

SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT 31 October 2023

AHAM Select Asia Pacific (ex Japan) REITs Fund (Formerly known as Affin Hwang Select Asia Pacific (ex Japan) REITs Fund)

MANAGER AHAM Asset Management Berhad 199701014290 (429786-T)

TRUSTEE HSBC (Malaysia) Trustee Berhad 193701000084 (001281T)

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AHAM Select Asia Pacific (ex Japan) REITs Fund (Formerly known as Affin Hwang Select Asia Pacific (ex Japan) REITs Fund)

Semi-Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements For the 6 Months Financial Period Ended 31 October 2023

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FUND INFORMATION

Fund Name	AHAM Select Asia Pacific (ex Japan) REITs Fund (Formerly known as Affin Hwang Select Asia Pacific (ex Japan) REITs Fund)
Fund Type	Income & Growth
Fund Category	Fund-of-Funds
Investment Objective	The Fund seeks to provide both income and capital appreciation over the medium to long-term by investing in real estate investment trusts (REITs) in the Asia Pacific (ex Japan).
Benchmark	FTSE ERPA Nareit Asia ex Japan REITs Index
Distribution Policy	Subject to the availability of income, the Fund will distribute income on an annual basis. However, the amount available for distribution may fluctuate from time to time.

FUND PERFORMANCE DATA

Category	As at 31 Oct 2023 (%)	As at 31 Oct 2022 (%)	As at 31 Oct 2021 (%)
Portfolio composition			
Quoted equities – local			
- REITs	13.73	5.34	3.08
Total quoted equities – local	13.73	5.34	3.08
Quoted equities – foreign - Real estate	79.69	91.18	90.03
Total quoted equities – foreign	79.69	91.18	90.03
Cash & cash equivalent	6.58	3.48	6.89
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00
Total NAV (RM'million)	34.555	41.394	54.370
NAV per Unit (RM)	0.3778	0.4105	0.4680
Unit in Circulation (million)	91.459	100.834	116.168
Highest NAV	0.4316	0.4809	0.4848
Lowest NAV	0.3729	0.3984	0.4493
Return of the Fund (%)	-11.63	-12.79	-0.13
- Capital Growth (%)	-11.63	-12.79	-0.13
- Income Distribution (%)	Nil	Nil	Nil
Gross Distribution per Unit (sen)	Nil	Nil	Nil
Net Distribution per Unit (sen)	Nil	Nil	Nil
Total Expense Ratio (%) ¹	1.05	0.97	0.99
Portfolio Turnover Ratio (times) ²	0.31	0.18	0.35

¹The Fund's TER was higher than previous period under review due to higher expenses incurred for the Fund for the financial period. ²The Fund's PTR was higher than previous period under review due to higher trading activities during the financial period.

Basis of calculation and assumption made in calculating the returns:-

The performance figures are a comparison of the growth/decline in NAV for the stipulated period taking into account all the distribution payable (if any) during the stipulated period.

An illustration of the above would be as follow:-

Capital return	= NAV per Unit end / NAV per Unit begin – 1
Income return	= Income distribution per Unit / NAV per Unit ex-date
Total return	= (1+Capital return) x (1+Income return) – 1

Income Distribution / Unit Split

No income distribution or unit splits were declared for the financial period ended 31 October 2023.

Fund Performance

Table 1: Performance of the Fund

					Since
	6 Months	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	Commencement
	(1/5/23 -	(1/11/22 -	(1/11/20 -	(1/11/18 -	(16/5/07 -
	31/10/23)	31/10/23)	31/10/23)	31/10/23)	31/10/23)
Fund	(11.63%)	(6.32%)	(4.74%)	(4.48%)	15.36%
Benchmark	(11.40%)	(2.86%)	0.54%	(7.79%)	16.04%
Outperformance	(0.23%)	(3.46%)	(5.28%)	3.31%	(0.68%)

Source of Benchmark: Bloomberg

Table 2: Average Total Return

				Since
	1 Year (1/11/22 - 31/10/23)	3 Years (1/11/20 - 31/10/23)	5 Years (1/11/18 - 31/10/23)	Commencement (16/5/07 - 31/10/23)
Fund	(6.32%)	(1.61%)	(0.91%)	0.87%
Benchmark	(2.86%)	0.18%	(1.61%)	0.91%
Outperformance	(3.46%)	(1.79%)	0.70%	(0.04%)

Source of Benchmark: Bloomberg

Table 3: Annual Total Return

	FYE 2023 (1/5/22 - 30/4/23)	FYE 2022 (1/5/21 - 30/4/22)	FYE 2021 (1/5/20 - 30/4/21)	FYE 2020 (1/5/19 - 30/4/20)	FYE 2019 (1/5/18 - 30/4/19)
Fund	(7.55%)	4.91%	9.92%	(6.43%)	(4.13%)
Benchmark	(4.56%)	2.91%	12.93%	(13.84%)	6.52%
Outperformance	(2.99%)	2.00%	(3.01%)	7.41%	(10.65%)

Source of Benchmark: Bloomberg

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and that Unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.

MANAGER'S REPORT

Performance Review (1 May 2023 to 31 October 2023)

For the period 1 May 2023 to 31 October 2023, the Fund has registered a return of -11.63% as compared to the benchmark return of -11.40%. The Fund thus underperformed the benchmark by 0.23%. The Net Asset Value (NAV) per unit of the Fund as at 31 October 2023 was RM0.3778 while the NAV per unit on 30 April 2023 was RM0.4275.

Since commencement, the Fund has registered a return of 15.36% compared to the benchmark return of 16.04%, underperforming by 0.68%.

Figure 1: Movement of the Fund versus the Benchmark since commencement.



"This information is prepared by AHAM Asset Management Berhad (formerly known as Affin Hwang Asset Management Berhad) for information purposes only. Past earnings or the fund's distribution record is not a guarantee or reflection of the fund's future earnings/future distributions. Investors are advised that unit prices, distributions payable and investment returns may go down as well as up. Source of Benchmark is from Bloomberg."

Benchmark: FTSE EPRA Nareit Asia ex Japan REITs Index

Asset Allocation

For a snapshot of the Fund's asset mix during the period under review, please refer to Fund Performance Data.

As at 31 October 2023, the asset allocation of the Fund stood at 93.42% in equities while the balance was held in cash and cash equivalent.

During the period under review, out of the Fund's 93.42% exposure in REITs, 79.69% was in the foreign market and 13.73% in domestic market. The balance was held in cash and cash equivalent. Cash and cash equivalent was increased to 6.58%.

Strategies Employed

Over the period under review, the Manager focused on quality REITs while also diversifying the REITs sector exposure in offices, commercials, and industrial segments.

Market Review

Over the financial period under review, the Standard and Poor's ("S&P") 500 returned 0.58% while the Morgan Stanley Capital International ("MSCI") AC World index was lower at -2.37%. Specific to the Asian

region, MSCI AC Asia ex Japan Index returned -7.85% while locally, the Financial Times Stock Exchange ("FTSE") Bursa Malaysia relatively outperformed, returning 1.85%. Bond markets saw weakness over the period with the Bloomberg Barclays Global Aggregate Index returning -6.61%. Domestically, bond markets' benchmark 10-year Malaysian Government Securities ("MGS") yield closed at 4.11%.

Market volatility continue to persist and affect economies globally as macro events and policy rate hikes affected stock and bond markets. The economic fallout from the Covid-19 pandemic alongside with the Russia-Ukraine conflict has disrupted supply chains and commodity markets, weighing heavily on global economic growth. Central banks continue to attempt rein in inflation contributed by supply-demand imbalances and volatility in energy prices among other factors through monetary policy, which inadvertently played a role in destabilising the banking sector March this year.

The US Federal Reserve ("Fed") raised their policy rates in monetary policy committee meetings since March of 2022, to of 5.50% in July 2023. Although, at time of writing, holding interest rates at the most recent October/November 2023 Federal Open Market Committee Meeting ("FOMC"). Fed Chair Jerome Powell said that the committee was still "determining the extent of additional policy firming" it would need to bring down inflation sustainably. The sharp pace of policy tightening over the past months raised concerns in the financial markets of an over-tightening that could lead to a growth slowdown, or even a potential recession. Further signs of tension in the economy were also visible in March this year as the fallout of Silicon Valley Bank and the emergency rescue of Credit Suisse triggered concerns of contagion to other vulnerable banks.

In addition to fractures in the banking sector, other notable events included the concern over the US approaching its debt ceiling in January, failing which to reach a consensus to suspend or raise the limit could result in a catastrophic default. However, investors heaved a sigh of relief after lawmakers passed a bill to raise the debt ceiling, in a deal that included concessions on spending expected to have limited effect on economic growth. Despite narrowly avoiding a default, the U.S did not escape unscathed as Fitch Ratings downgraded its rating on U.S. debt, quoting in a press release "The repeated debt-limit political standoffs and last-minute resolutions have eroded confidence in fiscal management,".

US equities was volatile throughout 2023. The financial sector disruption troubled markets in the first quarter of 2023, however this was corrected by the second quarter of the year as the market saw gains which was mostly driven by fervour and enthusiasm over new developments in artificial intelligence ("AI"). However, after the strong gains, markets took a tumble by October this year as interest rate jitters coupled with the widening conflict between Israel and Hamas gave rise to fear and uneasiness. Investors entered the second half of 2023 optimistic that the era of policy tightening rates would be over soon. This enthusiasm however withered over August and September as the possibility of higher rates for a sustained period sank in.

On other news, new data in October pointed towards strong economic momentum in the US. Retail sales rose 0.70%, defying consensus expectations that spending would slow due to the resumption of student loan repayments and tighter monetary conditions. Additionally, US third quarter 2023 GDP increased 4.90% above consensus estimates of 4.00% supported by strong consumption. Similarly, purchasing managers' index (PMI) indicators displayed similar strength pointing to a reacceleration in economic activity.

In Asia, despite starting off 2023 strong, Chinese equity trended downwards following the country's reopening after the pandemic started to cool before lifting in July, driven by stimulus optimism in China, evident as the MSCI China Index vaulted 9.30% in July as top party leaders unveiled measures at its Politburo meeting to reinvigorate growth in the country. Among the measures include a pledge by Beijing to provide stimulus support for its beleaguered property sector. Top party leaders also emphasised the need for measures to tackle youth unemployment as well as accelerate the issuance of local government special bonds to spur government investment. While there were no explicit announcements of blockbuster stimulus, the overall policy tone from the Politburo meeting did exceed expectations. There was an acknowledgement of pressing issues on-the-ground that could result in targeted easing measures to bolster growth and lift sentiment. Bright spots were seen in China's eCOP grew by 4.90% as the volley of stimulus measures start to take effect. Retail sales and industrial production data also surpassed forecasts, instilling further confidence that its economy has bottomed out, boosting optimism that recovery in the world's second-largest economy is starting to gain traction.

Back in Malaysia, several policy announcements by the government caught the attention of investors. These positive sentiments lifted foreign investors' confidence as they poured into local equities. These included the Ekonomi Madani Plan which outlined several key economic targets, Part 1 of the National Energy Transition Roadmap which intends to achieve 70% renewable energy capacity mix by 2050 and Part 2 of the National Energy Transition Roadmap as well as the New Industrial Masterplan. There was also greater political clarity following the conclusion of state elections. As widely expected, the Pakatan Harapan-Barisan Nasional coalition retained Selangor, Penang and Negeri Sembilan, while Perikatan Nasional held on to their strongholds in Kedah, Kelantan and Terengganu. The recent by-elections for the Pulai parliamentary seat and Simpang Jeram state seat in Johor concluded with the Pakatan Harapan-Barisan Nasional (PH-BN) coalition defending both seats.

The unveiling of Budget 2024 in October this year also helped shed light on the government's policies and helped lay down the groundwork for the government's path to fiscal consolidation. According to the Budget, the government aims to narrow the fiscal deficit from 5.0% to 4.3% in 2024 in line with its broader policy objective to bring it down to 3.10% by 2026. Key measures announced to broaden the government's revenue include the increase of Sales and Service tax ("SST") from 6% to 8% as well as the introduction of a 10% capital gains tax for unlisted shares. To further bolster revenue, a luxury goods tax will also be applied to high-value items including jewellery and watches based on predefined thresholds.

On fixed income, the series of recent economic data releases mentioned were supportive of the US economic outlook but disappointed fixed income investors as markets came to terms with the Fed's 'higher for longer' narrative. On the fiscal front, the US debt funding programme fell under the spotlight as concerns on US Treasuries supply glut intensified. In absence of an anchor from monetary policy and expectations of a demand-supply imbalance, 10-year US Treasury yield inched higher to test its high several times during October but kept in check by the 5% handle. As a result, US Treasury yield curve bear steepened, with 2-year, 10-year and 30-year Treasury ending the month at 5.09% (+4 basis points) ("bps"), 4.93% (+36 bps), and 5.09% (+39 bps) respectively.

Domestically, market reaction towards tabling of Budget 2024 mid-October were muted, as headline numbers were mainly in line of market expectations, with a fiscal consolidation path towards the government's medium target of 3% fiscal deficit-to-GDP ratio, from 2023 estimate of 5.0% and 2024 estimate of 4.3%. A well telegraphed subsidy rationalisation (for chicken, eggs, diesel, and electricity) ahead of Budget 2024 kept the lid on inflation expectations.

Investment Outlook

US inflation has eased amid aggressive monetary tightening but remained well above Federal Reserve's 2% target. Resiliency in the US economy has afforded the Federal Reserve to maintain current policy rate of 5.25-5.50% for 'longer', with the option to go 'higher' if necessary as Fed Chair Powell made clear during his press conference that the economy has proven to be stronger than expected as a result of strong consumer spending. The FOMC's economic projections now show the median expectation for GDP growth for 2023 at 2.1% (previously 1.1%) and next year at 1.5% (previously 1.0%). The unemployment rate is projected to be lower at the end of next year as a consequence, from previous expectation of 4.5% to the revised rate of 4.1%.

Domestically, moderating growth and subdued inflation continued to support the fixed income market, while external pressure in the form of widening interest differential and ensuing Ringgit weakness kept short-end rates elevated. Persistent demand from domestic investors were unabated by the flatness in MGS yield curve and have continued to keep long-tenured bond yields anchored during choppy sessions.

State of Affairs of the Fund

There is neither any significant change to the state affairs of the Fund nor any circumstances that materially affect any interests of the unit holders during the period under review.

Soft Commissions received from Brokers

Soft commissions received from brokers/dealers may be retained by the management company only if the:-

- (i) goods and services provided are of demonstrable benefit to Unit holders of the Fund; and
- (ii) goods and services are in the form of research and advisory services that assists in the decision making process.

During the financial year under review, the Fund has received soft commissions from brokers/dealers who have also executed trades for other funds managed by AHAM Asset Management Berhad. The soft commissions were utilised for goods and services in the form of research materials, data and quotation services, investment-related publications, market data feed, industry benchmarking agencies and investment-related publications to assist the Manager in the investment decision-making process. The soft commission received were for the benefit of the fund and there were no churning of trades.

Cross Trade

No cross trade transactions were carried out during the reported period.

Securities Financing Transactions

The Fund has not undertaken any securities lending or repurchase transactions during the financial period under review.

Changes Made To the Fund's Prospectus

There were no changes made to the Fund's prospectus during the financial period under review.

TRUSTEE'S REPORT

TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF AHAM SELECT ASIA PACIFIC (EX JAPAN) REITS FUND (FORMERLY KNOWN AS AFFIN HWANG SELECT ASIA PACIFIC (EX JAPAN) REITS FUND) ("Fund")

We have acted as Trustee of the Fund for the financial period ended 31 October 2023 and we hereby confirm to the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, AHAM Asset Management Berhad has operated and managed the fund during the period covered by these financial statements in accordance with the following:

- 1. Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the Management Company under the Deeds, securities laws and the the Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds;
- 2. Valuation and pricing are carried out in accordance with the Deeds; and
- 3. Any creation and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the Deeds and any regulatory requirement.

For HSBC (Malaysia) Trustee Berhad

Yap Lay Guat Manager, Investment Compliance Monitoring

Kuala Lumpur Date: 15 December 2023

UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023

UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023

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UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023

	<u>Note</u>	6 months financial period ended <u>31.10.2023</u> RM	6 months financial period ended <u>31.10.2022</u> RM
INVESTMENT LOSS			
Dividend income Interest income for financial assets at		992,691	1,057,015
amortised cost Net gain on foreign currency exchange Net loss on financial assets at		3,917 95,939	3,542 110,123
fair value through profit or loss	8	(5,044,839)	(7,004,348)
		(3,952,292)	(5,833,668)
EXPENSES			
Management fee	4	(352,415)	(428,616)
Trustee fee	5	(13,712)	(16,686)
Fund accounting fee	6	(10,000)	-
Auditors' remuneration		(3,813)	(3,916)
Tax agent's fee		(1,982)	(1,985)
Transaction cost		(50,128)	(41,118)
Other expenses		(84,398)	(67,166)
		(516,448)	(559,487)
NET LOSS BEFORE TAXATION		(4,468,740)	(6,393,155)
Taxation	7	(168,120)	-
NET LOSS AFTER TAXATION AND			
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD		(4,636,860)	(6,393,155)
Net loss after taxation is made up of the following:			
Realised amount		(2,061,150)	801,492
Unrealised amount		(2,575,710)	(7,194,647)
		(4,636,860)	(6,393,155)

UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2023

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2023</u> RM	<u>2022</u> RM
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents Amount due from brokers Amount due from Manager		2,129,153 19,295	1,666,523 -
- creation of units Dividend receivables		2,243 47,109	1,667
Tax recoverable		294,257	-
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	8	32,281,822	39,955,970
TOTAL ASSETS		34,773,879	41,624,160
LIABILITIES			
Amount due to Manager - management fee - cancellation of units		53,628 3,386	64,577 4,590
Amount due to Trustee		2,086	2,511
Fund accounting fee Auditors' remuneration		1,667 3,813	- 4,016
Tax agent's fee		127,665	126,848
Other payables and accruals		26,651	27,502
TOTAL LIABILITIES		218,896	230,044
NET ASSET VALUE OF THE FUND		34,554,983	41,394,116
EQUITY			
Unitholders' capital		147,812,360	151,720,584
Accumulated losses		(113,257,377)	(110,326,468)
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS		34,554,983	41,394,116
NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION	9	91,459,000	100,834,000
NET ASSET VALUE PER UNIT (RM)		0.3778	0.4105

UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023

	Unitholders' <u>capital</u> RM	Accumulated <u>losses</u> RM	<u>Total</u> RM
Balance as at 1 May 2023	150,456,283	(108,620,517)	41,835,766
Total comprehensive loss for the financial period	-	(4,636,860)	(4,636,860)
Movement in unitholders' capital:			
Creation of units arising from applications	312,453	-	312,453
Cancellation of units	(2,956,376)	-	(2,956,376)
Balance as at 31 October 2023	147,812,360	(113,257,377)	34,554,983
Balance as at 1 May 2022	153,970,996	(103,933,313)	50,037,683
Total comprehensive loss for the financial period	-	(6,393,155)	(6,393,155)
Movement in unitholders' capital:			
Creation of units arising from applications	7,264,296	-	7,264,296
Cancellation of units	(9,514,708)	-	(9,514,708)
Balance as at 31 October 2022	151,720,584	(110,326,468)	41,394,116

UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023

F	6 months financial period ended <u>31.10.2023</u> RM	6 months financial period ended <u>31.10.2022</u> RM
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sale of investments Purchase of investments Dividend received Interest received Management fee paid Trustee fee paid Fund accounting fee paid Payment for other fees and expenses Net realised gain on foreign exchange Tax paid	10,681,419 (9,599,734) 964,815 3,917 (361,205) (14,053) (10,000) (138,721) 1,400,442 (382,500)	8,921,936 (7,663,046) 1,076,552 3,542 (438,268) (17,062) - (106,218) 329,251
Net cash flows generated from operating activities	2,544,380	2,106,687
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from creation of units Payments for cancellation of units	355,910 (2,960,285)	7,263,569 (10,139,675)
Net cash flows used in financing activities	(2,604,375)	(2,876,106)
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(59,995)	(769,419)
EFFECTS OF FOREIGN CURRENCY EXCHANGE	-	117,577
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD	2,189,148	2,318,365
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD	2,129,153	1,666,523

Cash and cash equivalents as at 31 October 2023 and 31 October 2022 comprise of bank balances.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023

The following accounting policies have been used in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements.

A BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS") and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative financial instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with MFRS and IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reported financial period. It also requires the Manager to exercise their judgment in the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies. Although these estimates and judgment are based on the Manager's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may differ.

The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note K.

- (a) Standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations that are effective:
 - Amendments to MFRS 3 'Reference to Conceptual Framework' (effective 1 January 2022) replace the reference to Framework for Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements with 2018 Conceptual Framework.
 - Annual Improvements to MFRSs 2018 2020 Cycle (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022).
 - Amendments to MFRS 137 'Onerous contracts cost of fulfilling a contract' (effective 1 January 2022) clarify that direct costs of fulfilling a contract include both the incremental cost of fulfilling the contract as well as an allocation of other costs directly related to fulfilling contracts.

The adoption of the above standards, amendments to standards or interpretations did not have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

- (b) Standards and amendments that have been issued but not yet effective:
 - Amendments to MFRS 101 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-current' (effective 1 January 2024) clarify that liabilities are classified as either current or non-current, depending on the rights that exist at the end of the reporting period. Classification is unaffected by the entity's expectations or events after the reporting date (e.g. the receipt of a waiver or a breach of covenant). In addition, the amendments clarify that when a liability could be settled by the transfer of an entity's own equity instruments (e.g. a conversion option in a convertible bond), conversion option meeting the definition of an equity instrument in MFRS 132 'Financial Instruments: Presentation' does not impact the current or non-current classification of the convertible instrument.

The amendments also specify that covenants of loan arrangements which an entity must comply with only after the reporting date would not affect classification of a liability as current or non-current at the reporting date. However, those covenants that an entity is required to comply with on or before the reporting date would affect classification of a liability as current or non-current, even if the covenant is only assessed after the reporting date.

The adoption of the above standards, amendments to standards or interpretations is not expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

B INCOME RECOGNITION

Dividend income

Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as part of gross dividend income on the ex-dividend date, when the right to receive the dividend has been established.

Interest income

Interest income from short-term deposit with licensed financial institutions is recognised based on effective interest rate method on an accrual basis.

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that subsequently become credit-impaired. For credit-impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (after deduction of the loss allowance).

Realised gains and losses on sale of investments

For quoted collective investment schemes, realised gains and losses on sale of investments are accounted for as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the investments, determined on a weighted average cost basis.

C TRANSACTION COSTS

Transaction costs are costs incurred to acquire financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. They include the bid-ask spread, fees and commissions paid to agents, advisors, brokers, and dealers. Transaction costs, when incurred, are immediately recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as expenses.

D TAXATION

Current tax expense is determined according to the Malaysian tax laws at the current rate based upon the taxable profits earned during the financial period.

Tax on investment income from foreign investments is based on the tax regime of the respective countries that the Fund invests in.

Withholding taxes on investment income from foreign investment are based on tax regime of the respective countries that the Fund invests in. Such withholding taxes are not "income tax" in nature and are recognized and measured based on the requirements of MFRS 137. They are presented within other expenses line in the statement of comprehensive income.

E FUNCTIONAL AND PRESENTATION CURRENCY

Items included in the financial statements of the Fund are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates (the "functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

F FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in statement of comprehensive income, except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

G FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

(i) Classification

The fund classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured at fair value through profit or loss, and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The Fund classifies its investments based on both the Fund's business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. The portfolio of financial assets is managed, and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis. The Fund is primarily focused on fair value information and uses that information to assess the assets' performance and to make decisions. The Fund has not taken the option to irrevocably designate any equity securities as financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The contractual cash flows of the Fund's debt securities are solely principal and interest ("SPPI"). However, these securities are neither held for the purpose of collecting contractual cash flows nor held both for collecting contractual cash flows and for sale. The collection of contractual cash flows is only incidental to achieving the Fund's business model's objective. Consequently, all investments and derivatives not designated as hedging instruments are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The Fund classifies cash and cash equivalents, amount due from brokers, amount due from Manager and dividend receivables as financial assets measured at amortised cost as these financial assets are held to collect contractual cash flows consisting of the amount outstanding.

The Fund classifies amount due to Manager, amount due to Trustee, payables for fund accounting fee, auditors' remuneration, tax agent's fee and other payables and accruals as financial liabilities measured at amortised cost.

(ii) Recognition and measurement

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade-date – the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at fair value. Transaction costs are expensed in the statement of comprehensive income.

Financial liabilities, within the scope of MFRS 9, are recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

G FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

(ii) Recognition and measurement (continued)

Financial liabilities are derecognised when it is extinguished, i.e., when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expired.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' category including the effects of foreign currency transactions are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'net gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit and loss' in the financial period which they arise.

The fair value of financial assets traded in active markets (such as trading securities) are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the financial period end date. The Fund utilises the last traded market price for financial assets where the last traded price falls within the bid-ask spread. In circumstances where the last traded price is not within the bid-ask spread, the Manager will determine the point within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of the fair value.

If a valuation based on the market price does not represent the fair value of the securities, for example during abnormal market conditions or when no market price is available, including in the event of a suspension in the quotation of the securities for a period exceeding 14 days, or such shorter period as agreed by the Trustee, then the securities are valued as determined in good faith by the Manager, based on the methods or basis approved by the Trustee after appropriate technical consultation.

Financial assets at amortised cost and other financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(iii) Impairment

The Fund's financial assets measured at amortised cost are subject to expected credit losses. The Fund measures credit risk and expected credit losses using probability of default, exposure at default and loss given default. Management considers both historical analysis and forward-looking information in determining any expected credit loss. Management considers the probability of default to be close to zero as these instruments have a low risk of default and the counterparties have a strong capacity to meet their contractual obligations in the near term. As a result, no loss allowance has been recognised based on 12 month expected credit losses as any such impairment would be wholly insignificant to the Fund.

Significant increase in credit risk

A significant increase in credit risk is defined by management as any contractual payment which is more than 30 days past due.

Definition of default and credit-impaired financial assets

The Fund defines a financial instrument as default, which is fully aligned with the definition of creditimpaired, when it meets one or more of the following criteria:

Quantitative criteria:

Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit-impaired.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

G FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

(iii) Impairment (continued)

Definition of default and credit-impaired financial assets (continued)

Qualitative criteria:

The debtor meets unlikeliness to pay criteria, which indicates the debtor is in significant financial difficulty The Fund considers the following instances:

- the debtor is in breach of financial covenants;
- concessions have been made by the lender relating to the debtor's financial difficulty;
- it is becoming probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization, and
- the debtor is insolvent

Financial instruments that are credit-impaired are assessed on individual basis.

Write-off

The Fund writes off financial assets, in whole or in part, when it has exhausted all practical recovery efforts and has concluded there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. The assessment of no reasonable expectation of recovery is based on unavailability of debtor's sources of income or assets to generate sufficient future cash flows to repay the amount.

The Fund may write off financial assets that are still subject to enforcement activity. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off will result in bad debt recoveries. There are no write-offs/recoveries during the financial period.

H CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and bank balances and deposits held in highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

I AMOUNT DUE FROM/(TO) BROKERS

Amounts due from and to brokers represent receivables for securities sold and payables for securities purchased that have been contracted for but not yet settled or delivered on the statement of financial position date respectively. The due from brokers balance is held for collection. Refer to Note G for accounting policy on recognition and measurement.

Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit-impaired.

Significant financial difficulties of the broker, probability that the broker will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default in payments are all considered indicators that a loss allowance may be required.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

J UNIT HOLDERS' CAPITAL

The unitholders' contributions to the Fund meet the criteria to be classified as equity instruments under MFRS 132 "Financial Instruments: Presentation". Those criteria include:

- the units entitle the holder to a proportionate share of the Fund's net asset value ("NAV");
- the units are the most subordinated class and class features are identical;
- there is no contractual obligations to deliver cash or another financial asset other than the obligation on the Fund to repurchase; and
- the total expected cash flows from the units over its life are based substantially on the profit or loss of the Fund.

The outstanding units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at each financial period if unitholder exercises the right to put the unit back to the Fund.

Units are created and cancelled at the unitholders' option at prices based on the Fund's NAV per unit at the time of creation or cancellation. The Fund's NAV per unit is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to unitholders with the total number of outstanding units.

K CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Fund makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, rarely equal the related actual results. To enhance the information content of the estimates, certain key variables that are anticipated to have material impact to the Fund's results and financial position are tested for sensitivity to changes in the underlying parameters.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated by the Manager and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

However, the Manager is of the opinion that there are no accounting policies which require significant judgment to be exercised.

In undertaking any of the Fund's investment, the Manager will ensure that all assets of the Fund under management will be valued appropriately, that is at fair value and in compliance with the Securities Commission's ("SC") Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds.

L REALISED AND UNREALISED PORTIONS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AFTER TAX

The analysis of realised and unrealised profit or loss after tax as presented on the statement of comprehensive income is prepared in accordance with SC's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023

INFORMATION ON THE FUND

1

The Unit Trust Fund was constituted under the name HwangDBS Global Infrastructure Fund (the "Fund") pursuant to the execution of a Deed dated 15 March 2007 and modified by First Supplemental Deed dated 18 June 2007, Second Supplemental Deed dated 15 October 2008, Third Supplemental Deed dated 18 January 2012, Fourth Supplemental Deed dated 2 May 2012, Fifth Supplemental Deed dated 8 May 2013, Sixth Supplemental Deed dated 27 June 2014, Seventh Supplemental Deed dated 28 April 2017, Eighth Supplemental Deed dated 19 September 2017, Ninth Supplemental Deed dated 5 October 2018, Tenth Supplemental Deed dated 9 October 2019 and Eleventh Supplemental Deed dated 28 December 2022 ("the Deeds") entered into between AHAM Asset Management Berhad (the "Manager") and HSBC (Malaysia) Trustees Berhad (the "Trustee"). The Fund has changed its name from HwangDBS Global Infrastructure Fund to Hwang Global Infrastructure Fund as amended by the Second Supplemental Deed dated 18 January 2012. from Hwang Global Infrastructure Fund to Hwang Asia Pacific (Ex-Japan) Infrastructure Fund as amended by the Fourth Supplemental Deed dated 2 May 2012, from Hwang Asia Pacific (Ex-Japan) Infrastructure Fund to Hwang Asia Pacific (Ex-Japan) REITS and Infrastructure Fund as amended by the Fifth Supplemental Deed dated 8 May 2013, from Hwang Asia Pacific (Ex-Japan) REITS and Infrastructure Fund to Affin Hwang Select Asia Pacific (Ex-Japan) REITS and Infrastructure Fund as amended by the Sixth Supplemental Deed dated 27 June 2014, from Affin Hwang Asia Pacific (Ex-Japan) REITS and Infrastructure Fund to Affin Hwang Select Asia Pacific (Ex-Japan) REITs Fund as amended by the Tenth Supplemental Deed dated 9 October 2019 and from Affin Hwang Select Asia Pacific (Ex-Japan) REITs Fund to AHAM Select Asia Pacific (Ex-Japan) REITs Fund as amended by the Eleventh Supplemental Deed dated 28 December 2022.

The Fund commenced operations on 25 April 2007 and will continue its operation until terminated by the Manager or Trustee as provided under Clause 12.1 of the Deed.

The Fund may invest in any of the following investments:

- a) Collective investment schemes;
- b) Money market instruments;
- c) Deposits;
- d) Derivatives; and
- e) Any other investments as may be permitted by the SC from time to time which are in line with the objective of the Fund.

All investments will be subjected to the SC's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds, the Deeds and the objective of the Fund.

The main objective of the Fund is to provide both income and capital appreciation over the medium to long-term by investing in real estate investment trusts (REITs) in the Asia Pacific (ex Japan).

The Manager is a company incorporated in Malaysia. The principal activities of the Manager are establishment and management of unit trust funds, exchange-traded funds and private retirement schemes as well as providing fund management services to private clients. On 10 November 2022, the Manager has changed its name from Affin Hwang Asset Management Berhad to AHAM Asset Management Berhad.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Manager on 15 December 2023.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICIES

Financial instruments are as follows:

<u>2023</u>	<u>Note</u>	At amortised <u>cost</u> RM	At fair value through <u>profit or loss</u> RM	<u>Total</u> RM
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents Amount due from brokers Amount due from Manager		2,129,153 19,295	-	2,129,153 19,295
- creation of units Dividend receivables Quoted collective investment schemes	8	2,243 47,109 -	- - 32,281,822	2,243 47,109 32,281,822
Total		2,197,800	32,281,822	34,479,622
<u>Financial liabilities</u>				
Amount due to Manager - management fee - cancellation of units Amount due to Trustee		53,628 3,386 2,086	- -	53,628 3,386 2,086
Fund accounting fee Auditor's remuneration Tax agent's fee Other payables and accruals		1,667 3,813 127,665 26,651	-	1,667 3,813 127,665 26,651
Total		218,896		218,896
<u>2022</u>				
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents Amount due from Manager		1,666,523	-	1,666,523
- creation of units Quoted collective investment schemes	8	1,667 -	- 39,955,970	1,667 39,955,970
Total		1,668,190	39,955,970	41,624,160

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments are as follows: (continued)

<u>2022</u> (continued)	<u>Note</u>	At amortised <u>cost</u> RM	At fair value through <u>profit or loss</u> RM	<u>Total</u> RM
Financial liabilities				
Amount due to Manager - management fee - cancellation of units Amount due to Trustee Auditor's remuneration Tax agent's fee Other payables and accruals		64,577 4,590 2,511 4,016 126,848 27,502	- - - -	64,577 4,590 2,511 4,016 126,848 27,502
Total		230,044	-	230,044

The Fund is exposed to a variety of risks which include market risk (including price risk, interest rate risk, currency risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and capital risk.

Financial risk management is carried out through internal control processes adopted by the Manager and adherence to the investment restrictions as stipulated by the SC's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds.

Market risk

(a) Price risk

Price risk arises mainly from the uncertainty about future prices of investments. It represents the potential loss the Fund might suffer through holding market positions in the face of price movements. The Manager manages the risk of unfavourable changes in prices by continuous monitoring of the performance and risk profile of the investment portfolio.

The Fund's overall exposure to price risk was as follows:

	<u>2023</u> RM	<u>2022</u> RM
Quoted investments Quoted collective investment schemes	32,281,822	39,955,970

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Market risk (continued)

(a) Price risk (continued)

The following table summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's loss after taxation and NAV to price risk movements. The analysis is based on the assumptions that the market price increased by 15% (2022: 4%) and decreased by 15% (2022: 4%) with all other variables held constant. This represents management's best estimate of a reasonable possible shift in the quoted securities, having regard to the historical volatility of the prices.

<u>% Change in price</u> 2023	<u>Market value</u> RM	Impact on loss after <u>tax/NAV</u> RM
-15% 0% +15%	27,439,549 32,281,822 37,124,095	(4,842,273) 4,842,273
2022		
-4% 0% +4%	38,357,731 39,955,970 41,554,209	(1,598,239) - 1,598,239

(b) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises from the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates on the fair value of financial assets and liabilities and future cash flows.

The Fund's exposure to the interest rate risk is mainly confined to short-term deposit placement with a financial institution. The Manager overcomes this exposure by way of maintaining deposits on short-term basis.

The Fund's exposure to interest rate risk associated with deposit with licensed financial institutions is not material as the carrying value of the deposits are held on a short-term basis.

(c) Currency risk

Currency risk is associated with investments denominated in foreign currencies. When the foreign currencies fluctuate in an unfavourable movement against Ringgit Malaysia, the investments will face currency losses in addition to the capital gain/(loss). The Manager will evaluate the likely directions of a foreign currency versus Ringgit Malaysia based on considerations of economic fundamentals such as interest rate differentials, balance of payments position, debt levels, and technical chart considerations.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Market risk (continued)

(c) Currency risk (continued)

The following table sets out the foreign currency risk concentrations and counterparties of the Fund:

<u>2023</u>	Quoted collective investment <u>schemes</u> RM	Cash and cash <u>equivalent</u> RM	Amount due from <u>brokers</u> RM	Dividend <u>receivables</u> RM	<u>Total</u> RM
Financial assets					
Australian Dollar Euro Hong Kong Dollar Indian Rupee	- - 3,956,100	4,722 2,161 8,571 66	- - -	- -	4,722 2,161 3,964,671 66
Singapore Dollar United States Dollar	20,810,424 2,770,091	2,028,323 49,073	19,295 -	35,649	22,893,691 2,819,164
	27,536,615	2,092,916	19,295	35,649	29,684,475
Financial liabilities				Tax agent's <u>fee</u> RM	<u>Total</u> RM
United States Dollar				121,973	121,973
			Quoted collective investment <u>schemes</u>	Cash and cash <u>equivalent</u>	Total
<u>2022</u>			RM	RM	RM
Financial assets					
Australian Dollar Euro Hong Kong Dollar Indian Rupee Singapore Dollar United States Dollar			4,377,934 32,160,489 1,206,267 37,744,690	4,696 2,006 138,668 8,869 43,894 1,445,985 1,644,118	4,696 2,006 4,516,602 8,869 32,204,383 2,652,252 39,388,808

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Market risk (continued)

(c) Currency risk (continued)

The following table sets out the foreign currency risk concentrations and counterparties of the Fund: (continued)

<u>2022</u> (continued)	Tax agent's <u>fee</u> RM	<u>Total</u> RM
Financial liabilities		
United States Dollar	121,063	121,063

The table below summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's loss after tax and NAV to changes in foreign exchange movements. The analysis is based on the assumption that the foreign exchange rate changes by 10% (2022: 10%), with all other variables remain constants. This represents management's best estimate of a reasonable possible shift in the foreign exchange rate, having regard to historical volatility of this rate. Any increase/decrease in foreign exchange rate will result in a corresponding decrease in the net assets attributable to unitholders by approximately 10% (2022: 10%). Disclosures below are shown in absolute terms, changes and impacts could be positive or negative.

<u>2023 </u>	Change in <u>rate</u> %	Impact on loss after tax/ <u>NAV</u> RM
Australian Dollar	+/- 10	+/- 472
Euro	+/- 10	+/- 216
Hong Kong Dollar	+/- 10	+/- 396,467
Indian Rupee	+/- 10	+/- 7
Singapore Dollar	+/- 10	+/- 2,289,369
United States Dollar	+/- 10	+/- 269,719
<u>2022</u>		
Australian Dollar	+/- 10	+/- 470
Euro	+/- 10	+/- 200
Hong Kong Dollar	+/- 10	+/- 451,660
Indian Rupee	+/- 10	+/- 887
Singapore Dollar	+/- 10	+/- 3,220,438
United States Dollar	+/- 10	+/- 253,119

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Credit risk

2

Credit risk refers to the ability of an issuer or counterparty to make timely payments of interests, principals and proceeds from realisation of investment. The Manager manages the credit risk by undertaking credit evaluation to minimise such risk.

Credit risk arising from cash and bank balances is managed by ensuring that they are held by parties with credit rating of AA or higher.

Credit risk arising from placements on deposits in licensed financial institutions is managed by ensuring that the Fund will only place deposits in reputable licensed financial institutions.

The settlement terms of amount due from brokers are governed by the relevant rules and regulations as prescribed by the respective stock exchanges.

The settlement terms of the proceeds from the creation of units' receivable from the Manager and redemption of units payable to the Manager are governed by the SC's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds.

The following table sets out the credit risk concentration of the Fund:

<u>2023</u>	Cash and cash <u>equivalent</u> RM	Amount due from <u>brokers</u> RM	Amount due from <u>Manager</u> RM	RM	<u>Total</u> RM
Financials Services - AAA Others	2,129,153	-	-	-	2,129,153
- NR Real Estate	-	-	2,243	-	2,243
- NR	-	19,295	-	35,649	54,944
REITs - NR	-	-	-	11,460	11,460
	2,129,153	19,295	2,243	47,109	2,197,800
			Cash and cash <u>equivalents</u> RM	Amount due from <u>Manager</u> RM	<u>Total</u> RM
<u>2022</u>					LZIAI
Financials Services - AAA Others			1,666,523	-	1,666,523
- NR			-	1,667	1,667
			1,666,523	1,667	1,668,190

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Liquidity risk

2

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations. The Manager manages this risk by maintaining sufficient level of liquid assets to meet anticipated payment and cancellations of unit by unitholders, liquid assets comprise cash, deposits with licensed financial institutions and other instruments, which are capable of being converted into cash within 7 days.

The table below analyses the Fund's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the statement of financial position date to the contractual maturity date.

The amounts in the table below are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

<u>2023</u>	Within <u>one month</u> RM	Between one month <u>to one year</u> RM	<u>Total</u> RM
Amount due to Manager - management fee - cancellation of units Amount due to Trustee Fund accounting fee Auditors' remuneration Tax agent's fee Other payables and accruals	53,628 3,386 2,086 1,667 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - 3,813 127,665 26,651 	53,628 3,386 2,086 1,667 3,813 127,665 26,651 218,896
<u>2022</u>			
Amount due to Manager - management fee - cancellation of units Amount due to Trustee Auditors' remuneration Tax agent's fee Other payables and accruals	64,577 4,590 2,511 - - - 71,678	4,016 126,848 27,502 158,366	64,577 4,590 2,511 4,016 126,848 27,502 230,044

Capital risk

The capital of the Fund is represented by equity consisting of unitholders' capital and net of accumulated losses. The amount of equity can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily subscriptions and redemptions at the discretion of shareholders. The Fund's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain a strong capital base to support the development of the investment activities of the Fund.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

3 FAIR VALUE ESTIMATION

Financial instruments comprise financial assets and financial liabilities. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The fair value of financial assets traded in active markets (such as trading securities) is based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the period end date. The Fund utilises the bid price for financial assets which fall within the bid-ask spread.

An active market is a market in which transactions for the asset take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

The fair value of financial assets that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques.

(i) Fair value hierarchy

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1)
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (Level 2)
- Inputs for the asset and liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (Level 3)

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. For this purpose, the significance of an input is assessed against the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a Level 3 measurement. Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.

The determination of what constitutes 'observable' requires significant judgment by the Fund. The Fund considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the Fund's financial assets (by class) measured at fair value:

	<u>Level 1</u> RM	<u>Level 2</u> RM	Level 3 RM	<u>Total</u> RM
<u>2023</u>				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: - quoted collective investment schemes	32,281,822			32,281,822

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

3 FAIR VALUE ESTIMATION (CONTINUED)

(i) Fair value hierarchy (continued)

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the Fund's financial assets (by class) measured at fair value: (continued)

	<u>Level 1</u> RM	<u>Level 2</u> RM	<u>Level 3</u> RM	<u>Total</u> RM
<u>2022</u>				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: - quoted collective investment schemes	39,955,970			39,955,970

Investments whose values are based on quoted market prices in active markets, and are therefore classified within Level 1, include active listed collective investment schemes The Fund does not adjust the quoted prices for these instruments.

(ii) The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, amount due from Manager, dividend receivables and all current liabilities are a reasonable approximation of the fair values due to their short-term nature.

4 MANAGEMENT FEE

In accordance with the Deeds, the Manager is entitled to a management fee at a rate not exceeding 3.00% per annum of the NAV of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis.

For the 6 months financial period ended 31 October 2023, the management fee is recognised at a rate of 1.80% (2022: 1.80%) per annum of the NAV of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis as stated in the Fund's Prospectus.

There will be no further liability to the Manager in respect of management fee other than the amounts recognised above.

5 TRUSTEE FEE

In accordance with the Deeds, the Trustee is entitled to an annual fee at a rate not exceeding 1.00% per annum of the NAV of the Fund, exclusive of foreign sub-custodian fee.

For the 6 months financial period ended 31 October 2023, the Trustee fee is recognised at a rate of 0.07% (2022: 0.07%) per annum on the NAV of the Fund, inclusive of local custodian fee but exclusive of foreign subcustodian fee, calculated on daily basis as stated in the Fund's Prospectus.

There will be no further liability to the Trustee in respect of trustee fee other than the amounts recognised above.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

6 FUND ACCOUNTING FEE

The fund valuation and accounting fee for the Fund is RM10,000 (2022: RM Nil) for the financial period.

7 TAXATION

6 months financia period endec <u>31.10.2023</u> RM	financial period ended <u>31.10.2022</u>
Current taxation 168,120	

The numerical reconciliation between net loss before taxation multiplied by the Malaysian statutory tax rate and tax expense of the Fund is as follows:

	6 months financial period ended <u>31.10.2023</u> RM	6 months financial period ended <u>31.10.2022</u> RM
Net loss before taxation	(4,468,740)	(6,393,155)
Tax at Malaysian statutory tax rate of 24% (2022: 24%)	(1,072,498)	(1,534,357)
Tax effects of: Investment loss not brought to tax Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Restriction on tax deductible expenses for Unit Trust Funds	1,128,341 38,412 73,865	1,400,080 30,418 103,859
Tax expense	168,120	-

8 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	<u>2023</u> RM	<u>2022</u> RM
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: - quoted collective investment schemes - local - quoted collective investment schemes - foreign	4,745,207 27,536,615	2,211,280 37,744,690
	32,281,822	39,955,970

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

8 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
	RM	RM
Net loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:		
 realised (loss)/gain on sale of investments 	(2,469,129)	307,876
- unrealised loss on changes in fair value	(2,575,710)	(7,312,224)
	(5,044,839)	(7,004,348)

(a) Quoted collective investment schemes - local

(i) Quoted collective investment schemes - local as at 31 October 2023 are as follows:

	<u>Quantity</u>	Aggregate <u>cost</u> RM	Fair <u>value</u> RM	Percentage <u>of NAV</u> %
Real Estate				
Axis Real Estate Investment Trust	778,983	1,428,371	1,402,169	4.06
IGB Real Estate Investment Trust	488,700	673,430	830,790	2.40
Pavilion Real Estate Investment Trust	820,000	1,000,400	984,000	2.85
Sunway Real Estate Investment Trust	1,032,600	1,528,048	1,528,248	4.42
Total quoted collective investment schemes - local	3,120,283	4,630,249	4,745,207	13.73
		4,000,240		
Accumulated unrealised gain on quoted collective investment schemes - local		114,958		
Total quoted collective investment schemes - loc	al	4,745,207		

(ii) Quoted collective investment schemes - local as at 31 October 2022 are as follows:

	<u>Quantity</u>	Aggregate <u>cost</u> RM	Fair <u>value</u> RM	Percentage <u>of NAV</u> %
Real Estate				
Axis Real Estate Investment Trust	778,983	1,428,371	1,448,908	3.50
IGB Real Estate Investment Trust	488,700	673,431	762,372	1.84
Total quoted collective investment				
schemes - local	1,267,683	2,101,802	2,211,280	5.34
Accumulated unrealised gain on				
quoted collective investment schemes - local		109,478		
Total quoted collective investment schemes - loo	cal	2,211,280		

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

Quoted collective investment schemes - foreign (b)

8

(i) Quoted collective investment schemes - foreign as at 31 October 2023 are as follows:

	<u>Quantity</u>	Aggregate <u>cost</u> RM	Fair <u>value</u> RM	Percentage <u>of NAV</u> %
Hong Kong				
Real Estate Link Real Estate Investment Trust	181,350	6,154,541	3,956,100	11.45
Singapore				
Real Estate CapitaLand China Trust CapitaLand Integrated Comm Trust CapitaLand Ascendas Real Estate Investment Trust Frasers Centrepoint Trust Frasers Logistics & Commercial Trust Keppel Real Estate Investment Trust Mapletree Industrial Trust Mapletree Logistics Trust Mapletree Pan Asia Commercial Trust Paragon Real Estate Investment Trust Parkway Life Real Estate Investment Trust	12,803 197,908 488,558 332,931 663,360 178,300 580,195 713,708 109,700 206,500 69,400 3,553,363	50,446 1,352,344 4,363,275 2,372,715 2,812,566 626,674 5,350,265 3,961,158 623,636 653,527 873,080 23,039,686	35,059 1,215,038 4,413,973 2,392,408 2,383,419 494,461 4,331,134 3,659,753 505,120 569,064 810,995 20,810,424	0.10 3.52 12.77 6.92 6.90 1.43 12.53 10.59 1.46 1.65 2.35 60.22
United States				
Exchange-traded fund				
<u>Financials</u> Vanguard US Treasury 0-1 Year	11,085	2,741,713	2,770,091	8.02
Total quoted collective investment schemes - foreign	3,745,798	31,935,940	27,536,615	79.69
Accumulated unrealised loss on quoted collective investment schemes - foreign		(4,399,325)		
Total quoted collective investment schemes - for	eign	27,536,615		

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

(b) Quoted collective investment schemes - foreign (continued)

8

(ii) Quoted collective investment schemes - foreign as at 31 October 2022 are as follows:

	Quantity	Aggregate <u>cost</u> RM	Fair <u>value</u> RM	Percentage <u>of NAV</u> %
Hong Kong				
<u>Real Estate</u> Link Real Estate Investment Trust	156,900	5,681,150	4,377,934	10.58
Singapore				
Real Estate CapitaLand China Trust CapitaLand Integrated Comm Trust CapitaLand Ascendas Real Estate Investment Trust Frasers Centrepoint Trust Frasers Logistics & Commercial Trust Keppel Real Estate Investment Trust Lendlease Global Commercial Real Estate Investment Trust Mapletree Industrial Trust Mapletree Pan Asia Commercial Trust	457,900 520,608 396,058 266,831 663,360 1,488,200 2,885,408 624,572 443,540 338,200 8,084,677	1,621,542 3,563,134 3,542,529 1,821,757 2,849,836 5,230,602 7,276,304 5,794,036 2,563,025 1,924,347 36,187,112	1,476,255 3,252,490 3,453,526 1,845,313 2,415,679 4,425,015 6,699,703 4,569,725 2,237,553 1,785,230 32,160,489	3.57 7.86 8.34 4.46 5.83 10.69 16.18 11.04 5.41 4.31 77.69
United States				
<u>Real Estate</u> Crown Castle International Corp Digital Core Real Estate Investment Trust Management Pte Ltd	1,319 160,600	920,872 423,703	830,564 375,703	2.00
	161,919	1,344,575	1,206,267	2.91
Total quoted collective investment schemes - foreign	8,403,496	43,212,837	37,744,690	91.18
Accumulated unrealised loss on quoted collective investment schemes - foreign		(5,468,147)		
Total quoted collective investment schemes - for	eign	37,744,690		

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

9 NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION

N	2023 lo. of units	2022 No. of units
As at the beginning of the financial period 9	7,869,000	106,302,000
Creation of units arising from applications	759,000	15,547,000
Cancellation of units (7	7,169,000)	(21,015,000)
As at the end of the financial period 9	1,459,000	100,834,000

10 TRANSACTIONS WITH BROKERS

(i) Details of transactions with the top brokers for the 6 months financial period ended 31 October 2023 are as follows:

Name of brokers	<u>Value of trade</u> RM	Percentage of total <u>trade</u> %	Brokerage <u>fees</u> RM	Percentage of total <u>brokerage</u> %
Citigroup Global Markets Ltd London	7,534,138	35.58	15,068	34.99
DBS Securities (S) Pte Ltd	3,806,432	17.98	11,639	27.02
Euroclear Bank S.A./ N.V.	2,741,713	12.95	-	-
UOB Kay Hian Securities (M) Sdn Bhd	1,498,648	7.08	3,747	8.70
CLSA Singapore Pte Ltd	1,430,235	6.76	3,576	8.30
Macquarie Securities (Singapore) Pte Ltd	1,258,637	5.94	3,147	7.31
Jupiter Securities Sdn Bhd	1,000,400	4.72	2,501	5.81
Macquarie (M) Sdn Bhd	837,255	3.95	2,093	4.86
Sanford C. Bernstein & Co., LLC	564,616	2.67	282	0.65
Morgan Stanley & CO. International Plc	471,166	2.23	942	2.19
Others	29,400	0.14	73	0.17
	21,172,640	100.00	43,068	100.00

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

10 TRANSACTIONS WITH BROKERS (CONTINUED)

(ii) Details of transactions with the top 10 brokers for the 6 months financial period ended 31 October 2022 are as follows:

Name of brokers	<u>Value of trade</u> RM	Percentage of total <u>trade</u> %	Brokerage <u>fees</u> RM	Percentage of total <u>brokerage</u> %
DBS Securities (S) Pte Ltd	4,918,443	32.36	12,296	35.62
Morgan Stanley and CO. International Plc	2,878,147	18.93	5,756	16.68
Citigroup Global Markets Ltd London	2,538,769	16.70	5,078	14.71
CLSA Singapore Pte Ltd	2,380,671	15.66	5,952	17.24
CIMB-GK Securities Pte Ltd	1,553,056	10.22	3,106	9.00
Affin Hwang Investment Bank Bhd#	843,225	5.55	2,108	6.11
CLSA Securities Malaysia Sdn Bhd	88,076	0.58	220	0.64
	15,200,387	100.00	34,516	100.00

Included in transactions with brokers are trades in the stockbroking industry with Affin Hwang Investment Bank Bhd, the former immediate holding company of the Manager amounting to RMNil (2022: RM843,225). The Manager is of the opinion that all transactions with the former immediate holding company has been entered into in the normal course of business at agreed terms between the related parties.

11 UNITS HELD BY THE MANAGER AND PARTIES RELATED TO THE MANAGER

The related parties of and their relationship with the Fund are as follows:

Related parties	<u>Relationships</u>
CVC Capital Partners Asia V L.P. ("CVC Asia V")	Ultimate holding company of the Manager
Lembaga Tabung Angkatan Tentera ("LTAT")	Former ultimate holding corporate body of the Manager and substantial shareholder of the Manager
Affin Bank Berhad ("ABB")	Former penultimate holding company of the Manager
Affin Hwang Investment Bank Berhad	Former immediate holding company of the Manager
Starlight TopCo Limited	Penultimate holding company of the Manager
Starlight Universe Limited	Intermediate holding company of the Manager

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

11 UNITS HELD BY THE MANAGER AND PARTIES RELATED TO THE MANAGER (CONTINUED)

The related parties of and their relationship with the Fund are as follows: (continued)

Related parties	<u>Relationships</u>
Starlight Asset Sdn Bhd	Immediate holding company of the Manager
Nikko Asset Management International Limited ("NAMI")	Former substantial shareholder of the Manager
Nikko Asset Management Co., Ltd ("NAM")	Substantial shareholder of the Manager
AHAM Asset Management Berhad	The Manager
Subsidiaries and associated companies of CVC Asia V as disclosed in their financial statements	Subsidiaries and associated companies of the ultimate holding company of the Manager
Subsidiaries and associated companies of ABB as disclosed in its financial statements	Subsidiaries and associated companies of the former penultimate holding company of the Manager
Directors of AHAM Asset Management Berhad	Directors of the Manager

The units held by the Manager and party related to the Manager as at the end of the financial period are as follows:

		2023		2022
	No. of units	RM	No. of units	RM
The Manager:				
AHAM Asset Management Berhad				
(the units are held legally				
for booking purposes)	4,409	1,666	2,906	1,193
			=	

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

12 TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO ("TER")

fi period	nonths nancial ended 0.2023 %	6 months financial period ended <u>31.10.2022</u> %
TER	1.05	0.97

TER is derived from the following calculation:

G

A B C	= = =	Management fee, excluding management fee rebate Trustee fee Auditors' remuneration
D	=	Tax agent's fee
E	=	Fund accounting fee
F	=	Other expenses, excluding sale and services tax on transaction costs and withholding tax
G	=	Average NAV of the Fund calculated on a daily basis

The average NAV of the Fund for the financial period calculated on a daily basis is RM38,873,012 (2022: RM47,374,700).

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE 6 MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2023 (CONTINUED)

13 PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

perio	6 months financial od ended .10.2023	6 months financial period ended <u>31.10.2022</u>
PTR (times)	0.31	0.18

PTR is derived from the following calculation:

<u>(Total acquisitions for the financial period + total disposals for the financial period) \div 2 Average NAV of the Fund for the financial period calculated on a daily basis</u>

where: total acquisitions for the financial period = RM9,599,734 (2022: RM7,663,046) total disposals for the financial period = RM14,447,486 (2022: RM8,928,427)

14 SIGNIFICANT EVENT DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR

Change in substantial shareholders of AHAM Asset Management Berhad

On 19 April 2023, Nikko Asset Management International Limited ("NAMI") has divested all its equity interest of 27% in AHAM Asset Management Berhad to Nikko Asset Management Co., Ltd ("NAM") for 20% and the remaining 7% of the equity interest to Lembaga Tabung Angkatan Tentera ("LTAT"), resulting in both NAM and LTAT becoming substantial shareholders of the Manager.

STATEMENT BY THE MANAGER

I, Dato' Teng Chee Wai, for and on behalf of the board of directors of the Manager, **AHAM Asset Management Berhad**, do hereby state that in our opinion as the Manager, the financial statements set out on pages 1 to 29 are drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Deeds and give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 31 October 2023 and of its financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows for the financial period ended 31 October 2023 in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards.

For and on behalf of the Manager, **AHAM ASSET MANAGEMENT BERHAD**

DATO' TENG CHEE WAI EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR/MANAGING DIRECTOR

Kuala Lumpur 15 December 2023

DIRECTORY OF SALES OFFICE

HEAD OFFICE

AHAM Asset Management Berhad Ground Floor, Menara Boustead, 69, Jalan Raja Chulan, 50200 Kuala Lumpur

PENANG

AHAM Asset Management Berhad No. 123, Jalan Macalister, 10450 Georgetown, Penang

PERAK

AHAM Asset Management Berhad 1, Persiaran Greentown 6, Greentown Business Centre, 30450 Ipoh, Perak

PETALING JAYA

AHAM Asset Management Berhad C-31-1, Jaya One, 72A Jalan Prof Diraja Ungku Aziz, Section 13, 46200 Petaling Jaya, Selangor

MELAKA

AHAM Asset Management Berhad Ground Floor, No. 584, Jalan Merdeka Taman Melaka Raya, 75000 Melaka

JOHOR

AHAM Asset Management Berhad Unit 22-05, Level 22 Menara Landmark No. 12, Jalan Ngee Heng 80000 Johor Bahru, Johor Tel : 03 – 2116 6000 Toll free no : 1-800-88-7080 Email:customercare@aham.com.my

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Tel: 05 - 241 0668 Fax: 05 - 255 9696

Tel: 03 - 7760 3062

Tel: 06 – 281 2890 Fax: 06 – 281 2937

Tel: 07 – 227 8999 Fax: 07 – 223 8998

DIRECTORY OF SALES OFFICE (CONTINUED)

SABAH

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SARAWAK - KUCHING

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Tel : 082 - 233 320 Fax : 082 - 233 663

SARAWAK - MIRI

AHAM Asset Management Berhad 1st Floor, Lot 1291 Jalan Melayu, MCLD, 98000 Miri, Sarawak

Tel : 085 - 418 403 Fax : 085 - 418 372

AHAM Asset Management Berhad Registration No: 199701014290 (429786-T)