

ANNUAL REPORT 31 October 2023

AHAM World Series –
Long Term Global
Growth Fund
(Formerly known as
Affin Hwang World
Series – Long Term
Global Growth Fund)

MANAGER AHAM Asset Management Berhad 199701014290 (429786-T) TRUSTEE
TMF Trustees Malaysia Berhad
(200301008392 [610812-W])

AHAM WORLD SERIES – LONG TERM GLOBAL GROWTH FUND (FORMERLY KNOWN AS AFFIN HWANG WORLD SERIES – LONG TERM GLOBAL GROWTH FUND)

Annual Reports and Audited Financial Statements For The Financial Year End 31 October 2023

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FUND INFORMATION

Fund Name	AHAM World Series – Long Term Global Growth Fund (Formerly known as Affin Hwang World Series – Long Term Global Growth Fund)
Fund Type	Growth
Fund Category	Feeder (Wholesale)
Investment Objective	The Fund seeks to achieve capital appreciation over medium to long term period
Benchmark	MSCI All Country World Index
Distribution Policy	The Fund is not expected to make distribution. However, incidental distribution may be declared whenever is appropriate.

FUND PERFORMANCE DATA

Category	As at 31 Oct 2023 (%)	As at 31 Oct 2022 (%)	As at 31 Oct 2021 (%)	
Portfolio composition				
Collective investment scheme	97.74	98.91	97.00	
Cash & cash equivalent	2.26	1.09	3.00	
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00	

Currency class	USD Class	MYRH Class	USD Class	MYRH Class	SGDH Class	AUDH Class	SGDH Class	AUDH Class	USD Class	MYRH Class	SGDH Class	AUDH Class
Total NAV (million)	7.348	169.929	17.757	360.208	35.198	4.845	4.561	2.317	8.086	174.497	4.678	2.219
NAV per Unit (in respective currencies)	0.3426	0.3334	0.6542	0.6562	0.6452	0.6577	0.3266	0.3225	0.3082	0.3097	0.2987	0.2977
Unit in Circulation (million)	21.451	509.610	27.141	548.808	17.724	7.366	13.966	7.184	26.236	563.498	15.664	7.456
Highest NAV Lowest NAV	0.4206 0.2963	0.4127 0.2970	0.6802 0.5000	0.6794 0.5000	0.6729 0.4259	0.6937 0.5206	0.4031 0.2870	0.3980 0.2860	0.6724 0.2948	0.6745 0.2963	0.6631 0.2860	0.6766 0.2855
Return of the Fund (%)	11.16	7.65	30.84	31.24	29.04	31.54	9.34	8.33	-52.89	-52.80	-53.70	-54.74
- Capital Growth (%)	11.16	7.65	30.84	31.24	29.04	31.54	9.34	8.33	-52.89	-52.80	-53.70	-54.74
- Income Distribution (%)	Nil											
Gross Distribution per Unit (sen)	Nil											
Net Distribution per Unit (sen)	Nil											
Total Expense Ratio (%)1		1.9	93			1.	93			2.	22	
Portfolio Turnover Ratio (times)2		0.2	25			0.	16			0.	.83	

¹ The TER of the fund was unchanged during the period under review.
² The PTR of the Fund increased due to higher trading activities of the Fund during the period under review.

<u>Basis of calculation and assumption made in calculating the returns:</u>

The performance figures are a comparison of the growth/decline in NAV for the stipulated period taking into account all the distribution payable (if any) during the stipulated period.

An illustration of the above would be as follow:-

Capital return

= NAV per Unit end / NAV per Unit begin – 1= Income distribution per Unit / NAV per Unit ex-date Income return

= (1+Capital return) x (1+Income return) - 1 Total return

Income Distribution / Unit Split

No income distribution or unit split were declared for the financial year ended 31 October 2023.

Fund Performance

USD Class

Table 1: Performance of the Fund

	1 Year (1/11/22 - 31/10/23)	3 Years (1/11/20 - 31/10/23)	Since Commencement (29/9/20 - 31/10/23)
Fund	11.16%	(33.39%)	(31.48%)
Benchmark	8.57%	15.54%	12.85%
Outperformance	2.59%	(48.93%)	(44.33%)

Source of Benchmark: Bloomberg

Table 2: Average Total Return

	1 Year (1/11/22 - 31/10/23)	3 Years (1/11/20 - 31/10/23)	Since Commencement (29/9/20 - 31/10/23)
Fund	11.16%	(12.66%)	(11.51%)
Benchmark	8.57%	4.93%	3.99%
Outperformance	2.59%	(17.59%)	(15.50%)

Source of Benchmark: Bloomberg

Table 3: Annual Total Return

	FYE 2023	FYE 2022	FYE 2021
	(1/11/22 - 31/10/23)	(1/11/21 - 31/10/22)	(29/9/20 - 31/10/21)
Fund	11.16%	(52.89%)	30.84%
Benchmark	8.57%	(21.32%)	32.09%
Outperformance	2.59%	(31.57%)	(1.25%)

Source of Benchmark: Bloomberg

AUD Hedged-Class

Table 1: Performance of the Fund

	1 Year	3 Years	Since Commencement
	(1/11/22 - 31/10/23)	(1/11/20 - 31/10/23)	(29/9/20 - 31/10/23)
Fund	8.33%	(39.15%)	(35.50%)
Benchmark	9.55%	27.94%	25.75%
Outperformance	(1.22%)	(67.09%)	(61.25%)

Source of Benchmark: Bloomberg

Table 2: Average Total Return

	1 Year	3 Years	Since Commencement		
	(1/11/22 - 31/10/23)	(1/11/20 - 31/10/23)	(29/9/20 - 31/10/23)		
Fund	8.33%	(15.26%)	(13.23%)		
Benchmark	9.55%	8.56%	7.70%		
Outperformance	(1.22%)	(23.82%)	(20.93%)		

Source of Benchmark: Bloomberg

Table 3: Annual Total Return

FYE 2023	FYE 2022	FYE 2021
(1/11/22 - 31/10/23)	(1/11/21 - 31/10/22)	(29/9/20 - 31/10/21)

Fund	8.33%	(54.74%)	31.54%
Benchmark	9.55%	(7.60%)	24.23%
Outperformance	(1.22%)	(47.14%)	7.31%

Source of Benchmark: Bloomberg

MYR Hedged-Class

Table 1: Performance of the Fund

	1 Year (1/11/22 - 31/10/23)	3 Years (1/11/20 - 31/10/23)	Since Commencement (29/9/20 - 31/10/23)
Fund	7.65%	(35.14%)	(33.32%)
Benchmark	9.43%	32.56%	28.78%
Outperformance	(1.78%)	(67.70%)	(62.10%)

Source of Benchmark: Bloomberg

Table 2: Average Total Return

	1 Year (1/11/22 - 31/10/23)	3 Years (1/11/20 - 31/10/23)	Since Commencement (29/9/20 - 31/10/23)
Fund	7.65%	(13.44%)	(12.29%)
Benchmark	9.43%	9.85%	8.53%
Outperformance	(1.78%)	(23.29%)	(20.82%)

Source of Benchmark: Bloomberg

Table 3: Annual Total Return

	FYE 2023 (1/11/22 - 31/10/23)	FYE 2022 (1/11/21 - 31/10/22)	FYE 2021 (29/9/20 - 31/10/21)
	(1/11/22 - 31/10/23)	(1/11/21 - 31/10/22)	(29/9/20 - 31/10/21)
Fund	7.65%	(52.80%)	31.24%
Benchmark	9.43%	(10.13%)	30.95%
Outperformance	(1.78%)	(42.67%)	0.29%

Source of Benchmark: Bloomberg

SGD Hedged-Class

Table 1: Performance of the Fund

1 Year	3 Years	Since Commencement
(1/11/22 - 31/10/23)	(1/11/20 - 31/10/23)	(29/9/20 - 31/10/23)
9.34%	(35.92%)	(34.68%)
5.12%	15.80%	12.57%
4.22%	(51.72%)	(47.25%)
	(1/11/22 - 31/10/23) 9.34% 5.12%	(1/11/22 - 31/10/23) (1/11/20 - 31/10/23) 9.34% (35.92%) 5.12% 15.80%

Source of Benchmark: Bloomberg

Table 2: Average Total Return

	1 Year (1/11/22 - 31/10/23)	3 Years (1/11/20 - 31/10/23)	Since Commencement (29/9/20 - 31/10/23)
Fund	9.34%	(13.79%)	(12.87%)
Benchmark	5.12%	5.01%	3.91%
Outperformance	4.22%	(18.80%)	(16.78%)

Source of Benchmark: Bloomberg

Table 3: Annual Total Return

	FYE 2023	FYE 2022	FYE 2021
	(1/11/22 - 31/10/23)	(1/11/21 - 31/10/22)	(29/9/20 - 31/10/21)
Fund	9.34%	(53.70%)	29.04%

Benchmark	5.12%	(17.52%)	29.84%
Outperformance	4.22%	(36.18%)	(0.80%)

Source of Benchmark: Bloomberg

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and that Unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.

MANAGER'S REPORT

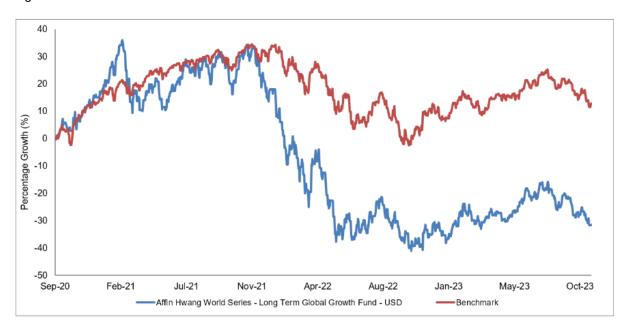
Performance Review (1 November 2022 to 31 October 2023)

USD Class

For the period 1 November 2022 to 31 October 2023 the Fund registered a return of 11.16% compared to the benchmark return of 8.57%. The Fund thus outperformed the Benchmark by 2.59%. The Net Asset Value ("NAV") per unit as at 31 October 2023 was USD0.3426 compared to the NAV per unit on 31 October 2022 was USD0.3082.

Since commencement, the Fund has registered a return of -31.48% compared to the benchmark return of 12.85%, underperforming by 44.33%.

Figure 1: Movement of the Fund versus the Benchmark since commencement.

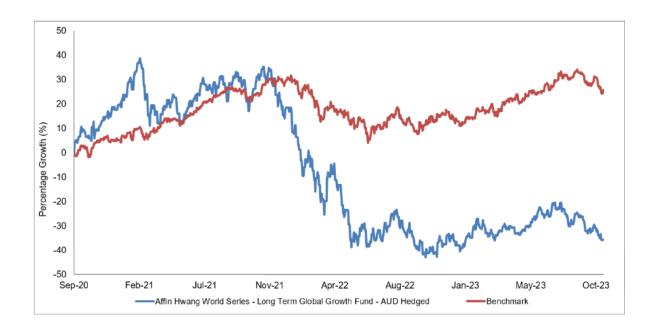


AUD Hedged-Class

For the period 1 November 2022 to 31 October 2023 the Fund registered a return of 8.33% compared to the benchmark return of 9.55%. The Fund thus underperformed the Benchmark by 1.22%. The Net Asset Value ("NAV") per unit as at 31 October 2023 was AUD0.3225 compared to the NAV per unit on 31 October 2022 was AUD0.2977.

Since commencement, the Fund has registered a return of -35.50% compared to the benchmark return of 25.75%, underperforming by 61.25%.

Figure 1: Movement of the Fund versus the Benchmark since commencement.



MYR Hedged-Class

For the period 1 November 2022 to 31 October 2023 the Fund registered a return of 7.65% compared to the benchmark return of 9.43%. The Fund thus underperformed the Benchmark by 1.78%. The Net Asset Value ("NAV") per unit as at 31 October 2023 was MYR0.3334 compared to the NAV per unit on 31 October 2022 was MYR0.3097.

Since commencement, the Fund has registered a return of -33.32% compared to the benchmark return of 28.78%, underperforming by 62.10%.

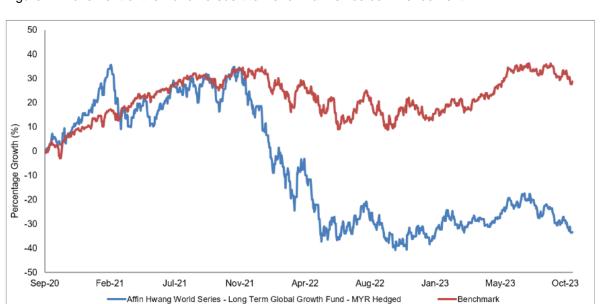


Figure 1: Movement of the Fund versus the Benchmark since commencement.

SGD Hedged-Class

For the period 1 November 2022 to 31 October 2023 the Fund registered a return of 9.34% compared to the benchmark return of 5.12%. The Fund thus outperformed the Benchmark by 4.22%. The Net Asset Value ("NAV") per unit as at 31 October 2023 was SGD0.3266 compared to the NAV per unit on 31 October 2022 was SGD0.2987.

Since commencement, the Fund has registered a return of -34.68% compared to the benchmark return of 12.57%, underperforming by 47.25%.

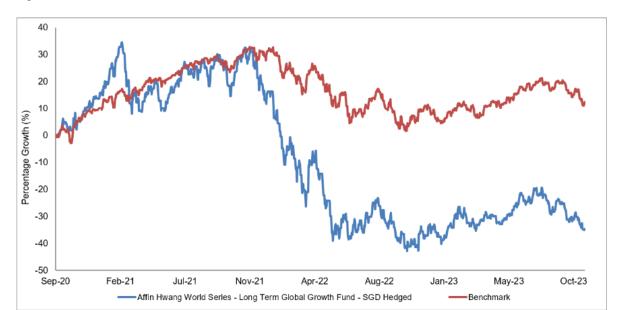


Figure 1: Movement of the Fund versus the Benchmark since commencement.

Asset Allocation

For a snapshot of the Fund's asset mix during the year under review, please refer to Fund Performance Data.

As at 31 October 2023, the asset allocation of the Fund stood at 97.74% (2022:98.91%) in collective investment scheme while the balance was held in cash and cash equivalent.

Target Fund top 10 Holdings as at 31 October 2023

Holdings	Percentage of Target Fund's NAV (%)
Amazon.com	7.1
NVIDIA	7.1
PDD Holdings	5.9
Tesla Inc	4.4
ASML	4.4
Atlassian	3.7
The Trade Desk	3.7
Dexcom	3.4
Kering	3.3
Netflix	3.2
Total	46.2

Target Fund top 10 Holdings as at 31 October 2022

Holdings	Percentage of Target Fund's NAV (%)
Tesla Inc	6.4
Amazon.com	6.1
Dexcom	5.1
Moderna	4.8
Illumina	4.6
ASML	4.6
NVIDIA	4.3

[&]quot;This information is prepared by AHAM Asset Management for information purposes only. Past earnings or the fund's distribution record is not a guarantee or reflection of the fund's future earnings/future distributions. Investors are advised that unit prices, distributions payable and investment returns may go down as well as up. Source of Benchmark is from Bloomberg."

Benchmark: MSCI All Country World Index

Kering	4.1
Meituan	3.6
Atlassian	3.6
Total	47.2

Strategy Employed

While the Target Fund's strategy remains invested in transformational growth stocks with an investment horizon over the next ten years; the Target Fund currently tilted towards on Consumer Discretionary and Information Technology sector while underweight on Financials and Industrials.

Market Review

Over the financial year under review, the Standard and Poor's ("S&P") 500 returned 8.31% while the Morgan Stanley Capital International ("MSCI") AC World index was slightly higher at 8.67%. Specific to the Asian region, MSCI AC Asia ex Japan Index returned 10.92% while locally, the Financial Times Stock Exchange ("FTSE") Bursa Malaysia lagged -1.25%. Bond markets were neutral over the year with the Bloomberg Barclays Global Aggregate Index returning 1.72%.

Market volatility continue to persist and affect economies globally as macro events and policy rate hikes over the past year affected stock and bond markets. The economic fallout from the Covid-19 pandemic alongside with the Russia-Ukraine conflict has disrupted supply chains and commodity markets, weighing heavily on global economic growth. Central banks continue to attempt rein in inflation contributed by supply-demand imbalances and volatility in energy prices among other factors through monetary policy, which inadvertently played a role in destabilising the banking sector March this year.

The U.S. Federal Reserve ("Fed") raised their policy rates in monetary policy committee meetings since March of 2022, to of 5.50% in July 2023. Although, at time of writing, holding interest rates at the most recent October/November 2023 Federal Open Market Committee Meeting ("FOMC"). Fed Chair Jerome Powell said that the committee was still "determining the extent of additional policy firming" it would need to bring down inflation sustainably. The sharp pace of policy tightening over the past months raised concerns in the financial markets of an over-tightening that could lead to a growth slowdown, or even a potential recession. Further signs of tension in the economy were also visible in March this year as the fallout of Silicon Valley Bank and the emergency rescue of Credit Suisse triggered concerns of contagion to other vulnerable banks.

In addition to fractures in the banking sector, other notable events over the year included the concern over the U.S. approaching its debt ceiling in January, failing which to reach a consensus to suspend or raise the limit could result in a catastrophic default. However, investors heaved a sigh of relief after lawmakers passed a bill to raise the debt ceiling, in a deal that included concessions on spending expected to have limited effect on economic growth. Despite narrowly avoiding a default, the U.S. did not escape unscathed as Fitch Ratings downgraded its rating on U.S. debt, quoting in a press release "The repeated debt-limit political standoffs and last-minute resolutions have eroded confidence in fiscal management,".

U.S. equities was volatile throughout the year under review. The financial sector disruption troubled markets in the first quarter of 2023, however this was corrected by the second quarter of the year as the market saw gains which was mostly driven by fervour and enthusiasm over new developments in artificial intelligence ("AI"). However, after the strong gains, markets took a tumble by October this year as interest rate jitters On other news, new data in October pointed towards strong economic momentum in the U.S. Retail sales rose 0.70%, defying consensus expectations that spending would slow due to the resumption of student loan repayments and tighter monetary conditions. Additionally, U.S. third quarter 2023 Gross Domestic Product ("GDP") increased 4.90% above consensus estimates of 4.00% supported by strong consumption. Similarly, purchasing managers' index ("PMI") indicators displayed similar strength pointing to a reacceleration in economic activity.

On other news, new data in October pointed towards strong economic momentum in the US. Retail sales rose 0.70%, defying consensus expectations that spending would slow due to the resumption of student loan repayments and tighter monetary conditions. Additionally, US third quarter 2023 GDP increased 4.90% above consensus estimates of 4.00% supported by strong consumption. Similarly, purchasing managers' index (PMI) indicators displayed similar strength pointing to a reacceleration in economic activity.

In Asia, despite starting off 2023 strong, Chinese equity trended downwards following the country's reopening after the pandemic started to cool before lifting in July, driven by stimulus optimism in China, evident as the MSCI China Index vaulted 9.30% in July as top party leaders unveiled measures at its Politburo meeting to reinvigorate growth in the country. Among the measures include a pledge by Beijing to provide stimulus support for its beleaguered property sector. Top party leaders also emphasised the need for measures to tackle youth unemployment as well as accelerate the issuance of local government special bonds to spur government investment. While there were no explicit announcements of blockbuster stimulus, the overall policy tone from the Politburo meeting did exceed expectations. There was an acknowledgement of pressing issues on-the-ground that could result in targeted easing measures to bolster growth and lift sentiment. Bright spots were seen in China's economy as newly released GDP data came in stronger than expected. In the third quarter of 2023, China's GDP grew by 4.90% as the volley of stimulus measures start to take effect. Retail sales and industrial production data also surpassed forecasts, instilling further confidence that its economy has bottomed out, boosting optimism that recovery in the world's second-largest economy is starting to gain traction.

On fixed income, the series of recent economic data releases mentioned were supportive of the U.S. economic outlook but disappointed fixed income investors as markets came to terms with the Fed's 'higher for longer' narrative. On the fiscal front, the U.S. debt funding programme fell under the spotlight as concerns on U.S. Treasuries supply glut intensified. In absence of an anchor from monetary policy and expectations of a demand-supply imbalance, 10-year U.S. Treasury yield inched higher to test its high several times during October but kept in check by the 5% handle. As a result, U.S. Treasury yield curve bear steepened, with 2-year, 10-year and 30-year Treasury ending the month at 5.09% (+4 basis points ("bps")), 4.93% (+36 bps), and 5.09% (+39 bps) respectively.

Investment Outlook

U.S. inflation has eased amid aggressive monetary tightening but remained well above Federal Reserve's 2% target. Resiliency in the U.S. economy has afforded the Federal Reserve to maintain current policy rate of 5.25-5.50% for 'longer', with the option to go 'higher' if necessary as Fed Chair Powell made clear during his press conference that the economy has proven to be stronger than expected as a result of strong consumer spending. The FOMC's economic projections now show the median expectation for GDP growth for 2023 at 2.1% (previously 1.1%) and next year at 1.5% (previously 1.0%). The unemployment rate is projected to be lower at the end of next year as a consequence, from previous expectation of 4.5% to the revised rate of 4.1%.

State of Affairs of the Fund

There is neither any significant change to the state affairs of the Fund nor any circumstances that materially affect any interests of the unit holders during the year under review.

Soft Commissions received from Brokers

Soft commissions received from brokers/dealers may be retained by the management company only if the:-

- (i) goods and services provided are of demonstrable benefit to Unit holders of the Fund; and
- (ii) goods and services are in the form of research and advisory services that assists in the decision making process.

During the financial year under review, no soft commission was received by the Management on behalf of the Fund.

Cross Trade

No cross trade transactions have been carried out during the reported year.

Securities Financing Transactions

The Fund has not undertaken any securities lending or repurchase transactions during the financial year under review.

Changes Made To the Fund's Information Memorandum

In general, the amendments are made in the Replacement Information Memorandum dated **15 December 2023** to reflect the following, but is not limited to:

- Change in the shareholding of AHAM, which took effect on 29 July 2022. AHAM Asset Management Berhad ("AHAM") ceased to be a subsidiary of Affin Hwang Investment Bank and the Affin Banking Group. AHAM's ultimate major shareholders now, is CVC Capital Partners Asia Fund V, a private equity fund managed by CVC Capital Partners;
- 2. Requirements of Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework (Revised: 29 August 2023);
- 3. Amendments made to the Deed which was lodged with the Securities Commission Malaysia;
- 4. Change in the name of the Manager;
- 5. Change in the name of the Fund; and
- 6. To streamline the processes and procedures for the Fund such as cooling-off right and suspension of dealing in units;
- 7. Launch of MYR Class for the Fund;
- 8. Updates in sections pertaining to the Target Fund Manager's information; and
- 9. Updates to the risks of the Fund and risks related to the Target Fund for better clarity purpose.

Kindly refer next page for the summary of changes made to the Fund.

1) Change in the name of the Manager

Prior Disclosure	Revised Disclosure
Affin Hwang Asset Management Berhad	AHAM Asset Management Berhad

2) Change in the name of the Fund

Prior Disclosure	Revised Disclosure
Affin Hwang World Series – Long Term Global Growth Fund	AHAM World Series – Long Term Global Growth Fund (Formerly known as Affin Hwang World Series – Long Term Global Growth Fund)

3) Update in Glossary Definition

Prior Disclosure

Business Day

Means a day on which the Bursa Malaysia is open for trading. The Manager may declare certain Business Days as non-Business Days when deemed necessary, such as (i) in the event of market disruption; (ii) if the jurisdiction of the Target Fund declares that day as a non-business day; and/or (iii) if the Investment Management declares that day as a non-dealing day for the Target Fund.

Deed

Refers to the deed dated 25th August 2020 entered into between the Manager and the Trustee and includes any subsequent amendments and variations to the deed.

Sophisticated Investor

Refers to -

- (1) an individual whose total net personal assets, or total net joint assets with his or her spouse, exceed RM3 million or its equivalent in foreign currencies, excluding the value of the individual's primary residence;
- an individual who has a gross annual income exceeding RM300,000 or its equivalent in foreign currencies per annum in the preceding 12 months;
- (3) an individual who, jointly with his or her spouse, has a gross annual income exceeding RM400,000 or its equivalent in foreign currencies per annum in the preceding 12 months;
- a corporation with total net assets exceeding RM10 million or its equivalent in foreign currencies based on the last audited accounts;
- (5) a partnership with total net assets exceeding RM10 million or its equivalent in foreign currencies;
- (6) a unit trust scheme or prescribed investment scheme;
- (7) a private retirement scheme;
- (8) a closed-end fund approved by SC;
- a company that is registered as a trust company under the Trust Companies Act 1949 which has assets under management exceeding RM10 million or its equivalent in foreign currencies;
- (10) a corporation that is a public company under the Companies Act 2016 which is approved by the SC to be a trustee under the Act and has assets under

Revised Disclosure

Business Day

Means a day on which Bursa Malaysia and /or one or more of the foreign markets in which the Fund is invested in are open for business/trading. The Manager may declare certain Business Days as non-Business Days when deemed necessary, such as (i) in the event of market disruption; (ii) if the jurisdiction of the Target Fund declares that day as a non-business day; and/or (iii) if the Investment Manager declares that day as a non-dealing day for the Target Fund.

Deed(s)

Refers to the deed dated 25th August 2020 and the first supplemental deed dated 23 November 2023 entered into between the Manager and the Trustee and includes any subsequent amendments and variations to the deed.

Sophisticated Investor

Refers to any person (a) who falls within any of the categories of investors set out in Part 1, Schedules 6 and 7 of the Act; (b) who acquires unlisted capital market products where the consideration is not less than two hundred and fifty thousand ringgit or equivalent in foreign currencies for each transaction whether such amount is paid for in cash or otherwise; or (c) any other person as may be determined by the SC from time to time under the Guidelines.

Note: For more information, please refer to our website at www.aham.com.my for the current excerpts of Part 1, Schedules 6 and 7 of the Act and the list of other Sophisticated Investors as permitted by the SC under the Guidelines.

Prior	Disclosure	Revised Disclosure
	management exceeding RM10 million or its	
	equivalent in foreign currencies;	
(11)	a statutory body established by an Act of Parliament	
	or an enactment of any State;	
(12)	a pension fund approved by the Director General of	
	Inland Revenue under section 150 of the Income	
	Tax Act 1967 [Act 53];	
(13)	central bank of Malaysia;	
(14)	a holder of a capital markets services licence or an	
	executive director or a chief executive officer of a	
(4.5)	holder of a capital markets services licence;	
(15)	a licensed institution as defined in the Financial	
(16)	Services Act 2013; an Islamic bank as defined in the Islamic Financial	
(16)	Services Act 2013;	
(17)	an insurance company licensed under the Financial	
	Services Act 2013;	
(18)	a takaful operator registered under the Islamic	
	Financial Services Act 2013;	
(19)	a bank licensee or insurance licensee as defined	
	under the Labuan Financial Services and Securities	
(20)	Act 2010 [Act 704];	
(20)	an Islamic bank licensee or takaful licensee as defined under the Labuan Islamic Financial	
	Services and Securities Act 2010 [Act 705]; and	
(21)	such other investor(s) as may be permitted by the	
(21)	SC from time to time and/or under the relevant	
	guidelines for wholesale funds.	SFDR
N/A	garaciii oo io ii ii ii oo aa	Means Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 of the European
17/7		Parliament and of the Council of 27 November 2019 on
		sustainability-related disclosures in the financial services
		sector as such may be amended, supplemented or
		replaced from time to time.
		Sub-Investment Manager
		Refers to Baillie Gifford Overseas Limited.
		Neiers to Daille Gillord Overseas Lifflited.
N/A		

4) Update in Asset Allocation

Prior Disclosure	Revised Disclosure	
➤ A minimum of 80% of the Fund's NAV to be invested	➤ A minimum of 80% of the Fund's NAV to be invested	
in the Target Fund; and	in the Target Fund; and	
A maximum of 20% of the Fund's NAV to be invested	➤ A maximum of 20% of the Fund's NAV to be invested	
in money market instruments, deposits and/or cash.	in money market instruments and/or deposits.	

5) Update in Investment strategy

Prior Disclosure	Revised Disclosure
INVESTMENT STRATEGY	INVESTMENT STRATEGY
The Fund will be investing a minimum of 80% of the	The Fund will be investing a minimum of 80% of the
Fund's NAV in the Target Fund and a maximum of 20%	Fund's NAV in the Target Fund and a maximum of 20%
of the Fund's NAV in money market instruments, deposits	of the Fund's NAV in money market instruments, deposits
and/or cash. The Fund may also have the flexibility to	and/or cash.
invest in non-US related money market instruments,	
deposits and/or cash.	We may substitute the Target Fund with another fund that
	has a similar investment objective with the Fund, if, in our
We may take temporary defensive positions that may be	opinion, the Target Fund no longer meets the Fund's
inconsistent with the Fund's principal strategy by reducing	investment objective. However, this is subject to the Unit
its investments in the Target Fund and raise the liquidity	Holder's approval before such changes is made.
levels of the Fund during adverse market conditions to	
protect the Unit Holders' interest. In raising the Fund's	Temporary Defensive Measure

Prior Disclosure

liquidity levels, we may also invest in CIS that are able to meet the Fund's investment objective.

We may substitute the Target Fund with another fund that has a similar investment objective with the Fund, if, in our opinion, the Target Fund no longer meets the Fund's investment objective. However, this is subject to the Unit Holder's approval before such changes are made.

Revised Disclosure

We may take temporary defensive positions that may be inconsistent with the Fund's principal strategy and asset allocation by reducing its investments in the Target Fund and raise the liquidity levels of the Fund during adverse market conditions that may impact financial markets to protect the Unit Holders' interest. In raising the Fund's liquidity levels, we may also invest in CIS that are able to meet the Fund's investment objective. To manage the risk of the Fund, we may shift the Fund's focus and exposure to lower risk investments such as deposits or money market instruments.

Derivatives

We may use derivatives, such as foreign exchange forward contracts and cross currency swaps, mainly for hedging purposes. Cross currency swaps and/or foreign exchange forward contracts may be used to hedge the principal and/or the returns of the foreign currency exposure of any of the Class(es) against the Base Currency. The employment of derivatives under these circumstances is expected to reduce the impact of foreign currency movement of the Fund's NAV, irrespective of the currency classes. While the hedging strategy will assist in mitigating the potential foreign exchange losses by the Fund, any potential foreign exchange gains from the hedging strategy will be capped as well. The Fund may also employ derivatives for investment purposes to enhance the returns of the Fund by taking a view on the underlying asset or currency and establish a long position to gain a specific underlying exposure. The types of derivatives envisaged for investment purposes include forwards and swaps which are OTC or traded on centralised exchanges.

Derivatives

Derivatives trades may be carried out for hedging purposes through financial instruments including, but not limited to, forward contracts, futures contracts and swaps. Futures and forward contracts are generally contracts between two parties to trade an asset at an agreed price on a pre-determined future date whereas swaps is an agreement to swap or exchange two financial instruments between two parties.

The intention of hedging is to preserve the value of the assets from any adverse price movements. While the hedging transactions will assist in mitigating the potential foreign exchange losses by the Fund, any potential foreign exchange gains from the hedging strategy will be capped as well.

The Fund adopts commitment approach to measure the Fund's global exposure to derivatives. The commitment approach is a methodology that aggregates the underlying market values or notional values of derivatives after taking into account the possible effects of netting and/or hedging arrangements. The Fund's global exposure from the derivatives position must not exceed 100% of NAV of the Fund at all times.

6) Update in Disclosure of Valuation of the Fund

Prior Disclosure

Unlisted CIS

Investments in unlisted CIS shall be valued based on the last published repurchase price.

Deposits

Valuation of deposits placed with Financial Institutions will be done by reference to the principal value of the deposits and the interests accrued thereon for the relevant period.

Money Market Instruments

The valuation of MYR denominated money market instruments will be done using the price quoted by a bond pricing agency registered with the SC. For foreign money market instruments, valuation will be done using the indicative yield quoted by independent and reputable institutions.

Derivatives

The valuation of derivatives will be based on the prices provided by the respective issuers. The issuers generate the market valuation through the use of their own proprietary valuation models, which incorporate all the relevant and available market data with respect to the derivatives (e.g. interest rates, movement of the underlying assets, volatility of the underlying assets, the correlation of the underlying assets and such other factors). For foreign exchange forward contracts ("FX Forwards"), we will apply interpolation formula to compute the value of the FX Forwards based on the rates provided by Bloomberg or Reuters. If the rates are not available on Bloomberg or Reuters, the FX Forwards will be valued by reference to the average indicative rate quoted by at least three (3) independent dealers. In the case where the Manager is unable to obtain quotation from three (3) independent dealers, the FX Forwards will be valued in accordance with a fair value as determined by us in good faith, on methods or bases which have been verified by the auditor of the Fund and approved by the Trustee.

Any Other Investments

Fair value as determined in good faith by us, on methods or bases which have been verified by the auditor of the Fund and approved by the Trustee.

Revised Disclosure

Collective Investment Schemes ("CIS")

Valuation of investments in unlisted CIS shall be based on the last published repurchase price.

Deposits

Valuation of deposits placed with Financial Institutions will be done by reference to the principal value of the deposits and the interests accrued thereon for the relevant period.

Money Market Instruments

Valuation of MYR denominated money market instruments will be done using the price quoted by a bond pricing agency ("BPA") registered with the SC. For non-MYR denominated money market instruments, valuation will be done using an average of quotations provided by reputable Financial Institutions. Where the Manager is of the view that the price quoted by BPA differs from the fair value or where reliable market quotations are not available, the fair value will be determined in good faith by the Manager using methods or bases which have been verified by the auditor of the Fund and approved by the Trustee. This may be determined by reference to the valuation of other money market instruments which are comparable in rating, yield, expected maturity date and/or other characteristics.

Derivatives

Valuation of derivatives will be based on the prices provided by the respective issuers. The issuers generate the market valuation through the use of their own proprietary valuation models, which incorporate all the relevant and available market data with respect to the derivatives (e.g. interest rates, movement of the underlying assets, volatility of the underlying assets, the correlation of the underlying assets and such other factors). For foreign exchange forward contracts ("FX Forwards"), interpolation formula is applied to compute the value of the FX Forwards based on the rates provided by Bloomberg or Refinitiv. If the rates are not available on Bloomberg or Refinitiv, the FX Forwards will be valued based on a fair value as determined by the Manager in good faith, using methods or bases which have been verified by the auditor of the Fund and approved by the Trustee.

Any other Investments

Fair value as determined in good faith by the Manager, based on the methods or bases which have been verified by the auditor of the Fund and approved by the Trustee.

7) Update about the Classes of the Fund

Prior Disclosure Revised Disclosure About the classes About the classes <N/A> **Initial Offer Price Initial Offer Period** Classes The initial offer period for **USD Class** N/A MYR Class, will be one (1) The price of day which is on the date of MYR **MYR Class** Units for USD Information 0.50 Memorandum. Class. MYR Hedged-MYR Hedged-N/A+ class, SGD The initial offer period for the class Hedgedexisting USD Class, MYR class, Hedged-class. SGD and SGD Hedged-Hedged-class and AUD AUD N/A⁴ class Hedged-class has ended. Hedgedclass shall be **AUD Hedged-**N/A+ based on the **The initial offer period for class NAV per Unit. GBP Hedged-class, EUR Hedged-class and RMB GBP Hedged-**GBP** **The price of Hedged-class will be one (1) 0.50* class Units offered day which is on the launch date of the particular Class, for purchase EUR Hedged-FUR and the launch date will be during the 0.50 class disseminated through official initial offer communication channels period. RMB **RMB** and communiques to the Hedged-0.50 Unit Holders in the future. class Minimum Minimum Minimum Minimum Minimum Minimum Minimum Switch* Classes Additional Initial Initial Additional Repurchase Units Per Classes Investment* Investment* Investment* Investment* Unit* Switch* 20 000 **USD Class** USD 5,000 USD 1,000 10,000 Units **USD Class** USD 10,000 USD 5,000 10,000 Units Units MYR MYR 60,000 MYR 30,000 MYR 10,000 10.000 Units MYR 5.000 MYR 1000 10.000 Units Hedged-Class Units class MYR 60,000 SGD MYR 30.000 MYR 10.000 10.000 Units Hedged-Units Hedged-SGD 5,000 SGD 1,000 10,000 Units class class SGD 20,000 AUD Hedged-SGD 10,000 SGD 5,000 10,000 Units Units AUD 5,000 10,000 Units Hedged-AUD 1.000 class class AUD 20.000 **GBP** Hedged-AUD 10,000 AUD 5,000 10,000 Units Units Hedged-GBP 5,000 GBP 1,000 10,000 Units class class GBP 20.000 EUR GBP 10,000 GBP 5,000 10,000 Units Hedged-Units Hedged-EUR 5,000 EUR 1,000 10,000 Units class class EUR 20,000 EUR 10,000 RMR **FUR 5 000** 10 000 Units Hedgedclass Hedged-RMB 5.000 RMB 1.000 10.000 Units class **RMB** 60.000 Subject to the Manager's discretion, you may negotiate for a Hedged-RMB 30,000 RMB 10,000 10,000 Units lower amount or number of Units. class *At our discretion, we may reduce the transaction value and Units, The Fund may create new Classes and/or new including for transactions made via digital channels, subject to Hedged-classes in respect of the Fund in the future. terms and conditions disclosed in the respective channels. You will be notified of the issuance of the new Classes and/or new Hedged-classes by way of The Fund may create new Classes without having to seek Unit Holders' prior approval. You will be notified communiqué and the investors will be notified of

8) Update about the Fees and Charges

information memorandum.

the same by way of a supplemental or replacement

Prior Disclosure	Revised Disclosure
SWITCHING FEE	SWITCHING FEE
Nil	The Manager does not impose any switching fee. However, if the amount of sales charge of the fund (or class) that the Unit Holder intends to switch into is higher than the sales charge imposed by the fund (or class) being switched from, then the difference in the sales

same

by

information memorandum.

of the issuance of the new Classes by way of

communiqué and the investors will be notified of the

way of a supplemental/replacement

Prior Disclosure	Revised Disclosure
	charge between the two (2) funds (or classes) shall be borne by the Unit Holder.

9) Update About the Target Fund

Prior Disclosure

ABOUT BAILLIE GIFFORD WORLDWIDE FUNDS PLC ("THE COMPANY")

The Target Fund is a sub-fund of the Company. The Company is an open-ended investment company with variable capital organised under the laws of Ireland as a public limited company pursuant to the Companies Acts and the UCITS Regulations. The Company was incorporated on 28 October 2010 under registration number 490695 and was authorised by the Central Bank on 23 December 2010. The Company delegates it's investment function to Baillie Gifford Investment Management (Europe) Limited.

BAILLIE GIFFORD INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT (EUROPE) LIMITED ("INVESTMENT MANAGER")

The investment manager of the Target Fund is Baillie Gifford Investment Management (Europe) Limited. The Investment Manager is authorised and regulated by the Central Bank. The Investment Manager shall be responsible for the investment and reinvestment of the Target Fund.

Revised Disclosure

ABOUT BAILLIE GIFFORD WORLDWIDE FUNDS PLC ("THE COMPANY")

The Target Fund is a sub-fund of the Company. The Company is an open-ended investment company with variable capital organised under the laws of Ireland as a public limited company pursuant to the Companies Acts and the UCITS Regulations and is managed by the Investment Manager. The Company was incorporated on 28 October 2010 under registration number 490695 and was authorised by the Central Bank on 23 December 2010.

The directors of the Company may delegate certain functions to the Administrator, the Investment Manager and other parties, subject to supervision and direction by the directors of the Company. The Administrator has been appointed by the Investment Manager to act as administrator of the Company and is responsible for the administration of the Company, including the calculation of the net asset value of the Target Fund. The Depositary has been appointed to act as depositary of the Company to provide safekeeping, oversight and asset verification services in respect of the assets of the Company and the Target Fund in accordance with the provisions of the UCITS Rules and the Directive. The Depositary will also provide cash monitoring services in respect of the Target Fund's cash flows and subscriptions.

BAILLIE GIFFORD INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT (EUROPE) LIMITED ("INVESTMENT MANAGER")

The investment manager of the Target Fund is Baillie Gifford Investment Management (Europe) Limited. The Investment Manager is authorised and regulated by the FCA. The Investment Manager shall be responsible for the investment and reinvestment of the Target Fund. The Investment Manager may delegate the investment management function to a sub-investment manager. In this regard, the Investment Manager has appointed Baillie Gifford Overseas Limited as the sub-investment manager to act as the discretionary investment manager in respect of the Target Fund.

Prior Disclosure

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE AND INVESTMENT POLICY OF THE TARGET FUND

The investment objective of the Target Fund is to provide strong returns over the long term by investing primarily in a concentrated, unconstrained global equity portfolio.

The Target Fund will seek to achieve its objective primarily through investment in a concentrated but diversified portfolio of equity securities typically comprising of between 30 and 60 holdings which shall principally be listed, traded or dealt in on one or more of the Regulated Markets. The equity securities in which the Target Fund will invest shall primarily consist of common stocks and other transferable securities such as convertible securities, preferred securities, convertible preferred securities, warrants and rights. The equity securities in which the Target Fund may invest will not be selected from any particular industry sector or from any particular country and will typically have a market capitalisation of more than USD 4 billion at the time of purchase.

The investment strategy of the Target Fund is to invest primarily in global equities which are listed, traded or dealt in Regulated Markets with the aim of producing strong returns over the long term. Stocks with strong growth potential are selected on an individual stock selection basis by a dedicated team of portfolio managers, drawing on their own research and that of other investment teams at Baillie Gifford.

Cash deposits and cash equivalents (such as commercial papers, banker's acceptances, certificate of deposit and government securities or securities issued by any supranational organization provided these securities are listed, traded or dealt in on a Regulated Market and are rated investment grade or better by a recognized rating agency) held by the Target Fund will not generally exceed 10% of its net asset value, but in exceptional circumstances (for example in an uncertain market environment) the Target Fund may hold in excess of 10% of its net asset value in cash or cash equivalents.

Investments in Emerging Market Countries may be acquired subject to a limit of 50% of the net asset value of the Target Fund.

The Target Fund shall not acquire equity securities which are listed, traded or dealt in markets in Russia but may acquire the securities of Russian issuers which are listed, traded or dealt in on Regulated Markets in non-Emerging Market Countries. In relation to investment in China, the Target Fund may have exposure to China "A" shares directly via the Stock Connects, or indirectly via investments in structured notes, participation notes, equity-linked notes or Eligible Collective Investment Schemes that invest primarily in China "A" shares, structured notes, participation notes, equity-linked notes and similar financial instruments where the underlying assets consist of securities issued by companies quoted on Regulated Markets in China, and/or the performance of which is linked to the performance of securities issued by companies quoted on Regulated Markets in China. Only participation notes and structured notes which meet the criteria for transferable securities under the UCITS Regulations and which are unleveraged, securitised and capable of free sale and transfer to other investors and which are purchased through recognised regulated dealers are deemed to be transferable securities which are traded on Regulated Markets.

Revised Disclosure

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE AND INVESTMENT POLICY OF THE TARGET FUND

The investment objective of the Target Fund is to provide strong returns over the long term by investing primarily in a concentrated, unconstrained global equity portfolio.

The Target Fund may also invest in other transferable securities, money market instruments, cash and cash equivalents.

The Target Fund will seek to achieve its objective primarily through investment in a concentrated but diversified portfolio of equity securities typically comprising of between 30 and 60 holdings which shall principally be listed, traded or dealt in on one or more of the Regulated Markets. The equity securities in which the Target Fund will invest shall primarily consist of common stocks and other transferable securities such as convertible securities, preferred securities, participation notes, convertible preferred securities, warrants and rights. The equity securities in which the Target Fund may invest will not be selected from any particular industry sector or from any particular country and will typically have a market capitalisation of more than USD 4 billion at the time of purchase.

The investment strategy of the Target Fund is to invest primarily in global equities which are listed, traded or dealt in on Regulated Markets with the aim of producing strong returns over the long term. Stocks with strong growth potential are selected on an individual stock selection basis by a dedicated team of portfolio managers, drawing on their own research and that of other investment teams at Baillie Gifford.

The assessment of sustainability factors is integrated into the Sub-Investment Manager's stock research framework. One of the framework's research questions asks: "What societal considerations are most likely to prove material to the long-term growth of the company?" The Sub-Investment Manager's research into this question typically considers factors such as the nature of the product or service, tax, environmental impact and labour relations. While this question is most obviously related to a company's sense of wider responsibility, considerations of a company's sustainability are also embedded into other questions. For example, another question in the framework asks: "What happens over 10 years and beyond?" - a time period over which long-term environmental and societal aspects, such as climate change or income inequality, are increasingly prominent. Another question asks "Is your business culture clearly differentiated? Is it adaptable", via which the Sub-Investment Manager examines management's vision and alignment with the interests of long-term shareholders and society, as well as their relations with their employees. The framework also asks: "How do you deploy capital?", which again can reveal much about a company's alignment with long-term interests."

In promoting the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Target Fund, the Sub-Investment Manager will: (a) assess equities using a norms-based evaluation and will comply with the Sub-Investment Manager's policy on assessing breaches of the United Nations Global Compact Principles for Business as outlined in its ESG Principles and Guidelines document; (b) compare the Target Fund's

Prior Disclosure

The Target Fund will not invest more than 10% of its net asset value in units or shares of Eligible Collective Investment Schemes, including ETFs. The Eligible Collective Investment Schemes in which the Target Fund may invest will have similar investment objectives and policies to the Target Fund.

Derivatives

The Target Fund may invest in currency forwards to reduce currency risk but not to take active positions on currency. Such use will be for efficient portfolio management purposes. Other than the Target Fund's investment in convertible securities, preferred securities, convertible preferred securities, warrants and rights for investment purposes, the Target Fund may only use FDIs for efficient portfolio management purposes. To the extent that the Target Fund uses FDIs which create leverage, the limits on global exposure will be measured using the commitment approach, whereby such leverage cannot exceed 100% of the net asset value of the Target Fund.

The Target Fund will not actively take positions in securities which contain embedded derivatives but it may acquire them passively through corporate actions, for example, where the Target Fund is issued with securities pursuant to a rights issue in respect of a pre-existing investment and those securities have warrants attached to them.

Revised Disclosure

Weighted Average Carbon Intensity against that of the index referred to below; and (c) exclude from the Target Fund's holdings companies that derive (i) more than 10% of annual revenues from the production and/or distribution of military weapon systems and components, and provision of support systems and services for production of military weapon systems and components; (ii) more than 5% of annual revenues from the production of tobacco; (iii) more than 20% of annual revenues from the production and/or distribution of, electricity generation from, or construction of thermal coal and directly associated facilities; (iv) more than 10% of annual revenues or reserves in Arctic exploration or development or (v) more than 10% of annual revenues from the production of oil sands or tar sands.

These assessments will be made by the Sub-Investment Manager's own research (including company engagement) and a combination of third party data sources (such as Sustainalytics and MSCI). These considerations apply at the time of acquisition of the equity securities and in the event of any subsequent inadvertent holding of an equity security not aligned with these considerations, the Sub-Investment Manager shall seek to dispose of any such securities as soon as reasonably practicable in line with Baillie Gifford's Divestment Policy as outlined in the Sub-Investment Manager's ESG Principles and Guidelines document. The assessment of whether companies follow good governance practices requires active engagement and demonstration of stewardship through company engagement and analysis in accordance with the stewardship principles included in the Sub-Investment Manager's ESG Principles and Guidelines document.

The Sub-Investment Manager aims to promote the environmental and/or social characteristics of the Target Fund through its investment in global equities only. Cash is a residual element of the investment process. Cash may be held on deposit by the Target Fund. Cash equivalents may also be held by the Target Fund from time to time. Cash equivalents are commercial paper, banker's acceptances, certificates of deposit and government securities or securities issued by any Supranational Organisation, provided these securities are listed, traded or dealt in on a Regulated Market and are rated investment grade or better by a Recognised Rating Agency. Cash deposits and cash equivalents held by the Target Fund will not generally exceed 10% of its net asset value, but in exceptional circumstances (for example in an uncertain market environment) the Target Fund may hold in excess of 10% of its net asset value in cash or cash equivalents.

Investments in Emerging Market Countries may be acquired subject to a limit of 50% of the net asset value of the Target Fund.

In relation to investment in China, the Target Fund may have exposure to Permissible PRC Instruments directly via the Stock Connects and/or through the FII Scheme (including via the Science and Technology Innovation Board ("STAR Board") of the Shanghai Stock Exchange and ChiNext market of the Shenzhen Stock Exchange via the Stock Connects or FII Scheme) or indirectly via investments in structured notes, participation notes, equity-linked notes or Eligible Collective Investment Schemes that invest primarily in Permissible PRC Instruments, structured notes,

Prior Disclosure Revised Disclosure

participation notes, equity-linked notes and similar financial instruments. The underlying assets of the structured notes, participation notes and equity-linked notes must consist of securities issued by companies quoted on Regulated Markets in China, and/or the performance of which is linked to the performance of securities issued by companies quoted on Regulated Markets in China.

The Target Fund will not invest more than 10% of its net asset value in units or shares of Eligible Collective Investment Schemes, including ETFs. The Eligible Collective Investment Schemes in which the Target Fund may invest will have similar investment objectives and policies to the Target Fund.

The Target Fund's performance (after deduction of costs) is measured against the MSCI ACWI Index (the "Index"). The Target Fund seeks to materially outperform the Index over the long term. There is no guarantee that the Target Fund's performance will match or exceed the Index over the long term and for any given year the Target Fund may either outperform or underperform the Index.

The Target Fund is actively managed and the Sub-Investment Manager uses its discretion to invest in assets which are not included in the Index or with weightings different to that of the Index. For the avoidance of doubt, the Sub-Investment Manager considers that the Index is not used for the purpose of determining or constraining the composition of the Target Fund's portfolio.

The Target Fund's Weighted Average Carbon Intensity is also measured against the Index and is used as one of the sustainability indicators to measure the attainment of the promoted environmental characteristics, with an overall aim to have a Weighted Average Carbon Intensity that is lower than the Index. Details of the measurement of the Target Fund's Weighted Average Carbon Intensity against that of the Index will be provided in the annual report and will include an explanation should this aim not be achieved. This Index is not used as a reference index to attain the promoted environmental and/or social characteristics as the Target Fund does not align its environmental and/or social characteristics with that of the Index.

The Target Fund is classified pursuant to Article 8 of the SFDR. Although the Target Fund promotes environmental and/or social characteristics, it does not commit to investing in sustainable investments as defined under the SFDR, nor does it intend to allocate a minimum level (0%) of investments in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the Regulation (EU) 2020/852 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 June 2020 on the establishment of a framework to facilitate sustainable investment, and amending Regulation (EU) 2019/2088, as such may be amended, supplemented or replaced from time to time.

Derivatives

The Target Fund may invest in currency forwards to reduce currency risk but not to take active positions on currency. Such use will be for efficient portfolio management purposes. Other than the Target Fund's investment in convertible securities, preferred securities, participation notes, convertible preferred securities, warrants and rights

for investment purposes, the Target Fund may only use FDIs for efficient portfolio management purposes. To the extent that the Target Fund uses FDIs which create leverage, the limits on global exposure will be measured using the commitment approach, whereby such leverage cannot exceed 100% of the net asset value of the Target Fund. The Target Fund will not actively take positions in securities which contain embedded derivatives but it may acquire them passively through corporate actions, for example, where the Target Fund is issued with securities pursuant to a rights issue in respect of a pre-existing investment and those securities have warrants tacked to them. The Sub-investment Manager does not expect such embedded derivatives to be leveraged. The Target Fund issues several Share lasses and may issue new Share Classes with different features and requirements in future. The Fund will have full discretion to decide on Share Class to invest and may switch to different Share Class. Such decision will be made in the best interest of investors. Investors should note that the investment objective, investment strategy and risk profile of the Fund remain the same regardless the investment of the Fund in different Share Class. Diversification Requirements To ensure diversification, the Target Fund cannot invest more than a certain percentage of its assets in one issuer or single body, as defined below. These diversification rules do not apply during the first six months of the Target Fund's operation, but the Target Fund must observe the principle of risk spreading. Diversification Requirements To ensure diversification, the Target Fund cannot invest more than a certain percentage of its assets in one issuer or single body, as defined below. For purposes of this table, companies that share consolidated accounts in accordance with Directive 2013/341/EU or with recognised international accounting rules are considered to be a single body. Category of securities Diversification as defined in row 8 of the table abo	Prior Disclosure	Poviced Disclosure	
which contain embedded derivatives but it may acquire them passively through corporate actions, for example, where the Target Fund is issued with securities pursuant to a rights issue in respect of a pre-existing investment and those securities have warrants attached to them. The Sub-Investment Manager does not expect such embedded derivatives to be leveraged. The Target Fund issues several Share lasses and may issue new Share Classes with different features and requirements in future. The Fund will have full discretion to decide on Share Class to invest and may switch to different Share Class to invest and may switch to different Share Class to invest and may switch to different Share Class to invest and may switch to different Share Class so the decision will be made in the best interest of investors. Investors should note that the investment objective, investment strategy and risk profile of the Fund remain the same regardless the investment of the Fund in different Share Class. Diversification Requirements To ensure diversification, the Target Fund cannot invest more than a certain percentage of its assets in one issuer or single body, as defined below. These diversification rules do not apply during the first six months of the Target Fund's operation, but the Target Fund must observe the principle of risk spreading. Diversification Requirements To ensure diversification, the Target Fund cannot invest more than a certain percentage of its assets in one issuer or single body, as defined below. For purposes of this table, companies that share consolidated accounts in accordance with Directive 2013/341/EU or with recognised international accounting rules are considered to be a single body. Category of securities D. OTC derivatives with a counterparty that is a credit institution as defined in row 8 of the table above. E. OTC derivatives with any other Max risk	Prior Disclosure	for investment purposes, the Target Functions for efficient portfolio management prextent that the Target Fund uses FDI leverage, the limits on global exposure wasing the commitment approach, whereby cannot exceed 100% of the net asset valid	urposes. To the s which create vill be measured y such leverage
issue new Share Classes with different features and requirements in future. The Fund will have full discretion to decide on Share Class to invest and may switch to different Share Class. Such decision will be made in the best interest of investors. Investors should note that the investment objective, investment strategy and risk profile of the Fund remain the same regardless the investment of the Fund in different Share Class. Diversification Requirements To ensure diversification, the Target Fund cannot invest more than a certain percentage of its assets in one issuer or single body, as defined below. These diversification rules do not apply during the first six months of the Target Fund's operation, but the Target Fund must observe the principle of risk spreading. For purposes of this table, companies that share consolidated accounts in accordance with Directive 2013/341/EU or with recognised international accounting rules are considered to be a single body. Solversification Requirements To ensure diversification, the Target Fund cannot invest more than a certain percentage of its assets in one issuer or single body, as defined below. For purposes of this table, companies that share consolidated accounts in accordance with Directive 2013/341/EU or with recognised international accounting rules are considered to be a single body. Category of securities In any one issuer In any one issue		which contain embedded derivatives but them passively through corporate action where the Target Fund is issued with secur a rights issue in respect of a pre-existing those securities have warrants attached to the Investment Manager does not expect a	it may acquire is, for example, rities pursuant to investment and them. The Sub-
To ensure diversification, the Target Fund cannot invest more than a certain percentage of its assets in one issuer or single body, as defined below. These diversification rules do not apply during the first six months of the Target Fund's operation, but the Target Fund must observe the principle of risk spreading. For purposes of this table, companies that share consolidated accounts in accordance with Directive 2013/341/EU or with recognised international accounting rules are considered to be a single body. Category of securities D. OTC derivatives with a counterparty that is a credit institution as defined in row 8 of the table above. E. OTC derivatives with any other To ensure diversification, the Target Fund cannot invest more than a certain percentage of its assets in one issuer or single body, as defined below. For purposes of this table, companies that share consolidated accounts in accordance with Directive 2013/341/EU or with recognised international accounting rules are considered to be a single body. Category of securities D. OTC derivatives with a counterparty that is a credit institution as defined in row 8 of the table above. E. OTC derivatives with any other Max risk		issue new Share Classes with differer requirements in future. The Fund discretion to decide on Share Class to switch to different Share Class. Such a made in the best interest of investors. In note that the investment objective, investand risk profile of the Fund remain the s	nt features and will have full invest and may decision will be expected by the strategy ame regardless
For purposes of this table, companies that share consolidated accounts in accordance with Directive 2013/341/EU or with recognised international accounting rules are considered to be a single body. Category of securities D. OTC derivatives with a counterparty that is a credit institution as defined in row 8 of the table above. E. OTC derivatives with any other Max risk E. OTC derivatives with any other	To ensure diversification, the Target Fund cannot invest more than a certain percentage of its assets in one issuer or single body, as defined below. These diversification rules do not apply during the first six months of the Target Fund's operation, but the Target Fund must observe the principle of	To ensure diversification, the Target Fur more than a certain percentage of its assets single body, as defined below. For purposes of this table, compan consolidated accounts in accordance	s in one issuer or ies that share with Directive
is a credit institution as defined in row 8 of the table above. Color Color	ccounts in accordance with Directive 2013/341/EU or with ecognised international accounting rules are considered to be	rules are considered to be a single body. Category of securities	In any one issuer
		the table above. E. OTC derivatives with any other	exposure 10% Max risk

10) Update on the fee and charges of the Target Fund and insertion on suspension policy of the Target Fund and

Prior Disclosure		Revised Disclosure		
FEES AND CHARGES OF THE TARGET FUND F		FEES AND CHARGES OF THE TARGET FUND		
Preliminary Charge	Up to 5.00% of the net asset value per Share. Please note that the Fund will not be charged the preliminary charge when it		Preliminary Charge	Up to 5.00% of the net asset value per Share. Please note that the Fund will not be charged the preliminary charge when it invests in the Target Fund.
Redemption	invests in the Target Fund. Not applicable		Redemption Charge	Not applicable
Performance Fee	Not applicable.		Performance Fee	Not applicable.
Management Fee	0.62% per annum of the net asset value of the Target Fund. Please note that management fee will		Management Fee	1.5% per annum of the net asset value of the Target Fund. Please note that management fee will only be charged once at the Fund level. The
	only be charged once at the Fund level. The management fee charged by the Target Fund will be paid out of the			management fee charged by the Target Fund will be paid out of the annual management fee

Prior Diselectus	Boulead Discloous
Prior Disclosure annual management fee charged by us at the Fund level. There is no double charging of management fee.	Revised Disclosure charged by us at the Fund level. There is no double charging of management fee.
	Other Fees and Expenses The Target Fund may also incur indirect fees including administration fee (up 0.04% per annum*), depositary fee (0.015% per annum*), custodial fee (up to 0.5%**) and other expenses. * of net asset value of the Target Fund. ** of the value of the assets held, depending on the market and subject to the overall custodial fee not exceeding 0.5%. of the net asset value of the Target Fund.
< <i>N/A></i>	REDEMPTION POLICY AND TEMPORARY SUSPENSION OF
	THE TARGET FUND If redemption requests on any dealing day of the Target Fund exceed 10% of the net asset value of the Target Fund, the Investment Manager may defer the excess redemption requests to subsequent dealing days of the Target Fund and shall redeem such Shares of the Target Fund rateably. Any deferred redemption requests shall be treated in priority to any redemption requests received for subsequent dealing days of the Target Fund, subject to temporary suspension of the Target Fund below.
	The Company may temporarily suspend the determination of the net asset value of the Target Fund and the sale, conversion or redemption of Shares of the Target Fund during: i. any period (other than ordinary holiday or customary weekend closings) when any market is closed which is the main market for a significant part of the Target Fund's investments, or when trading thereon is restricted or suspended; ii. any period when, as a result of political, economic, military or monetary events or any circumstances outside the control, responsibility and power of the directors of the Company, disposal or valuation of a substantial portion of the investments of the Company is not reasonably practicable
	without this being seriously detrimental to the interests of Shareholders of the Company; iii. any period during which disposal or valuation of investments which constitute a substantial portion of the assets of the Target Fund is not practically feasible or if feasible would be possible only on terms materially disadvantageous to Shareholders of the Target Fund; iv. any period when for any reason the prices of any investments of the Target Fund cannot be reasonably, promptly or
	accurately ascertained by the Administrator; v. any period when remittance of monies which will, or may, be involved in the realisation of, or in the payment for, investments of the Target Fund cannot, in the opinion of the Investment Manager, be carried out at normal rates of exchange; vi. any period when proceeds of the sale or redemption of the
	Shares of the Target Fund cannot be transmitted to or from the Target Fund's account; vii. upon the service on the Shareholders of a notice to consider a resolution to wind up the Company or close the Target Fund;

Prior Disclosure	Revised Disclosure
	viii. upon the occurrence of an event causing the Company or the Target Fund to enter into liquidation; and ix. during any period when the directors of the Company consider it to be in the interests of the Company or the Target Fund to do so.
	A suspension of redemptions of the Target Fund may be made at any time prior to the payment of the redemption monies and the removal of the details of the relevant Shares of the Target Fund from the register of Shareholders. The suspension of subscriptions of the Target Fund may be made at any time prior to the entry of the details of the relevant Shares of the Target Fund on the register of Shareholders of the Target Fund.
	THE UK'S WITHDRAWAL FROM THE EU The UK formally left the EU on 31 January 2020 ("Brexit"). Under the terms of the withdrawal agreement a transition period ran to 31 December 2020, during which time EU law continued to apply in the UK. Notwithstanding the conclusion of these negotiations and the expiry of the transition period, the longer term economic, legal, political and social framework between the UK and the EU, in particular with regard to financial services, remains unclear in a number of respects.
	It is possible there will be more divergence between UK and EL regulations post-Brexit, limiting what cross-border activities car take place. However it is unlikely to affect the Target Fund's ability to receive portfolio management services. As at the date of the Prospectus of the Target Fund, the Target Fund continue to be recognised by the FCA through its temporary permissions regime and can be marketed to UK. investors. The nature and extent of the impact of any Brexit related changes are uncertain, but may be significant . The information provided in this section was correct as of the date of the Prospectus of the Target Fund.
	This Information Memorandum describes the features of the Target Fund in accordance with the Prospectus of the Target Fund and we recommend that this Information Memorandum should be read in conjunction with the Prospectus of the Target Fund which is available at the business address of the Manager. We take all reasonable efforts to ensure the accuracy of the disclosure in this Information Memorandum in relation to the Target Fund, including obtaining the confirmation from the Investment Manager. However, in the event of any inconsistency or ambiguity in relation to the disclosure, including any word or phrase used in this Information Memorandum regarding the Target Fund as compared to the Prospectus of the Target Fund, the Prospectus of the Target Fund, shall prevail.

11) Inclusion to Risks of the Fund and the Target Fund

Prior Disclosure	Revised Disclosure
GENERAL RISKS OF THE FUND	GENERAL RISKS OF THE FUND
Operational risk	Operational risk
Operational risk is the risk of loss due to the breakdown,	This risk refers to the possibility of a breakdown in the
deficiencies or weaknesses in the operational support	Manager's internal controls and policies. The breakdown
functions resulting in the operations or internal control	may be a result of human error, system failure or fraud
processes producing an insufficient degree of customer	where employees of the Manager collude with one
	another. This risk may cause monetary loss and/or

Prospectus of the Target Fund shall prevail.

Prior Disclosure	Revised Disclosure
quality or internal control by the Manager. Operational risk is typically associated with human error, system failure, fraud and inadequate or defective procedures and controls.	inconvenience to you. The Manager will review its internal policies and system capability to mitigate instances of this risk. Additionally, the Manager maintains a strict segregation of duties to mitigate instances of fraudulent practices amongst employees of the Manager.
<n a=""></n>	Related Party Transaction Risk The Fund may also have dealings with parties related to AHAM. Nevertheless, it is our policy that all transactions with related parties are to be executed on terms which are best available to the Fund and which are not less favourable to the Fund than an arm's length transaction between independent parties.
Suspension of dealing in Units risk The Fund may be at risk of having a temporarily suspension of dealing in Units or deferment of the calculation of net asset value in the Target Fund and/or its Share Class when the following occurs: - any exchange or market, on which a substantial portion of the Target Fund's investments is traded, is closed, otherwise than for public holidays, or while dealings on any such exchange or market are restricted or suspended; - the Company is unable to repatriate funds for the purpose of making payments on the redemption of the Shares of the Target Fund or during which any transfer of the funds involved in the realisation or acquisition of investments or payments due on redemption of Shares cannot, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, be effected at normal prices or rates of exchange; - a breakdown exists in the means of communications or computation normally employed in determining any of the Target Fund's assets, or the current price or values on any market of stock exchange; - the Company, the Target Fund or the Share Class is being, or may be, wound-up on or following the date on which notice is given of the meeting of Shareholders at which a resolution to wind up the Company, the Target Fund or the Share Class is proposed; - any state of affairs exists that, in the view of the Investment Manager, constitutes an emergency as a result of which disposal or valuation of investments of the Target Fund by the Company is impracticable; - the Investment Manager has determined that there has been a material change in the valuation of a substantial proportion of the investments of the Company attributable to the Target Fund, and has further decided, in order to safeguard the interests of the Shareholders and the Company, to delay the preparation or use of a valuation or carry out a later or subsequent valuation; - in the case of a suspension of the calculation of the net asset value of one or several underlying investment funds in which the Target Fund has invested a	Suspension of repurchase request risk Having considered the best interests of Unit Holders, the repurchase requests by the Unit Holders may be subject to suspension due to exceptional circumstances, where the market value or fair value of a material portion of the Fund's assets cannot be determined or such other circumstances as may be determined by the Manager, where there is good and sufficient reason to do so. Such exceptional circumstances may include, amongst other, suspension of dealing by the Target Fund. In such case, Unit Holders will not be able to redeem their Units and will be compelled to remain invested in the Fund for a longer period of time. Hence, their investments will continue to be subject to the risks inherent to the Fund.
A suspension will apply to all types of dealings in shares (except transfers) and will apply at the Target Fund or Share Class level as applicable. In connection with	

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suspensions, the Company will refuse to accept requests to buy, switch or redeem Shares during the time the Investment Manager has suspended the calculation of net asset value of the Target Fund. During this time Shareholders may withdraw their request. Any requests that are not withdrawn will be dealt on the next valuation day once the suspension is over. Unit Holders will be informed of any suspension or deferment as appropriate.

Counterparty risk

Counterparty risk

Counterparty risk concerns the Fund's investment in derivatives ("Investments"). Counterparty risk is prevalent as the potential returns derived from the Investments are dependent on the ongoing ability and willingness of the issuer i.e a Financial Institution to fulfill their respective financial commitments in a timely manner. Bankruptcy, fraud or regulatory non-compliance arising out of and/or in connection with the issuer may impair the operations and/or the performance of the Fund. However, we will conduct stringent credit selection process of the issuer of the Investments prior to commencement of Investments and monitoring mechanisms established by us may potentially mitigate this risk. If, we are of the opinion there is material adverse change to an issuer, we may consider unwinding the issuer's Investments to mitigate potential losses that may arise.

Counterparty risk is the risk associated with the ongoing ability and willingness of the issuers to derivatives ("Investments") to fulfill their respective financial commitments to the Fund in a timely manner. Bankruptcy, fraud or regulatory non-compliance arising out of and/or in connection with the issuer may impair the operations and/or the performance of the Fund. However, we will conduct stringent credit selection process of the issuer of the Investments prior to commencement of Investments and monitoring mechanisms established by us may potentially mitigate this risk. If, we are of the opinion there is material adverse change to an issuer, we may consider unwinding the issuer's Investments to mitigate potential losses that may arise.

Target Fund Manager risk

As a feeder fund, the Fund invests into the Target Fund which is managed by the Investment Manager. We have no control over the investment technique and knowledge, operational controls and management of the Investment Manager. In the event of any mismanagement of the Target Fund, the Fund which invests substantially all of its assets into the Target Fund would be affected adversely.

Investment Manager risk

The Target Fund (which the Fund invests in) is managed by the Investment Manager. It is important to note that the Manager has no control over the investment management techniques and operational controls of the Target Fund. Thus, mismanagement of the Target Fund (i.e. breach of its prescribed investment restriction due to human error) may negatively affect the Fund (as an investor of the Target Fund). Should such a situation arise, the Manager may propose to invest in other alternative CIS that is consistent with the investment objective of the Fund provided always that the approval of the Unit Holders has been obtained.

RISKS OF THE FUND

N/A

RISKS OF THE FUND

Specific risks associated with investments that have exposure to Russia

Russia's invasion of the Ukraine has had, and could continue to have, severe adverse effects on regional and global economic markets for securities and commodities. As a result the political and military actions undertaken by Russia in the Ukraine and elsewhere, the U.S., the U.K., the EU and other governments have instituted sanctions against certain Russian officials and institutions. These sanctions include a prohibition on doing business with certain Russian companies, large financial institutions, officials and oligarchs: the removal by certain countries and the EU of selected Russian banks from the Society for Worldwide Interbank Financial Telecommunications ("SWIFT"), the electronic banking network that connects banks globally and restrictive measures to prevent the Russian central bank from undermining the impact of the economic sanctions. The economic sanctions, and any other intergovernmental actions that may be undertaken against Russia in the future, may adversely affect the Russian economy and Russia's energy sector in particular.

These events and the economic sanctions may result in the further decline in the value and liquidity of Russian securities, a continued weakening and devaluation of the Ruble, a downgrade of Russia's credit rating and continued exchange closures as well as other adverse

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	consequences on the Russian economy. Retaliatory action by the Russian government could involve the seizure of the assets of residents of other countries and any such actions are likely to impair the value and liquidity of such assets. Significant uncertainty remains in the market as to the range of possible political, regulatory, economic and market outcomes. The duration of ongoing hostilities and the vast array of sanctions and related events is difficult to predict. These events present material uncertainty and risk with respect to markets globally and how the performance of the Target Fund and its investments or operations could be negatively impacted.
N/A	General Sanctions Risk
	If a government institutes sanctions against another country's institutions and individuals this may have an adverse effect on the ability to buy or sell investments in that country, and on the performance of investments in that country. This could negatively impact the value of the Target Fund's investments in that country and increase liquidity risk in the Target Fund.
N/A	Risks of investment in Permissible PRC Instruments
TWA	Risks of investment in Permissible PRC Instruments The Target Fund may have direct access to certain eligible Permissible PRC Instruments via the Stock Connects or the FII Scheme. The Target Fund may also have exposure to Permissible PRC Instruments indirectly via investments in other Eligible Collective Investment Schemes that invest primarily in Permissible PRC Instruments and other financial instruments (such as structured notes, participation notes and equity-linked notes) where the underlying assets consist of securities issued by companies quoted on regulated markets in China, and/or the performance of which is linked to the performance of securities issued by companies quoted on regulated markets in China. Investing in the securities markets of China is subject to emerging market risks as well as China-specific risks. The stock markets in China are emerging markets which are undergoing rapid growth and changes. This may lead to trading volatility, difficulties in settlement and in interpreting and applying the relevant regulations. In addition, there is a lower level of regulation and enforcement activity in these securities markets compared to more developed international markets. There also exists control on foreign investment in China and limitations on repatriation of invested capital. Less audited information may be available in respect of companies and enterprises located in China. Such legal and regulatory restrictions or limitations may have an adverse effect on the liquidity and performance of the Target Fund's investments in the Chinese market due to factors such as fund repatriation and dealing restrictions. The securities industry in China is relatively young, and the value of the investments may be affected by uncertainties arising from political and social developments in China or changes in Chinese law or regulations.
	The Target Fund may be subject to withholding and other taxes imposed under Chinese tax law or regulations. Investors should be aware that their investments may be adversely affected by changes in Chinese tax law and regulations, which may apply with retrospective effect and which are constantly in a state of flux and will change constantly over time.
	The Target Fund is also subject to counterparty risk associated with the issuer of financial instruments that invest in or are linked to the performance of Permissible

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PRC Instruments. The loss if there is any de

PRC Instruments. The Target Fund may suffer substantial loss if there is any default by the issuer of such financial instruments. In addition, such investments may be less liquid as they may be traded OTC and there may be no active market for such investments.

Investments in Permissible PRC Instruments through other CIS and other financial instruments (such as structured notes, participation notes and equity-linked notes) issued by third parties in RMB will be exposed to any fluctuation in the exchange rate between the base currency of the Target Fund and the RMB in respect of such investments. There is no assurance that RMB will not be subject to devaluation. Any devaluation of RMB could adversely affect the Target Fund's investments that are denominated in RMB. RMB is currently not a freely convertible currency as it is subject to foreign exchange control policies of the Chinese government. The Chinese government's policies on exchange control and repatriation restrictions are subject to change, and the value of the Target Fund's investments may be adversely affected

Risks Associated with the Stock Connects

The Target Fund may invest in Permissible PRC Instruments listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange and the Shenzhen Stock Exchange (together "SSE") through the Stock Connects via local sub-custodians that are considered to be "Custody Participants" on the Stock Connects. Securities listed and traded on the SSE that may be traded by Hong Kong and overseas investors through the Stock Connects are herein referred to as "SSE Securities". In addition to the risks associated with investing in China above, investing through the Stock Connects is also subject to the following additional risks:

- a. Quota limitations
- b. Restrictions on extent of foreign holding of Permissible PRC Instruments
- c. Suspension risk
- d. Differences in trading day
- e. Restrictions on intra-day trading
- f. Operational risk
- Nominee arrangements in holding Permissible PRC Instruments
- h. Restrictions on selling imposed by front-end monitoring
- i. Recalling of eligible stocks
- j. Clearing and settlement risk
- k. No protection by investor protection fund
- I. Trading costs
- m. Regulatory risk
- n. Currency risk/currency conversion as shares denominated in RMB
- o. Uncertainty of tax position
- p. Uncertainty of Stock Connects
- q. Segregation risk
- r. Real time delivery versus payment
- s. Risks associated with FII and FII Scheme
 - Liquidity risk with FII and/or FII Scheme
 - Dependence on FII licenses
- t. Currency risk
- u. Custody requirements and risks
- Specific risks associated with Science and Technology Innovation Board of the Shanghai Stock Exchange and ChiNext Market of the Shenzhen Exchange
- w. Investment restrictions
- x. Offshore RMB/Onshore RMB conversion risk

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y. Risks associated with participation notes
,
Sustainability Risks
The Investment Manager is required to disclose the manner in which sustainability risks are integrated into the investment process and the results of the assessment of the likely impacts of sustainability risks on the returns of the Target Fund in accordance with the requirements of SFDR.
The Investment Manager has adopted the Sub-Investment Manager's ESG Principles and Guidelines in relation to the integration of sustainability risks in investment decisions for the Target Fund.
The Sub-Investment Manager believes that a company cannot be financially sustainable in the long run if its approach to business is fundamentally out of line with changing societal expectations. It defines 'sustainability' in the policy as a deliberately broad concept which encapsulates a company's purpose, values, business model, culture and operating practices.
The Sub-Investment Manager's approach to investment is based on identifying and holding high quality growth businesses that enjoy sustainable competitive advantages in their marketplace. To do this, the Sub-Investment Manager looks beyond current financial performance, undertaking proprietary research to build up an in-depth knowledge of an individual company and a view on their long-term prospects. This includes the consideration of sustainability factors (environmental, social and/or governance matters) which the Sub-Investment Manager believes will positively or negatively influence the financial returns of an investment. The likely impact on the return of the Target Fund from a potential or actual material decline in the value of investment due to the occurrence of an environmental, social or governance event or condition will vary and will depend on several factors including but not limited to the type, extent, complexity and duration of an event or condition, prevailing market conditions and existence of any mitigating factors.
For example, climate change could impact the Target Fund via the effect it has on the companies it invests in, and the societies and ecosystems that support these companies. Climate risks can be divided into two categories: physical risks and transitional risks. Physical risks are changes in both weather and climate that impact economies and can be categorised as acute risks (related to extreme weather events such as droughts, floods and wildfires) or chronic risks (associated with gradual shifts in climate such as loss of biodiversity and rising temperatures). Transitional risks are those that follow societal and economic shifts toward a low-carbon and greener economy resulting from changing policies and regulations, technology and consumer preferences and expectations. The Sub-Investment Manager's view at this stage is that 'transitional' risks and opportunities are more material to overall investment performance over the short to medium term than physical risks, which it expects to become more severe over the medium to long term. In general, transition-related risks and opportunities are seen as being particularly acute for companies or assets

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construction/property sectors. These sectors generally have some of the highest emissions (either directly or indirectly) and are the most susceptible to policy, technology and market changes associated with the drive to reduce them.

The Target Fund may take a different approach to reach the same goal of properly assessing and weighing up governance and sustainability matters within its investment process. While consideration is given to sustainability matters in the investment decision-making process, there are no restrictions on the investment universe of the Target Fund by reference to sustainability factors, unless otherwise specifically stated within its investment objective and policy. Low ranking or negative third-party scores from third-party ESG data providers will not automatically prohibit investment. The Investment Manager can invest in any companies it believes could create beneficial long-term returns for Shareholders. However, this might result in investments being made in companies that ultimately cause a negative outcome for the environment or society.

More detail on the Sub-Investment Manager's approach to sustainability can be found in the ESG Principles and Guidelines document, available publicly on the Baillie Gifford website.

Where the Target Fund applies exclusions as outlined in its investment policy the Sub-Investment Manager uses a combination of internal research (informed by publicly available sources disclosed by investee companies) and third-party data sources to implement the exclusions outlined in the investment policies of the Target Fund.

Where data is extracted from third party providers, the Sub-Investment Manager initially evaluates their methodology and coverage at the outset and then carries out spot checks of the data periodically, escalating issues to the third-party provider where necessary. Even though the Sub-Investment Manager conducts due diligence on third party providers, the data obtained may not be complete, up-to-date and/or accurate as these third-party providers may make estimates of revenue exposures relating to business activity-based exclusions where disclosure is lacking.

The Sub-Investment Manager has joined the Net Zero Asset Managers (NZAM) initiative as part of its commitment to support the goal of net zero greenhouse gas ('GHG') emissions by 2050, in line with global efforts to limit warming to 1.5°C ('net zero emissions by 2050 or sooner'). This commitment includes supporting investing aligned with net zero emissions by 2050 or sooner. Within the NZAM initiative framework, assets being managed for such alignment must fulfil a number of key elements, including (i) an interim target for 2030 that is consistent with the global goal of a 50% reduction in emissions from 2020, alongside the prioritisation of real world impact; (ii) the facilitation of investment in climate solutions; (iii) a commitment to active engagement; and (iv) transparency in metrics and reporting. The Target Fund is now managed in line with these climate commitments and therefore contribute towards Baillie Gifford's overall commitments.

As a long term investor, the Sub-Investment Manager's investment process takes into account the long term prospects (including long term sustainability) of an

Prior Disclosure	Revised Disclosure
	investment, accordingly taking into account NZAM initiative and sustainability are inherently aligned to the Sub-Investment Manager's investment process.

12) Update on Dealing Information

Holders' meeting to decide on the next course of

exceptional circumstances when there is a good and sufficient reason to do so having regard to the

interests of the Unit Holders. In such a case, the

period of the suspension shall not exceed twenty

one (21) days of the commencement of the

suspension.

(ii) without the consent of the Unit Holders, due to

Prior Disclosure	Revised Disclosure
WHAT IS COOLING-OFF RIGHT?	WHAT IS COOLING-OFF RIGHT?
 You have the right to apply for and receive a refund for every Unit that you have paid for within six (6) Business Days from the date we received your purchase application. You will be refunded for every Unit held based on the NAV per Unit and the Sales Charge of the particular Class, on the day those Units were first purchased and you will be refunded within ten (10) days from the receipt of the cooling-off application. Please note that the cooling-off right is applicable to you if you are an individual investor and are investing in any of our funds for the first time. However, if you are a staff of AHAM or a person registered with a body approved by the SC to deal in unit trusts, you are not entitled to this right. 	 You have the right to apply for and receive a refund for every Unit that you have paid for within six (6) Business Days from the date we received your purchase application. You will be refunded for every Unit held based on the prices mentioned below and the Sales Charge of the particular Class imposed on the day those Units were purchased. (i) If the price of a Unit on the day the Units were first purchased ("original price") is higher than the price of a Unit at the point of exercise of the cooling-off right ("market price"), you will be refunded based on the market price at the point of cooling-off; or (ii) If the market price is higher than the original price, you will be refunded based on the original price at the point of cooling-off. You will be refunded within ten (10) Business Days from our receipt of the cooling-off application. Please note that the cooling-off right is applicable to you if you are an individual investor and are investing in any of our funds for the first time. However, if you are a staff of AHAM or a person registered with a body approved by the SC to deal in unit trust funds, you are not entitled to this right.
SUSPENSION OF DEALING IN UNITS The Trustee may suspend the dealing in Units requests: (i) where the Trustee considers that it is not in the interests of the existing Unit Holders to permit the assets of the Fund to be sold or that the assets cannot be liquidated at an appropriate price or on adequate terms and immediately call a Unit	SUSPENSION OF DEALING IN UNITS The Manager may, in consultation with the Trustee and having considered the interests of the Unit Holders, suspend the dealing in Units due to exceptional circumstances or such other circumstances as may be determined by the Manager, where there is good and sufficient reason to do so. The Manager will cease the

suspension as soon as practicable after the exceptional circumstances have ceased, and in any event, within twenty-one (21) days from the commencement of suspension.

The period of suspension may be extended if the Manager satisfies the Trustee that it is in the best interest of the Unit Holders for the dealing in Units to remain suspended, subject to a weekly review by the Trustee.

The Trustee may suspend the dealing in Units, if the Trustee, on its own accord, considers that exceptional circumstances have been triggered. In such a case, the Trustee shall immediately call for a Unit Holders' meeting to decide on the next course of action.

TRUSTEE'S REPORT

TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF AHAM WORLD SERIES - LONG TERM GLOBAL GROWTH FUND (FORMERLY KNOWN AS AFFIN HWANG WORLD SERIES - LONG TERM GLOBAL GROWTH FUND) ("FUND")

We have acted as Trustee of the Fund for the financial year ended 31 October 2023 and we hereby confirm to the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, AHAM Asset Management Berhad has operated and managed the fund during the year covered by these financial statements in accordance with the following:

- 1. Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the Management Company under the Deeds, securities laws and the Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework;
- 2. Valuation and pricing are carried out in accordance with the Deeds; and
- 3. Any creation and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the Deeds and any regulatory requirement.

We are of the opinion that the distributions of income by the Fund are appropriate and reflects the investment objective of the Fund.

For and on behalf of TMF Trustees Malaysia Berhad

NORHAYATI BINTI AZIT DIRECTOR – FUND SERVICES

28 December 2023

AHAM WORLD SERIES – LONG TERM GLOBAL GROWTH FUND (FORMERLY KNOWN AS AFFIN HWANG WORLD SERIES – LONG TERM GLOBAL GROWTH FUND)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023

AHAM WORLD SERIES – LONG TERM GLOBAL GROWTH FUND (FORMERLY KNOWN AS AFFIN HWANG WORLD SERIES – LONG TERM GLOBAL GROWTH FUND)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023

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STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2023</u> USD	<u>2022</u> USD
INVESTMENT INCOME/(LOSS)			
Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost Net gain on foreign currency exchange Net loss on forward foreign currency contracts at fair value through profit or loss Net gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	9 8	2,292 16,318 (1,888,598) 7,549,928 5,679,940	1,104 15,794 (6,980,940) (59,180,743) (66,144,785)
EXPENSES			
Management fee Trustee fee Fund accounting fee Auditors' remuneration Tax agent's fee Other expenses	4 5 6	(1,055,421) (34,246) (3,342) (1,771) (775) (5,435) (1,100,990)	(1,375,233) (44,628) (3,223) (1,849) (809) (5,585) (1,431,327)
NET PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION		4,578,950	(67,576,112)
Taxation	7	-	-
INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS		4,578,950	(67,576,112)
Increase/(decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders comprise the following:			
Realised amount Unrealised amount		(11,285,352) 15,864,302	(7,458,564) (60,117,548)
		4,578,950	(67,576,112)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2023

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2023</u> USD	<u>2022</u> USD
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents Amount due from Manager		2,770,834	2,999,737
- management fee rebate receivable Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	8	26,101 46,770,709	26,285 49,194,654
Forward foreign currency contracts at fair value through profit or loss	9	3,511	639
TOTAL ASSETS		49,571,155	52,221,315
LIABILITIES			
Forward foreign currency contracts at fair value	_		
through profit or loss Amount due to Manager	9	1,624,850	2,338,738
- management fee		79,123	79,627
- cancellation of units Amount due to Trustee		7,690 2,573	60,602 2,582
Fund accounting fee		245	_,
Auditors' remuneration		1,680	1,693
Tax agent's fee Other payables and accruals		735 555	741 254
Other payables and accreais			
TOTAL LIABILITIES (EXCLUDING NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS)		1,717,451	2,484,237
NET ASSET VALUE OF THE FUND		47,853,704	49,737,078
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS		47,853,704	49,737,078

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2023</u> USD	<u>2022</u> USD
REPRESENTED BY:			
FAIR VALUE OF OUTSTANDING UNITS			
- AUD Hedged-class- MYR Hedged-class- SGD Hedged-class- USD Class		1,475,513 35,688,120 3,341,729 7,348,342	1,421,133 36,922,779 3,307,193 8,085,973
		47,853,704	49,737,078
NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION			
AUD Hedged-classMYR Hedged-classSGD Hedged-classUSD Class	10(a) 10(b) 10(c) 10(d)	7,184,000 509,610,000 13,966,000 21,451,000 552,211,000	7,456,000 563,498,000 15,664,000 26,236,000 612,854,000
NET ASSET VALUE PER UNIT (USD)			
AUD Hedged-classMYR Hedged-classSGD Hedged-classUSD Class		0.2054 0.0700 0.2393 0.3426	0.1906 0.0655 0.2111 0.3082
NET ASSET VALUE PER UNIT IN RESPECTIVE CURRENCIES			
AUD Hedged-classMYR Hedged-classSGD Hedged-classUSD Class		AUD0.3225 RM0.3334 SGD0.3266 USD0.3426	AUD0.2977 RM0.3097 SGD0.2987 USD0.3082

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023

	<u>2023</u> USD	<u>2022</u> USD
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	49,737,078	116,917,395
Movement due to units created and cancelled during the financial year		
Creation of units arising from applications	2,895,224	13,397,370
AUD Hedged-classMYR Hedged-classSGD Hedged-classUSD Class	113,145 2,485,009 146,109 150,961	641,250 10,469,264 660,628 1,626,228
Cancellation of units	(9,357,548)	(13,001,575)
AUD Hedged-classMYR Hedged-classSGD Hedged-classUSD Class	(179,487) (6,747,479) (556,434) (1,874,148)	(479,795) (8,870,682) (1,610,699) (2,040,399)
Increase/(Decrease) in net assets attributable to unitholders during the financial year	4,578,950	(67,576,112)
- AUD Hedged-class - MYR Hedged-class - SGD Hedged-class - USD Class	120,721 3,027,811 444,862 985,556	(2,391,995) (51,682,731) (4,244,700) (9,256,686)
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	47,853,704	49,737,078

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023

	<u>2023</u> USD	2022 USD
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sale of investments Purchase of investments Interest received Management fee rebate received Management fee paid Trustee fee paid Fund accounting fee paid Payment for other fees and expenses Net realised loss on forward foreign currency contracts Net realised gain on foreign exchange	14,956,716 (5,330,000) 2,292 347,341 (1,055,925) (34,255) (3,342) (7,454) (2,605,358) 13,353	16,537,191 (7,900,000) 1,104 484,287 (1,474,355) (47,843) (3,223) (8,352) (3,450,057) 18,726
Net cash flows generated from operating activities	6,283,368	4,157,478
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from creation of units	2,895,224	13,439,431
Payments for cancellation of units	(9,410,460)	(16,390,711)
Net cash flows used in financing activities	(6,515,236)	(2,951,280)
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(231,868)	1,206,198
EFFECTS OF FOREIGN CURRENCY EXCHANGE	2,965	(2,932)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	2,999,737	1,796,471
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	2,770,834	2,999,737

The cash and cash equivalents as at 31 October 2023 and 31 October 2022 comprise of bank balances.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023

The following accounting policies have been used in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements.

A BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS") and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative financial instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with MFRS and IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reported financial year. It also requires the Manager to exercise their judgment in the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies. Although these estimates and judgment are based on the Manager's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may differ.

The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note L.

- (a) Standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations that are effective:
 - Amendments to MFRS 3 'Reference to Conceptual Framework' (effective 1 January 2022) replace the reference to Framework for Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements with 2018 Conceptual Framework.
 - Annual Improvements to MFRSs 2018 2020 Cycle (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022).
 - Amendments to MFRS 137 'Onerous contracts cost of fulfilling a contract' (effective 1 January 2022) clarify that direct costs of fulfilling a contract include both the incremental cost of fulfilling the contract as well as an allocation of other costs directly related to fulfilling contracts.

The adoption of the above standards, amendments to standards or interpretations did not have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

- (b) Standards and amendments that have been issued but not yet effective:
 - Amendments to MFRS 101 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-current' (effective 1 January 2024) clarify that liabilities are classified as either current or non-current, depending on the rights that exist at the end of the reporting period. Classification is unaffected by the entity's expectations or events after the reporting date (e.g. the receipt of a waiver or a breach of covenant). In addition, the amendments clarify that when a liability could be settled by the transfer of an entity's own equity instruments (e.g. a conversion option in a convertible bond), conversion option meeting the definition of an equity instrument in MFRS 132 'Financial Instruments: Presentation' does not impact the current or non-current classification of the convertible instrument.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023

A BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Standards and amendments that have been issued but not yet effective: (continued)

The amendments also specify that covenants of loan arrangements which an entity must comply with only after the reporting date would not affect classification of a liability as current or non-current at the reporting date. However, those covenants that an entity is required to comply with on or before the reporting date would affect classification of a liability as current or non-current, even if the covenant is only assessed after the reporting date.

The adoption of the above standards, amendments to standards or interpretations is not expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

B INCOME RECOGNITION

Interest income

Interest income from short-term deposits with licensed financial institutions are recognised based on effective interest rate method on an accrual basis.

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that subsequently become credit-impaired. For credit-impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (after deduction of the loss allowance).

Realised gains and losses on sale of investments

For collective investment schemes ("CIS"), realised gains and losses on sale of investments are accounted for as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of investments, determined on a weighted average cost basis.

C TAXATION

Current tax expense is determined according to the Malaysian tax laws at the current rate based upon the taxable profits earned during the financial year.

Tax on investment income from foreign investments is based on the tax regime of the respective countries that the Fund invests in.

D FUNCTIONAL AND PRESENTATION CURRENCY

Items included in the financial statements of the Fund are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates (the "functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in United States Dollar ("USD"), which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

E FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in statement of comprehensive income, except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

F FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

(i) Classification

The Fund classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured at fair value through profit or loss, and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The Fund classifies its investments based on both the Fund's business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. The portfolio of financial assets is managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis. The Fund is primarily focused on fair value information and uses that information to assess the assets' performance and to make decisions. The Fund has not taken the option to irrevocably designate any equity securities as financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The contractual cash flows of the Fund's debt securities are solely payment of principal and interest ("SPPI"). However, these securities are neither held for the purpose of collecting contractual cash flows nor held both for collecting contractual cash flows and for sale. The collection of contractual cash flows is only incidental to achieving the Fund's business model's objective. Consequently, all investments and derivatives not designated as hedging instruments are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Investments in CIS have contractual cash flows that do not represent SPPI, and therefore are classified as financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The Fund classifies cash and cash equivalents and amount due from Manager as financial assets measured at amortised cost as these financial assets are held to collect contractual cash flows consisting of amount outstanding.

The Fund classifies amount due to Manager, amount due to Trustee, payables for auditors' remuneration, tax agent's fee, fund accounting fee, and other payables and accruals as financial liabilities measured at amortised cost.

(ii) Recognition and measurement

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade-date – the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at fair value.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

F FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

(ii) Recognition and measurement (continued)

Financial liabilities, within the scope of MFRS 9, are recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when it is extinguished, i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expired.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' category including the effects of foreign transactions are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'net (loss)/gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' in the financial year which they arise.

Investment in CIS are valued at the last published net asset value ("NAV") per unit at the date of the statement of financial position.

Financial assets at amortised cost and other financial liabilities, except forward foreign currency contracts are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(iii) Impairment

The Fund's financial assets measured at amortised cost are subject to expected credit losses. The Fund measures credit risk and expected credit losses using probability of default, exposure at default and loss given default. Management considers both historical analysis and forward-looking information in determining any expected credit loss. Management considers the probability of default to be close to zero as these instruments have a low risk of default and the counterparties have a strong capacity to meet their contractual obligations in the near term. As a result, no loss allowance has been recognised based on 12-month expected credit losses as any such impairment would be wholly insignificant to the Fund.

Significant increase in credit risk

A significant increase in credit risk is defined by management as any contractual payment which is more than 30 days past due.

Definition of default and credit-impaired financial assets

The Fund defines a financial instrument as default, which is fully aligned with the definition of credit-impaired, when it meets one or more of the following criteria:

Quantitative criteria:

Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit-impaired.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

F FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

(iii) Impairment (continued)

Qualitative criteria:

The debtor meets unlikeliness to pay criteria, which indicates the debtor is in significant financial difficulty. The Fund considers the following instances:

- the debtor is in breach of financial covenants;
- concessions have been made by the lender relating to the debtor's financial difficulty;
- it is becoming probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization; and
- the debtor is insolvent.

Financial instruments that are credit-impaired are assessed on individual basis.

Write-off

The Fund writes off financial assets, in whole or in part, when it has exhausted all practical recovery efforts and has concluded there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. The assessment of no reasonable expectation of recovery is based on unavailability of debtor's sources of income or assets to generate sufficient future cash flows to repay the amount.

The Fund may write off financial assets that are still subject to enforcement activity. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off will result in bad debt recoveries. There are no write-offs/recoveries during the financial year.

G CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and bank balances and deposits held in highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

H AMOUNT DUE FROM/(TO) BROKER

Amount due from and to broker represent receivables for securities sold and payables for securities purchased that have been contracted for but not yet settled or delivered on the statement of financial position date respectively. The due from broker balance is held for collection. Refer to Note F for accounting policy on recognition and measurement.

Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit-impaired.

Significant financial difficulties of the broker, probability that the broker will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default in payments are all considered indicators that a loss allowance may be required.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

I CREATION AND CANCELLATION OF UNITS

The unitholders' contributions to the Fund meet the definition of puttable instruments classified as financial liability under MFRS 132 "Financial Instruments: Presentation".

The Fund issues cancellable units, in four classes of units, known respectively as the AUD Hedged-class, MYR Hedged-class, SGD Hedged-class and USD Class, which are cancelled at the unitholders' option and do not have identical features. The units are classified as financial liabilities. Cancellable units can be put back to the Fund at any time for cash equal to a proportionate share of the Fund's NAV of respective classes. The outstanding units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at the date of the statement of financial position if the unitholder exercises the right to put back the unit to the Fund.

Units are created and cancelled at the unitholders' option at prices based on the Fund's NAV per unit of respective classes at the close of business on the relevant dealing day. The Fund's NAV per unit of respective classes is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to unit holders of respective classes with the total number of outstanding units of respective classes.

J DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

A derivative financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to both a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

The Fund's derivative financial instruments comprise forward foreign currency contracts. Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value. Financial derivative positions will be "marked to market" at the close of each valuation day. Foreign exchange gains and losses on the derivative financial instrument are recognised in profit or loss when settled or at the date of the statement of financial position at which time they are included in the measurement of the derivative financial instrument. Derivative instruments that have a positive fair value and negative fair value are presented as financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss and financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss, respectively.

The fair value of forward foreign currency contracts is determined using forward exchange rates on the date of the statement of financial position, with the resulting value discounted back to present value.

The method of recognising the resulting gain or loss depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument, and the nature of the item being hedged. Derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting are classified as financial assets/liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss.

K INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS

Income not distributed is included in net assets attributable to unitholders.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

L CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Fund makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, rarely equal the related actual results. To enhance the information contents on the estimates, certain key variables that are anticipated to have material impacts to the Fund's results and financial position are tested for sensitivity to changes in the underlying parameters.

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated by the Manager and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

In undertaking any of the Fund's investment, the Manager will ensure that all assets of the Fund under management will be valued appropriately, that is at fair value and in compliance with the Securities Commission's ("SC") Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework.

Functional currency

Due to mixed factors in determining the functional currency of the Fund, the Manager has used its judgment to determine the functional currency that most faithfully represents the economic effects of the underlying transactions, events and conditions and have determined the functional currency to be in USD primarily due to the following factors:

- (i) The Fund's sole investment is in a collective investment scheme denominated in USD.
- (ii) Significant portion of the Fund's cash is denominated in USD for the purpose of making settlement of foreign trades and expenses.
- (iii) Significant portion of the Fund's expenses are denominated in USD.

M REALISED AND UNREALISED PORTIONS OF INCREASE OR DECREASE IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS

The analysis of realised and unrealised amount in increase or decrease in net assets attributable to unitholders as presented on the statement of comprehensive income is prepared in accordance with SC's Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023

1 INFORMATION ON THE FUND

The Wholesale Fund was constituted under the name Affin Hwang World Series – Long Term Global Growth Fund (the "Fund") pursuant to the execution of a Deed dated 25 August 2020 (the "Deed") entered into between AHAM Asset Management Berhad (the "Manager") and TMF Trustees Malaysia Berhad (the "Trustee"). The fund has changed its name from Affin Hwang World Series – Long Term Global Growth Fund to AHAM World Series – Long Term Global Growth Fund as amended by the First Supplemental Deed dated 15 December 2023.

The Fund commenced operations on 29 September 2020 and will continue its operations until terminated by the Trustee as provided under Clause 11.3 of the Deed.

The Fund may invest in any of the following assets, subject to the Deed, the Fund's objective, the Guidelines, the requirements of the SC and all relevant laws:

- (a) Collective investment scheme;
- (b) Money market instruments;
- (c) Deposits;
- (d) Derivatives; and
- (e) Any other form of investments permitted by the SC that is in line with the investment objective and asset allocation of the Fund.

All investments will be subjected to the SC's Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework, the Deed and the objective of the Fund.

The main objective of the Fund is to achieve capital appreciation over medium to long term period.

The Manager is a company incorporated in Malaysia. The principal activities of the Manager are establishment and management of unit trust funds, exchange-traded funds and private retirement schemes as well as providing fund management services to private clients. On 10 November 2022, the Manager has changed its name from Affin Hwang Asset Management Berhad to AHAM Asset Management Berhad.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Manager on 28 December 2023.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

Financial instruments are as follows:

<u>2023</u>	<u>Note</u>	At amortised <u>cost</u> USD	At fair value through profit or loss USD	<u>Total</u> USD
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents Amount due from Manager		2,770,834	-	2,770,834
- management fee rebate receivable		26,101	-	26,101
Collective investment scheme	8	, -	46,770,709	46,770,709
Forward foreign currency contracts	9		3,511	3,511
Total		2,796,935	46,774,220	49,571,155
Financial liabilities				
Forward foreign currency contracts Amount due to Manager	9	-	1,624,850	1,624,850
- management fee		79,123	-	79,123
- cancellation of units		7,690	-	7,690
Amount due to Trustee		2,573	-	2,573
Fund accounting fee		245	-	245
Auditors' remuneration		1,680	-	1,680
Tax agent's fee		735	-	735
Other payables and accruals		555		555
Total		92,601	1,624,850	1,717,451

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments are as follows: (continued)

<u>2022</u>	<u>Note</u>	At amortised <u>cost</u> USD	At fair value through profit or loss USD	<u>Total</u> USD
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents Amount due from Manager		2,999,737	-	2,999,737
- management fee rebate receivable		26,285	-	26,285
Collective investment scheme	8	-	49,194,654	49,194,654
Forward foreign currency contracts	9	-	639	639
Total		3,026,022	49,195,293	52,221,315
Financial liabilities				
Forward foreign currency contracts Amount due to Manager	9	-	2,338,738	2,338,738
- management fee		79,627	-	79,627
- cancellation of units		60,602	-	60,602
Amount due to Trustee		2,582	-	2,582
Auditors' remuneration		1,693	-	1,693
Tax agent's fee		741	-	741
Other payables and accruals		<u>254</u>		254
Total		145,499	2,338,738	2,484,237

The Fund is exposed to a variety of risks which include market risk (including price risk, interest rate risk and currency risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and capital risk.

Financial risk management is carried out through internal control processes adopted by the Manager and adherence to the investment restrictions as stipulated by the SC's Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Market risk

(a) Price risk

Price risk arises mainly from the uncertainty about future prices of investments. It represents the potential loss the Fund might suffer through holding market positions in the face of price movements. The Manager manages the risk of unfavourable changes in prices by continuous monitoring of the performance and risk profile of the investment portfolio.

The Fund's overall exposure to price risk was as follows:

	<u>2023</u> USD	<u>2022</u> USD
Quoted investment	005	002
Collective investment scheme	46,770,709	49,194,654

The following table summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's profit/(loss) after taxation and NAV to price risk movements. The analysis is based on the assumptions that the market price increased by 15% (2022: 4%) and decreased by 15% (2022: 4%) with all other variables held constant. This represents management's best estimate of a reasonable possible shift in the CIS, having regard to the historical volatility of the prices.

% Change in price	Market value USD	Impact on profit/(loss) after tax/NAV USD
2023		
-15% 0% +15%	39,755,103 46,770,709 53,786,315	(7,015,606) - 7,015,606
<u>2022</u>		
-4% 0% +4%	47,226,868 49,194,654 51,162,440	(1,967,786) - 1,967,786

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Market risk (continued)

(b) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises from the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates on the fair value of financial assets and liabilities and future cash flows.

As at 31 October 2023 and 31 October 2022, the Fund is not exposed to interest rate risk.

(c) Currency risk

Currency risk is associated with investments denominated in foreign currencies. When the foreign currencies fluctuate in an unfavourable movement against United States Dollar, the investments will face currency losses in addition to the capital gain/(loss). The Manager will evaluate the likely directions of a foreign currency versus United States Dollar based on considerations of economic fundamentals such as interest rate differentials, balance of payments position, debt levels and technical chart considerations.

The following table sets out the foreign currency risk concentrations and counterparties of the Fund:

<u>2023</u>	Forward foreign currency <u>contracts</u> USD	Cash and cash <u>equivalents</u> USD	<u>Total</u> USD
Financial assets			
Australian Dollar Malaysian Ringgit Singapore Dollar	- - 3,511	2,804 3,806 6,208	2,804 3,806 9,719
=	3,511	12,818	16,329

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Market risk (continued)

(c) Currency risk (continued)

The following table sets out the foreign currency risk concentrations and counterparties of the Fund: (continued)

	Forward foreign currency <u>contracts</u> USD	Other <u>liabilities*</u> USD	Net assets attributable to <u>unitholders</u> USD	<u>Total</u> USD
2023 (continued)	030	03D	030	03D
Financial liabilities				
Australian Dollar Malaysian Ringgit Singapore Dollar	66,726 1,504,121 54,004 ——————————————————————————————————	10,905	1,475,513 35,688,120 3,341,729 40,505,362	1,542,239 37,203,146 3,395,733 42,141,118
	=======================================		=======	=======================================
		Forward foreign currency contracts USD	Cash and cash <u>equivalents</u> USD	<u>Total</u> USD
2022				
Financial assets				
Australian Dollar Malaysian Ringgit Singapore Dollar		- - 639	2,219 17,545 16,481	2,219 17,545 17,120
		639	36,245	36,884

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Market risk (continued)

(c) Currency risk (continued)

The following table sets out the foreign currency risk concentrations and counterparties of the Fund: (continued)

	Forward foreign currency <u>contracts</u> USD	Other <u>liabilities*</u> USD	Net assets attributable to <u>unitholders</u> USD	<u>Total</u> USD
2022 (continued)	332	002	002	
Financial liabilities				
Australian Dollar Malaysian Ringgit Singapore Dollar	108,657 2,152,452 77,629	63,290 -	1,421,133 36,922,779 3,307,193	1,529,790 39,138,521 3,384,822
	2,338,738	63,290	41,651,105	44,053,133

^{*} Other liabilities consist of amount due to Manager, payables for auditors' remuneration, tax agent's fee, fund accounting fee, and other payables and accruals.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Market risk (continued)

(c) Currency risk (continued)

The table below summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's profit/(loss) after tax and NAV to changes in foreign exchange movements. The analysis is based on the assumption that the foreign exchange rate changes based on each currency's respective historical volatility, with all other variables remain constant. This represents management's best estimate of a reasonable possible shift in the foreign exchange rate, having regard to historical volatility of this rate. Any increase/(decrease) in foreign exchange rate will result in a corresponding (decrease)/increase in the net assets attributable to unitholders by each currency's respective historical volatility. Disclosures below are shown in absolute terms, changes and impacts could be positive or negative.

<u>2023</u>	Change in rate %	Impact on profit/(loss) after tax/ NAV USD
Australian Dollar	+/-12.81	-/+ 197,202
Malaysian Ringgit	+/-6.43	-/+ 2,391,763
Singapore Dollar	+/-5.38	-/+ 182,297
<u>2022</u>		
Australian Dollar	+/-12.29	-/+ 187,738
Malaysian Ringgit	+/-3.32	-/+ 1,298,816
Singapore Dollar	+/-4.83	-/+ 162,660

Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the ability of an issuer or counterparty to make timely payments of interest, principals and proceeds from realisation of investment. The Manager manages the credit risk by undertaking credit evaluation to minimise such risk.

Credit risk arising from cash and bank balances is managed by ensuring that they are held by parties with credit rating of AA or higher.

Credit risk arising from placements of deposits in licensed financial institutions is managed by ensuring that the Fund will only place deposits in reputable licensed financial institutions.

The settlement terms of the proceeds from the creation of units' receivable from the Manager are governed by the SC's Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Credit risk (continued)

The following table sets out the credit risk concentration and counterparties of the Fund:

		Forward		
	Cash	foreign	Amount	
	and cash	currency	due from	
	equivalents	contracts	manager	<u>Total</u>
	USD	USD	USD	USD
2023	000	002	002	005
Financial Services				
- AAA	2,770,834	_	_	2,770,834
- AA1	_,,	3,511	_	3,511
Others		0,011		0,011
- Non-rated (NR)			26,101	26,101
	2,770,834	3,511	26,101	2,800,446
2022				
Financial Services				
- AAA	2,999,737	639	_	3,000,376
Others	2,999,131	039	_	3,000,370
- Non-rated (NR)	_	_	26,285	26,285
Holl fatou (HIV)				
	2,999,737	639	26,285	3,026,661
	=======================================			=======================================

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations. The Manager manages this risk by maintaining sufficient level of liquid assets to meet anticipated payments and cancellation of units by unitholders. Liquid assets comprise cash, deposits with licensed financial institutions and other instruments, which are capable of being converted into cash within 7 days.

The table below analyses the Fund's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the statement of financial position date to the contractual maturity date.

The amounts in the table below are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	Within one month USD	Between one month to one year USD	<u>Total</u> USD
<u>2023</u>			
Forward foreign currency contracts at fair value through profit or loss Amount due to Manage	609,889	1,014,961	1,624,850
 management fee cancellation of units 	79,123 7,690	-	79,123 7,690
Amount due to Trustee	2,573	-	2,573
Fund accounting fee Auditors' remuneration	- -	245 1,680	245 1,680
Tax agent's fee	- -	735	735
Other payables and accruals	-	555	555
Net assets attributable to unitholders*	47,853,704	-	47,853,704
	48,552,979	1,018,176	49,571,155
<u>2022</u>			
Forward foreign currency contracts at fair			
value through profit or loss Amount due to Manager	407,839	1,930,899	2,338,738
- management fee	79,627	-	79,627
- cancellation of units	60,602	-	60,602
Amount due to Trustee	2,582	1 602	2,582
Auditors' remuneration Tax agent's fee	-	1,693 741	1,693 741
Other payables and accruals	<u>-</u>	254	254
Net assets attributable to unitholders*	49,737,078	-	49,737,078
	50,287,728	1,933,587	52,221,315

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Liquidity risk (continued)

* Units are cancelled on demand at the unitholders' option (Note I). However, the Manager does not envisage that the contractual maturity disclosed in the table above will be representative of the actual cash outflows, as unitholders of these instruments typically retain them for the medium to long term.

Capital risk

The capital of the Fund is represented by net assets attributable to unitholders. The amount of net assets attributable to unitholders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily subscriptions and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders. The Fund's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for unitholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain a strong capital base to support the development of the investment activities of the Fund.

3 FAIR VALUE ESTIMATION

Financial instruments comprise financial assets and financial liabilities. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The fair value of financial assets traded in active markets (such as trading securities) is based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the period end date. The Fund utilises the current bid price for financial assets which falls within the bid-ask spread.

An active market is a market in which transactions for the asset take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

3 FAIR VALUE ESTIMATION (CONTINUED)

(i) Fair value hierarchy

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1)
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (Level 2)
- Inputs for the asset and liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (Level 3)

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. For this purpose, the significance of an input is assessed against the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a Level 3 measurement. Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.

The determination of what constitutes 'observable' requires significant judgment by the Fund. The Fund considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

3 FAIR VALUE ESTIMATION (CONTINUED)

(i) Fair value hierarchy (continued)

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities (by class) measured at fair value:

	Level 1 USD	Level 2 USD	Level 3 USD	<u>Total</u> USD
<u>2023</u>				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: - collective investment				
scheme - forward foreign currency	46,770,709	-	-	46,770,709
contracts		3,511		3,511
	46,770,709	3,511	-	46,774,220
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss: - forward foreign currency contracts		1,624,850		1,624,850
<u>2022</u>				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: - collective investment				
scheme - forward foreign currency	49,194,654	-	-	49,194,654
contracts		639		639
	49,194,654	639	-	49,195,293
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss:				
 forward foreign currency contracts 	-	2,338,738	-	2,338,738

Investments whose values are based on published market prices in active markets, and are therefore classified within Level 1, include collective investment scheme. The Fund does not adjust the published prices for these instruments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

3 FAIR VALUE ESTIMATION (CONTINUED)

(i) Fair value hierarchy (continued)

Financial instruments that trade in markets that are not considered to be active but are valued based on quoted market prices, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs are classified within Level 2. These include forward foreign currency contracts. As Level 2 instruments include positions that are not traded in active markets and/or are subject to transfer restrictions, valuations may be adjusted to reflect illiquidity and/or non-transferability, which are generally based on available market information.

(ii) The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, amount due from Manager and all current liabilities, except for forward foreign currency contracts are a reasonable approximation of the fair values due to their short-term nature.

4 MANAGEMENT FEE

In accordance with the Deed, the Manager is entitled to a management fee at a rate not exceeding 3.00% per annum on the NAV of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis.

For the financial year ended 31 October 2023, the management fee is recognised at a rate of 1.85% (2022: 1.85%) per annum on the NAV of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis as stated in the Fund's Information Memorandum.

There will be no further liability to the Manager in respect of management fee other than the amounts recognised above.

5 TRUSTEE FEE

In accordance with the Deed, the Trustee is entitled to an annual fee at a rate not exceeding 0.10% per annum on the NAV of the Fund, excluding of foreign custodian fees and charges.

For the financial year ended 31 October 2023, the Trustee fee is recognised at a rate of 0.06% (2022: 0.06%) per annum on the NAV of the Fund, exclusive of foreign custodian fees and charges, calculated on a daily basis as stated in the Fund's Information Memorandum.

There will be no further liability to the Trustee in respect of Trustee fee other than the amounts recognised above.

6 FUND ACCOUNTING FEE

The fund valuation and accounting fee for the Fund is USD3,342 (equivalent to: RM15,167) (2022: USD3,223 (equivalent to: RM11,667) during the financial year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

7 TAXATION

	<u>2023</u> USD	<u>2022</u> USD
Current taxation		
The numerical reconciliation between net profit/(loss) before tax statutory tax rate and tax expense of the Fund is as follows:	ation multiplied b	y the Malaysian
	<u>2023</u> USD	<u>2022</u> USD
Net profit/(loss) before taxation	4,578,950	(67,576,112)
Tax at Malaysian statutory rate of 24% (2022: 24%)	1,098,948	(16,218,267)
Tax effects of: (investment income not subject to tax)/ investment loss not brought to tax) Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Restriction on tax deductible expenses for Wholesale Funds	(1,279,868) 10,290 170,630	15,983,190 12,722 222,355
Tax expense	-	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

8 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	<u>2023</u> USD	<u>2022</u> USD
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: - collective investment scheme - foreign	46,770,709	49,194,654
	<u>2023</u> USD	<u>2022</u> USD
Net gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or	(7,941,807)	(3,048,849)
loss:	15,144,578	(56,583,732)
realised loss on sale of investmentsunrealised gain/(loss) on changes in fair value	347,157	451,838
- management fee rebate on collective investment scheme #	7,549,928	(59,180,743)

[#] In arriving at the fair value of collective investment scheme, the management fee initially paid to the Manager of collective investment scheme have been considered as part of its net asset value. In order to prevent the double charging of management fee, management fee charged on the Fund's investment in a collective investment scheme has been refunded to the Fund. Accordingly, any rebate of management fee received from the Manager of collective investment scheme is reflected as an increase in the net asset value of the collective investment scheme.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

8 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

- (a) Collective investment scheme foreign
 - (i) Collective investment scheme foreign as at 31 October 2023 are as follows:

	Quantity	Aggregate <u>cost</u> USD	Fair <u>value</u> USD	Percentage of NAV %
Baillie Gifford Worldwide Long Term Global Growth Fund Class B USD	2,001,725	76,104,886	46,770,709	97.74
Total collective investment scheme - foreign	2,001,725	76,104,886	46,770,709	97.74
Accumulated unrealised loss on collective investment scheme - foreign		(29,334,177)		
Total collective investment scheme - foreign		46,770,709		

(ii) Collective investment scheme - foreign as at 31 October 2022 are as follows:

	<u>Quantity</u>	Aggregate <u>cost</u> USD	Fair <u>value</u> USD	Percentage of NAV %
Baillie Gifford Worldwide Long Term Global Growth Fund, Class B USD	2,380,486	93,673,409	49,194,654	98.91
Total collective investment scheme - foreign	2,380,486	93,673,409	49,194,654	98.91
Accumulated unrealised loss on collective investment scheme - foreign		(44,478,755)		
Total collective investment scheme - foreign		49,194,654		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

8 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

- (b) Target Fund's top 10 holdings
 - (i) The Target Fund's top 10 holdings as at 31 October 2023 is as follows:

	1 orderitage of
	Target Fund's NAV
	%
Amazon.com	7.1
NVIDIA	7.1
PDD Holdings	5.9
Tesla Inc	4.4
ASML	4.4
Atlassian	3.7
The Trade Desk	3.7
Dexcom	3.4
Kering	3.3
Netflix	3.2
Total	46.2

Percentage of

(ii) The Target Fund's top 10 holdings as at 31 October 2022 is as follows:

	Percentage of
	<u>Target Fund's NAV</u>
	%
Tesla Inc	6.4
Amazon.com	6.1
Dexcom	5.1
Moderna	4.8
Illumina	4.6
ASML	4.6
NVIDIA	4.3
Kering	4.1
Meituan	3.6
Atlassian	3.6
Total	47.2

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

9 FORWARD FOREIGN CURRENCY CONTRACTS

As at the date of the statement of financial position, there are 29 (2022: 34) forward foreign currency contracts outstanding. The notional principal amount of the outstanding forward foreign currency contracts amounted to USD41,799,490 (2022: USD42,186,886). The forward foreign currency contracts entered into during the financial year were for hedging against the currency exposure arising from the Hedged-class denominated in Australian Dollar, Malaysian Ringgit and Singapore Dollar. As the Fund has not adopted hedge accounting during the financial period, the change in the fair value of the forward foreign currency contracts are recognised immediately in the statement of comprehensive income.

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: - forward foreign currency contracts	3,511	639
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss: - forward foreign currency contracts	1,624,851	2,338,738
Net loss on forward foreign currency contracts at fair value through profit or loss - realised loss on forward foreign currency contracts - unrealised gain/(loss) on changes in fair value	(2,605,357) 716,759 (1,888,598)	(3,450,057) (3,530,883) (6,980,940)

(a) Forward foreign currency contracts

(i) Forward foreign currency contracts as at 31 October 2023 is as follows:

			Fair	Percentage
	<u>Receivables</u>	<u>Payables</u>	<u>value</u>	of NAV
	RM	RM	RM	%
Affin Hwang Investment Bank Bhd#	644,767	659,346	(14,579)	(0.03)
BNP Paribas Malaysia Bhd	14,504,653	15,158,382	(653,729)	(1.36)
CIMB Bank Bhd	4,064,116	4,169,865	(105,749)	(0.22)
Citibank Bhd	2,748,302	2,856,735	(108,433)	(0.23)
Hong Leong Bank Bhd	3,792,069	3,957,969	(165,900)	(0.35)
JP Morgan Chase Bank Bhd	1,686,459	1,751,913	(65,454)	(0.14)
Maybank Bhd	7,369,509	7,675,390	(305,881)	(0.64)
Standard Chartered Bank K.L.	6,731,374	6,927,647	(196,273)	(0.41)
United Overseas Bank (Malaysia)				
Bhd	258,241	263,583	(5,342)	(0.01)
Total forward foreign currency				
contracts	41,799,490	43,420,830	(1,621,340)	(3.39)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

9 FORWARD FOREIGN CURRENCY CONTRACTS (CONTINUED)

- (a) Forward foreign currency contracts (continued)
 - (ii) Forward foreign currency contracts as at 31 October 2022 is as follows:

	Receivables RM	<u>Payables</u> RM	Fair <u>value</u> RM	Percentage of NAV %
Affin Hwang Investment Bank				
Bhd#	3,644,361	3,825,614	(181,253)	(0.36)
BNP Paribas Malaysia Bhd	18,484,208	19,490,288	(1,006,080)	(2.02)
CIMB Bank Bhd	5,113,528	5,390,873	(277,346)	(0.56)
Hong Leong Bank Bhd	2,139,883	2,241,770	(101,887)	(0.20)
JP Morgan Chase Bank Bhd	4,448,050	4,751,939	(303,888)	(0.61)
Maybank Bhd	6,734,872	7,099,205	(364,333)	(0.73)
Standard Chartered Bank K.L. United Overseas Bank	1,480,301	1,584,252	(103,951)	(0.21)
(Malaysia) Bhd	141,683	141,044	639	
Total forward foreign currency				
contracts	42,186,886	44,524,985	(2,338,099)	(4.69)

[#] The Manager is of the opinion that all transactions with the former immediate holding company of the Manager have been entered in the normal course of business at agreed terms between the related parties.

10 NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION

(a) AUD Hedged-class units in circulation

	2023 No. of units	2022 No. of units
At the beginning of the financial year	7,456,000	7,366,000
Creation of units arising from applications	514,000	1,511,000
Cancellation of units	(786,000)	(1,421,000)
At the end of the financial year	7,184,000	7,456,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

10 NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION (CONTINUED)

(b) MYR Hedged-class units in circulation

` '	_		
		<u>2023</u> No. of units	2022 No. of units
	At the beginning of the financial year	563,498,000	548,808,000
	Creation of units arising from applications	30,496,000	84,202,000
	Cancellation of units	(84,384,000)	(69,512,000)
	At the end of the financial year	509,610,000	563,498,000
(c)	SGD Hedged-class units in circulation		
		2023 No. of units	2022 No. of units
	At the beginning of the financial year	15,664,000	17,724,000
	Creation of units arising from applications	505,000	1,707,000
	Cancellation of units	(2,203,000)	(3,767,000)
	At the end of the financial year	13,966,000	15,664,000
(d)	USD class units in circulation		
		2023 No. of units	2022 No. of units
	At the beginning of the financial year	26,236,000	27,141,000
	Creation of units arising from applications	386,000	2,923,000
	Cancellation of units	(5,171,000)	(3,828,000)
	At the end of the financial year	21,451,000	26,236,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

11 TRANSACTIONS WITH BROKERS

(i) Details of transactions with the brokers for the financial year ended 31 October 2023 are as follows:

Name of broker	Value <u>of trade</u> USD	Percentage of total trade %
Brown Brothers Harriman (Hong Kong) Ltd MFEX Mutual Fund Exchange	18,926,716 1,360,000	93.30 6.70
	20,286,716	100.00

(ii) Details of transactions with the broker for the financial year ended 31 October 2022 are as follows:

Name of broker	Value <u>of trade</u> USD	Percentage of total trade %
Brown Brothers Harriman (Hong Kong) Ltd	20,382,450	100.00

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

12 UNITS HELD BY THE MANAGER AND PARTIES RELATED TO THE MANAGER

The related parties of and their relationship with the Fund are as follows:

Related parties	<u>Relationships</u>
CVC Capital Partners Asia V L.P. ("CVC Asia V")	Ultimate holding company of the Manager
Lembaga Tabung Angkatan Tentera ("LTAT")	Former ultimate holding corporate body of the Manager and substantial shareholder of the Manager
Affin Bank Berhad ("ABB")	Former penultimate holding company of the Manager
Affin Hwang Investment Bank Berhad	Former immediate holding company of the Manager
Starlight TopCo Limited	Penultimate holding company of the Manager
Starlight Universe Limited	Intermediate holding company of the Manager
Starlight Asset Sdn Bhd	Immediate holding company of the Manager
Nikko Asset Management International Limited ("NAMI")	Former substantial shareholder of the Manager
Nikko Asset Management International Limited ("NAM")	Substantial shareholder of the Manager
AHAM Asset Management Berhad (formerly known as Affin Hwang Asset Management Berhad)	The Manager
Subsidiaries and associated companies of CVC Asia V as disclosed in their financial statements	Subsidiaries and associated companies of the ultimate holding companies of the Manager
Subsidiaries and associated companies of ABB as disclosed in its financial statements	Subsidiaries and associated companies of the former penultimate holding company of the Manager
Directors of AHAM Asset Management Berhad	Directors of the Manager

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

12 UNITS HELD BY THE MANAGER AND PARTIES RELATED TO THE MANAGER (CONTINUED)

The number of units held by the Manager as at the end of the financial year are as follows:

		2023		2022
The Manager:	No. of units	USD	No. of units	USD
AHAM Asset Management Berhad (The units are held legally for booking purposes)				
- AUD Hedged-class	10,853	2,229	10,732	2,046
- MYR Hedged-class	2,479	174	3,280	215
- SGD Hedged-class	10,388	2,486	10,863	2,293
- USD Class	10,438	3,576	10,432	3,215

Other than the above, there were no other units held by the Directors or parties related to the Manager.

13 TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO ("TER")

2023 2022 % % 1.93 1.93

TER

TER is derived from the following calculation:

TER = $\frac{(A+B+C+D+E+F) \times 100}{G}$

A = Management fee, excluding management fee rebates

B = Trustee fee

C = Fund accounting fee D = Auditors' remuneration

E = Tax agent's fee F = Other expenses

G = Average NAV of Fund calculated on a daily basis

The average NAV of the Fund for the financial year calculated on a daily basis is USD57,067,425 (2022: USD74,375,346).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR") 14

<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
0.25	0.16

2022

PTR (times)

PTR is derived from the following calculation:

(Total acquisition for the financial year + total disposal for the financial year) ÷ 2 Average NAV of the Fund for the financial year calculated on a daily basis

where: total acquisition for the financial year = USD5,330,000 (2022: USD7,900,000) total disposal for the financial year = USD22,898,523 (2022: USD15,531,299)

SIGNIFICANT EVENT DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR 15

Change in substantial shareholders of AHAM Asset Management Berhad

On 19 April 2023, Nikko Asset Management International Limited ("NAMI") has divested all its equity interest of 27% in AHAM Asset Management Berhad to Nikko Asset Management Co., Ltd ("NAM") for 20% and remaining 7% of the equity interest to Lembaga Tabung Angkatan Tentera ("LTAT"), resulting in both NAM and LTAT becoming substantial shareholders of the Manager.

STATEMENT BY THE MANAGER

I, Dato' Teng Chee Wai, for and on behalf of the board of directors of the Manager, **AHAM Asset Management Berhad**, do hereby state that in the opinion of the Manager, the financial statements set out on pages 1 to 37 are drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Deed and give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 31 October 2023 and of its financial performance, changes in net assets attributable to unitholders and cash flows for the financial year ended 31 October 2023 in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

For and on behalf of the Manager,
AHAM ASSET MANAGEMENT BERHAD

DATO' TENG CHEE WAI EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR/MANAGING DIRECTOR

Kuala Lumpur 28 December 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF AHAM WORLD SERIES – LONG TERM GLOBAL GROWTH FUND

(Formerly known as Affin Hwang World Series – Long Term Global Growth Fund)

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements of AHAM World Series - Long Term Global Growth Fund ("the Fund") (formerly known as Affin Hwang World Series - Long Term Global Growth Fund) give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 31 October 2023, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

What we have audited

We have audited the financial statements of the Fund, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 October 2023, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in net assets attributable to unitholders and statement of cash flows for the financial year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, as set out on pages 1 to 37.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence and other ethical responsibilities

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF AHAM WORLD SERIES – LONG TERM GLOBAL GROWTH FUND (CONTINUED)

(Formerly known as Affin Hwang World Series – Long Term Global Growth Fund)

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon</u>

The Manager of the Fund is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Manager's Report, but does not include the financial statements of the Fund and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Fund does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Fund, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Fund or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Manager for the financial statements

The Manager of the Fund is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements of the Fund that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards. The Manager is also responsible for such internal control as the Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Fund, the Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager either intends to liquidate the Fund or to terminate the Fund, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Fund as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF AHAM WORLD SERIES – LONG TERM GLOBAL GROWTH FUND (CONTINUED)

(Formerly known as Affin Hwang World Series – Long Term Global Growth Fund)

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements</u> (continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- (a) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Fund, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- (b) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- (c) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Manager.
- (d) Conclude on the appropriateness of the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Fund or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- (e) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Fund, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Fund represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF AHAM WORLD SERIES – LONG TERM GLOBAL GROWTH FUND (CONTINUED)

(Formerly known as Affin Hwang World Series – Long Term Global Growth Fund)

OTHER MATTERS

This report is made solely to the unitholders of the Fund, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS PLT LLP0014401-LCA & AF 1146 Chartered Accountants

Kuala Lumpur 28 December 2023

DIRECTORY OF SALES OFFICE

HEAD OFFICE

AHAM Asset Management Berhad

Ground Floor,

Menara Boustead, Tel: 03 – 2116 6000

69, Jalan Raja Chulan, Toll free no : 1-800-88-7080

50200 Kuala Lumpur <u>Email:customercare@aham.com.my</u>

PENANG

AHAM Asset Management Berhad

No. 123, Jalan Macalister,

10450 Georgetown,

Penang Toll free no : 1-800-88-8377

PERAK

AHAM Asset Management Berhad

1, Persiaran Greentown 6,

Greentown Business Centre, Tel: 05 – 241 0668

30450 lpoh, Perak Fax: 05 – 255 9696

PETALING JAYA

AHAM Asset Management Berhad

C-31-1, Jaya One,

72A Jalan Prof Diraja Ungku Aziz,

Section 13,

46200 Petaling Jaya,

Selangor Tel: 03 – 7760 3062

MELAKA

AHAM Asset Management Berhad

Ground Floor, No. 584, Jalan Merdeka Taman

Melaka Raya, Tel : 06 – 281 2890 75000 Melaka Fax : 06 – 281 2937

JOHOR

AHAM Asset Management Berhad

Unit 22-05, Level 22 Menara Landmark

No. 12, Jalan Ngee Heng
80000 Johor Bahru, Johor
Fax: 07 – 227 8999
Fax: 07 – 223 8998

DIRECTORY OF SALES OFFICE (CONTINUED)

SABAH

AHAM Asset Management Berhad Unit 1.09(a), Level 1 Plaza Shell, 29, Jalan Tunku Abdul Rahman, 88000 Kota Kinabalu, Sabah

SARAWAK - KUCHING

AHAM Asset Management Berhad Ground Floor, No. 69 Block 10, Jalan Laksamana Cheng Ho 93200 Kuching,

SARAWAK - MIRI

Sarawak

AHAM Asset Management Berhad 1st Floor, Lot 1291 Jalan Melayu, MCLD, 98000 Miri,

98000 Miri, Tel : 085 – 418 403 Sarawak Fax : 085 – 418 372

Tel: 088 - 252 881

Fax: 088 - 288 803

Tel: 082 - 233 320

Fax: 082 - 233 663

AHAM Asset Management Berhad Registration No: 199701014290 (429786-T)

Ground Floor, Menara Boustead, 69, Jalan Raja Chulan, 50200 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia. Toll Free Number: 1800 88 7080 T: +603 2116 6000 aham.com.my