

ANNUAL REPORT 30 November 2023

AHAM Single Bond Series 1

MANAGER AHAM Asset Management Berhad 199701014290 (429786-T) TRUSTEE CIMB Commerce Trustee Berhad (313031-A)

Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements For Financial Year Ended 30 November 2023

Contents	Page
FUND INFORMATION	III
FUND PERFORMANCE DATA	IV
MANAGER'S REPORT	V
TRUSTEE'S REPORT	X
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
DIRECTORY OF SALES OFFICE	

FUND INFORMATION

Fund Name	AHAM Single Bond Series 1
Fund Type	Income
Fund Category	Bond (Wholesale)
Investment Objective	The Fund aims to provide regular income over the medium to long term period
Benchmark	12-month Malayan Banking Berhad Fixed Deposit Rate
Distribution Policy	Subject to the availability of income, the Fund will provide distribution on an annual basis

FUND PERFORMANCE DATA

Category	As at 30 Nov 2023 (%)	As at 30 Nov 2022 (%)	As at 30 Nov 2021 (%)
Portfolio composition	20.42	400.07	04.40
Unquoted fixed income securities – foreign Cash & cash equivalent	90.12 9.88	100.07 0.00	94.19 5.81
Total	100.00	100.07*	100.00
Total NAV (RM'million)	94.9325	171.521	131.973
NAV per Unit (RM)	0.8482	0.8445	0.9962
Unit in Circulation (million)	111.9210	203.103	132.474
Highest NAV	0.9622	1.0292	1.0782
Lowest NAV	0.7712	0.7739	0.9962
Return of the Fund (%)	4.22	-9.13	3.07
- Capital Growth (%)	0.44	-15.23	-3.60
- Income Distribution (%)	3.77	7.19	6.92
Gross Distribution per Unit (sen)	3.94	6.27	6.91
Net Distribution per Unit (sen)	3.05	6.27	6.91
Total Expense Ratio (%) ¹	0.59	0.63	0.57
Portfolio Turnover Ratio (times) ²	0.40	0.23	0.20

Basis of calculation and assumption made in calculating the returns:-

The performance figures are a comparison of the growth/decline in Net Asset Value ("NAV") for the stipulated period taking into account all the distribution payable (if any) during the stipulated period.

An illustration of the above would be as follow:-

Capital return = NAV per Unit end / NAV per Unit begin – 1

Income return = Income distribution per Unit / NAV per Unit ex-date

Total return = $(1+Capital return) \times (1+Income return) - 1$

¹ The TER of the Fund was lower than previous year due to lower expenses incurred by the Fund during the financial year.

² The PTR of the Fund was higher than previous year due to lower average NAV of the Fund for the financial year.

^{*}Total foreign unquoted fixed income securities holdings was over 100% due to the timing of settlements.

Income Distribution / Unit Split

The Net Asset Value per unit prior and subsequent to the distribution was as follows:-

Cum Date	Ex-Date	Cum- distribution (RM)	Distribution per Unit (RM)	Ex-distribution (RM)
02-Oct-23	03-Oct-23	0.8626	0.0120	0.8495
27-Mar-23	28-Mar-23	0.8188	0.0185	0.7965
26-Sep-22	27-Sep-22	0.8825	0.0300	0.8426
24-Mar-22	25-Mar-22	0.9727	0.0327	0.9321
26-Sep-21	27-Sep-21	1.0585	0.0350	1.0217
25-Mar-21	26-Mar-21	1.0524	0.0341	1.0100

Income Breakdown

Class	Ex-Date	Income (per unit) (sens / cents)	Income (%)	Capital (per unit) (sens / cents)	Capital (%)
MYR	03-Oct-23	1.2000	100	-	-
MYR	28-Mar-23	1.8500	100	-	-
MYR	27-Sep-22	3.0000	100	-	-
MYR	25-Mar-22	3.2700	100	-	-
MYR	27-Sep-21	3.5000	100	-	-
MYR	26-Mar-21	3.4100	100	-	-

No unit split were declared for the financial year ended 30 November 2023.

Fund Performance

Table 1: Performance of the Fund

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	1 Year	3 Years	Since Commencement
	(1/12/22 - 30/11/23)	(1/12/20 - 30/11/23)	(28/6/19 - 30/11/23)
Fund	4.22%	(2.39%)	9.87%
Benchmark	2.86%	7.03%	10.96%
Outperformance	1.36%	(9.42%)	(1.09%)

Source of Benchmark: Bloomberg

Table 2: Average Total Return

	1 Year (1/12/22 - 30/11/23)	3 Years (1/12/20 - 30/11/23)	Since Commencement (28/6/19 - 30/11/23)
Fund	4.22%	(0.80%)	2.15%
Benchmark	2.86%	2.29%	2.38%
Outperformance	1.36%	(3.09%)	(0.23%)

Source of Benchmark: Bloomberg

Table 3: Annual Total Return

	FYE 2023 (1/12/22 - 30/11/23)	FYE 2022 (1/12/21 - 30/11/22)	FYE 2021 (1/12/20 - 30/11/21)	FYE 2020 (28/6/19 - 30/11/20)
Fund	4.22%	(9.13%)	3.07%	12.55%
Benchmark	2.86%	2.16%	1.85%	3.67%
Outperformance	1.36%	(11.29%)	1.22%	8.88%

Source of Benchmark: Bloomberg

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and that Unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.

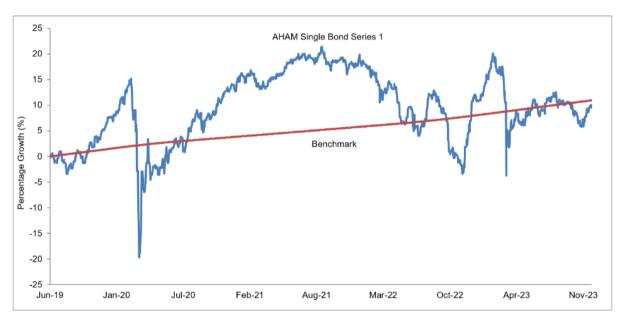
MANAGER'S REPORT

Performance Review (1 December 2022 to 30 November 2023)

For the period 1 December 2022 to 30 November 2023, the Fund registered a 4.22% return compared to the benchmark return of 2.86%. The Fund thus outperformed the Benchmark by 1.36%. The Net Asset Value per unit ("NAV") of the Fund as at 30 November 2023 was RM0.8482 while the NAV as at 30 November 2022 was RM0.8445. During the period under review, the Fund has declared a total income distribution of RM0.0305 per unit.

Since commencement, the Fund has registered a return of 9.87% compared to the benchmark return of 10.96%, underperforming by 1.09%.

Figure 1: Movement of the Fund versus the Benchmark since commencement.



[&]quot;This information is prepared by AHAM Asset Management Berhad for information purposes only. Past earnings or the fund's distribution record is not a guarantee or reflection of the fund's future earnings/future distributions. Investors are advised that unit prices, distributions payable and investment returns may go down as well as up. Source of Benchmark is from Bloomberg."

Benchmark: 12-month Malayan Banking Berhad Fixed Deposit Rate

Asset Allocation

As at 30 November 2023, the asset allocation of the Fund stood at 90.12% of the Fund's NAV in fixed income securities, while the remaining were in cash or cash equivalents.

Strategies Employed

The Fund invests solely into a single bond paper and aims to provide regular income over the medium to long term period. The Fund intends to remain highly invested during normal market conditions, however, given the high degree of market volatility and uncertainty, the Fund has maintained significantly higher levels of cash throughout the year.

Market Review

Markets was volatile throughout the year admist the US Federal Reserve's ("Fed") battle to tame inflation. The U.S. engaged in a tightening monetary policy stance, raising policy rates in Federal Open Market Committee ("FOMC") meetings by 5% from the March 2022 to November 2023. In a notable shift in tone towards the end of the year, Fed Chair Jerome Powell struck a dovish chord, acknowledging that tighter U.S. monetary policy was slowing down the economy. While he stated that it is premature to discuss rate cuts, he adds that current rates are "well into restrictive territory" and that the balance of risks between overtightening or hiking enough to control inflation appears "more balanced". This has resulted in market consensus that the Fed interest rate hikes have come to an end. U.S. market also advanced strongly in November 2023 following a decline in October inflation data to 3.2% from 3.7% in September.

The journey, however, was not smooth for investors throughout the year. The economic fallout from the pandemic alongside the various conflicts that took place in 2023 has disrupted supply chains and commodity markets. Central banks were faced with the challenge to rein in sticky inflation levels, contributed by supply-demand imbalances, volatility in energy prices, the economic stimulus from the pandemic as well as Hamas – Israel conflict in the middle east.

Although the sharp pace of policy tightening did not catalyse a recession as investors anticipated entering 2023, it inadvertently played a role in destabilising the banking sector this year. Signs of tension in the banking sector from the accelerated increase in policy rates were visible in March this year as the fallout of Silicon Valley Bank ("SVB") and several other regional U.S. banks. The fallout of SVB had a spillover effect onto the global financial institutions, as it led to the acquisition of Credit Suisse by UBS, which was orchestrated by the Swiss Financial Market Supervisory Authority ("FINMA"). The orchestration also lead to an unprecendent and controversial decision by FINMA on 19 March 2023 to write down CHF16 billion of Credit Suisse's Additional Tier 1 ("AT1") securities, sending shockwave across the global bond markets, and sending Central Banks across the world to reassure that bondholders will be prioritised over shareholders; and will continue abide by the hiereachy of claims in liquidation.

In addition to fractures in the banking sector, other notable events in 2023 included the concern of U.S. approaching its debt ceiling in January, failing which to reach a consensus to suspend or raise the limit could result in a catastrophic default. However, investors heaved a sigh of relief after lawmakers passed a bill to raise the debt ceiling, in a deal that included concessions on spending expected to have limited effect on economic growth. Despite narrowly avoiding a default, the U.S. did not escape unscathed as Fitch Ratings downgraded its rating on U.S. debt, quoting in a press release "The repeated debt-limit political standoffs and last-minute resolutions have eroded confidence in fiscal management".

Investment Outlook

Since the acquisition of Credit Suisse by UBS, major institutions like UBS, Barclays PLC, HSBC Holdings PLC, Standard Chartered PLC and Societe Generale SA have continued to call their AT1 issuances on their first call dates. This reflects strong capital discipline, enabling them to uphold regulatory capital thresholds, even amidst economic and financial market uncertainties. This show of commitment, particularly in a high-interest-rate landscape, bolstered investor confidence.

HSBC has continued to perform well on its profitability and balance sheet metrics. Despite the challenges in the global financial market, HSBC Holding PLC has demonstrated stronger reported earnings. In its 3Q2023 results, the Profit before Tax rose by \$4.5 billion to \$7.7 billion, largely a result of a higher interest rate environment. Its Net Interest Margin of 1.7% increased by 19 basis points compared to a year ago while its expected credit losses ("ECL") of \$1.1 billion were fairly In line with 3Q2023. Its third quarter ECL were 32bps of average gross loans while the Management continued to guide 40bps for 2023 and 30-40bps over the

medium to long term. This fosters confidence in the bank's consistent ability to meet its coupon payment obligations for the AT1 bonds held by the fund.

HSBC's Common Equity Tier 1 ("CET1") ratio has strengthened over the quarter to 14.9% with the bank's liquidity coverage ratio following suit as well, increasing to 134%. The Bank has targeted a CET1 ratio of 14% to 14.5% in the medium term and aims to manage the ratio downwards in the longer term through dividend payouts and further share buyback initiatives of up to USD3 billion, which was revised upwards from previous quarter of USD2 billion. Nonetheless, these targeted levels continued to reflect relatively high levels of capital. Its liquidity metrics have remained fairly stable; its Liquidity Coverage Ratio was 134% from 132% a quarter ago.

In summary, these results bolster confidence in HSBC's ability to manage challenges and sustain strong performance. The Bank's commitment to responsible financial management, strategic actions, and risk mitigation strategies positions it well for ongoing performance.

State of Affairs of the Fund

There is neither any significant change to the state affairs of the Fund nor any circumstances that materially affect any interests of the unit holders during the period under review.

Soft Commissions received from Brokers

Soft commissions received from brokers/dealers may be retained by the management company only if the :-

- (i) goods and services provided are of demonstrable benefit to Unit holders of the Fund; and
- (ii) goods and services are in the form of research and advisory services that assists in the decision making process.

During the financial period under review, no soft commission was received by the Manager on behalf of the Fund.

Cross Trade

No cross trade transactions have been carried out during the reported period.

Securities Financing Transactions

The Fund has not undertaken any securities lending or repurchase transactions during the financial year under review.

Changes Made To the Fund's Information Memorandum

There were no changes made to the Fund's Information Memorandum during the financial year under review.

TRUSTEE'S REPORT

TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF AHAM SINGLE BOND SERIES 1 ("Fund")

We have acted as Trustee of the Fund for the financial year ended 30 November 2023 and we hereby confirm to the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, **AHAM Asset Management Berhad** has operated and managed the fund during the year covered by these financial statements in accordance with the following:

- 1. Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the Management Company under the Deeds, securities laws and the the Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework;
- 2. Valuation and pricing are carried out in accordance with the Deeds; and
- 3. Any creation and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the Deeds and any regulatory requirement.

We are of the opinion that the distributions of income by the Fund are appropriate and reflects the investment objective of the Fund.

For CIMB Commerce Trustee Berhad

Datin Ezreen Eliza binti Zulkiplee Chief Executive Officer

Kuala Lumpur

Date: 31 January 2024

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2023

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2023

CONTENTS	PAGE (S)
STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	1
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION	2 - 3
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY	4
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	5
SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES	6 - 13
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	14 - 36
STATEMENT BY THE MANAGER	37
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	38 - 41

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2023

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2023</u> USD	<u>2022</u> USD
INVESTMENT INCOME/(LOSS)			
Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost		97,447	31,137
Interest income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Net loss on foreign currency exchange		1,873,719 (1,212,387)	2,139,839 (279,727)
Net loss on forward foreign currency contracts at fair value through profit or loss Net (loss)/gain on currency swaps at fair value	13	-	(27,565)
through profit or loss Net gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value	14	(130,168)	267,147
through profit or loss	11	61,807	(6,666,418)
		690,418	(4,535,587)
EXPENSES			
Management fee	4	(142,916)	(167,973)
Trustee fee Fund accounting fee	5 6	(11,473) (2,861)	(13,460) (2,743)
Auditors' remuneration		(1,817)	(1,897)
Tax agent's fee Other expenses	10	(795) (10,752)	(830) (27,246)
·		(170,614)	(214,149)
NET PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION		519,804	(4,749,736)
Taxation	8	(481,222)	(411,995)
NET PROFIT/(LOSS) AFTER TAXATION AND TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		20 502	(F 161 721)
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		38,582	(5,161,731)
Net profit/(loss) after taxation is made up of the following:			
Realised amount Unrealised amount		18,322,437 (18,283,855)	1,508,186 (6,669,917)
		38,582	(5,161,731)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2023

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2023</u> USD	<u>2022</u> USD
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	12	3,568,723	912,060
Amount due from Manager - creation of units		-	1,105
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	11	18,362,062	38,642,502
Currency swaps at fair value through profit or loss	14	-	405,244
TOTAL ASSETS		21,930,785	39,960,911
LIABILITIES			
Currency swaps at fair value through profit or loss Amount due to Manager	14	1,245,138	780,622
- management fee - cancellation of units		8,375 167,573	14,697 114,989
Amount due to Trustee		670	1,176
Auditors' remuneration Tax agent's fee		1,817 795	1,897 830
Other payables and accruals		402	20,231
Tax payable		72,978	286,861
Deferred tax liabilities	9	56,914	125,134
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,554,662	1,346,437
NET ASSET VALUE OF THE FUND		20,376,123	38,614,474
EQUITY			
Unitholders' capital Accumulated losses		22,801,810 (2,425,687)	40,101,826 (1,487,352)
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS		20,376,123	38,614,474

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2023</u> USD	<u>2022</u> USD
NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION - MYR-Hedged class	15	111,921,000	203,103,000
NET ASSET VALUE PER UNIT (USD) - MYR-Hedged class		0.1821	0.1901
NET ASSET VALUE PER UNIT IN RESPECTIVE CURRENCY - MYR-Hedged class		RM0.8482	RM0.8445

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2023

	Unitholders' <u>capital</u> USD	Accumulated <u>losses</u> USD	<u>Total</u> USD
Balance as at 1 December 2022	40,101,826	(1,487,352)	38,614,474
Total comprehensive income for the financial year	-	38,582	38,582
Distributions (Note 7)	-	(976,917)	(976,917)
Movement in unitholders' capital:			
Creation of units arising from distributions	191,387	-	191,387
Cancellation of units	(17,491,403)	-	(17,491,403)
Balance as at 30 November 2023	22,801,810	(2,425,687)	20,376,123
Balance as at 1 December 2021	25,418,911	5,984,545	31,403,456
Total comprehensive loss for the financial year	-	(5,161,731)	(5,161,731)
Distributions (Note 7)	-	(2,310,166)	(2,310,166)
Movement in unitholders' capital:			
Creation of units arising from applications	16,796,891	-	16,796,891
Creation of units arising from distributions	305,690	-	305,690
Cancellation of units	(2,419,666)	-	(2,419,666)
Balance as at 30 November 2022	40,101,826	(1,487,352)	38,614,474

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2023

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2023</u> USD	<u>2022</u> USD
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of investments Purchase of investments Interest received Management fee paid Trustee fee paid Fund accounting fee paid Payment for other fees and expenses Net realised loss on forward foreign currency contracts Net realised gain on currency swaps Net realised gain/(loss) on foreign currency exchange Tax paid		20,102,130 2,211,283 (149,238) (11,979) (2,861) (33,309) - 739,592 19,221,939 (763,325)	(15,561,131) 2,000,854 (166,595) (13,349) (2,743) (9,858) (31,697) 267,304 (253,655)
Net cash flows generated from/(used in) operating activities		41,314,232	(13,770,870)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from creation of units Payments for cancellation of units Payments for distributions		1,105 (17,438,819) (785,530)	16,795,786 (2,307,327) (2,004,476)
Net cash flows (used in)/generated from financing activities		(18,223,244)	12,483,983
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		23,090,988	(1,286,887)
EFFECTS OF FOREIGN CURRENCY EXCHANGE		(20,434,325)	(26,072)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR		912,060	2,225,019
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	12	3,568,723	912,060

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2023

The following accounting policies have been used in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements.

A BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS") and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative financial instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with MFRS and IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reported financial year. It also requires the Manager to exercise their judgment in the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies. Although these estimates and judgment are based on the Manager's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may differ.

The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note K.

- (a) Standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations that are effective:
 - Amendments to MFRS 3 'Reference to Conceptual Framework' (effective 1 January 2022) replace the reference to Framework for Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements with 2018 Conceptual Framework.
 - Annual Improvements to MFRSs 2018 2020 Cycle (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022).
 - Amendments to MFRS 137 'Onerous contracts cost of fulfilling a contract' (effective 1 January 2022) clarify that direct costs of fulfilling a contract include both the incremental cost of fulfilling the contract as well as an allocation of other costs directly related to fulfilling contracts.

The adoption of the above standards, amendments to standards or interpretations did not have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

- (b) Standards and amendments that have been issued but not yet effective:
 - Amendments to MFRS 101 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-current' (effective 1 January 2024) clarify that liabilities are classified as either current or non-current, depending on the rights that exist at the end of the reporting period. Classification is unaffected by the entity's expectations or events after the reporting date (e.g. the receipt of a waiver or a breach of covenant). In addition, the amendments clarify that when a liability could be settled by the transfer of an entity's own equity instruments (e.g. a conversion option in a convertible bond), conversion option meeting the definition of an equity instrument in MFRS 132 'Financial Instruments: Presentation' does not impact the current or non-current classification of the convertible instrument.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

A BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Standards and amendments that have been issued but not yet effective: (continued)

The amendments also specify that covenants of loan arrangements which an entity must comply with only after the reporting date would not affect classification of a liability as current or non-current at the reporting date. However, those covenants that an entity is required to comply with on or before the reporting date would affect classification of a liability as current or non-current, even if the covenant is only assessed after the reporting date.

The adoption of the above standards, amendments to standards or interpretations is not expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

B INCOME RECOGNITION

Interest income

Interest income from short-term deposits with licensed financial institutions and unquoted fixed income securities are recognised based on effective interest rate method on an accrual basis.

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that subsequently become credit-impaired. For credit-impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (after deduction of the loss allowance).

Realised gains and losses on sale of investments

For unquoted fixed income securities, realised gains and losses on sale of investments are accounted for as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of investments, determined on cost adjusted for accretion of discount or amortisation of premium on investments.

Realised gains and losses on currency swaps

Realised gain or loss on currency swaps are measured by the net profit income and expense as per the currency swap contract.

C DISTRIBUTIONS

A distribution to the Fund's unitholders is accounted for as a deduction from realised reserve. A proposed distribution is recognised as a liability in the period in which it is approved by the Trustee of the Fund.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

D TAXATION

Tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred income tax.

Tax on investment income from foreign investments is based on the tax regime of the respective countries that the Fund invests in.

The income tax expense or credit for the year is the tax payable on the current year's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax expense is determined according to the Malaysian tax laws at the current rate based upon the taxable profit earned during the financial year.

Deferred tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the amounts attributed to assets and liabilities for tax purposes and their carrying amounts in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses or unused tax credits can be utilised.

Deferred and current tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

E FUNCTIONAL AND PRESENTATION CURRENCY

Items included in the financial statements of the Fund are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates (the "functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in United States Dollar ("USD"), which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency.

F FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

G FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

(i) Classification

The Fund classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured at fair value through profit or loss, and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The Fund classifies its investments based on both the Fund's business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. The portfolio of financial assets is managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis. The Fund is primarily focused on fair value information and uses that information to assess the assets' performance and to make decisions. The Fund has not taken the option to irrevocably designate any equity securities as financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The contractual cash flows of the Fund's debt securities are solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI"). However, these securities are neither held for the purpose of collecting contractual cash flows nor held both for collecting contractual cash flows and for sale. The collection of contractual cash flows is only incidental to achieving the Fund's business model's objective. Consequently, all investments and derivatives not designated as hedging instruments are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The Fund classifies cash and cash equivalents and amount due from Manager as financial assets measured at amortised cost as these financial assets are held to collect contractual cash flows consisting of the amount outstanding.

The Fund classifies amount due to Manager, amount due to Trustee, payables for auditors' remuneration, tax agent's fee and other payables and accruals as financial liabilities measured at amortised cost.

(ii) Recognition and measurement

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade-date – the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at fair value.

Financial liabilities, within the scope of MFRS 9, are recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Financial liabilities are de-recognised when it is extinguished, i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expired.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

G FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

(ii) Recognition and measurement (continued)

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' category including the effects of foreign currency exchange transactions are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'net gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' in the period which they arise.

Unquoted fixed income securities including money market instruments denominated in foreign currencies are revalued at least twice a week by reference to the mid price quoted in Bloomberg using the Composite Bloomberg Bond Trader ("CBBT") which is a weighted average bid and ask of price contributions submitted by Bloomberg Dealers. However, if such quotations are not available, the fair value shall be determined by reference to the bid and offer prices quoted by independent and reputable financial institutions.

Financial assets at amortised cost and other financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(iii) Impairment

The Fund's financial assets measured at amortised cost are subject to expected credit losses. The Fund measures credit risk and expected credit losses using probability of default, exposure at default and loss given default. Management considers both historical analysis and forward-looking information in determining any expected credit loss. Management considers the probability of default to be close to zero as these instruments have a low risk of default and the counterparties have a strong capacity to meet their contractual obligations in the near term. As a result, no loss allowance has been recognised based on 12-month and lifetime expected credit losses as any such impairment would be wholly insignificant to the Fund.

Significant increase in credit risk

A significant increase in credit risk is defined by management as any contractual payment which is more than 30 days past due.

Definition of default and credit-impaired financial assets

The Fund defines a financial instrument as default, which is fully aligned with the definition of credit-impaired, when it meets one or more of the following criteria:

Quantitative criteria:

Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit-impaired.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

G FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

(iii) Impairment (continued)

Definition of default and credit-impaired financial assets (continued)

Qualitative criteria:

The debtor meets unlikeliness to pay criteria, which indicates the debtor is in significant financial difficulty. The Fund considers the following instances:

- the debtor is in breach of financial covenants;
- concessions have been made by the lender relating to the debtor's financial difficulty;
- it is becoming probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization; and
- the debtor is insolvent.

Financial instruments that are credit-impaired are assessed on individual basis.

Write-off

The Fund writes off financial assets, in whole or in part, when it has exhausted all practical recovery efforts and has concluded there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. The assessment of no reasonable expectation of recovery is based on unavailability of debtor's sources of income or assets to generate sufficient future cash flows to repay the amount.

The Fund may write off financial assets that are still subject to enforcement activity. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off will result in bad debt recoveries. There are no write-offs/recoveries during the financial year.

H CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and bank balances and deposits held in highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

I DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

A derivative financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to both a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

The Fund's derivative financial instruments comprise currency swaps. Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at their fair value. Financial derivative position will be "marked to market" at the close of each valuation day. Foreign exchange gains and losses on the derivative financial instrument are recognised in profit or loss when settled or at the date of the statement of financial position at which time they are included in the measurement of the derivative financial instrument. Derivative instruments that have a positive fair value and negative fair value are presented as financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss and financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss, respectively.

The fair value of currency swaps are determined using the present value of future cash flows based on observable yield curves at the date of statement of financial position date.

The method of recognising the resulting gains or losses depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument, and the nature of the item being hedged. Derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting are classified as financial assets/liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss.

J UNITHOLDERS' CAPITAL

The unitholders' contributions to the Fund meet the criteria to be classified as equity instruments under MFRS 132 'Financial Instruments: Presentation'. Those criteria include:

- the units entitle the holder to a proportionate share of the Fund's net asset value ("NAV");
- the units are the most subordinated class and class features are identical;
- there is no contractual obligations to deliver cash or another financial asset other than the obligation on the Fund to repurchase; and
- the total expected cash flows from the units over its life are based substantially on the profit or loss of the Fund.

The outstanding units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at each financial year if a unitholder exercise the right to put the unit back to the Fund.

Units are created and cancelled at the unitholders' option at prices based on the Fund's NAV per unit at the time of creation or cancellation. The Fund's NAV per unit is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to unitholders with the total number of outstanding units.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

K CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Fund makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, rarely equal the related actual results. To enhance the information contents on the estimates, certain key variables that are anticipated to have material impacts to the Fund's results and financial position are tested for sensitivity to changes in the underlying parameters.

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated by the Manager and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

In undertaking any of the Fund's investment, the Manager will ensure that all assets of the Fund under management will be valued appropriately, that is at fair value and in compliance with the Securities Commission's ("SC") Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework.

Functional currency

Due to mixed factors in determining the functional currency of the Fund, the Manager has used its judgment to determine the functional currency that most faithfully represent the economic effects of the underlying transactions, events and conditions and have determined the functional currency to be in USD primarily due to the following factors:

- (i) The Fund's sole investment is in an unquoted fixed income security denominated in USD.
- (ii) Significant portion of the Fund's expenses are denominated in USD.

L REALISED AND UNREALISED PORTIONS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AFTER TAX

The analysis of realised and unrealised profit or loss after tax as presented on the statement of comprehensive income is prepared in accordance with SC's Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2023

1 INFORMATION ON THE FUND

The Wholesale Fund was constituted under the name Affin Hwang Single Bond Series 1 (the "Fund") pursuant to the execution of a Deed dated 28 May 2019 and Supplemental Deed dated 9 November 2022 (the "Deed") entered into between AHAM Asset Management Berhad (the "Manager") and CIMB Commerce Trustee Berhad (the "Trustee"). The Fund has changed its name from Affin Hwang Single Bond Series 1 to AHAM Single Bond Series 1 as amended by the Supplemental Deed dated 9 November 2022.

The Fund commenced operations on 1 July 2019 and will continue its operations until terminated by the Trustee as provided under Clause 11.3 of the Deed.

The only class in issue for the financial year is the MYR-Hedged Class and the Fund may create new classes of units in the future periods.

The Fund may invest in any of the following assets, subject to the Deed, the Fund's objective, the Guidelines, the requirements of the SC and all relevant laws:

- (a) Bond;
- (b) Money market instruments;
- (c) Deposits;
- (d) Derivatives; and
- (e) Any other form of investments permitted by the SC from time to time which is in line with the objective of the Fund.

All investments will be subjected to the SC's Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework, the Deed and the objective of the Fund.

The main objective of the Fund is to provide regular income over the medium to long term period.

The Manager is a company incorporated in Malaysia. The principal activities of the Manager are establishment and management of unit trust funds, exchange-traded funds and private retirement schemes as well as providing fund management services to private clients.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Manager on 31 January 2024.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

Financial instruments are as follows:

Unquoted fixed income securities	<u>2023</u>	<u>Note</u>	At amortised <u>cost</u> USD	At fair value through profit or loss USD	<u>Total</u> USD
Unquoted fixed income securities	Financial assets				
Financial liabilities Currency swaps 14 - 1,245,138 1,245,138 Amount due to Manager 8,375 - 8,375 - management fee 8,375 - 8,375 - cancellation of units 167,573 - 167,573 Amount due to Trustee 670 - 67 Auditors' remuneration 1,817 - 1,81 Tax agent's fee 795 - 79 Other payables and accruals 402 - 40 Total 179,632 1,245,138 1,424,77 2022 Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents 12 912,060 - 912,06 Amount due from Manager - 1,10 - 1,10 - creation of units 1,105 - 1,10 Unquoted fixed income securities 11 - 38,642,502 38,642,502 Currency swaps 14 - 405,244 405,244			3,568,723	18,362,062	3,568,723 18,362,062
Currency swaps 14 - 1,245,138 1,245,138 Amount due to Manager 8,375 - 8,37 - cancellation of units 167,573 - 167,57 Amount due to Trustee 670 - 67 Auditors' remuneration 1,817 - 1,81 Tax agent's fee 795 - 79 Other payables and accruals 402 - 40 Total 179,632 1,245,138 1,424,77 2022 Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents 12 912,060 - 912,06 Amount due from Manager - 1,10 - 1,10 - creation of units 1,105 - 1,10 Unquoted fixed income securities 11 - 38,642,502 38,642,50 Currency swaps 14 - 405,244 405,244	Total		3,568,723	18,362,062	21,930,785
Amount due to Manager - management fee	Financial liabilities				
Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents 12 912,060 - 912,060 Amount due from Manager - 1,105 - 1,105 - creation of units 11 - 38,642,502 38,642,502 Unquoted fixed income securities 11 - 38,642,502 38,642,502 Currency swaps 14 - 405,244 405,244	Amount due to Manager - management fee - cancellation of units Amount due to Trustee Auditors' remuneration Tax agent's fee Other payables and accruals	14	167,573 670 1,817 795 402	- - - - -	1,245,138 8,375 167,573 670 1,817 795 402 1,424,770
Cash and cash equivalents 12 912,060 - 912,060 Amount due from Manager - 1,105 - 1,105 - creation of units 11 - 38,642,502 38,642,502 Currency swaps 14 - 405,244 405,244	2022				
Amount due from Manager - creation of units Unquoted fixed income securities Currency swaps 1,105 - 1,105 - 38,642,502 38,642,502 405,244 405,244	Financial assets				
Unquoted fixed income securities 11 - 38,642,502 38,642,502 Currency swaps 14 - 405,244 405,244	Amount due from Manager	12	•	-	912,060
Total 913,165 39,047,746 39,960,91	Unquoted fixed income securities		1,105 - -		1,105 38,642,502 405,244
	Total		913,165	39,047,746	39,960,911

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments are as follows: (continued)

<u>Note</u>	At amortised <u>cost</u> USD	At fair value through profit or loss USD	<u>Total</u> USD
14	-	780,622	780,622
	14,697	-	14,697
	114,989	-	114,989
	1,176	-	1,176
	1,897	-	1,897
	830	-	830
	20,231	-	20,231
	153,820	780,622	934,442
		Amortised Note 14 14,697 114,989 1,176 1,897 830 20,231	Note amortised cost USD through profit or loss USD 14 - 780,622 14,697 - - 114,989 - - 1,176 - - 1,897 - - 830 - - 20,231 - -

The Fund is exposed to a variety of risks which include market risk (including price risk, interest rate risk and currency risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and capital risk.

Financial risk management is carried out through internal control processes adopted by the Manager and adherence to the investment restrictions as stipulated by the SC's Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework.

Market risk

(a) Price risk

Price risk arises mainly from the uncertainty about future prices of investments. It represents the potential loss the Fund might suffer through holding market positions in the face of price movements. The Manager manages the risk of unfavourable changes in prices by continuous monitoring of the performance and risk profile of the investment portfolio.

The Fund's overall exposure to price risk was as follows:

	<u>2023</u> USD	<u>2022</u> USD
Unquoted investments Unquoted fixed income securities*	18,362,062	38,642,502

^{*} Includes interest receivable of USD237,142 (2022: USD529,172).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Market risk (continued)

(a) Price risk (continued)

The following table summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's profit/(loss) after taxation and NAV to price risk movements. The analysis is based on the assumptions that the market price increased by 5% (2022: 1%) and decreased by 5% (2022: 1%) with all other variables held constant. This represents management's best estimate of a reasonable possible shift in the unquoted securities, having regard to the historical volatility of the prices.

% Change in price	Market value USD	Impact on profit/(loss) after tax /NAV USD
2023		
- 5% 0%	17,218,674 18,124,920	(906,246)
+ 5%	19,031,166	906,246
<u>2022</u>		
- 1%	37,732,197	(381,133)
0% + 1%	38,113,330 38,494,463	381,133

(b) Interest rate risk

In general, when interest rates rise, prices of unquoted fixed income securities will tend to fall and vice versa. Therefore, the NAV of the Fund may also tend to fall when interest rates rise or are expected to rise. However, investors should be aware that should the Fund hold an unquoted fixed income security until maturity, such price fluctuations would dissipate as it approaches maturity, and thus the growth of the NAV shall not be affected at maturity. In order to mitigate interest rates exposure of the Fund, the Manager will manage the duration of the portfolio via shorter or longer tenured assets depending on the view of the future interest rate trend of the Manager, which is based on its continuous fundamental research and analysis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Market risk (continued)

(b) Interest rate risk (continued)

This risk is crucial in an unquoted fixed income securities fund since unquoted fixed income securities portfolio management depends on forecasting interest rate movements. Prices of unquoted fixed income securities move inversely to interest rate movements, therefore as interest rates rise, the prices of unquoted fixed income securities decrease and vice versa. Furthermore, unquoted fixed income securities with longer maturity and lower yield coupon rates are more susceptible to interest rate movements.

Investors should note that unquoted fixed income securities and money market instruments are subject to interest rate fluctuations. Such investments may be subject to unanticipated rise in interest rates which may impair the ability of the issuers to make payments of interest income and principal, especially if the issuers are highly leveraged. An increase in interest rates may therefore increase the potential for default by an issuer.

The table below summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's profit/(loss) after taxation and NAV to movements in prices of unquoted fixed income securities held by the Fund as a result of movement in interest rate. The analysis is based on the assumptions that the interest rate increased and decreased by 2% (200 basis points) (2022: 2%) with all other variables held constant.

% Change in interest rate	Impact on profit/(loss) 2023 USD	after tax/NAV 2022 USD
+ 2% - 2%	(118,813) 119,763	(305,141) 308,136

The Fund's exposure to interest rate risk associated with deposits with a licensed financial institution is not material as the carrying value of the deposits are held on a short-term basis.

(c) Currency risk

Currency risk is associated with investments denominated in foreign currencies. When the foreign currencies fluctuate in an unfavourable movement against United States Dollar, the investments will face currency losses in addition to the capital gain/(loss). The Manager will evaluate the likely directions of the foreign currency versus United States Dollar based on considerations of economic fundamentals such as interest rate differentials, balance of payments position, debt levels and technical chart considerations.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(c) Currency risk (continued)

The following table sets out the foreign currency risk concentrations and counterparties of the Fund: (continued)

<u>2023</u>		Cash and cash <u>equivalents</u> USD	<u>Total</u> USD
Financial assets			
Malaysian Ringgit		3,568,342	3,568,342
	Currency <u>swaps</u> USD	Other liabilities* USD	<u>Total</u> USD
Financial liabilities			
Malaysian Ringgit	1,245,138	170,587	1,415,725

^{*}Other liabilities consist of amount due to Manager, payables for auditors' remuneration, tax agent's fee and other payables.

		Cash		
	Currency	and cash	Amount due	
	<u>swaps</u>	<u>equivalents</u>	from Manager	<u>Total</u>
	USD	USD	USD	USD
<u>2022</u>				
Financial assets				
Malaysian Ringgit	405,244	865,898	1,105	1,272,247
		Currency	Other	
		<u>swaps</u>	<u>liabilities*</u>	<u>Total</u>
		USD	USD	USD
Financial liabilities				
Malaysian Ringgit		780,622	137,947	918,569

^{*}Other liabilities consist of amount due to Manager, payables for auditors' remuneration, tax agent's fee and other payables.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Market risk (continued)

(c) Currency risk (continued)

The table below summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's profit/(loss) after tax and NAV to changes in foreign exchange movements. The analysis is based on the assumption that the foreign exchange rate changes based on each currency's respective historical volatility, with all other variables held constant. This represents management's best estimate of a reasonable possible shift in the foreign exchange rate, having regard to historical volatility of this rate. Any increase/(decrease) in foreign exchange rate will result in a corresponding increase/(decrease) in the net assets attributable to unitholders by each currency's respective historical volatility. Disclosures below are shown in absolute terms, changes and impacts could be positive or negative.

Impact

<u>2023</u>	Change <u>in rate</u> %	on profit /(loss) after <u>tax/NAV</u> USD
Malaysian Ringgit	+/- 6.08	+/- 130,879
<u>2022</u>		
Malaysian Ringgit	+/- 4.71	+/- 16,658

Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the ability of an issuer or counterparty to make timely payments of interest, principals and proceeds from realisation of investment. The Manager manages the credit risk by undertaking credit evaluation to minimise such risk.

Credit risk arising from cash and bank balances is managed by ensuring that they are held by parties with credit rating of AA or higher.

Credit risk arising from placements on deposits in licensed financial institutions is managed by ensuring that the Fund will only place deposits in reputable licensed financial institutions.

The settlement terms of the proceeds from the creation of units' receivable from the Manager are governed by the SC's Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework.

For unquoted fixed income securities, the Manager regularly reviews the rating assigned to the issuer so that necessary steps can be taken if the rating falls below those described in the Deed and SC's Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Credit risk (continued)

The following table sets out the credit risk concentration of the Fund:

<u>2023</u>			Unquoted fixed income <u>securities</u> USD	Cash and cash equivalents USD	<u>Total</u> USD
Financial Services - AAA - Baa3			18,362,062 ————————————————————————————————————	3,568,723	3,568,723 18,362,062 21,930,785
	Unguatad				
	Unquoted fixed income <u>securities</u> USD	Currency <u>swaps</u> USD	Cash and cash equivalents USD	Amount due from <u>Manager</u> USD	<u>Total</u> USD
2022					
Financial Services - AAA - AA3 - Baa3 - NR	38,642,502 -	125,630 279,614 -	912,060 - - -	- - - 1,105	1,037,690 279,614 38,642,502 1,105
	38,642,502	405,244	912,060	1,105	39,960,911

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations. The Manager manages this risk by maintaining sufficient level of liquid assets to meet anticipated payments and cancellation of units by unitholders. Liquid assets comprise cash, deposits with licensed financial institutions and other instruments, which are capable of being converted into cash within 7 days.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Liquidity risk (continued)

The table below analyses the Fund's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the statement of financial position date to the contractual maturity date.

The amounts in the table below are the contractual undiscounted cash flows:

<u>2023</u>	Within one month USD	Between one month to one year USD	<u>Total</u> USD
Currency swaps at fair value through profit or loss Amount due to Manager - management fee - cancellation of units Amount due to Trustee Auditors' remuneration Tax agent's fee Other payables and accruals	8,375 167,573 670 - -	1,245,138 - - - 1,817 795 402	1,245,138 8,375 167,573 670 1,817 795 402
<u>2022</u>	176,618	1,248,152 	1,424,770
Currency swaps at fair value through profit or loss Amount due to Manager - management fee - cancellation of units Amount due to Trustee Auditors' remuneration Tax agent's fee Other payables and accruals*	- 14,697 114,989 1,176 - -	780,622 - - - 1,897 830 126	780,622 14,697 114,989 1,176 1,897 830 126
	130,862	783,475 ====================================	914,337

^{*} Excludes tax penalty provision of USD20,105.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital risk

The capital of the Fund is represented by equity consisting of unitholders' capital net of accumulated losses. The amount of equity can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily subscriptions and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders.

The Fund's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for unitholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain a strong capital base to support the development of the investment activities of the Fund.

3 FAIR VALUE ESTIMATION

Financial instruments comprise financial assets and financial liabilities. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The fair value of financial assets traded in active market (such as trading securities) is based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the year end date. The Fund utilises the bid prices for financial assets which falls within the bid-ask spread.

An active market is a market in which transactions for the asset take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques.

(i) Fair value hierarchy

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1)
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (Level 2)
- Inputs for the asset and liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (Level 3)

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. For this purpose, the significance of an input is assessed against the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a Level 3 measurement. Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

3 FAIR VALUE ESTIMATION (CONTINUED)

(i) Fair value hierarchy (continued)

The determination of what constitutes 'observable' requires significant judgment by the Fund. The Fund considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities (by class) measured at fair value:

	<u>Level 1</u> USD	<u>Level 2</u> USD	<u>Level 3</u> USD	<u>Total</u> USD
2023	002	002	002	002
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: - unquoted fixed income securities		18,362,062		18,362,062
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss: - currency swaps	-	1,245,138		1,245,138
2022				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: - unquoted fixed income securities - currency swaps	- -	38,642,502 405,244	- -	38,642,502 405,244
	-	39,047,746	-	39,047,746
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss:				
- currency swaps	-	780,622 		780,622

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

3 FAIR VALUE ESTIMATION (CONTINUED)

(i) Fair value hierarchy (continued)

Financial instruments that trade in markets that are not considered to be active but are valued based on quoted market prices, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs are classified within Level 2. These includes unquoted fixed income securities and currency swaps. As Level 2 instruments include positions that are not traded in active markets and/or are subject to transfer restrictions, valuations may be adjusted to reflect illiquidity and/or non-transferability, which are generally based on available market information.

(ii) The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, amount due from Manager and all current liabilities, except for currency swaps, are a reasonable approximation of the fair values due to their short-term nature.

4 MANAGEMENT FEE

In accordance with the Deed, the Manager is entitled to a management fee at a rate not exceeding 3.00% per annum on the NAV of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis.

For the financial year ended 30 November 2023, the management fee is recognised at a rate of 0.50% (2022: 0.50%) per annum on the NAV of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis as stated in the Fund's Information Memorandum.

There will be no further liability to the Manager in respect of management fee other than the amounts recognised above.

5 TRUSTEE FEE

In accordance with the Deed, the Trustee is entitled to an annual fee at a rate not exceeding 0.10% per annum on the NAV of the Fund, exclusive of foreign custodian fees.

For the financial year ended 30 November 2023, the Trustee fee is recognised at a rate of 0.04% (2022: 0.04%) per annum on the NAV of the Fund, exclusive of foreign custodian fees and charges, calculated on a daily basis as stated in the Fund's Information Memorandum.

There will be no further liability to the Trustee in respect of Trustee fee other than the amounts recognised above.

6 FUND ACCOUNTING FEE

The fund valuation and accounting fee for the Fund is RM13,000 (equivalent to: USD2,861) (2022: RM12,000 (equivalent to: USD2,743)) for the financial year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

7 DISTRIBUTIONS

	<u>2023</u> USD	<u>2022</u> USD
Distributions to unitholders is from the following sources:		
Interest income Net realised gain on sale of investments Previous year's realised income	1,256,384 37,181	1,653,029
Gross realised income Less: Expenses Less: Taxation	1,293,565 (30,244) (286,404)	2,310,166
Net distribution amount	976,917	2,310,166

During the financial year ended 30 November 2023, distributions were made as follows:

	Gross distribution per unit	Net distribution per unit
	sen MYR-Hedged Class	sen MYR-Hedged Class
<u>Ex-date</u>		
28.3.2023	2.412	1.850
3.10.2023	1.524	1.200
	3.936	3.050

During the financial year ended 30 November 2022, distributions were made as follows:

	Gross distribution per unit sen MYR-Hedged Class	Net distribution per unit sen MYR-Hedged Class
Ex-date	, and the second	Ü
25.3.2022 27.9.2022	3.270 3.000	3.270 3.000
	6.270	6.270

Gross distribution per unit is derived from gross realised income less expenses divided by the number of units in circulation, while net distribution per unit is derived from gross realised income less expenses and taxation divided by the number of units in circulation.

Included in distributions for the financial year is an amount of USD Nil (2022: USD657,137) made from previous year's realised income.

The Fund has incurred an unrealised loss of USD18,283,855 (2022: USD6,669,917) for the financial year ended 30 November 2023.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

8 TAXATION

	<u>2023</u> USD	<u>2022</u> USD
Current taxation	503,410	286,861
Underprovision of tax in previous financial year	46,032	-
Deferred tax (Note 9)	(68,220)	125,134
	481,222	411,995
	=	

The numerical reconciliation between net profit/(loss) before taxation multiplied by the Malaysian statutory tax rate and tax expense of the Fund is as follows:

	<u>2023</u> USD	<u>2022</u> USD
Net profit/(loss) before taxation	519,804	(4,749,736)
Tax at Malaysian statutory rate of 24% (2022: 24%)	124,753	(1,139,937)
Tax effects of: Investment loss not brought to tax/(investment income not		
subject to tax)	269,489	1,474,502
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	6,103	10,514
Restriction on tax deductible expenses for Wholesale Funds	34,845	40,883
Under provision of tax in previous financial year	46,032	-
Foreign income subject to different tax rate	-	26,033
Tax expense	481,222	411,995

9 DEFERRED TAX

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred taxes relate to the same authority.

	<u>2023</u> USD	<u>2022</u> USD
Deferred tax assets Deferred tax liabilities	- (56,914)	- (125,134)
	(56,914)	(125,134)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

9 DEFERRED TAX (CONTINUED)

The movements in the deferred tax assets/(liabilities) balances are as follows:

F		receivables on ts at fair value h profit or loss 2022 USD
Balance at the beginning of the financial year Transfer to income statement (Note 8)	(125,134) 68,220	(125,134)
Balance as at the end of the financial year	(56,914)	(125,134)
10 OTHER EXPENSES		
	<u>2023</u> USD	<u>2022</u> USD
Other expenses Tax penalty provision*	7,554 -	7,141 20,105
Underprovision for prior's year tax penalty provision	3,198	-
	10,752	27,246

^{*} Provision of tax penalty was contributed by the under provision of tax payable estimate for financial year 2022.

11 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	<u>2023</u> USD	<u>2022</u> USD
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: - unquoted fixed income securities – foreign	18,362,062	38,642,502
Net gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: - realised loss on sale of investments - unrealised gain/(loss) on changes in fair value	(2,926,079) 2,987,886	- (6,666,418)
	61,807	(6,666,418)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

11 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

- (a) Unquoted fixed income securities foreign
 - (i) Unquoted fixed income securities foreign as at 30 November 2023 are as follows:

Name of issuer	Nominal <u>value</u> USD	Adjusted <u>cost</u> USD	Fair <u>value</u> USD	Percentage of NAV %
<u>Bonds</u>				
6.5% HSBC Holdings PLC (Call: 23.03.2028) Baa3	19,900,000	20,002,121	18,362,062	90.12
Total unquoted fixed income securities – foreign	19,900,000	20,002,121	18,362,062	90.12
Accumulated unrealised loss on unquoted fixed income securities – foreign		(1,640,059)		
Total unquoted fixed income securities – foreign		18,362,062		

(ii) Unquoted fixed income securities – foreign as at 30 November 2022 are as follows:

Nominal <u>value</u> USD	Adjusted <u>cost</u> USD	Fair <u>value</u> USD	Percentage of NAV %
43,100,000	43,270,447	38,642,502	100.07
43,100,000	43,270,447	38,642,502	100.07
	(4,627,945)		
	00 040 500		
	38,642,502		
	<u>value</u> USD 43,100,000	value USD cost USD 43,100,000 43,270,447 43,100,000 43,270,447	value USD cost USD value USD 43,100,000 43,270,447 38,642,502 43,100,000 43,270,447 38,642,502 (4,627,945) (4,627,945)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

12 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	<u>2023</u> USD	<u>2022</u> USD
Cash and bank balances Deposits with licensed financial institutions	538,419 3,030,304	49,717 862,343
	3,568,723	912,060
Weighted average effective interest rates per annum of deposit with lic as follows:	ensed financial i	nstitutions is
	<u>2023</u> %	<u>2022</u> %
Deposits with licensed financial institutions	3.88	2.75

The deposit with a licensed financial institution has an weighted average remaining maturity period of 51 days (2022: 1 day).

13 FORWARD FOREIGN CURRENCY CONTRACTS

<u>2023</u> USD	<u>2022</u> USD
-	(31,697)
<u>-</u>	4,132
-	(27,565)

As at 30 November 2023 and 30 November 2022, there is no forward foreign currency contracts outstanding.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

14 CURRENCY SWAPS

As at the date of statement of financial position, there are 21 (2022: 37) currency swaps outstanding. The notional principal amount of the outstanding currency swaps amounted to USD19,900,000 (2022: USD43,100,000). As the Fund has not adopted hedge accounting during the financial year, the change in the fair value of the currency swaps is recognised immediately in the statement of comprehensive income.

	<u>2023</u> USD	<u>2022</u> USD
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: - currency swaps		405,244
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss: - currency swaps	1,245,138	780,622
	<u>2023</u> USD	<u>2022</u> USD
Net (loss)/gain on currency swaps at fair value through profit or loss:		
- realised gain on currency swaps - unrealised (loss)/gain on currency swaps	707,248 (837,416)	248,706 18,441
	(130,168)	267,147

(a) Currency swaps

(i) Currency swaps as at 30 November 2023 are as follows:

Name of issuer	Receivables USD	<u>Payables</u> USD	Fair <u>value</u> USD	Percentage of NAV %
CIMB Bank Bhd United Overseas Bank Malaysia Bhd Affin Hwang Investment Bank Bhd#	5,394,798 4,918,647 8,341,417	5,800,000 5,500,000 8,600,000	(405,202) (581,353) (258,583)	(1.99) (2.85) (1.27)
	18,654,862	19,900,000	(1,245,138)	(6.11)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

14 CURRENCY SWAPS (CONTINUED)

- (a) Currency swaps (continued)
 - (ii) Currency swaps as at 30 November 2022 are as follows:

Name of issuer	Receivables USD	Payables USD	Fair <u>value</u> USD	Percentage of NAV %
CIMB Bank Bhd United Overseas Bank Malaysia Bhd Affin Hwang Investment Bank Bhd#	25,577,489 8,271,924 8,875,209	26,000,000 8,500,000 8,600,000	(422,511) (228,076) 275,209	(1.09) (0.59) 0.71
	42,724,622	43,100,000	(375,378)	(0.97)

[#] The Manager is of the opinion that all transactions with the former immediate holding company of the Manager have been entered in the normal course of business at agreed terms between the related parties.

15 NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION

	2023 No. of units	2022 No. of units
At the beginning of the financial year	203,103,000	132,474,000
Creation of units arising from applications	-	80,126,825
Creation of units arising from distributions	1,058,480	1,652,876
Cancellation of units	(92,240,480)	(11,150,701)
At the end of the financial year	111,921,000	203,103,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

16 TRANSACTIONS WITH DEALERS

(i) Details of transactions with the dealers for the financial year ended 30 November 2023 are as follows:

Name of dealers	Value <u>of trade</u> USD	Percentage of total trade %
Standard Chartered Bank Malaysia Bhd HSBC Ltd Natwest Markets BNP Paribas Securities Singapore Pte Ltd JP Morgan Chase Bank Bhd Citibank Bhd HSBC Bank Malaysia Bhd	6,682,050 4,423,750 2,603,130 1,916,000 1,540,000 1,540,000 1,397,200	33.24 22.01 12.95 9.53 7.66 7.66 6.95

(ii) Details of transactions with the dealers for the financial year ended 30 November 2022 are as follows:

Name of dealers	Value <u>of trade</u> USD	Percentage of total trade %
BNP Paribas Securities Singapore Pte Ltd Citibank Bhd HSBC Bank Malaysia Bhd Bank of America Merrill Lynch Barclays Capital	7,370,900 2,706,220 1,892,500 1,855,950 1,735,560 15,561,130	47.37 17.39 12.16 11.93 11.15

Subsidiaries and associated companies

Directors of AHAM Asset Management Berhad

of ABB as disclosed in its financial

statements

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

17 UNITS HELD BY THE MANAGER AND PARTIES RELATED TO THE MANAGER

The related parties of and their relationships with the Fund are as follows:

Related parties Relationship CVC Capital Partners Asia V L.P. ("CVC Asia V") Ultimate holding company of the Manager Nikko Asset Management International Limited Former substantial shareholder of the ("NAMI") Manager Affin Bank Berhad ("ABB") Former penultimate holding company of the Manager Affin Hwang Investment Bank Berhad Former immediate holding company of the Manager Starlight TopCo Limited Penultimate holding company of the Manager Starlight Universe Limited Intermediate holding company of the Manager Starlight Asset Sdn Bhd Immediate holding company of the Manager Lembaga Tabung Angkatan Tentera Substantial shareholder of the Manager and former ultimate holding corporate body of ("LTAT") the Manager Nikko Asset Management Co., Ltd ("NAM") Substantial shareholder of the Manager AHAM Asset Management Berhad The Manager Subsidiaries and associated companies Subsidiaries and associated companies of CVC Asia V as disclosed in their financial of the ultimate holding company statements of the Manager

Subsidiaries and associated companies of the former penultimate holding

company of the Manager

Directors of the Manager

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

17 UNITS HELD BY THE MANAGER AND PARTIES RELATED TO THE MANAGER (CONTINUED)

The number of units held by the Manager and parties related to the Manager as at the end of the financial year as follows:

		2023		2022
	No. of units	USD	No. of units	USD
The Manager:				
AHAM Asset Management Berhad (The units are held legally				
for booking purposes)	2,972	541	2,516	478
<u>Director of the Manager</u> :				
Director of the AHAM Asset Management Berhad (The units are held				
beneficially)	-	-	630,679	119,892

Other than the above, there were no units held by the Directors or parties related to the Manager.

18 TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO ("TER")

	<u>2023</u> %	<u>2022</u> %
TER	0.59	0.63

TER is derived from the following calculation:

TER =
$$\frac{(A+B+C+D+E+F) \times 100}{G}$$

A = Management fee, excluding management fee rebate

B = Trustee fee

C = Fund accounting fee D = Auditors' remuneration E = Tax agent's fee

F = Other expenses

G = Average NAV of Fund calculated on a daily basis

The average NAV of the Fund for the financial year calculated on a daily basis is USD28,731,155 (2022: USD33,723,761).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

19 PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
PTR (times)	0.40	0.23

PTR is derived from the following calculation:

(Total acquisition for the financial year + total disposal for the financial year) ÷ 2 Average NAV of the Fund for the financial year calculated on a daily basis

where: total acquisition for the financial year = USDNil (2022: USD15,561,131) total disposal for the financial year = USD23,083,073 (2022: USDNil)

20 SIGNIFICANT EVENT DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR

Change in substantial shareholders of AHAM Asset Management Berhad

On 19 April 2023, Nikko Asset Management International Limited ("NAMI") has divested all its equity interest of 27% in AHAM Asset Management Berhad to Nikko Asset Management Co., Ltd ("NAM") for 20% and remaining 7% of the equity interest to Lembaga Tabung Angkatan Tentera ("LTAT"), resulting in both NAM and LTAT becoming substantial shareholders of the Manager.

STATEMENT BY THE MANAGER

I, Dato' Teng Chee Wai, for and on behalf of the board of directors of the Manager, **AHAM Asset Management Berhad**, do hereby state that in the opinion of the Manager, the financial statements set out on pages 1 to 36 are drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Deed and give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 30 November 2023 and of its financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows for the financial year ended 30 November 2023 in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

For and on behalf of the Manager, **AHAM ASSET MANAGEMENT BERHAD**

DATO' TENG CHEE WAI EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR/MANAGING DIRECTOR

Kuala Lumpur 31 January 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF AHAM SINGLE BOND SERIES 1

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements of AHAM Single Bond Series 1 ("the Fund") give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 30 November 2023, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

What we have audited

We have audited the financial statements of the Fund, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 30 November 2023, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the financial year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, as set out on pages 1 to 36.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence and other ethical responsibilities

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Manager of the Fund is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises Manager's Report, but does not include the financial statements of the Fund and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Fund does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF AHAM SINGLE BOND SERIES 1 (CONTINUED)

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Fund, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Fund or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Manager for the financial statements

The Manager of the Fund is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements of the Fund that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards. The Manager is also responsible for such internal control as the Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Fund, the Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager either intends to liquidate the Fund or to terminate the Fund, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Fund as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF AHAM SINGLE BOND SERIES 1 (CONTINUED)

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- (a) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Fund, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- (b) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- (c) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Manager.
- (d) Conclude on the appropriateness of the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Fund or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- (e) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Fund, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Fund represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF AHAM SINGLE BOND SERIES 1 (CONTINUED)

OTHER MATTERS

This report is made solely to the unitholders of the Fund, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS PLT LLP0014401-LCA & AF 1146 Chartered Accountants

Kuala Lumpur 31 January 2024

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