hwang Select Bond Fund, Affin Hwang Select Dividend Fund, Affin Hwang SGD Bond Fund, Affin Hwang Select Asia Pacific (ex Japan) Balanced Fund, Affin Hwang Select Asia Pacific (ex Japan) Dividend Fund, Affin Hwang Select Asia (ex Japan) Opportunity Fund, Affin Hwang World Series - China A Opportunity Fund, Affin Hwang World Series - Global Equity Fund, the CIS that the Fund invests in during the financial period ended.

Director of Affin Hwang Asset Management

Berhad

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022 (CONTINUED)

13 UNITS HELD BY THE PROVIDER AND PARTIES RELATED TO THE PROVIDER

The related parties of and their relationship with the Fund are as follows:

Related parties	Relationships
Lembaga Tabung Angkatan Tentera ("LTAT")	Ultimate holding corporate body of the Provider
Affin Bank Berhad ("ABB")	Penultimate holding company of the Provider
Affin Hwang Investment Bank Berhad	Holding company of the Provider
Affin Hwang Asset Management Berhad	The Provider
Subsidiaries and associated companies of ABB as disclosed in its financial statements	Subsidiary and associated companies of the penultimate holding company of the Provider as disclosed in its financial statements

The units held by the Provider and party related to the Provider as at the end of the financial period are as follows:

Director of the Provider

		2022		2021
The Provider:	No. of Units	RM	No. of. Unit	RM
Affin Hwang Asset Management Berhad (The units are held legally for booking purposes)	7,327	5,229	3,326	2,580
<u>Director of the Provider</u> :				
Director of Affin Hwang Asset Management Berhad (The units are held beneficially)	47,909	34,188		

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 JANUARY 2022 (CONTINUED)

14 MANAGEMENT EXPENSE RATIO ("MER")

6 months financial period ended 31.1.2022 % 50.80 0.80

MER

MER = $(A + B + C + D + E + F) \times 100$ G

MER is derived from the following calculation:

A = Management fee, excluding management fee rebate

B = Scheme Trustee fee
C = PPA administration fee
D = Auditors' remuneration
E = Tax agent's fee

E = Tax agent's fee F = Other expenses

G = Average NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis

The average NAV of the Fund for the financial period calculated on a daily basis is RM140,468,356 (2021: RM109,112,196).

15 PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

fi period	months nancial ended 1.2022	6 months financial period ended 31.1.2021
PTR (times)	0.07	0.15

PTR is derived from the following calculation:

 $\frac{(Total\ acquisition\ for\ the\ financial\ period\ +\ total\ disposal\ for\ the\ financial\ period)\ \div\ 2}{Average\ NAV\ of\ the\ Fund\ for\ the\ financial\ period\ calculated\ on\ a\ daily\ basis}$

where: total acquisition for the financial period = RM19,060,041 (2021: RM25,780,411) total disposal for the financial period = RM1,971,392 (2021: RM7,187,701)

16 SIGNIFICANT EVENT DURING THE FINANCIAL PERIOD

The worsening macro-economic outlook as a result of Covid-19, both domestically and globally, has resulted in the deterioration of the Fund's Net Asset Value/unit as of the date of this report. This is mainly due to the decrease in the fair value of the Fund's investments at fair value through profit or loss.

The Provider is monitoring the situation closely and will be actively managing the portfolio to achieve the Fund's objective.

STATEMENT BY THE PROVIDER

I, Dato' Teng Chee Wai, for and on behalf of the board of directors of the Provider, **Affin Hwang Asset Management Berhad**, do hereby state that in the opinion of the Provider, the financial statements set out on pages 1 to 24 are drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Deeds and give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 31 January 2022 and of its financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows for the financial period ended 31 January 2022 in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

For and on behalf of the Provider, **AFFIN HWANG ASSET MANAGEMENT BERHAD**

DATO' TENG CHEE WAI EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR/MANAGING DIRECTOR

Kuala Lumpur 15 March 2022

DIRECTORY OF SALES OFFICE

HEAD OFFICE

Affin Hwang Asset Management Berhad Ground Floor Tel: 03 - 2116 6000 Fax: 03 - 2116 6100 Menara Boustead

69, Jalan Raja Chulan Toll free no: 1-800-88-7080

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PENANG

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PERAK

Affin Hwang Asset Management Berhad

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MELAKA

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75000 Melaka Fax: 06 - 281 2937

JOHOR

Affin Hwang Asset Management Berhad

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80000 Johor Bahru Tel: 07 - 227 8999 Johor Darul Takzim Fax: 07 - 223 8998

SABAH

Affin Hwang Asset Management Berhad

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DIRECTORY OF SALES OFFICE (CONTINUED)

SARAWAK

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