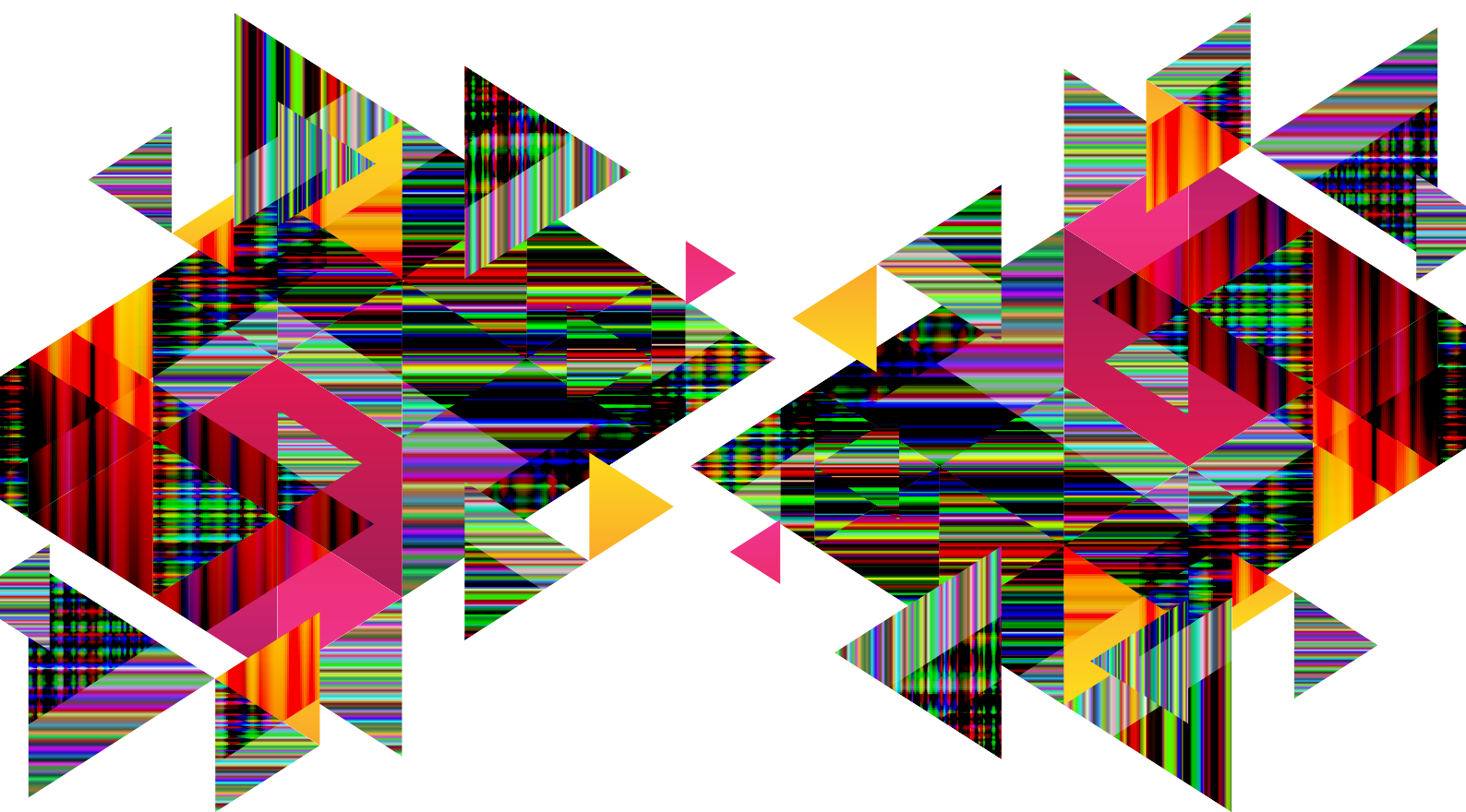


A MEMBER OF AHAM CAPITAL



Prospectus

Aiiman Asia Pacific (ex Japan) Dividend Fund



MANAGER
Aiiman Asset Management Sdn. Bhd.
Registration No.: 199301001937 (256674-T)

TRUSTEE
CIMB Islamic Trustee Berhad
Registration Number: 198801000556 (167913-M)

This Prospectus is dated 20 January 2023.
The Fund was constituted on 21 February 2019.
The constitution date for the Fund is also the launch date of the Fund.

INVESTORS ARE ADVISED TO READ AND UNDERSTAND THE CONTENTS OF THIS PROSPECTUS. IF IN DOUBT, PLEASE CONSULT A PROFESSIONAL ADVISER. THIS IS A REPLACEMENT PROSPECTUS THAT REPLACES AND SUPERCEDES THE PROSPECTUS DATED 21 FEBRUARY 2019. FOR INFORMATION CONCERNING CERTAIN RISK FACTORS WHICH SHOULD BE CONSIDERED BY PROSPECTIVE INVESTORS, SEE "RISK FACTORS" COMMENCING ON PAGE 4.



YOU SHOULD NOT MAKE PAYMENT IN CASH TO A UNIT TRUST CONSULTANT OR ISSUE A CHEQUE IN THE NAME OF A UNIT TRUST CONSULTANT.

Responsibility Statements

This Prospectus has been reviewed and approved by the directors of AIIMAN Asset Management Sdn. Bhd. (“AIIMAN”) and they collectively and individually accept full responsibility for the accuracy of the information. Having made all reasonable enquiries, they confirm to the best of their knowledge and belief, that there are no false or misleading statements, or omission of other facts which would make any statement in the Prospectus false or misleading.

Statements of Disclaimer

The Securities Commission Malaysia has authorised the Fund and a copy of this Prospectus has been registered with the Securities Commission Malaysia.

The authorisation of the Fund, and registration of this Prospectus, should not be taken to indicate that the Securities Commission Malaysia recommends the said Fund or assumes responsibility for the correctness of any statement made, opinion expressed or report contained in this Prospectus.

The Securities Commission Malaysia is not liable for any non-disclosure on the part of AIIMAN, the management company responsible for the said Fund and takes no responsibility for the contents in this Prospectus. The Securities Commission Malaysia makes no representation on the accuracy or completeness of this Prospectus, and expressly disclaims any liability whatsoever arising from, or in reliance upon, the whole or any part of its contents.

Additional Statements

Investors should note that they may seek recourse under the *Capital Markets and Services Act 2007* for breaches of securities laws including any statement in the Prospectus that is false, misleading, or from which there is a material omission; or for any misleading or deceptive act in relation to the Prospectus or the conduct of any other person in relation to the Fund.

This Prospectus is not intended to and will not be issued and distributed in any country or jurisdiction other than in Malaysia (“Foreign Jurisdiction”). Consequently, no representation has been and will be made as to its compliance with the laws of any Foreign Jurisdiction. Accordingly, no issue or sale of Units to which this Prospectus relates may be made in any Foreign Jurisdiction or under any circumstances where such action is unauthorised.

The Aiiman Asia Pacific (ex Japan) Dividend Fund has been certified as Shariah-compliant by the Shariah Adviser appointed for the Fund.



INVESTORS SHOULD RELY ON THEIR OWN EVALUATION TO ASSESS THE MERITS AND RISKS OF THE INVESTMENT. IF INVESTORS ARE UNABLE TO MAKE THEIR OWN EVALUATION, THEY ARE ADVISED TO CONSULT PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS.

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CORPORATE DIRECTORY

The Manager/AIIMAN

AIIMAN Asset Management Sdn. Bhd.

Registered Address

3rd Floor, Menara Boustead
69 Jalan Raja Chulan
50200 Kuala Lumpur
Tel No. : (603) 2142 3700
Fax No. : (603) 2027 5848

Business Address

14th Floor, Menara Boustead
69 Jalan Raja Chulan
50200 Kuala Lumpur
Tel No. : (603) 2116 6156
Fax No. : (603) 2116 6150
Email: general@aiiman.com
Website : www.aiiman.com

The Trustee

CIMB Islamic Trustee Berhad

Registered Office

Level 13, Menara CIMB, Jalan Stesen Sentral 2
Kuala Lumpur Sentral, 50470 Kuala Lumpur
Tel No : (603) 2261 8888
Fax No : (603) 2261 0099

Business Address

Level 21, Menara CIMB
Jalan Stesen Sentral 2, Kuala Lumpur Sentral
50470 Kuala Lumpur
Tel No. : (603) 2261 8888
Fax No.: (603) 2261 9894
Email: ss.corptrust@cimb.com
Website : www.cimb.com

The Shariah Adviser

Amanie Advisors Sdn. Bhd.

Level 13A-2, Menara Tokio Marine Life, 189 Jalan
Tun Razak, 50400 Kuala Lumpur
Tel No. : (603) 2161 0260
Fax No. : (603) 2161 0262
E-mail : info@amanieadvisors.com
Website : www.amanieadvisors.com

ABBREVIATION

AHAM	AHAM Asset Management Berhad.
FiMM	Federation of Investment Managers Malaysia.
IUTA	Institutional Unit Trust Scheme Advisers.
MYR	Ringgit Malaysia.
PHS	Product Highlights Sheet.
SAC	Shariah Advisory Council.
SC	Securities Commission Malaysia.

GLOSSARY

the Act	Means the Capital Markets and Services Act 2007 as originally enacted and amended or modified from time to time.
Base Currency	Means the currency in which the Fund is denominated i.e MYR.
the Board	Means the board of directors of the Manager.
Bursa Malaysia	Means the stock exchange operated by the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad including such other name as it may be amended from time to time.
Business Day	Means a day on which Bursa Malaysia and/or one or more of the foreign markets in which the Fund is invested in are open for business/trading.
Commencement Date	Means the date on which sales of Units of the Fund is first made. The Commencement Date is also the date of constitution of the Fund.
CVC Capital Partners Asia Fund V	Means collectively (1) CVC Capital Partners Asia V L.P.; (2) CVC Capital Partners Investment Asia V L.P.; and (3) CVC Capital Partners Asia V Associates L.P.
Deed	Refers to the Deed dated 12 November 2018 as amended by the first supplemental deed dated 21 September 2022 entered into between the Manager and the Trustee and includes any subsequent amendments and variations to the Deed.
eligible markets	Means an exchange, government securities market or an over-the-counter (OTC) market– <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a) that is regulated by a regulatory authority of that jurisdiction; b) that is open to the public or to a substantial number of market participants; and <ol style="list-style-type: none"> c) on which financial instruments are regularly traded.
Financial Institution	Means <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (1) if the institution is in Malaysia – <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (i) Licensed Bank; (ii) Licensed Investment Bank; or (iii) Licensed Islamic Bank; or (2) if the institution is outside Malaysia, any institution that is licensed, registered, approved or authorised by the relevant banking regulator to provide financial services.
Fund	Refers to the Aiiman Asia Pacific (ex Japan) Dividend Fund.
Guidelines	Means the <i>Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds</i> issued by the SC and as may be amended, substituted or replaced from time to time.
Licensed Bank	Means a bank licensed under the Financial Services Act 2013.
Licensed Investment Bank	Means an investment bank licensed under the Financial Services Act 2013.
Licensed Islamic Bank	Means an Islamic bank licensed under the Islamic Financial Services Act 2013.
LPD	Means 30 November 2022 and is the latest practicable date whereby the information disclosed in this Prospectus shall remain relevant and current as at the date of issue of this Prospectus.

the Manager/AIIMAN	Refers to AIIMAN Asset Management Sdn. Bhd.
medium to long term	Means a period of between three (3) years to five (5) years and above.
Net Asset Value or NAV	Means the value of all the assets of the Fund less the value of all the liabilities of the Fund at a valuation point.
NAV per Unit	Means the NAV of the Fund at a particular valuation point divided by the number of Units in Circulation at the same valuation point.
Prospectus	Means this prospectus and includes any supplemental or replacement prospectus, as the case may be.
Repurchase Charge	Means a charge imposed pursuant to a repurchase request.
Repurchase Price	Means the price payable to you by us for a Unit pursuant to a repurchase request and it shall be exclusive of any Repurchase Charge.
Sales Charge	Means a charge imposed pursuant to a purchase request.
Selling Price	Means the price payable by you for us to create a Unit in the Fund and it shall be exclusive of any Sales Charge.
Shariah	Means Islamic law, originating from the Qur`an (the holy book of Islam), and its practices and explanations rendered by the prophet Muhammad (pbuh) and ijtehad of ulamak (personal effort by qualified Shariah scholars to determine the true ruling of the divine law on matters whose revelations are not explicit).
Shariah Adviser	Refers to Amanie Advisors Sdn. Bhd.
short-term	Means a period of less than three (3) years.
Special Resolution	Means a resolution passed at a meeting of Unit Holders duly convened in accordance with the Deed by a majority of not less than three-fourths of the Unit Holders present and voting at the meeting in person or by proxy; for the avoidance of doubt, "three-fourths of the Unit Holders present and voting" means three-fourths of the votes cast by the Unit Holders present and voting; for the purposes of terminating the Fund, "Special Resolution" means a Special Resolution passed at a meeting of Unit Holders duly convened in accordance with the Deed by a majority in number representing at least three-fourths of the value of the Units held by the Unit Holders present and voting at the meeting in person or by proxy.
Sukuk	Means certificates of equal value evidencing undivided ownership or investment in the assets using Shariah principles and concepts endorsed by the SAC of the SC or the relevant Shariah supervisory board and/or the Shariah Adviser.
Trustee	Refers to CIMB Islamic Trustee Berhad.
Unit(s)	Means an undivided share in the beneficial interest and/or right in the Fund and a measurement of the interest and/or right of a Unit Holder in the Fund.
Units in Circulation	Means Units created and fully paid for and which has not been cancelled. <i>It is also the total number of Units issued at a particular valuation point.</i>
Unit Holder(s), investor(s), you	Means the person / corporation registered as the holder of a Unit or Units including persons jointly registered.

Note:

Reference to first person pronouns such as "we", "us" or "our" in this Prospectus means the Manager/AIIMAN.

RISK FACTORS

This section of the Prospectus provides you with information on the general risks involved when investing in a unit trust fund and the specific risks associated with the securities/instruments that the Fund will be investing in.

GENERAL RISKS

Market risk

Market risk arises because of factors that affect the entire market place. Factors such as economic growth, political stability and social environment are some examples of conditions that have an impact on businesses, whether positive or negative. It stems from the fact that there are economy-wide perils, or instances of political or social instability which threaten all businesses. Hence, the Fund will be exposed to market uncertainties and fluctuations in the economic, political and social environment that will affect the market price of the investments either in a positive or negative way.

Fund management risk

This risk refers to the day-to-day management of the Fund by us which will impact the performance of the Fund. For example, investment decisions undertaken by us as a result of an incorrect view of the market or any non-compliance with internal policies, investment mandate, the Deed, relevant law or guidelines due to factors such as human error, fraud, dishonesty or weaknesses in operational process and systems, may adversely affect the performance of the Fund.

Performance risk

The performance of the Fund depends on the financial instruments that the Fund purchases. If the instruments do not perform within expectation or if there is a default, then, the performance of the Fund will be impacted negatively. The performance of the Fund may also be impacted if the allocation of assets is not properly done. This is where the experience and expertise of the fund managers are important and the risk on the lack of experience and expertise of the fund managers has been highlighted above. On that basis, there is never a guarantee that investing in the Fund will produce the desired investment returns or distribution of income.

Inflation risk

This is the risk that your investment in the Fund may not grow or generate income at a rate that keeps pace with inflation. This would reduce your purchasing power even though the value of the investment in monetary terms has increased.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk refers to two scenarios. The first is where an investment cannot be sold due to unavailability of a buyer for that investment. The second scenario exists where the investment, by its nature, is thinly traded. This will have the effect of causing the investment to be sold below its fair value which would adversely affect the NAV of the Fund and subsequently the value of Unit Holders' investments in the Fund.

Operational risk

Operational risk is the risk of loss due to the breakdown, deficiencies or weaknesses in the operational support functions resulting in the operations or internal control processes producing an insufficient degree of customer quality or internal control by the Manager. Operational risk is typically associated with human error, system failure, fraud and inadequate or defective procedures and controls. The Manager will review its internal policies and system capability to mitigate instances of this risk. Additionally, the Manager maintains a strict segregation of duties to mitigate instances of fraudulent practices amongst employees of the Manager.

Financing risk

This risk occurs when you take a financing to finance your investment. The inherent risk of investing with financed money includes you being unable to service the financing payments. In the event Units are used as collateral, you may be required to top-up your existing instalment if the prices of Units fall below a certain level due to market conditions. Failing which, the Units may be sold at a lower NAV per Unit as compared to the NAV per Unit at the point of purchase towards settling the financing.

Suspension of repurchase request risk

Having considered the best interests of Unit Holders, the repurchase requests by the Unit Holders may be subject to suspension due to exceptional circumstances, where the market value or fair value of a material portion of the Fund's assets cannot be determined. In such case, Unit Holders will not be able to redeem their Units and will be compelled to remain invested in the Fund for a longer period of time. Hence, their investments will continue to be subject to the risks inherent to the Fund.

SPECIFIC RISKS**Stock specific risk**

Prices of a particular Shariah-compliant stock may fluctuate in response to the circumstances affecting individual companies such as adverse financial performance, news of a possible merger or loss of key personnel of a company. Any adverse price movements of such Shariah-compliant stock will adversely affect the Fund's NAV.

Shariah-compliant warrants investment risk

The value of the Shariah-compliant warrants will depend on the pricing of the underlying security whereby the growth and performance prospect of the underlying security would consequentially affect the value of the Shariah-compliant warrants. In addition, the value of the Shariah-compliant warrants may decrease exponentially as the Shariah-compliant warrants approach its maturity date and the potential gains from a favourable price movement of the underlying may be offset by aggressive time decay. We may consider unwinding these Shariah-compliant warrants if there are material adverse changes to its value with the aim to mitigate the risk.

Credit and default risk

Credit risk relates to the creditworthiness of the issuers of Sukuk and Islamic money markets instruments and the Financial Institutions where the Islamic deposits are placed (hereinafter referred to as "investment") and their expected ability to make timely payment of profit and/or principal. Any adverse situations faced by the issuer and/or the Financial Institution may impact the value as well as liquidity of the investment. In the case of rated investment, this may lead to a credit downgrade. Default risk relates to the risk of an issuer and/or a Financial Institution of the investment either defaulting on payments or failing to make payments in a timely manner which will in turn adversely affect the value of the investment. This could adversely affect the value of the Fund.

Profit rate risk

Sukuk and Islamic money market instruments are subject to profit rate fluctuations. Generally, movement in profit rates affects the prices of Sukuk and Islamic money market instruments inversely, for example, when profit rates rise, prices of Sukuk and Islamic money market instruments will fall. The fluctuations of the prices of the Sukuk and Islamic money market instruments will also have an impact on the NAV of the Fund. This risk can largely be eliminated by holding the Sukuk and Islamic money market instruments until their maturity. We also manage profit rate risk by considering each Sukuk's or Islamic money market instruments' sensitivity to profit rate changes. When profit rates are expected to increase, the Fund would then likely seek to switch to Sukuk or Islamic money market instruments that are less sensitive to profit rate changes. For investments into Islamic deposits, the fluctuations in the profit rates will not affect the placement of Islamic deposits but will result in the opportunity loss by the Fund if the placement of Islamic deposits is made at lower interest rate.

Currency risk

As the investments of the Fund may be denominated in currencies other than the Base Currency, any fluctuation in the exchange rate between the Base Currency and the currencies in which the investments are denominated may have an impact on the value of these investments. You should note that any gains or losses arising from the fluctuation in the exchange rate may further increase or decrease the returns of the investment.

Country risk

Investments of the Fund in any countries may be affected by changes in the economic and political climate, restriction on currency repatriation or other developments in the law or regulations of the countries in which the Fund invests. For example, the deteriorating economic condition of such countries may adversely affect the value of the investments undertaken by the Fund in those affected countries. This in turn may cause the NAV of the Fund or prices of Units to fall.

Reclassification of Shariah-status risk

This risk refers to the risk that the currently held Shariah-compliant securities in the Fund may be reclassified to be Shariah non-compliant in the periodic review of the securities by the SAC of the SC, the Shariah Adviser or the Shariah boards of the relevant Islamic indices. If this occurs, we will take the necessary steps to dispose of such securities. There may be opportunity loss to the Fund due to the Fund not being allowed to retain the excess capital gains derived from the disposal of the Shariah non-compliant securities. We will be required to dispose of these securities immediately if the prices are above the purchase price. Should the prices be below the purchase price, we may choose to hold on to these holdings until the prices meet the purchase price. Nevertheless, should we decide to dispose of these securities below the purchase price, the Fund will be faced with the risk of realising its losses, thus negatively impacting the NAV of the Fund. Please refer to “*Shariah Investment Guidelines*” of this Prospectus on the Fund’s Shariah methodology on the treatment of gains and losses as a result of the reclassification of Shariah non-compliant securities.

Shariah non-compliance risk

As the Fund can only invest in Shariah-compliant investments, there is always a risk that losses may be suffered by the Fund when the Manager is forced to dispose investments to rectify any Shariah non-compliance. This risk is mitigated through the appointment of a Shariah Adviser, who will be responsible to ensure that the Fund is managed and administered in accordance with Shariah requirements.

RISK MANAGEMENT

As AIIAMAN is a wholly owned subsidiary of AHAM, the risk management function of AIIAMAN is being outsourced to AHAM. In day-to-day running of the business, AHAM employs a proactive risk management approach to manage portfolio risks, operational risks and liquidity risks. The board of directors of AHAM has established a board compliance & risk management committee to oversee AIIAMAN’s risk management activities both at operational level and at portfolio management level to ensure that the risk management process is in place and functioning. The board compliance & risk management committee comprises of at least three (3) board members of AHAM and is chaired by an independent director of AHAM. At the operational level, AHAM has established a compliance & risk oversight committee with the primary function of identifying, evaluating and monitoring risks as well as to formulate internal control measures to manage and mitigate the exposure to risks that may affect the performance of the Fund, returns to the investors or Unit Holders’ interest within a clearly defined framework and is primarily responsible for ensuring that the policies and procedures that have been implemented are reviewed on an on-going basis with periodic assessments. The compliance & risk oversight committee reports to the board compliance & risk management committee on a quarterly basis.

In managing portfolio risks, we engage a stringent screening process by conducting fundamental analysis of economic, political and social factors to evaluate their likely effects on the performance of the markets and sectors. Regular meetings are held to discuss investment themes and portfolio decisions taken at the meetings are then implemented according to the investment guidelines which also take into account requirements for minimum portfolio diversification across individual investment holdings, sectors, geographies and asset classes (based on the portfolio’s objective and strategy). We also practise prudent liquidity management with the objective to ensure that the Fund is able to meet its short-term expenses including repurchase requests by the Unit Holders. We also have in place a credit risk management process to reduce counterparty risk of Islamic derivatives hereby such risk arises when the counterparty is not able to meet its contractual obligations. Prior to entering into a contract with the counterparty, we will conduct an evaluation on the credit standing of the counterparty to ensure it is able to meet its contractual obligations. It is important to note that an event of downgrade does not constitute a default. If we view that the downgrade in the rating of the counterparty may lead to high credit risk, we will not hesitate to take pre-emptive measures to unwind these positions.

To manage non-compliance risks, we use information technology system that is able to monitor the trading of investment to ensure compliance with the Fund’s investment limits and restrictions. These limits are system-controlled and not manually tracked, thus reducing the probability of human error occurring in ensuring the Fund’s limits and restrictions are adhered to. We also undertake stringent evaluation of movements in market prices and regularly monitor, review and report to the person(s) or members of a committee undertaking the oversight function of the Fund to ensure that the Fund’s investment objective is met. Regular portfolio reviews by senior members of the investment team further reduce the risk of implementation inconsistencies and violations of the Guidelines.

Liquidity Risk Management

We have established liquidity risk management policies to enable us to identify, monitor and manage the liquidity risk of the Fund in order to meet the repurchase requests from the Unit Holders with minimal impact to the Fund as well as safeguarding the interests of the remaining Unit Holders. Such policies take into account, amongst others, the asset class of the Fund and the redemption policy of the Fund. To manage the liquidity risk, we have put in place the following procedures:

- a) The Fund may hold a maximum of 30% of its NAV in Islamic money market instruments and/or Islamic deposits. This will allow the Fund to have sufficient buffer to meet the Unit Holders' repurchase request;
- b) Regular review by the designated fund manager on the Fund's investment portfolio including its liquidity profile;
- c) Daily monitoring of the Fund's net flows and periodic liquidity stress testing of the Fund's assets against repurchase requests during normal and adverse market conditions are performed as pre-emptive measures in tracking the Fund's liquidity status. This will ensure that we are prepared and able to take the necessary action proactively to address any liquidity concerns, which would mitigate the potential risks in meeting Unit Holders' repurchase requests; and
- d) Suspension of repurchase requests from the Unit Holders under exceptional circumstances where the market value or fair value of a material portion of the Fund's assets cannot be determined. During the suspension period, the repurchase requests from the Unit Holders will be accepted but will not be processed. Such repurchase requests will only be processed on the next Business Day once the suspension is lifted. That said, the action to suspend repurchase requests from the Unit Holders shall be exercised only as a last resort by the Manager having considered the best interests of Unit Holders.

! It is important to note that events affecting the investments cannot always be foreseen. Therefore, it is not possible to protect investments against all risks. You are recommended to read the whole Prospectus to assess the risks associated with the Fund. If necessary, you should consult your professional adviser(s) for a better understanding of the risks.

ABOUT AIIMAN ASIA PACIFIC (EX JAPAN) DIVIDEND FUND

Fund Category	: Equity
Fund Type	: Income & Growth
Base Currency	: MYR
Financial Year End	: 31 July
Distribution Policy	: Subject to the availability of income, the Fund will distribute income on a semi annual basis, after the end of the first financial year of the Fund.
Deed	: Deed dated 12 November 2018 and first supplemental deed dated 21 September 2022.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The Fund aims to provide investors with regular income and capital growth through investments in Shariah-compliant investment.

Any material change to the Fund's investment objective would require Unit Holders' approval.

BENCHMARK

MSCI AC Asia Pacific (ex Japan) Islamic Index

The risk profile of the Fund is not the same as the risk profile of the performance benchmark.

Source: <https://www.msci.com>

(Please note that you may obtain the information on the benchmark from us upon request.)

ASSET ALLOCATION

Shariah-compliant equities	Minimum of 70%
Sukuk, Islamic money market instruments & Islamic deposits	Maximum 30%

INVESTMENT STRATEGY

To achieve its objective, the Fund will be investing in a portfolio consisting a minimum of 70% of its NAV in Shariah-compliant equities, while a maximum of 30% of its NAV in Sukuk, Islamic money market instruments and/or Islamic deposits. The Fund will invest primarily in Asia Pacific (ex Japan) companies. The Fund may also invest up to 30% of its NAV in other regions including Japan.

The investment selection process will include dividend paying companies that are able to provide a steady income stream to the Fund. As such, we would adopt a bottom-up strategy where individual stock analysis forms the primary building blocks for portfolio construction and stock selection. The Fund focuses on higher dividend paying sectors where cash flows are more resilient towards the broader market environment, examples of which include utility companies. Similarly, the Fund will also look at selected lower dividend yielding stocks with prospects of growing its dividends to achieve an element of capital growth in addition to dividend yield on a total return basis. Key factors which are useful to the identification of such companies would include sales and profit growth, financial strength and gearing levels, capital expenditure levels as well as management commitment to rewarding shareholders via dividends or capital repayments. The dividends provided by these companies would be the primary source of income from which the Fund would then declare income distributions to you.

The Fund intends to adopt a two-part approach whereby a portion of the Fund's investments will be focused towards stable and high-dividend yielding Shariah-compliant equities, and the other portion will be invested in "the next dividend leaders". These are equities which we believe could, in the medium term, potentially start paying high dividends or substantially increase the existing dividend payouts. The determination of proportion between the two parts will be driven by prevailing opportunities in the markets and premised on achieving the overall Fund's objective of providing regular income and capital growth over the medium to long term. However, as the Fund's primary objective is to provide regular income, there is a natural bias towards holding more of the stable and high dividend yielding Shariah-compliant equities.

While the Fund's core investments will remain in Shariah-compliant equities, the Fund holds the option to invest into Islamic fixed income instruments such as Sukuk, Islamic money market instruments and/or Islamic deposits. The selection of Islamic fixed income instruments will depend largely on its credit quality where the respective issuers will have strong ability to meet their financial obligations, healthy cash-flow, the collateral type, value, claims priority as well as offer higher safety for timely payment of profit and principal.

To achieve its objective, the Fund may invest in unlisted Shariah-compliant securities, Shariah-compliant warrants as well as Islamic collective investment schemes.

Islamic Derivatives

The Fund may employ Islamic derivatives such as Islamic cross currency swaps that are certified by the Shariah Adviser for hedging purposes. Islamic cross currency swaps may be used to hedge the principal and/or the returns of the foreign-currency denominated investments back to the Base Currency. While the hedging strategy will assist with mitigating the potential foreign exchange losses by the Fund, any potential foreign exchange gains from the hedging strategy will be capped as well.

The Fund adopts commitment approach to measure the Fund's global exposure to Islamic derivatives. The commitment approach is a methodology that aggregates the underlying market values or notional values of Islamic derivatives after taking into account the possible effects of netting and/or hedging arrangements. The Fund's global exposure from the Islamic derivatives position must not exceed 100% of NAV of the Fund at all times.

Temporary Defensive Position

We hold the option to take temporary defensive positions that may be inconsistent with the Fund's principal strategy and asset allocation to protect the Fund against adverse market conditions that may impact financial markets. To manage the risk of the Fund, we may shift the Fund's focus and exposure into lower risk investments such as Islamic deposits or Islamic money market instruments.

Cross trades

AIIMAN may conduct cross trades between funds which it is currently managing provided that all criteria imposed by the regulators are met. Notwithstanding the above, cross trades between the personal account of an employee of AIIMAN and the Fund's account(s) and between AIIMAN's proprietary trading accounts and the Fund's account(s) are strictly prohibited. Compliance with the criteria would be monitored by the compliance unit of AHAM, and reported to AHAM's compliance & risk oversight committee, to avoid conflict of interests and manipulation that could have a negative impact on investors.

PERMITTED INVESTMENTS

- Shariah-compliant equities;
- Unlisted Shariah-compliant securities;
- Sukuk;
- Islamic deposits;
- Islamic money market instruments;
- Units or shares in Islamic collective investment schemes;
- Islamic derivatives;
- Islamic embedded derivatives; and
- Any other form of Shariah-compliant investments as may be permitted by the SAC of the SC and/or Shariah Adviser from time to time which is in line with the objective of the Fund.

INVESTMENT RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITS

- a) The Fund's assets must be relevant and consistent with the investment objective of the Fund;
- b) The value of the Fund's investments in Shariah-compliant ordinary shares issued by any single issuer must not exceed 10% of the Fund's NAV;
- c) The aggregate value of the Fund's investments in Shariah-compliant shares or Shariah-compliant securities equivalent to shares and Sukuk that are not traded or dealt in or on under an eligible market must not exceed 15% of the Fund's NAV, subject to a maximum limit of 10% of the Fund's NAV in a single issuer ("Exposure Limit");
- d) The value of the Fund's investments in Shariah-compliant transferable securities and Islamic money market instruments issued by any single issuer must not exceed 15% of the Fund's NAV ("Single Issuer Limit"). In determining the Single Issuer Limit, the value of the Fund's investments in instruments in Exposure Limit above issued by the same issuer must be included in the calculation;

- e) The Fund's investments in Islamic money market instruments must not exceed 10% of the instruments issued by any single issuer. This limit does not apply to Islamic money market instruments that do not have a pre-determined issue size;
- f) The value of the Fund's investments in Shariah-compliant transferable securities and Islamic money market instruments issued by any group of companies must not exceed 20% of the Fund's NAV ("Group Limit"). In determining the Group Limit, the value of the Fund's investments in instruments in Exposure Limit above issued by the issuers within the same group of companies must be included in the calculation;
- g) The Fund's investments in Shariah-compliant shares or Shariah-compliant securities equivalent to shares must not exceed 10% of the Shariah-compliant shares or Shariah-compliant securities equivalent to shares, as the case may be, issued by a single issuer;
- h) The value of the Fund's placement in Islamic deposits with any single Financial Institution must not exceed 20% of the Fund's NAV ("Single Financial Institution Limit"):

The Single Financial Institution Limit does not apply to placements of Islamic deposit arising from:

 - (i) Subscription monies received prior to the commencement of investment by the Fund;
 - (ii) Liquidation of investments prior to the termination of the Fund, where the placement of Islamic deposits with various Financial Institutions would not be in the best interests of Unit Holders; or
 - (iii) Monies held for the settlement of redemption or other payment obligations, where the placement of Islamic deposits with various Financial Institutions would not be in the best interests of Unit Holders;
- i) For Fund's investments in Islamic derivatives, the exposure to the underlying assets of the Islamic derivatives must not exceed the investment restrictions or limitations applicable to such underlying assets and investments as stipulated in the Guidelines and the value of the Fund's OTC Islamic derivatives transaction with any single counterparty must not exceed 10% of the Fund's NAV;
- j) The Fund's global exposure from Islamic derivatives position shall not exceed the Fund's NAV at all times;
- k) The aggregate value of the Fund's investments in, or exposure to a single issuer through Shariah-compliant transferable securities, Islamic money market instruments, Islamic deposits, underlying assets of Islamic derivatives, and counterparty exposure arising from the use of OTC Islamic derivatives must not exceed 25% of the Fund's NAV ("Single Issuer Aggregate Limit"). In determining the Single Issuer Aggregate Limit, the value of the Fund's investments in instruments in Exposure Limit above issued by the same issuer must be included in the calculation;
- l) The value of the Fund's investments in units/shares of any Islamic collective investment scheme must not exceed 20% of the Fund's NAV provided that the Islamic collective investment scheme complies with the requirements of the Guidelines;
- m) The value of the Fund's investments in units or shares of an Islamic collective investment scheme that invests in real estate must not exceed 15% of the Fund's NAV;
- n) The Fund's investments in Sukuk must not exceed 20% of the Sukuk issued by any single issuer. This limit may be disregarded at the time of acquisition if at that time of acquisition the gross amount of Sukuk in issue cannot be determined;
- o) The Fund's investments in Islamic collective investment schemes must not exceed 25% of the units/shares in the Islamic collective investment scheme;
- p) The Single Issuer Limit may be raised to 35% of the Fund's NAV if the issuing entity is, or the issue is guaranteed by, either a foreign government, foreign government agency, foreign central bank or supranational, that has a minimum long-term credit rating of investment grade (including gradation and subcategories) by an international rating agency;
- q) Where the Single Issuer Limit is increased to 35% of the Fund's NAV, the Single Issuer Aggregate Limit may be raised, subject to the Group Limit not exceeding 35% of the Fund's NAV; and
- r) Any other investment limits or restrictions imposed by the relevant regulatory authorities or pursuant to any laws and regulations applicable to the Fund.

Please note that the above restrictions and limits do not apply to securities or instruments issued or guaranteed by the Malaysian government or Bank Negara Malaysia.

In respect of the above investment restrictions and limits, any breach as a result of any (a) appreciation or depreciation in value of the Fund's investments; (b) repurchase of Units or payment made out of the Fund; (c) change in capital of a corporation in which the Fund has invested in; or (d) downgrade in or cessation of a credit rating, must be rectified as soon as practicable within three months from the date of the breach unless otherwise specified in the Guidelines. Nevertheless, the three-month period may be extended if it is in the best interests of Unit Holders and the Trustee's consent has been obtained. Such extension must be subject to at least a monthly review by the Trustee.

SHARIAH INVESTMENT GUIDELINES

The following are the Shariah investment guidelines for the Fund, which the Manager is to strictly adhere to on a continuous basis. At all times, the Fund shall invest in activities and instruments that are allowed under Shariah principles and shall not invest in activities and instruments that are prohibited under Shariah principles based on Shariah Adviser's established parameters which are mutually agreed by the Manager.

The following matters are adopted by the Shariah Adviser in determining the Shariah status of the Fund's investments.

a. Equity

Investment in Malaysia

The Fund will invest based on a list of Shariah-compliant equities by the SAC of the SC.

For initial public offering (IPO) companies that have yet to be determined the Shariah status by the SAC of the SC, the Shariah Adviser adopts the following analysis as a temporary measure in determining its Shariah status until the SAC of the SC releases the Shariah status of the respective companies.

(1) Qualitative analysis

In this analysis, the Shariah Adviser will look into aspects of general public perception of the companies' images, core businesses which are considered important and *maslahah* (beneficial) to the Muslim *ummah* (nation) and the country. The non-permissible elements are very small and involve matters like *umum balwa* (common plight and difficult to avoid), *'uruf* (custom) and rights of the non-Muslim community which are accepted under the Shariah.

(2) Quantitative analysis

Companies which passed the above qualitative analysis will be further subjected to quantitative analysis. The Shariah Adviser deduces the following to ensure that they are lower than the Shariah tolerable benchmarks:

(a) Business activity benchmarks

The 5 per cent benchmark would be applicable to the following business activities:

- Conventional banking and lending;
- Conventional insurance;
- Gambling;
- Liquor and liquor-related activities;
- Pork and pork-related activities;
- Non-halal food and beverages;
- Shariah non-compliant entertainment;
- Tobacco and tobacco-related activities;
- Interest income from conventional accounts and instruments (including interest income awarded arising from a court judgement or arbitrator);
- Dividends from Shariah non-compliant investments; and
- Other activities considered non-compliant according to Shariah principles as determined by the SAC.

The 20 per cent benchmark would be applicable to the following activities:

- Share trading;
- Stockbroking business;
- Rental received from Shariah non-compliant activities; and
- Other activities deemed non-compliant according to Shariah principles as determined by the SAC.

The above-mentioned contribution of Shariah non-compliant businesses/activities to the overall revenue/sales/turnover/income and profit before tax of the companies will be calculated and compared against the relevant business activity benchmarks i.e. must be less than 5 per cent and less than 20 per cent respectively as stated above.

(b) Financial ratio benchmarks

The financial ratios applied are as follows:

- Cash over total assets:

Cash will only include cash placed in conventional accounts and instruments, whereas cash placed in Islamic accounts and instruments will be excluded from the calculation.

- Debt over total assets:

Debt will only include interest-bearing debt whereas Islamic financing or Sukuk will be excluded from the calculation.

Both ratios, which are intended to measure *riba'* and *riba'*-based elements within a company's statement of financial position, must be less than 33 per cent.

Should any of the above deductions fail to meet the benchmarks, the Shariah Adviser will not accord Shariah-compliant status for the companies.

Investment in Foreign Markets

The Fund shall invest in securities listed under the list of Shariah-compliant securities issued by any Shariah indices commonly accepted and recognized internationally including but not limited to MSCI AC Asia Pacific (ex Japan) Islamic Index.

Any foreign securities which are not certified by the local Shariah governing bodies of the respective countries or listed under the list of Shariah-compliant securities issued by Shariah indices recognized internationally shall be determined in accordance with the ruling issued by the Shariah Adviser as follows:

Investment in companies with the following core activities and instruments are prohibited for investment by the Fund:

- (i) Alcohol;
- (ii) Tobacco;
- (iii) Cannabis;
- (iv) Pork related products;
- (v) Conventional Financial Services;
- (vi) Defense / Weapons;
- (vii) Gambling / Casino;
- (viii) Music;
- (ix) Hotels;
- (x) Cinema;
- (xi) Adult Entertainment;
- (xii) Online dating.
- (xiii) whose total debt divided by market value of equity (36 month average) is equal to or more than 33.33 per cent, where total debt equals short term plus current portion of long terms debt plus long terms debt;
- (xiv) where the sum of cash and interest bearing securities divided by market value of equity (36 month average) is equal to or more than 33.33 per cent;
- (xv) where the accounts receivable and cash divided by market value of equity (36 month average) are equal or more than 49 per cent, where "accounts receivables" means current receivables plus longer term receivables; and
- (xvi) where income from non-permissible activities exceeding five per cent of the revenue of the company.

b. Sukuk

Sukuk are certificates that provide evidence of an investment into an underlying asset or a project which is typically an income generating asset or project. The Fund will only invest in Sukuk which is approved by the SAC of the SC, Accounting and Auditing Organization for Islamic Financial Institutions (AAOIFI) and/or other Shariah boards/standards acceptable to the Shariah Adviser. The Shariah Adviser will review any Sukuk instruments to be invested by the Fund based on the data available at:

- Bond info hub (www.bondinfo.bnm.gov.my)
- Fully automated system for issuing/tendering (<http://fast.bnm.gov.my>)

c. Islamic money market instruments

For investment in Malaysia, the Fund will invest in Islamic money market instruments approved by the SAC of BNM based on the data available at:

- Bond info hub (www.bondinfo.bnm.gov.my)
- Fully automated system for issuing/tendering (www.fast.bnm.gov.my).

For investment in foreign markets, Islamic money market instruments that are endorsed by other Shariah adviser or committee must be approved by the Shariah Adviser upon review of the relevant documents e.g. principal terms and conditions and Shariah pronouncements or approvals.

d. Investment in Islamic deposits

Islamic deposits shall be placed with financial institutions licensed under the Islamic Financial Services Act 2013 and/or Financial Services Act 2013, whichever is appropriate. For the avoidance of doubt, only Islamic account is permitted for placement of liquid assets with institutions licensed under the Financial Services Act 2013. The Fund is also prohibited from investing in interest-bearing liquid assets and recognizing any interest income.

e. Investment in Islamic collective investment scheme

The Fund shall invest in Islamic collective investment scheme which must be regulated and registered or authorised or approved by the relevant authority in its home jurisdiction.

f. Islamic derivative instruments

Islamic derivative instruments that are endorsed by other Shariah advisers or committees must be approved by the Shariah Adviser upon review of the relevant documents e.g. principal terms and conditions and Shariah pronouncements or approvals.

Any other investments

For avoidance of doubt, the documents relating to the Shariah-compliant liquidity management instrument should be submitted for prior approval by the Shariah Adviser.

Where the Shariah Adviser request a change to the Shariah Investment Guidelines, it shall give the Manager a reasonable period of time to effect such change in the Prospectus in accordance with the requirements of any applicable law and regulation.

Cleansing/ Purification Process for the Fund

1. Cleansing process for the Fund

(a) Shariah non-compliant Investment

This refers to Shariah non-compliant investment made by the Manager, if applicable. The said investment will be disposed of or withdrawn with immediate effect or within a month of knowing the status of the investment. In the event of the investment resulted in gain (through capital gain and/or dividend and/or profit) received before or after the disposal of the investment, the gain is to be channeled to baitulmal and/or any other charitable bodies as advised by the Shariah Adviser. If the disposal of the investment resulted in losses to the Fund(s), the losses are to be borne by the Manager.

(b) Reclassification of Shariah Status of the Fund's Investment

These refer to Shariah-compliant securities which were earlier classified as Shariah-compliant but due to certain factors, such as changes in the companies' business operations and financial positions, are subsequently reclassified as Shariah non-compliant. In this regard, if on the date the Shariah-compliant securities turned Shariah non-compliant, the respective market price of Shariah non-compliant securities exceeds or is equal to the investment cost, Fund that hold such Shariah non-compliant securities must dispose them off. Any dividends received up to the date of the announcement/review and capital gains arising from the disposal of the Shariah non-compliant securities on the date of the announcement/review can be kept by the Fund.

However, any dividends received and excess capital gain from the disposal of Shariah non-compliant securities after the date of the announcement/review at a market price that is higher than the closing price on the date of the announcement/review should be channeled to baitulmal and/or charitable bodies approved by the Shariah Adviser.

On the other hand, the Fund is allowed to hold its investment in the Shariah non-compliant securities if the market price of the said securities is below the Fund's investment costs. It is also permissible for the Fund to keep the dividends received during the holding period until such time when the total amount of dividends received and the market value of the Shariah non-compliant securities held equal the investment cost. At this stage, they are advised to dispose of their holding.

In addition, during the holding period, Fund is allowed to subscribe to:

- (a) any issue of new Shariah-compliant securities by a company whose Shariah non-compliant securities are held by the Fund, for example rights issues, bonus issues, special issues and warrants (excluding Shariah-compliant securities whose nature is Shariah non-compliant e.g. loan stocks); and
- (b) Shariah-compliant securities of other companies offered by the company whose Shariah non-compliant securities are held by the Fund.

on condition that it expedite the disposal of the Shariah non-compliant securities.

Where the Fund(s) invests in securities (save for Sukuk, money market instruments, deposit, liquid assets and equities or equities related i.e. warrants, right issue etc) earlier classified as Shariah-compliant but considered to have become Shariah non-compliant (by the Shariah adviser appointed by the issuer of that security) then guidance from the Shariah Adviser should be obtained.

Where the Fund invests in Sukuk, money market instruments, deposits, liquid assets or equities or equities related earlier classified as Shariah-compliant that are subsequently determined, regarded or deemed to be Shariah non-compliant as a result of a new or previously unknown fatwa/ruling and/or upon advice by the Shariah Adviser, the Manager would be required to sell such sukuk, money market instruments or equities or equities related, or withdraw such deposits, or liquid assets, as soon as practicable of having notice, knowledge or advice of the status of such instruments. Any profit/gain received from such instruments prior to the occurrence of the aforesaid event shall be retained by the Fund. Any profit/gain received subsequent to the occurrence of the aforesaid event shall be channelled to baitulmal and/or charitable bodies, as endorsed by the Shariah Adviser.

(c) Purification of cash dividend

The cleansing process is the means by which all remaining elements of non-permissible income are removed or purged from a portfolio through dividend cleansing. The process applies mainly to non-permissible income as per MSCI AC Asia Pacific (ex Japan) Islamic and should be disposed according to the same methodology as per MSCI AC Asia Pacific (ex Japan) Islamic. The cleansed income shall be channelled to charities as approved by the Shariah adviser.

Shariah Approval Process

The investment of the Fund would be restricted to instruments that are allowed under Shariah and the Fund is prohibited from investing in instruments which do not comply with the Shariah.

The investment of the Fund will comprise of instruments that are classified as Shariah-compliant by the SAC of the SC or by the SAC of Bank Negara Malaysia (“BNM”). Instruments that are not classified as Shariah-compliant by the SAC of the SC or the SAC of BNM, the status of the instruments will be determined in accordance with the ruling by the Shariah Adviser.

Shariah Adviser

Amanie Advisors Sdn Bhd (“Amanie”) has been appointed as the Shariah Adviser for the Fund. Amanie’s responsibility is to ensure that the Fund is managed and administered in accordance with Shariah principles. Amanie is also responsible for scrutinizing the Fund’s compliance report and investment transaction reports provided by, or duly approved by, the Trustee to ensure that the Fund’s investment are in line with Shariah principles. Amanie has viewed the Prospectus and other documents which relates to the structure of the Fund.

Amanie confirms that the Fund’s structure and its investment process, and other operational and administrative matters are Shariah-compliant in accordance with Shariah principles and complies with applicable guidelines, rulings or decisions issued by the SC pertaining to Shariah matters.

Amanie is of the view that, given the prevailing circumstances, the Fund and the respective investments as disclosed and presented are acceptable and within the Shariah principles, subject to proper execution of the legal documents and other transactions related to the Fund.

VALUATION OF PERMITTED INVESTMENTS

We will ensure that the valuation of the Fund is to be carried out in a fair manner in accordance to the relevant laws and Guidelines. We will obtain the daily price of value of the assets for the purpose of valuing the Fund in accordance to the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standard 9 issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board. In the absence of daily price or value of the assets, we will use the latest available price or value of the assets respectively.

The valuation bases for the permitted investments of the Fund are as below:

➤ **Listed Shariah-compliant securities**

Valuation of investments in listed Shariah-compliant securities shall be based on the closing price or last known transacted price on the eligible market on which the investment is quoted. If the price is not representative of its fair value or not available to the market, including in the event of suspension in the quotation of the securities for a period exceeding fourteen (14) days, or such shorter period as agreed by the Trustee, the investments should be valued at fair value determined in good faith by the Manager or its delegate, based on the methods or bases which have been verified by the auditor of the Fund and approved by the Trustee.

➤ **Unlisted Shariah-compliant securities**

For unlisted MYR denominated Sukuk, valuation will be done using the price quoted by a bond pricing agency (“BPA”) registered with the SC. For unlisted non-MYR denominated Sukuk, valuation will be based on the average indicative price quoted by independent and reputable institutions. Where the Manager is of the view that the price quoted by BPA differs from the fair value or where reliable market quotations are not available, the fair value will be determined in good faith by the Manager using methods or bases which have been verified by the auditor of the Fund and approved by the Trustee.

For other unlisted Sukuk, valuation will be based on fair value as determined in good faith by the Manager using methods or bases which have been verified by the auditor of the Fund and approved by the Trustee.

➤ **Islamic money market instruments**

Valuation of MYR denominated Islamic money market instruments will be done using the price quoted by a BPA registered with the SC. For non-MYR denominated Islamic money market instruments, valuation will be done using an average quotations provided by reputable Financial Institutions. Where the Manager is of the view that the price quoted by BPA differs from the fair value or where reliable market quotations are not available, the fair value will be determined in good faith by the Manager. This may be determined by reference to the valuation of other Islamic money market instruments which are comparable in rating, yield, expected maturity date and/or other characteristics.

➤ **Islamic deposits**

Valuation of Islamic deposits placed with Financial Institutions are valued by reference to the principal value of such investments and the profit accrued thereon for the relevant period.

➤ **Islamic collective investment schemes**

Unlisted Islamic collective investment schemes will be valued based on the last published repurchase price.

For listed Islamic collective investment schemes, valuation will be done in a similar manner used in the valuation of listed Shariah-compliant securities as described above.

➤ **Islamic derivatives**

Unlisted Islamic derivatives will be valued at fair value as determined in good faith by the Manager or its delegate, based on the methods or bases which have been verified by the auditor of the Fund and approved by the Trustee.

For listed Islamic derivatives, the valuation will be done based on the closing price or last known transacted price on the eligible market on which the investment is quoted. If the price is not representative of its fair value or is not available to the market, including in the event of suspension in the quotation of the securities for a period exceeding fourteen (14) days, or such shorter period as agreed by the Trustee, the investments will be valued at fair value as determined in good faith by the Manager or its delegate, based on the methods or bases verified by the auditor of the Fund and approved by the Trustee. For foreign Shariah-compliant exchange forward contracts ("FX Forwards"), interpolation formula is applied to compute the value of the FX Forwards based on the rates provided by Bloomberg or Refinitiv. If the rates are not available on Bloomberg or Refinitiv, the FX Forwards will be valued based on fair value as determined in good faith by the Manager, using methods or bases which have been verified by the auditor of the Fund and approved by the Trustee.

VALUATION POINT OF THE FUND

The Fund will be valued at 6.00 p.m on every Business Day (or "trading day" or "T" day). However, if the Fund has exposure to investments outside of Malaysia, the Fund shall be valued at 11.00 a.m. on the next Business Day (or "T + 1"). All foreign assets are translated into the Base Currency based on the last available bid exchange rate quoted by Bloomberg/Refinitiv at 4.00 p.m. (United Kingdom time) which is equivalent to 11 p.m. or 12 midnight (Malaysian time) on the same day, or at such time as stipulated in the investment management standards issued by the FIMM.

FINANCING AND SECURITIES LENDING

The Fund is not permitted to seek financing in cash or borrow other assets in connection with its activities. However, the Fund may seek cash financing for the purpose of meeting repurchase requests for Units and for bridging requirements. Such financings are subjected to the following:-

- the Fund's cash financing is only on a temporary basis and that financings are not persistent;
- the financing period should not exceed one (1) month;
- the aggregate financings of the Fund should not exceed 10% of the Fund's NAV at the time the financing is incurred;
- the Fund may only obtain Shariah-compliant financing from Financial Institutions; and
- the instruments for such activity must comply with the Shariah requirements.

The Fund may not assume, guarantee, endorse or otherwise become directly or contingently liable for or in connection with any obligation or indebtedness of any person.

ZAKAT FOR THE FUND

The Fund does not pay zakat on behalf of Muslim individuals and Islamic legal entities, who are Unit Holders of the Fund. Such Unit Holders are thus required to pay zakat on their own behalf.

DEALING INFORMATION

You must read and understand the content of the Prospectus (and any supplemental prospectus) and PHS before investing.



You are advised not to make payment in cash to any individual agent when purchasing Units of the Fund.

PURCHASE AND REPURCHASE OF UNITS

WHO IS ELIGIBLE TO INVEST?

- An individual who is at least eighteen (18) years of age. In the case of joint application, the jointholder whose name appears first in the register of Unit Holders must be at least eighteen (18) years of age.
- A corporation such as registered businesses, co-operative, foundations and trusts.

HOW TO PURCHASE UNITS?

- You may submit the purchase request by completing an application form and returning it to us between 8.45 a.m. to 3.30 p.m. on a Business Day.
- You are required to provide us with the following completed forms and documents. However, we reserve the right to request for additional documents before we process the purchase application.

Individual or Jointholder	Corporation
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Account opening form; • Suitability assessment form; • Personal data protection notice form; • A copy of identity card or passport or any other document of identification; and • Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (“FATCA”) and Common Reporting Standard (“CRS”) Self-certification Form. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Account opening form; • Suitability assessment form; • Personal data protection notice form; • Certified true copy of memorandum and articles of association*; • Certified true copy of certificate of incorporation*; • Certified true copy of form 24 and form 49*; • Certified true copy of form 8, 9, 13, 20 and 44 (where applicable)*; • Latest audited financial statement; • Board resolution relating to the investment; • A list of the authorised signatories; • Specimen signatures of the respective signatories; and • Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (“FATCA”) and Common Reporting Standard (“CRS”) Self-certification Form. <p><i>* or any other equivalent documentation issued by the authorities.</i></p>

HOW TO MAKE PAYMENT FOR PURCHASE APPLICATION?

- You may transfer the purchase payment into our bank account via telegraphic transfer or online transfer, and include your name in the transaction description for our reference.
- Bank charges or other bank fees, if any, will be borne by you.

WHAT IS THE PROCESS OF THE PURCHASE APPLICATION?

- If we receive your purchase application at or before 3.30 p.m. on a Business Day (or “T day”), we will create your Units based on the NAV per Unit for that Business Day. Any purchase request received or deemed to have been received by us after 3.30 p.m. will be transacted on the next Business Day (or “T + 1 day”), unless a prior arrangement is made to our satisfaction.
- Sale of Units will be honoured upon receipt of complete set of documents together with the proof of payments.

WHAT ARE THE MINIMUM INITIAL INVESTMENT, MINIMUM ADDITIONAL INVESTMENT, MINIMUM REPURCHASE AMOUNT AND MINIMUM HOLDING OF UNITS?

Minimum Initial Investment*	MYR 1,000
Minimum Additional Investment*	MYR 100
Minimum Repurchase Units*	2,000 Units
Minimum Holding of Units*	2,000 Units

**At our discretion, we may reduce the transaction value and Units, including for transactions made via digital channels, subject to the terms and conditions disclosed in the respective channels.*

HOW TO REPURCHASE UNITS?

- It is important to note that, you must meet the minimum holding of Units after a repurchase transaction.
If the balance of your investment (i.e. total number of Units) is less than the minimum holding of Units, we may withdraw all your holding of Units and pay the proceeds to you.
We may, with the consent of the Trustee, reserve the right to defer your repurchase request if such transaction would adversely affect the Fund or the interest of the Unit Holders of the Fund.
- You may submit the repurchase request by completing a transaction form and returning it to us between 8.45 a.m. to 3.30 p.m. on a Business Day.
- Payment of the repurchase proceeds will be transferred to your bank account. Where Units are held jointly, payment will be made to the person whose name appears first in the register of Unit Holders.
- Bank charges and other bank fees, if any, will be borne by you.

WHAT IS THE PROCESS OF REPURCHASE APPLICATION?

- For a repurchase request received or deemed to have been received by us at or before 3.30 p.m. on a Business Day (or “T day”), Units will be repurchased based on the NAV per Unit of the Fund for that Business Day. Any repurchase request received after 3.30 p.m. will be transacted on the next Business Day (or “T + 1 day”).
- Processing is subject to receipt of a complete transaction form and such other documents as may be required by us.

WHAT IS THE REPURCHASE PROCEEDS PAYOUT PERIOD?

- You will be paid within seven (7) Business Days from the day the repurchase request is received by us, provided that all documentations are completed and verifiable.

WHERE TO PURCHASE AND REPURCHASE UNITS?

- Units can be purchased and repurchased at any of the location listed in “Directory of Sales Offices” section or with our authorised distributors.
- You may obtain a copy of the this Prospectus, PHS and application forms from the abovementioned location. Alternatively, you may also visit our website at www.aiiman.com.

WHO SHOULD I CONTACT IF I HAVE QUESTION OR NEED ADDITIONAL INFORMATION?

- You can seek assistance from our customer service personnel at +603-2116 6156 / 1-300-88-8830 between 8.45 a.m. to 5.30 p.m. on a Business Day. Alternatively, you can email us at general@aiiman.com.

COOLING-OFF PERIOD

You have the right to apply for and receive a refund for every Unit that you have paid for within six (6) Business Days from the date we received your purchase application.

You will be refunded for every Unit held based on the prices mentioned below and the Sales Charge imposed on the day those Units were purchased.

- If the price of a Unit on the day the Units were first purchased (“original price”) is higher than the price of a Unit at the point of exercise of the cooling-off right (“market price”), you will be refunded based on the market price at the point of cooling-off; or
- If the market price is higher than the original price, you will be refunded based on the original price at the point of cooling-off.

You will be refunded within seven (7) Business Days from our receipt of the cooling-off application.

Please note that the cooling-off right is applicable to you if you are an individual investor and investing in any of our funds for the first time. However, if you are a staff of AIIAMAN or a person registered with a body approved by the SC to deal in unit trusts, you are not entitled to this right.

We will process your cooling-off request if your request is received or deemed to have been received by us at or before 3.30 p.m. on a Business Day (or “T day”). Any cooling-off request received after 3.30 p.m. will be transacted on the next Business Day (or “T + 1 day”).

Processing is subject to receipt of a complete transaction form and such other documents as may be required by us.

SWITCHING FACILITY

Switching facility enables you to switch into any of our funds (or its classes), provided that the fund (or its class) is denominated in MYR, and it is subject to the terms and conditions applicable for the respective funds. However, you must meet the minimum holding of 2,000 Units and the minimum investment amount of the fund (or its class) that you intend to switch into.

The minimum amount per switch of the Fund is 200 Units (or such other amount as may be determined by us from time to time).

You are also to note that we reserve the right to reject any switching requests that are regarded as disruptive to efficient portfolio management, or requests that we deem to be contrary to the best interest of the Fund and/or the existing Unit Holders.

Switching from this Fund into other funds (or its classes) managed by us

You must complete a switching transaction form and submit it to us at or before the cut-off time of 3.30 p.m. on a Business Day (or “T day”) together with relevant supporting documents, if any. If we receive your switching request after 3.30 p.m., we will process your request on the next Business Day (or “T + 1 day”).

You should note that the pricing day of a fund (or its class) may not be on the same day as when we receive your switching application. Please see below the pricing policy of switching for all our funds:

Switching Out Fund	Switching In Fund	Pricing Day	
		Switching Out Fund	Switching In Fund
Money market fund	Non-money market fund	T Day	T Day
Non-money market fund	Non-money market fund		T Day
Money market fund	Money market fund	T Day	T + 1 Day
Non-money market fund	Money market fund	T Day	At the next valuation point, subject to clearance of payment and money received by the intended fund

Switching from an Islamic fund to a conventional fund is discouraged for Muslim Unit Holders.

TRANSFER FACILITY

You are permitted to transfer Units held by you, whether fully or partially, to another person. You may transfer your ownership of investments in the Fund at any point in time by completing the transfer application form and returning it to us on any Business Day. The transfer must be made in terms of Units and not MYR value. There is no minimum amount of Units required to effect a transfer except that the transferor and transferee must hold the minimum holdings of Units to remain as a Unit Holder.

It is important to note that we are at liberty to disregard or refuse to process the transfer application if the processing of such instruction will be in contravention of any law or regulatory requirements, whether or not having the force of law and/or would expose us to any liability.

SUSPENSION OF DEALING IN UNITS

The Manager may, in consultation with the Trustee and having considered the interests of the Unit Holders, suspend the dealing in Units* due to exceptional circumstances, where there is good and sufficient reason to do so. The Manager will cease the suspension as soon as practicable after the exceptional circumstances have ceased, and in any event, within twenty-one (21) days from the commencement of suspension.

The period of suspension may be extended if the Manager satisfies the Trustee that it is in the best interest of the Unit Holders for the dealing in Units to remain suspended, subject to a weekly review by the Trustee.

The Trustee may suspend the dealing in Units, if the Trustee, on its own accord, considers that exceptional circumstances have been triggered. In such a case, the Trustee shall immediately call for a Unit Holders' meeting to decide on the next course of action.

*The action to impose suspension shall only be exercised as a last resort by the Manager, as disclosed in the section on "Liquidity Risk Management".

DISTRIBUTION POLICY

Subject to the availability of income, the Fund will distribute income on a semi annual basis, after the end of the first financial year of the Fund.

You may elect the mode of distributions in cash payment or additional Units by way of reinvestment by simply ticking the appropriate column in the application form. You may also inform us, at any time, before the income distribution date, of your choice of distribution mode. All income distribution will be automatically reinvested into additional Units of the Fund if you do not elect the mode of distribution in the application form.

Distribution, which is less than or equal to the amount of MYR 300.00 would be automatically reinvested on behalf of Unit Holder.

Notwithstanding the above, we also may reinvest the distribution proceeds which remain unclaimed after twelve (12) months from the date of payment, provided that you still have an account with us.

Reinvestment Process

Where a Unit Holder elects to receive income distribution by way of reinvestment, the Manager shall create Units for the Unit Holder based on the NAV per Unit of the income payment date which is within two (2) Business Days after the income distribution date.

There will not be any cost to investors for reinvestments in new additional Units.

Cash Payment Process

Unit Holders who elect to receive income distribution by way of cash payment shall be made via telegraphic transfer where income will be transferred to the Unit Holder's bank account within seven (7) Business Days after the distribution date. Where the Units are held jointly, the payment can be transferred to a joint name bank account of principal Unit Holder and joint Unit Holder or to a sole name bank account of either the principal Unit Holder or the joint Unit Holder. The principal Unit Holder is the one who is first named in the Fund's register of Unit Holders.

Unit prices and distributions payable, if any, may go down as well as up.

UNCLAIMED MONEYS

Any monies payable to you which remain unclaimed after twelve (12) months from the date of payment will be dealt as follows:-

- a) we may reinvest unclaimed distribution proceeds provided that you still have an account with us; or
- b) we will pay to the Registrar of Unclaimed Monies in accordance with the requirements of the Unclaimed Moneys Act 1965.

FEES, CHARGES AND EXPENSES



There are fees and charges involved and investors are advised to consider them before investing in the Fund.

You should be aware that all fees, charges and expenses referred to or quoted in the Prospectus (including any supplemental prospectus) and the Deed (including any supplemental deed) are referred to or quoted as being exclusive of any other applicable taxes. We (including the Trustee and other service providers) will charge any other applicable taxes on the fees, charges and expenses in accordance with any other relevant or applicable laws.

CHARGES

The following are the charges that you may **directly** incur when you buy or redeem Units of the Fund.

SALES CHARGE

Up to 5.50%* of the NAV per Unit.

*You may negotiate for a lower Sales Charge.

All Sales Charges will be rounded to two (2) decimal places and will be retained by AIIMAN.

REPURCHASE CHARGE

There will be no Repurchase Charge imposed on the repurchase of Units.

TRANSFER FEE

There will be no transfer fee imposed on the transfer facility.

SWITCHING FEE

The Manager does not impose any switching fee. However, if the amount of sales charge of the fund (or class) that the Unit Holder intends to switch into is higher than the sales charge imposed by the fund (or class) being switched from, then the difference in the sales charge between the two (2) funds (or classes) shall be borne by the Unit Holder.

FEES AND EXPENSES

We may (in our sole and absolute discretion), waive or reduce the amount of any fees (except the trustee fee) and expenses of the Fund, either for all the investors or a particular investor.

The following are the fees that you may **indirectly** incur when you invest in the Fund.

ANNUAL MANAGEMENT FEE

The annual management fee is up to 1.80% per annum of the NAV of the Fund (before deducting the management fee and trustee fee). This fee is calculated and accrued daily and payable monthly to the Manager.

Please note that the example below is for illustration only:

Assuming that the NAV of the Fund is MYR 200 million for that day, the accrued management fee for that day would be:

$$\frac{\text{MYR } 200,000,000 \times 1.80\%}{365 \text{ days}} = \text{MYR } 9,863.01 \text{ per day}$$

ANNUAL TRUSTEE FEE

The Fund pays an annual trustee fee of up to 0.06% per annum of the NAV of the Fund (excluding foreign custodian fees and charges) (before deducting the management fee and trustee fee). In addition to the annual trustee fee, the Trustee may be reimbursed by the Fund for any expenses properly incurred by it in the performance of its duties and responsibilities.

The trustee fee is calculated and accrued daily and payable monthly to the Trustee.

Please note that the example below is for illustration only:

Assuming that the NAV of the Fund is MYR 200 million for that day, the accrued trustee fee for that day would be:

$$\frac{\text{MYR } 200,000,000 \times 0.06\%}{365 \text{ days}} = \text{MYR } 328.76 \text{ per day}$$

ADMINISTRATIVE FEES

Only the expenses (or part thereof) which are directly related and necessary to the operation and administration of the Fund may be charged to the Fund. These would include (but are not limited to) the following:

- Commissions/fees paid to brokers/dealers in effecting dealings in the investments of the Fund, shown on the contract notes or confirmation notes;
- (where the custodial function is delegated by the Trustee) charges and fees paid to the sub-custodians in respect of any foreign investments of the Fund;
- Taxes and other duties charged on the Fund by the government and/or other authorities;
- Costs, fees and expenses properly incurred by the auditor appointed for the Fund;
- Costs, fees and expenses incurred for any modification of the Deed save where such modification is for the benefit of the Manager and/or the Trustee;
- Costs, fees and expenses incurred for any meeting of the Unit Holders save where such meeting is convened for the benefit of the Manager and/or the Trustee;
- Costs, fees, and expenses incurred for the fund valuation and accounting of the Fund performed by a fund valuation agent; and
- Any other expenses allowed under the Deed.

REBATES AND SOFT COMMISSIONS

We or any of our delegates will not retain any rebate or soft commission from, or otherwise share in any commission with, any broker or dealer in consideration for directing dealings in the investments of the Fund. Accordingly, any rebate or shared commission will be directed to the account of the Fund.

The soft commissions can be retained by us or our delegates provided that:-

- the soft commissions bring direct benefit or advantage to the management of the Fund and may include research and advisory related services;
- any dealing with the broker or dealer is executed on terms which are the most favourable for the Fund; and
- the availability of soft commissions is not the sole or primary purpose to perform or arrange transactions with such broker or dealer, and we or our delegates will not enter into unnecessary trades in order to achieve a sufficient volume of transactions to qualify for soft commissions.

All fees and charges payable by you are subject to all applicable taxes and/or duties as may be imposed by the government and/or the relevant authorities from time to time.

PRICING

COMPUTATION OF NAV AND NAV PER UNIT

The NAV of the Fund is determined by deducting the value of all the Fund's liabilities from the value of all the Fund's assets, at a particular valuation point. The NAV per Unit is the NAV of the Fund divided by the number of Units in Circulation, at the same valuation point.

Please refer to the "Valuation Point Of The Fund" section of this Prospectus for an explanation of the valuation point.

Illustration on computation of NAV and NAV per Unit for a particular day:-

Units in Circulation	300,000,000.00
	MYR
Investments	195,000,000.00
Add other assets	5,700,000.00
Gross asset value	200,700,000.00
Less: Liabilities	700,000.00
NAV (before deduction of management fee and trustee fee for the day)	200,000,000.00
Less: Management fee for the day	9,863.01
Less: Trustee fee for the day	328.76
NAV	199,989,808.23
NAV per Unit*	0.6666

* NAV per Unit is derived from the NAV divided by the Units in Circulation.

The rounding policy is four (4) decimal points for the purposes of publication of the NAV per Unit. However, the rounding policy will not apply when calculating the Sales Charge and Repurchase Charge (where applicable).

INCORRECT PRICING

We will take immediate action to rectify any incorrect valuation and/or pricing of the Fund and/or the Units and to notify the Trustee and the SC of the same unless the Trustee considers the incorrect valuation and/or pricing of the Fund and/or the Units is of minimal significance.

The Trustee will not consider an incorrect valuation and/or pricing of the Fund and/or the Units to be of minimal significance if the error involves a discrepancy of 0.5% or more of the NAV per Unit unless the total impact on your account is less than MYR 10.00. An incorrect valuation and/or pricing not considered to be of minimal significance by the Trustee will result in reimbursement of moneys in the following manner:

	Reimbursement by:	Receiving parties:
Over valuation and/or pricing in relation to the purchase and creation of Units	Fund	Unit Holder
Over valuation and/or pricing in relation to the repurchase of Units	AIIMAN	Fund
Under valuation and/or pricing in relation to the purchase and creation of Units	AIIMAN	Fund
Under valuation and/or pricing in relation to the repurchase of Units	Fund	Unit Holder or former Unit Holder

COMPUTATION OF SELLING PRICE AND REPURCHASE PRICE

Under a single pricing regime, the Selling Price and the Repurchase Price are equivalent to the NAV per Unit. Any applicable Sales Charge and Repurchase Charge is payable separately from the Selling Price and Repurchase Price.

Forward Pricing will be used to determine the Selling Price and Repurchase Price, i.e. the NAV per Unit as at the next valuation point after we receive the purchase request or repurchase request.

Calculation of Selling Price

For illustration purposes, let's assume the following:

Investment Amount	MYR 10,000.00
Selling Price per Unit	MYR 0.50
Number Of Units Received*	MYR 10,000 ÷ MYR 0.50 = 20,000 Units
Sales Charge	5.50%
Sales Charge Paid By Investor**	5.50% x MYR 0.50 x 20,000 Units = MYR 550
Total Amount Paid By Investor***	MYR 10,000 + MYR 550 = MYR 10,550

Formula for calculating:-

$$* \text{ Number of Units received} = \frac{\text{Investment Amount}}{\text{Selling Price per Unit}}$$

$$** \text{ Sales Charge paid by investor} = \text{Sales Charge} \times \text{Selling Price per Unit} \times \text{Number of Units received}$$

$$*** \text{ Total amount paid by investor} = \text{Investment Amount} + \text{Sales Charge paid by investor}$$

Calculation of Repurchase Price

For illustration purposes, let's assume the following:-

Units Repurchased	20,000 Units
Repurchase Price per Unit	MYR 0.50
Repurchase Amount^	20,000 Units x MYR 0.50 = MYR 10,000
Repurchase Charge	0.00% of the NAV per Unit
Repurchase Charge Paid By Investor^^	0.00% x MYR 10,000 = MYR 0.00
Total Amount Received By investor^^^	MYR 10,000 - MYR 0.00 = MYR 10,000

Formula for calculating:-

$$^ \text{ Repurchase amount} = \text{Unit repurchased} \times \text{Repurchase Price per Unit}$$

$$^^ \text{ Repurchase Charge paid by investor} = \text{Repurchase Charge} \times \text{Repurchase amount}$$

$$^^^ \text{ Total amount received by investor} = \text{Repurchase amount} - \text{Repurchase Charge paid by investor}$$

SALIENT TERMS OF THE DEED

Generally an investor would also be a registered Unit Holder unless the Units are purchased through an IUTA or using a nominee. In such an instance, the Units may not be registered in the name of the investor and thus not a registered Unit Holder. Please be advised that the Manager only recognises the rights attached to a registered Unit Holder.

Rights And Liabilities Of Unit Holders

Rights Of Unit Holders

You have the right, among others, to the following:

- to receive distribution of income (if any), participate in any increase in the value of the Units and to enjoy such other rights and privileges as are provided for in the Deed;
- to call for Unit Holders' meetings, and to vote for the removal of the Trustee or the Manager through a Special Resolution;
- to exercise the cooling-off right (if applicable); and
- to receive annual and semi-annual reports.

You are not entitled to request for the transfer of any of the assets of the Fund or be entitled to interfere with or question the exercise by the Trustee, or the Manager on its behalf, of the rights of the Trustee as the registered owner of such assets. In amplification and not in derogation of the aforesaid, Units held shall not confer on any Unit Holder any interest in any assets of the Fund but only in such interest in the Fund as a whole as may be conferred on Unit Holders by the provisions of the Deed.

Liabilities Of Unit Holders

- You would not be liable for any amount in excess of the purchase price paid for the Units as determined in accordance with the Deed at the time the Units were purchased and any charges payable in relation thereto; and
- You shall not be under any obligation to indemnify the Manager and/or the Trustee in the event that the liabilities incurred by the Manager and/or the Trustee in the name of or on behalf of the Fund pursuant to and/or in the performance of the provisions of the Deed exceed the value of the assets of the Fund and any right of indemnity of the Manager and/or the Trustee shall be limited to recourse to the Fund.

Provisions Regarding Unit Holders' Meetings

Quorum Required For Convening A Unit Holders' Meeting

The quorum required for a meeting of the Unit Holders shall be five (5) Unit Holders, whether present in person or by proxy; however, if the Fund has five (5) or less Unit Holders, the quorum required for a meeting of the Unit Holders of the Fund shall be two (2) Unit Holders, whether present in person or by proxy.

If the meeting has been convened for the purpose of voting on a Special Resolution, the Unit Holders present in person or by proxy must hold in aggregate at least twenty-five per centum (25%) of the Units in Circulation at the time of the meeting.

If the Fund has only one (1) remaining Unit Holder, such Unit Holder, whether present in person or by proxy, shall constitute the quorum required for the meeting of the Unit Holders.

Unit Holders' Meeting Convened By Unit Holders

Unless otherwise required or allowed by the relevant laws, the Manager shall, within twenty-one (21) days of receiving a direction from not less than fifty (50) or one-tenth (1/10), whichever is less, of all the Unit Holders at the registered office of the Manager, summon a meeting of the Unit Holders by:

- sending by post at least seven (7) days before the date of the proposed meeting a notice of the proposed meeting to all the Unit Holders at the Unit Holder's last known address or, in the case of jointholders, to the jointholder whose name stands first in the records of the Manager at the jointholder's last known address;
- publishing at least fourteen (14) days before the date of the proposed meeting an advertisement giving notice of the proposed meeting in a national language national newspaper published daily and another newspaper approved by the relevant authorities; and
- specifying in the notice the place and time of the meeting and the terms of the resolutions to be proposed at the meeting.

The Unit Holders may direct the Manager to summon a meeting for any purpose including, without limitation, for the purpose of:

- requiring the retirement or removal of the Manager;
- requiring the retirement or removal of the Trustee;
- considering the most recent financial statements of the Fund;
- giving to the Trustee such directions as the meeting thinks proper; or
- considering any matter in relation to the Deed,

provided always that the Manager shall not be obliged to summon any such meeting unless direction has been received from not less than fifty (50) or one-tenth (1/10) of all the Unit Holders, whichever is the lesser number.

Unit Holders' Meeting Convened By Manager

The Manager may for any purpose whatsoever summon a meeting of the Unit Holders by sending by post at least fourteen (14) days before the date of the proposed meeting, or such other time as may be prescribed by the relevant laws, a notice of the proposed meeting to all the Unit Holders. All such notices and advertisement to the Unit Holders shall specify the place, time and terms of the resolutions to be proposed.

Unit Holders' Meeting Convened By Trustee

The Trustee may summon a Unit Holders' meeting in the event:

- the Manager is in liquidation;
- in the opinion of the Trustee, the Manager has ceased to carry on business;
- in the opinion of the Trustee, the Manager has, to the prejudice of Unit Holders, failed to comply with the Deed or contravened any of the provisions of the Act;
- requiring the retirement or removal of the Manager;
- giving instructions to the Trustee or the Manager if the Trustee considers that the investment management policies of the Manager are not in the interests of Unit Holders;
- securing the agreement of the Unit Holders to release the Trustee from any liability;
- deciding on the next course of action after the Trustee has suspended the sale and repurchase of Units pursuant to clause 6.9.3 of the Deed; or
- deciding on the reasonableness of the annual management fee charged to the Fund.

The meeting of the Unit Holders summoned by the Trustee shall be summoned by:

- sending by post at least twenty-one (21) days before the date of the proposed meeting a notice of the proposed meeting to each of the Unit Holders at the Unit Holder's last known address or, in the case of jointholders, to the jointholder whose name stands first in the records of the Manager at the jointholder's last known address; and
- publishing at least twenty-one (21) days before the date of the proposed meeting an advertisement giving notice of the meeting in a national language newspaper published daily and another newspaper approved by the relevant authorities.

Termination Of The Fund

Circumstances That May Lead To The Termination Of The Fund

The Fund may be terminated or wound up as provided for under the Deed and the Guidelines as follows:-

- The SC has withdrawn the authorisation of the Fund pursuant to Section 256E of the Act; or
- A Special Resolution is passed at a Unit Holders' meeting to terminate or wind up the Fund.

Notwithstanding the above, the Manager may determine the trust created and wind up the Fund without having to obtain the prior approval of the Unit Holders upon the occurrence of any of the following events:

- (a) if any new law shall be passed which renders it illegal; or
- (b) if in the reasonable opinion of the Manager it is impracticable or inadvisable to continue the Fund and the termination of the Fund is in the best interests of the Unit Holders.

Notwithstanding the aforesaid, if the Fund is left with no Unit Holder, the Manager shall be entitled to terminate the Fund.

Procedures on Termination

Upon the termination of the Fund, the Trustee shall:

- (a) sell all the assets of the Fund then remaining in its hands and pay out of the Fund any liabilities of the Fund; such sale and payment shall be carried out and completed in such manner and within such period as the Trustee considers to be in the best interests of the Unit Holders; and
- (b) from time to time distribute to the Unit Holders, in proportion to the number of Units held by them respectively:
 - (1) the net cash proceeds available for the purpose of such distribution and derived from the sale of the assets of the Fund less any payments for liabilities of the Fund; and
 - (2) any available cash produce,

provided always that the Trustee shall not be bound, except in the case of final distribution, to distribute any of the moneys for the time being in his hands the amount of which is insufficient for payment to the Unit Holders of MYR 0.50 in respect of each Unit and provided also that the Trustee shall be entitled to retain out of any such moneys in his hands full provision for all costs, charges, taxes, expenses, claims and demands incurred, made or anticipated by the Trustee in connection with or arising out of the winding-up of the Fund and, out of the moneys so retained, to be indemnified against any such costs, charges, taxes, expenses, claims and demands; each of such distribution shall be made only against the production of such evidence as the Trustee may require of the title of the Unit Holder relating to the Units in respect of which the distribution is made.

In the event of the Fund being terminated:

- (a) the Trustee shall be at liberty to call upon the Manager to grant the Trustee, and the Manager shall so grant, a full and complete release from the Deed;
- (b) the Manager shall indemnify the Trustee against any claims arising out of the Trustee's execution of the Deed provided always that such claims have not been caused by any failure on the part of the Trustee to exercise the degree of care and diligence required of a trustee as contemplated by the Deed and all relevant laws;
- (c) the Manager and the Trustee shall notify the relevant authorities in such manner as may be prescribed by any relevant law; and
- (d) the Manager or the Trustee shall notify the Unit Holders in such manner as may be prescribed by any relevant law.

Retirement, Removal or Replacement Of The Manager

The Manager shall have the power to retire in favour of some other corporation and as necessary under any relevant law upon giving to the Trustee twelve (12) months' notice in writing of its desire so to do, or such lesser time as the Manager and the Trustee may agree upon, and subject to the fulfilment of the following conditions:

- the retiring Manager shall appoint such corporation by writing under the seal of the retiring Manager as the management company of the Fund in its stead and assign and transfer to such corporation all its rights and duties as management company of the Fund;
- such corporation shall enter into such deed or deeds as are referred to in clause 2.3.2 of the Deed; and
- upon the payment to the Trustee of all sums due from the retiring Manager to the Trustee under the Deed at the date of such retirement, the retiring Manager shall be absolved and released from all further obligations under the Deed but without prejudice to the rights of the Trustee or any Unit Holder or other person in respect of any act or omission on the part of the retiring Manager prior to such retirement and the new management company may and shall thereafter exercise all the powers and enjoy all the rights and shall be subject to all the duties and obligations of the Manager under the Deed as fully as though such new management company had been originally a party to the Deed;

Subject to the provisions of any relevant law, the Trustee shall take all reasonable steps to remove the Manager if:

- if the Manager has failed or neglected to carry out its duties to the satisfaction of the Trustee and the Trustee considers that it would be in the interests of Unit Holders for the Trustee to do so after the Trustee has given notice to the Manager of that opinion and the reasons for that opinion, and has considered any representations made by the Manager in respect of that opinion, and after consultation with the relevant authorities and with the approval of the Unit Holders by way of a Special Resolution;
- unless expressly directed otherwise by the relevant authorities, if the Manager is in breach of any of its obligations or duties under the Deed or the relevant laws, or has ceased to be eligible to be a management company under the relevant laws; or
- if the Manager has gone into liquidation, except for the purpose of amalgamation or reconstruction or some similar purpose, or has had a receiver appointed or has ceased to carry on business,

and the Manager shall not accept any extra payment or benefit in relation to such removal.

In any of the events set out above, the Manager shall upon receipt of a written notice from the Trustee ipso facto cease to be the management company of the Fund. The Trustee shall, at the same time, by writing appoint some other corporation approved by the relevant authorities to be the management company of the Fund; such corporation shall have entered into such deed or deeds as the Trustee may consider to be necessary or desirable to secure the due performance of its duties as management company for the Fund.

Retirement, Removal Or Replacement Of The Trustee

The Trustee may retire upon giving three (3) months' notice to the Manager of its desire to do so, or such shorter period as the Manager and the Trustee shall agree, and may by deed appoint in its stead a new trustee approved by the relevant authorities and under any relevant law.

Provided always that the Manager has in place a corporation approved by the relevant authorities to act as the trustee of the Fund, the Trustee may be removed and such corporation may be appointed as trustee of the Fund by Special Resolution of the Unit Holders at a duly convened meeting.

The Manager shall take all reasonable steps to replace a Trustee as soon as practicable after becoming aware that:

- the Trustee has ceased to exist;
- the Trustee has not been validly appointed;
- the Trustee was not eligible to be appointed or to act as trustee under any relevant law;
- the Trustee has failed or refused to act as trustee in accordance with the provisions or covenants of the Deed or any relevant law;
- a receiver has been appointed over the whole or a substantial part of the assets or undertaking of the Trustee and has not ceased to act under the appointment;
- a petition has been presented for the winding up of the Trustee (other than for the purpose of and followed by a reconstruction, unless during or following such reconstruction the Trustee becomes or is declared insolvent); or
- the Trustee is under investigation for conduct that contravenes the Trust Companies Act 1949, the Trustee Act 1949, the Companies Act 2016 or any relevant law.

Fee And Charges

Below are the maximum fees and charges permitted by the Deed:

Sales Charge	6.00% of the NAV per Unit.
Repurchase Charge	5.00% of the NAV per Unit.
Annual Management Fee	5.00% per annum of the NAV of the Fund.
Annual Trustee Fee	0.10% per annum of the NAV of the Fund (excluding foreign custodian fees and charges).

Increase Of Fees And Charges Stated In The Prospectus

The maximum Sales Charges and Repurchase Charge set out in this Prospectus can only be increased if the Trustee has been notified in writing by the Manager of the higher rate and the date on which such higher rate is to become effective.

The maximum annual management fee (if applicable) and annual trustee fee set out in this Prospectus can only be increased if the Manager has come to an agreement with the Trustee on the higher rate. The Trustee and the Unit Holders have to be notified in writing by the Manager of the higher rate and the date on which such higher rate is to become effective and such time as may be prescribed by any relevant law shall have elapsed since the notice is sent.

The supplemental/replacement prospectus proposing a modification to this Prospectus to increase the aforesaid maximum fees and charges is required to be registered, lodged and issued. An increase in the abovementioned fees and charges is allowed if such time as may be prescribed by any relevant laws has elapsed since the effective date of the supplemental/replacement prospectus.

Increase Of Fees And Charges Stated In The Deed

The maximum Sales Charge, Repurchase Charge, annual management fee (if applicable) and annual trustee fee set out in the Deed can only be increased if a Unit Holders' meeting has been held in accordance with the Deed. Thereafter, a supplemental deed proposing a modification to the Deed to increase the aforesaid maximum charges and fees is required to be submitted for registration with the SC accompanied by a resolution of not less than two-thirds (2/3) of all Unit Holders present and voting at the Unit Holders' meeting sanctioning the proposed modification to the Deed.

Permitted Expenses under the Deed

Only the expenses (or part thereof) which is directly related and necessary to the operation and administration of the Fund may be charged to the Fund. These would include (but are not limited to) the following:

- commissions or fees paid to brokers/dealers in effecting dealings in the investments of the Fund, shown on the contract notes or confirmation notes;
- taxes and other duties charged on the Fund by the government and/or other authorities;
- costs, fees and expenses properly incurred by the auditor appointed for the Fund;
- costs, fees and expenses incurred for any modification of the Deed save where such modification is for the benefit of the Manager and/or the Trustee;
- costs, fees and expenses incurred for any meeting of the Unit Holders save where such meeting is convened for the benefit of the Manager and/or the Trustee;
- costs, commissions, fees and expenses of the sale, purchase, takaful and any other dealing of any asset of the Fund;
- costs, fees and expenses incurred in engaging any specialist approved by the Trustee for investigating or evaluating any proposed investment of the Fund;
- costs, fees and expenses incurred in engaging any adviser for the benefit of the Fund;
- costs, fees and expenses incurred in the preparation and audit of the taxation, returns and accounts of the Fund;
- costs, fees and expenses incurred in the termination of the Fund or the removal of the Trustee or the Manager and the appointment of a new trustee or management company;
- costs, fees and expenses incurred in relation to any arbitration or other proceedings concerning the Fund or any asset of the Fund, including proceedings against the Trustee or the Manager by the other for the benefit of the Fund (save to the extent that legal costs incurred for the defence of either of them are not ordered by the court to be reimbursed by the Fund);
- remuneration and out of pocket expenses of the the person(s) or members of a committee undertaking the oversight function of the Fund, unless the Manager decides otherwise;
- costs, fees and expenses deemed by the Manager to have been incurred in connection with any change or the need to comply with any change or introduction of any law, regulation or requirement (whether or not having the force of law) of any governmental or regulatory authority;
- costs and expenses incurred in relation to the distribution of income (if any);
- (where the custodial function is delegated by the Trustee) charges and fees paid to sub-custodians taking into custody any foreign assets of the Fund;
- fees, charges, costs and expenses relating to the preparation, printing, posting, registration and/or lodgement of documents and reports which the Manager and/or the Trustee may be obliged to prepare, print, post, register and/or lodge in relation to the Fund by virtue of any relevant law;
- costs, fees and expenses incurred for the fund valuation and accounting of the Fund performed by a fund valuation agent; and
- any tax now or hereafter imposed by law or required to be paid in connection with any costs, fees and expenses incurred as mentioned above.

THE MANAGER

ABOUT AIIMAN

AIIMAN Asset Management Sdn. Bhd. (“AIIMAN”) is an Islamic investment management company managing assets for pension funds, institutions, corporates, high net worth and mass affluent individuals. Headquartered in the world’s Islamic financial hub of Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia, AIIMAN focuses on providing clients exceptional and innovative Shariah investment solutions that focus on Asian equities and global Sukuk. AIIMAN was licensed by the SC to undertake the regulated activity of Islamic fund management on 17 October 2008 and is a wholly owned subsidiary of AHAM of which its ultimate shareholder is CVC Capital Partners Asia Fund V, a private equity fund managed by CVC Capital Partners (“CVC”). CVC is a global private equity and investment advisory firm with approximately USD125 billion of assets under its management. AIIMAN has more than eleven (11) years’ experience in fund management industry. AIIMAN also received the SC’s approval on 27 December 2018 to carry out the activity as a unit trust management company.

Roles, Duties and Responsibilities of AIIMAN

AIIMAN is responsible for the investment management and marketing of the Fund; servicing Unit Holders’ needs; keeping proper administrative records of Unit Holders and the Fund; and ensuring compliance with stringent internal procedures and guidelines of relevant authorities.

Key Personnel

➤ **Encik Akmal Bin Hassan – Managing Director**

Akmal Hassan is one of the three pioneering senior members in the establishment of AIIMAN. He took over the helm as its Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director on 18 November 2010. Under his management, the business has since turned profitable. As the Managing Director of AIIMAN, Akmal is actively involved in all aspects of the business’ day-to-day management from leading the investment team, driving marketing strategies, building the business, to guiding the back office team. He believes in development through empowerment and synergy with a clear focus on delivering positive results, from investment performance, asset under management growth, adding value to AIIMAN’s shareholders as well as contributing to the government’s push to develop Malaysia as the global international Islamic financial hub.

Akmal is the driving force behind the strong returns and low volatility performance of its investment portfolios as well as AHAM’s award winning Islamic unit trust funds. People and performance is the source of AIIMAN’s success today. Prior to his current appointment, Akmal was the Chief Investment Officer at a subsidiary of a local Islamic Bank. He has more than 15 years’ experience in the investment management industry primarily in portfolio management, investment research and marketing strategy.

Akmal graduated from Oklahoma State University, USA with a degree in Business Administration, majoring in Finance (BSc). He completed his Master in Business Administration (MBA) at the University of the Sunshine Coast, Queensland, Australia.

➤ **Encik Bakri Jamaluddin – Chief Operating Officer**

Bakri graduated from International Islamic University Malaysia with Bachelor of Laws (Hons). He brings with him more than 20 years of work experience in financial and financial related industries, of which 15 years of his professional experience are in the capital market industry. His responsibilities in AIIMAN encompass the overall planning, execution and administration of the company’s major functions inclusive of Corporate Affairs, Finance, Operations, Information Technology, Human Capital Management and Customer Relationship with the objectives of operational improvement and fiscal efficiency. Prior to joining AIIMAN, Bakri spent four years in Bank of America Merrill Lynch (BAML) as the Vice-President/Country Compliance where he is responsible in ensuring compliance by the BAML group of entities in Malaysia for activities related to investment banking, corporate banking, leasing, global markets, treasury services and offshore banking transactions.

For further information on AIIMAN including material litigation (if any), the Board, the designated fund manager of the Fund and/or AIIMAN’s delegate, you may obtain the details from our website at www.aiiman.com.

THE TRUSTEE

ABOUT CIMB ISLAMIC TRUSTEE BERHAD

CIMB Islamic Trustee Berhad was incorporated on 19 January 1988 and registered as a trust company under the Trust Companies Act, 1949 and having its registered office at Level 13, Menara CIMB, Jalan Stesen Sentral 2, Kuala Lumpur Sentral 50470, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia. The Trustee is qualified to act as a trustee for collective investment schemes approved under the Act.

Experience in Trustee Business

CIMB Islamic Trustee Berhad has been involved in unit trust industry as trustee since 1990. It acts as trustee to various unit trust funds, real estate investment trusts, wholesale funds, private retirement schemes and exchange-traded funds.

Duties and Responsibilities of the Trustee

The Trustee's functions, duties and responsibilities are set out in the Deed. The general functions, duties and responsibilities of the Trustee include, but are not limited to, the following:

- (a) Take into custody the investments of the Fund and hold the investments in trust for the Unit Holders;
- (b) Ensure that the Manager operates and administers the Fund in accordance with the provisions of the Deed, SC's guidelines and acceptable business practice within the unit trust industry;
- (c) As soon as practicable notify the SC of any irregularity or breach of the provisions of the Deed, SC's guidelines and any other matters which in the Trustee's opinions may indicate that the interests of Unit Holders are not served;
- (d) Exercise reasonable diligence in carrying out its functions and duties, actively monitoring the operation and management of the Fund by the Manager to safeguard the interests of Unit Holders;
- (e) Maintain or cause the Manager to maintain, proper accounting records and other records as are necessary to enable a complete and accurate view of the Fund is formed and to ensure that the Fund is operated and managed in accordance with the Deed, Prospectus, the SC's guidelines and securities law; and
- (f) Require that the accounts of the Fund be audited at least annually.

The Trustee has covenanted in the Deed that it will exercise all due diligence and vigilance in carrying out its functions and duties, and in safeguarding the rights and interests of Unit Holders.

Trustee's Delegate

CIMB Islamic Trustee Berhad has delegated its custodian function to CIMB Islamic Bank Berhad (CIMB Islamic Bank). CIMB Islamic Bank's ultimate holding company is CIMB Group Holdings Berhad, a listed company on Bursa Malaysia. CIMB Islamic Bank provides full fledged custodial services, typically clearing settlement and safekeeping of all types of investment assets and classes, to a cross section of investors and intermediaries client base, both locally and overseas.

For the local MYR assets, they are held through its wholly owned nominee subsidiary "CIMB Islamic Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd". For foreign non-MYR assets, CIMB Islamic Bank appoints global custodian as its agent bank to clear, settle and safekeep on its behalf and to its order.

All investments are automatically registered in the name of the custodian to the order of the Trustee. CIMB Islamic Bank acts only in accordance with instructions from the Trustee.

Trustee's Disclosure of Material Litigation and Arbitration

As at LPD, CIMB Islamic Trustee Berhad is not engaged in any material litigation and arbitration, including those pending or threatened, and is not aware of any facts likely to give rise to any proceedings which might materially affect the business/financial position of the Trustee.

THE SHARIAH ADVISER

ABOUT AMANIE

Amanie Advisors Sdn Bhd is a Shariah advisory, consultancy, training and research and development boutique for institutional and corporate clientele focusing on Islamic financial services. Amanie is also a registered Shariah Adviser (Corporation) with the SC. It has been established with the aim of addressing the global needs for experts and Shariah scholars' pro-active input. This will ultimately allow the players in the industry to manage and achieve their business and financial goals in accordance with the Shariah principles. Amanie also focuses on organizational aspect of the development of human capital in Islamic finance worldwide through providing updated quality learning embracing both local and global issues on Islamic financial products and services. The company is led by Tan Sri Dr. Mohd Daud Bakar and teamed by an active and established panel of consultants covering every aspect related to the Islamic banking and finance industry both in Malaysia and the global market. Currently, the team comprises of eight (8) full-time consultants who represent dynamic and experienced professionals with a mixture of Shariah law, corporate finance, accounting, product development, and education. As at LPD, there are more than one hundred and eleven (111) funds which Amanie acts as Shariah adviser.

The Shariah Adviser is independent from the Manager and none of its consultants are members of the investment committee of the Fund or any other funds managed by the Manager.

Roles and Responsibilities of Amanie

- (1) To ensure that the Fund is managed and administered in accordance with Shariah principles.
- (2) To provide expertise and guidance in all matters relating to Shariah principles, including on the Deed and Prospectus, its structure and investment process, and other operational and administrative matters.
- (3) To consult with SC where there is any ambiguity or uncertainty as to an investment, instrument, system, procedure and/or process.
- (4) To act with due care, skill and diligence in carrying out its duties and responsibilities.
- (5) Responsible for scrutinizing the Fund's compliance report as provided by the compliance officer, and investment transaction reports provided by, or duly approved by, the Trustee to ensure that the Fund's investments are in line with Shariah principles.
- (6) To prepare a report to be included in the Fund's semi-annual and annual reports certifying whether the Fund has been managed and administered in accordance with Shariah principles for the period concerned.

Amanie will meet us every quarter to review on the Funds's investment and address Shariah advisory matters pertaining to the Fund to ensure compliance with Shariah principles or any other relevant principles at all times. Our portfolio will be reviewed on monthly basis and Amanie shall issue an annual Shariah certificate for the Fund at the financial year end.

Designated Person Responsible for Shariah Matters of the Fund

Tan Sri Dr. Mohd Daud Bakar - Shariah Adviser

Tan Sri Dr. Mohd Daud Bakar is the Founder and Executive Chairman of Amanie Group. One of its flagship companies namely Amanie Advisors, is operating in few cities globally. He currently serves as the Chairman of the Shariah Advisory Council (SAC) at the Central Bank of Malaysia, the Securities Commission of Malaysia, the Labuan Financial Services Authority, the Astana International Financial Centre (AIFC), Kazakhstan, the First Abu Dhabi Bank, and Permodalan Nasional Berhad. He is also a Shariah board member of various global financial institutions, including the National Bank of Oman (Oman), Amundi Asset Management (France), Bank of London and Middle East (London), BNP Paribas Najma (Bahrain), Natixis Bank (Dubai), Morgan Stanley (Dubai), Sedco Capital (Saudi and Luxembourg), and Dow Jones Islamic Market Index (New York) amongst many others.

Currently, Tan Sri serves as the Chairman of Federal Territory Islamic Religious Department [Majlis Agama Islam Persekutuan (MAIWP)]. In the corporate world, he is currently a member of the PNB Investment Committee. Previously, he served as a Board Director at Sime Darby Property Berhad and Chairman to Malaysia Islamic Economic Development Foundation (YaPEIM). In addition, he is the co-founder of Experts Analytics Centre Sdn Bhd and MyFinB. He also serves as the Chairman of Berry Pay Sdn. Bhd., Data Sukan Consulting Sdn. Bhd., Bio Fluid Sdn. Bhd., KAB Gold Dynamics Sdn. Bhd., Bio-Angle Vacs Sdn. Bhd., Tulus Digital Sdn. Bhd., and Amanie-Afra Halal Capital Co (Bangkok).

In 2014, he received the “Most Outstanding Individual” award by His Majesty, the King of Malaysia, in conjunction with the national-level Prophet Muhammad’s birthday. Under his leadership, Amanie Advisors received the “Islamic Economy Knowledge Infrastructure Award” at the Global Islamic Economy Summit, Dubai 2015, by His Highness Sheikh Mohammed bin Rashid Al Maktoum, Vice President and Prime Minister of the UAE and Ruler of Dubai, Oct 2015. On 13 November 2021, he was conferred the Darjah Kebesaran Panglima Setia Mahkota (P.S.M.) which carries the title of “Tan Sri”.

In the academic side, he was the 8th President of the International Islamic University of Malaysia (IIUM) due to his vast skill and experience serving the university. He received his first degree in Shariah from University of Kuwait in 1988 and obtained his PhD from University of St. Andrews, United Kingdom in 1993. In 2002, he completed his external Bachelor of Jurisprudence at University of Malaya.

For further information on Shariah Adviser, you may obtain the details from our website at www.aiiman.com.

RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTION AND CONFLICT OF INTEREST

As at LPD, the Manager is not aware of any existing and/or proposed related party transactions or potential conflict of interest situations or other subsisting contracts of arrangements involving the Fund.

The tax adviser, Shariah Adviser and solicitor have also confirmed that they do not have any existing or potential conflict of interest with AIIMAN and/or the Fund.

Policy on Dealing with Conflict of Interest

AIIMAN has in place policies and procedures to deal with any conflict of interest situations. In making an investment transaction for the Fund, AIIMAN will not make improper use of its position in managing the Fund to gain, directly or indirectly, any advantage or to cause detriment to the interests of Unit Holders. Where the interests of the directors or the person(s) or members of a committee undertaking the oversight function's interests may conflict with that of the Fund, they are to refrain from participating in the decision-making process relating to the matter. Staff of AIIMAN are required to seek prior approval from the executive director or the managing director of AIIMAN before dealing in any form of securities. All transactions with related parties are to be executed on terms which are best available to the Fund and which are no less favourable to the Fund than an arm's length transaction between independent parties.

TAX ADVISER'S LETTER

TAXATION ADVISER'S LETTER ON TAXATION OF THE FUND AND UNIT HOLDERS (Prepared for inclusion in this Replacement Prospectus)

11 October 2022

PricewaterhouseCoopers Taxation Services Sdn Bhd
Level 10, 1 Sentral, Jalan Rakyat
Kuala Lumpur Sentral
P.O.Box 10192
50706 Kuala Lumpur

The Board of Directors
AIIMAN ASSET MANAGEMENT SDN BHD
Ground Floor, Menara Boustead
69, Jalan Raja Chulan
50200 Kuala Lumpur

TAXATION OF THE FUND OFFERED UNDER AIIMAN ASIA PACIFIC (EX JAPAN) DIVIDEND FUND AND UNIT HOLDERS

Dear Sirs,

This letter has been prepared for inclusion in the Replacement Prospectus ("hereinafter referred to as "the Prospectus") in connection with the offer of Units in Aiiman Asia Pacific (Ex Japan) Dividend Fund ("the Fund").

The taxation of income for both the Fund and the Unit holders are subject to the provisions of the Malaysian Income Tax Act 1967 ("the Act"). The applicable provisions are contained in Section 61 of the Act, which deals specifically with the taxation of trust bodies in Malaysia.

TAXATION OF THE FUND

The Fund will be regarded as resident for Malaysian tax purposes since the Trustee of the Fund is resident in Malaysia.

(1) Domestic Investments

(i) General Taxation

Subject to certain exemptions, the income of the Fund consisting of dividends or interest or profit¹ (other than interest or profit¹ which is exempt from tax) and other investment income derived from or accruing in Malaysia, after deducting tax allowable expenses, is liable to Malaysian income tax at the rate of 24%.

Gains on disposal of investments in Malaysia by the Fund will not be subject to Malaysian income tax.

(ii) Dividends and Other Exempt Income

Effective 1 January 2014, all companies would adopt the single-tier system. Hence, dividends received would be exempted from tax and the deductibility of expenses incurred against such dividend income would be disregarded.

¹ Under section 2(7) of the Income Tax Act 1967, any reference to interest shall apply, mutatis mutandis, to gains or profits received and expenses incurred, in lieu of interest, in transactions conducted in accordance with the principles of Syariah.

The effect of this is that any gains or profits received and expenses incurred, in lieu of interest, in transactions conducted in accordance with the principles of Syariah, will be accorded the same tax treatment as if they were interest.

There will no longer be any tax refund available for single-tier dividends received. Dividends received from companies under the single-tier system would be exempted.

The Fund may receive Malaysian dividends which are tax exempt. The exempt dividends may be received from investments in companies which had previously enjoyed or are currently enjoying the various tax incentives provided under the law. The Fund will not be taxable on such exempt income.

Interest or profit¹ or discount income derived from the following investments is exempt from tax:

- (a) Securities or bonds issued or guaranteed by the government of Malaysia;
- (b) Debenture² other than convertible loan stocks, approved or authorized by, or lodged with, the Securities Commission Malaysia; and
- (c) Bon Simpanan Malaysia issued by Bank Negara Malaysia.

Interest or profit¹ derived from the following investments is exempt from tax:

- (a) Interest or profit¹ paid or credited by any bank or financial institution licensed under the Financial Services Act 2013 and Islamic Financial Services Act 2013;
- (b) Interest or profit¹ paid or credited by any development financial institution regulated under the Development Financial Institutions Act 2002;
- (c) Bonds, other than convertible loan stocks, paid or credited by any company listed in Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ACE Market; and
- (d) Interest or profit¹ paid or credited by Malaysia Building Society Berhad³.

The interest or profit¹ or discount income exempted from tax at the Fund's level will also be exempted from tax upon distribution to the Unit holders.

Exception: -

i. Wholesale money market fund

With effect from 1 January 2019, the exemption shall not apply to interest or profit¹ paid or credited to a unit trust that is a wholesale money market fund.

ii. Retail money market fund ("RMMF")

Based on the Finance Act 2021, the interest income or profit¹ of a RMMF will remain tax exempted under Paragraph 35A, Schedule 6 of the Act. However, resident and non-resident unit holders (other than individual unit holders), who receive income distributed from interest or profit¹ income of the RMMF which are exempted under Paragraph 35A of Schedule 6, will be subject to withholding tax ("WHT") at the rate of 24%. This new WHT will be effective from 1 January 2022 onwards. The WHT is to be withheld and remitted by the RMMF to the IRB within 30 days upon distribution of the income to the unit holders.

(2) Foreign Investments

With effect from 1 January 2022, the exemption of foreign-sourced income received in Malaysia is only applicable to a person who is a non-resident.

The Ministry of Finance subsequently announced on 30 December 2021 that subject to conditions, which will be set out in guidelines to be issued by the Inland Revenue Board ("IRB"), the following foreign-sourced income received from 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2026 (5 years) will continue to be exempted from Malaysian income tax:

- Dividend income received by resident companies and limited liability partnerships.
- All classes of income received by resident individuals, except for resident individuals which carry on business through a partnership.

² Structured products approved by the Securities Commission Malaysia are deemed to be "debenture" under the Capital Markets and Services Act, 2007 and fall within the scope of exemption.

³ Exemption granted through letters from Ministry of Finance Malaysia dated 11 June 2015 and 16 June 2015 and it is with effect year of assessment ("YA") 2015.

Based on clarifications from the IRB, foreign-sourced income (e.g. dividends, interest, etc.) of a resident Fund which is received in Malaysia will be subject to tax. There will be a transitional period from 1 January 2022 to 30 June 2022 where foreign-sourced income remitted to Malaysia will be taxed at the rate of 3% on gross income. From 1 July 2022 onwards, any foreign-sourced income remitted to Malaysia will be subject to Malaysian income tax at the rate of 24% for a resident Fund.

Such income from foreign investments may be subject to taxes or withholding taxes in the specific foreign country. Subject to meeting the relevant prescribed requirements, the Fund in Malaysia is entitled for double taxation relief on any foreign tax suffered on the income in respect of overseas investment.

Gains on disposal of foreign investments by the Fund will not be subject to Malaysian income tax.

The foreign income subjected to Malaysian tax at the Fund level will also be taxable upon distribution to the Unit holders. However, the income distribution from the Fund will carry a tax credit in respect of the Malaysian tax paid by the Fund. Unit holders will be entitled to utilise the tax credit against the tax payable on the income distribution received by them.

(3) Hedging Instruments

The tax treatment of hedging instruments would depend on the particular hedging instruments entered into.

Generally, any gain / loss relating to the principal portion will be treated as capital gain / loss. Gains / losses relating to the income portion would normally be treated as revenue gains / losses. The gain / loss on revaluation will only be taxed or claimed upon realisation. Any gain / loss on foreign exchange is treated as capital gain / loss if it arises from the revaluation of the principal portion of the investment.

(4) Tax Deductible Expenses

Expenses wholly and exclusively incurred in the production of gross income are allowable as deductions under Section 33(1) of the Act. In addition, Section 63B of the Act provides for tax deduction in respect of managers' remuneration, expenses on maintenance of the register of Unit Holders, share registration expenses, secretarial, audit and accounting fees, telephone charges, printing and stationery costs and postages based on a formula subject to a minimum of 10% and a maximum of 25% of the expenses.

(5) Real Property Gains Tax ("RPGT")

With effect from 1 January 2019, any gains on disposal of real properties or shares in real property companies⁴ ("chargeable asset") would be subject to RPGT as follows:-

Disposal time frame	RPGT rates (Companies incorporated in Malaysia and Trustee of a trust)
Within 3 years	30%
In the 4th year	20%
In the 5th year	15%
In the 6th year and subsequent years	10%

(6) Sales and Service Tax ("SST")

Effective from 1 September 2018, SST has been reintroduced to replace the Goods and Services Tax. Both the Sales Tax Act 2018 and Services Tax Act 2018 have been gazetted on 28 August 2018. The rates for sales tax are nil, 5%, 10% or a specific rate whereas the rate for service tax is at 6%.

⁴ A real property company is a controlled company which owns or acquires real property or shares in real property companies with a market value of not less than 75% of its total tangible assets. A controlled company is a company which does not have more than 50 members and is controlled by not more than 5 persons.

Sales tax will be chargeable on taxable goods manufactured in or imported into Malaysia, unless specifically exempted by the Minister. Whereas, only specific taxable services provided by specific taxable persons will be subject to service tax. Sales tax and service tax are single stage taxes. As such, SST incurred would generally form an irrecoverable cost to the business.

In general, the Fund, being collective investment vehicle, will not be caught under the service tax regime.

Certain brokerage, professional, consultancy or management services obtained by the Fund may be subject to service tax at 6%. However, fund management services and trust services are excluded from service tax. With effect from 1 January 2019, service tax will apply to any taxable service that is acquired by any business in Malaysia from a non-Malaysian service provider. In this connection, the Fund, being non-taxable person who acquire imported taxable services (if any) will need to declare its imported taxable services through the submission of prescribed declaration, i.e. Form SST-02A to the Royal Malaysian Customs Department ("RMCD").

With effect from 1 January 2020, service tax on digital services was implemented at the rate of 6%. Under the service tax on digital services, foreign service providers selling digital services to Malaysian consumers are required to register for and charge service tax. Digital services are defined as services which are delivered or subscribed over the internet or other electronic network, cannot be delivered without the use of IT and the delivery of the service is substantially automated.

Furthermore, the provision of digital services has also been prescribed as a taxable service when provided by a local service provider with effect from 1 January 2020. Hence, where the Fund obtains any of the prescribed digital services, those services may be subject to service tax at 6%.

TAXATION OF UNIT HOLDERS

Unit holders will be taxed on an amount equivalent to their share of the total taxable income of the Fund to the extent of the distributions received from the Fund. The income distribution from the Fund will carry a tax credit in respect of the Malaysian tax paid by the Fund. Unit holders will be entitled to utilise the tax credit against the tax payable on the income distribution received by them. Generally, no additional WHT will be imposed on the income distribution from the Fund; unless the Fund is an RMMF, in which case there is a WHT on distribution from interest income of a RMMF which are exempted under Paragraph 35A of Schedule 6 and distributed to non-individual unitholders.

Non-resident Unit holders may also be subject to tax in their respective jurisdictions. Depending on the provisions of the relevant country's tax legislation and any double tax treaty with Malaysia, the Malaysian tax suffered may be creditable against the relevant foreign tax.

Corporate Unit holders, resident⁵ and non-resident, will generally be liable to income tax at 24%⁶ on distribution of income received from the Fund. The tax credits attributable to the distribution of income can be utilised against the tax liabilities of these Unit holders.

⁵ Resident companies with paid up capital in respect of ordinary shares of RM2.5 million and below and having an annual sales of not more than RM50 million will pay tax at 17% for the first RM600,000 of chargeable income with the balance taxed at 24% with effect from YA 2020.

In addition, the above shall not apply if more than –

- (a) 50% of the paid up capital in respect of ordinary shares of the company is directly or indirectly owned by a related company;
- (b) 50% of the paid up capital in respect of ordinary shares of the related company is directly or indirectly owned by the first mentioned company;
- (c) 50% of the paid up capital in respect of ordinary shares of the first mentioned company and the related company is directly or indirectly owned by another company.

"Related company" means a company which has a paid up capital in respect of ordinary shares of more than RM2.5 million at the beginning of the basis period for a YA.

⁶ Pursuant to Finance Act 2021, the income tax rate for a company (other than Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises) will be increased to 33% if a company has chargeable income exceeding RM100,000,000 in YA 2022.

Individuals and other non-corporate Unit holders who are tax resident in Malaysia will be subject to income tax at graduated rates ranging from 1%⁷ to 30%⁸. Individuals and other non-corporate Unit holders who are not resident in Malaysia will be subject to income tax at 30%. The tax credits attributable to the distribution of income can be utilised against the tax liabilities of these Unit holders.

The distribution of exempt income and gains arising from the disposal of investments by the Fund will be exempted from tax in the hands of the Unit holders.

Based on the Finance Act 2021, in respect of distribution from a RMMF, resident and non-resident corporate Unit holders (other than individual Unit holders), who receive income distributed from interest or profit¹ income of the RMMF which are exempted under Paragraph 35A of Schedule 6, will be subject to WHT at the rate of 24%, effective from 1 January 2022.

For resident corporate Unit holders, the WHT is not a final tax. The resident corporate Unit holders will need to subject the income distributed from interest or profit¹ income of a RMMF which are exempted under Paragraph 35A of Schedule 6 to tax in its income tax returns and the attached tax credit i.e. the 24% WHT suffered will be available for set-off against the tax chargeable on the resident corporate Unit holders.

For non-resident Corporate Unit holders, the 24% WHT on income distributed from interest or profit¹ income of a RMMF which are exempted under Paragraph 35A of Schedule 6, is a final tax.

Any gains realised by Unit holders (other than dealers in securities or companies habitually buying and selling investments, insurance companies or financial institutions) on the sale or redemption of the units are treated as capital gains and will not be subject to income tax. This tax treatment will include gains in the form of cash or residual distribution in the event of the winding up of the Fund.

Unit holders electing to receive their income distribution by way of investment in the form of new Units will be regarded as having purchased the new Units out of their income distribution after tax.

Unit splits issued by the Fund are not taxable in the hands of Unit holders.

We hereby confirm that the statements made in this report correctly reflect our understanding of the tax position under current Malaysian tax legislation. Our comments above are general in nature and cover taxation in the context of Malaysian tax legislation only and do not cover foreign tax legislation. The comments do not represent specific tax advice to any investors and we recommend that investors obtain independent advice on the tax issues associated with their investments in the Fund.

Yours faithfully,

for and on behalf of

PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS TAXATION SERVICES SDN BHD

Lorraine Yeoh
Partner

PricewaterhouseCoopers Taxation Services Sdn Bhd have given their written consent to the inclusion of their report as taxation adviser in the form and context in which they appear in this Prospectus and have not, before the date of issue of the Prospectus, withdrawn such consent.

⁷ Effective from YA 2021, the resident individuals tax rate was reduced by 1% (from 14% to 13%) for the chargeable income band RM50,001 to RM70,000.

⁸ Effective from YA 2020, the resident individuals tax rate was increased to 30% for the chargeable income exceeding RM2,000,000.

RELEVANT INFORMATION

INFORMATION AVENUES

How can I keep track of my investment?

You may obtain the daily Fund price from our website at www.aiiman.com.

As the Fund has exposure to investments in foreign jurisdiction, these daily prices are based on information available two (2) Business Days prior to publication.

We will provide you with an annual report and a semi-annual report within two (2) months after the end of the financial period the report covers. In addition, we will also send you a monthly statement confirming the current Unit holdings and transactions relating to your Units in the Fund.

THE FUND'S ANNUAL REPORT IS AVAILABLE UPON REQUEST.

Who should I contact if I need additional information of the Fund?

You can seek assistance from our customer service personnel at +603-2116 6156 / 1-300-88-8830 between 8.45 a.m. to 5.30 p.m. on a Business Day. Alternatively, you can email us at general@aiiman.com.

COMPLAINTS AVENUES

How do I make a complaint?

You may e-mail us at general@aiiman.com with the following information:

- particulars of the complainant which include name, correspondence address, contact number, e-mail address (if any) and other relevant information;
- circumstances of the non-compliance or improper conduct;
- parties alleged to be involved in the improper conduct; and
- any other supporting documentary evidence (if any).

ANTI-MONEY LAUNDERING POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

Pursuant to the Anti-Money Laundering, Anti-Terrorism Financing and Proceeds of Unlawful Activities Act 2001 ("AMLATFPUAA") and the SC's Guidelines on Prevention of Money Laundering and Terrorism Financing for Reporting Institutions in the Capital Market, it is our responsibility to prevent AIIMAN from being used for money laundering and terrorism financing activities. To this end, we have established an Anti-Money Laundering/Counter-Financing of Terrorism Framework (AML/CFT Framework) and put in place anti-money laundering process and procedures to combat such activities. This includes a robust due diligence process and procedures for client on-boarding (such as know-your-client procedures and customer due diligence) as well as ongoing monitoring of clients' transactions to detect any suspicious transactions.

To meet our regulatory obligations to verify the identity of our clients and to verify the source of funds, we may request for additional information from you. Information requested may include, but not limited to, supporting documents, documentary evidence to support information given and could extend to documents regarding identity of beneficial owners (if applicable). We reserve the right to reject an application to invest in the Fund should clients fail to provide the information required. Furthermore, where a particular transaction is deemed suspicious, we have an obligation under the AMLATFPUAA to notify the relevant authority of the transaction.

CONSENTS

- The Trustee and Shariah Adviser have given their consent to the inclusion of their names in the form and context in which such names appear in this Prospectus and have not subsequently withdrawn such consent before the issuance of this Prospectus; and
- The tax adviser has given its consent to the inclusion of its name and the tax adviser's letter in the form and context in which such name and tax adviser's letter appear in this Prospectus and has not subsequently withdrawn such consent before the issuance of this Prospectus.

DOCUMENTS AVAILABLE FOR INSPECTION

Unit Holders may inspect without charge, at the business address of the Manager and/or the Trustee, the following documents or copies thereof, where applicable:

- The Deed and the supplemental deeds (if any) of the Fund;
- The Prospectus and supplemental or replacement prospectus (if any) of the Fund;
- The latest annual and semi-annual reports of the Fund;
- Each material contract disclosed in the Prospectus and, in the case of contracts not reduced into writing, a memorandum which gives full particulars of the contracts;
- The audited financial statements of AIIMAN and the Fund for the current financial year (where applicable) and the last three (3) financial years or if less than three (3) years, from the date of incorporation or commencement;
- All reports, letters or other documents, valuations and statements by any expert, any part of which is extracted or referred to in the Prospectus. Where a summary expert's report is included in the Prospectus, the corresponding full expert's report should be made available for inspection;
- Writ and relevant cause papers for all current material litigation and arbitration disclosed in this Prospectus; and
- Any consent given by experts disclosed in this Prospectus.

DIRECTORY OF SALES OFFICES

AIIMAN ASSET MANAGEMENT SDN. BHD.

14th Floor, Menara Boustead
69 Jalan Raja Chulan
50200 Kuala Lumpur
Tel. No. : (603) 2116 6156
Fax No. : (603) 2116 6150
Website : www.aiiman.com

AUTHORISED DISTRIBUTORS:

For more information about our authorised distributors, kindly contact our customer service personnel at +603-2116 6156 / 1-300-88-8830 between 8.45 a.m. to 5.30 p.m. on a Business Day. Alternatively, you can e-mail us at general@aiiman.com.

PROSPECTIVE UNIT HOLDERS SHOULD READ AND UNDERSTAND THE CONTENTS OF THE PROSPECTUS AND, IF NECESSARY, SHOULD CONSULT THEIR ADVISER(S).

AIIMAN Asset Management Sdn Bhd

Registration No: 199301001937 (256674-T)

Level 14, Menara Boustead, 69, Jalan Raja Chulan, 50200 Kuala Lumpur.

T: (Local) 1300 88 8830 (Overseas) +603 2116 6156

aiiman.com